COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT City of Auburn, Maine

For the year ended June 30, 2018





CITY OF AUBURN, MAINE

Finance Department

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

For Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

> **Prepared By:** Finance and Management

CITY OF AUBURN, MAINE COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

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CITY OF AUBURN, MAINE

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

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CITY OF AUBURN, MAINE

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INTRODUCTORY SECTION

 City of Auburn , Maine

"Maine's City of Opportunity"

Financial Services

December 11, 2018

Honorable Mayor Levesque and Members of the City Council Auburn, Maine

Ladies and Gentlemen:

The comprehensive annual financial report of the City of Auburn, Maine for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, is hereby submitted in accordance with the requirements of both our City Charter and State statutes. The Charter and statutes require that the City issue an annual report of its financial position and activity, and that this report be audited by an independent firm of certified public accountants. This is the fifteenth year that the City's Financial Services Department has prepared this report using the reporting requirements prescribed by Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 34. Responsibility for both the accuracy of the data presented, and the completeness and fairness of the presentation including all disclosures, rests with the City. To the best of our knowledge and belief, the enclosed data is accurate in all material respects and is reported in a manner that presents fairly the financial position and results of operations of the City of Auburn on a government-wide and fund basis. All disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain the maximum understanding of the City's activities have been included.

The City is required to undergo an annual single audit in conformity with Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements of Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). The "single audit" is designed to meet the special needs of federal grantor agencies. The standards governing single audit engagements require the independent auditor to report not only on the fair presentation of the financial statements, but also on the internal controls and compliance with legal requirements, with special emphasis on internal controls and legal requirements involving the administration of federal awards. Information related to this single audit, including a schedule of federal awards, findings, recommendations and the independent auditor's report on compliance for each major program and on internal control over compliance, is included in a separately issued single audit report entitled "Reports Required by Government Auditing Standards and the Uniform Guidance".

60 Court Street • Suite 411 • Auburn, ME 04210 (207) 333-6600 Voice • (207) 333-6601 Automated • (207) 333-6620 Fax www.auburnmaine.org Accounting Principles Generally Accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) require that management provide a narrative introduction, overview and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The City's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors.

Governmental Structure

The City of Auburn, incorporated in 1869, is located on the west bank of the Androscoggin River, in the south central section of the State and is the fifth largest City in the State of Maine. The City of Auburn continues to be a key area within the State in which industrial and commercial companies are investing. Auburn has a land area of 64 square miles and a population of 23,602. The City is empowered to levy a property tax on both real and personal property located within its boundaries.

The City operates under the council-manager form of government. Policy-making and legislative authority are vested in the City Council, which consists of a mayor and a seven-member council. The Council is elected on a non-partisan basis. The mayor and council members are elected to two-year terms. Five of the council members are elected from within their respective districts. The mayor and the two remaining council members are elected at-large. The City Council is responsible for, among other things, passing ordinances, adopting the budget, appointing committees and hiring the City Manager. The City Manager is responsible for carrying out the policies and ordinances of the City Council, for overseeing the day-to-day operations of the City, and for appointing the heads of the City's departments.

The City of Auburn provides a full range of services, including police and fire protection, emergency medical services and transport, sanitation services, the construction and maintenance of highways, streets and infrastructure, solid waste collection, public education, health and social welfare, recreation, general administration, and economic development.

Major Initiatives during Fiscal Year 2018

Economic Development

The City of Auburn has been experiencing record growth in permit applications and building values. The low unemployment rate and worker demand has also created a demand for workforce housing. The City currently has three large workforce housing projects with a projected combined value of sixteen-million dollars, a permitted three-million dollar market rate apartment housing project and a permitted seven-million dollar senior housing expansion project.

Opportunity Zones and the New Auburn Village Center Redevelopment Project.

In 2018 a census tract in New Auburn was designated as an Opportunity Zone. The purpose of this federal program is to encourage development and growth in Low-Income Community census tract areas, with the hope that this will stimulate the neighborhood and result in a higher quality of life for the residents.

This designation comes at an appropriate time considering that the New Auburn Village Center Redevelopment Project is in its' third phase. The project is creating a greenway trail along the Little Androscoggin River and Big Androscoggin River. The project is also constructing a new pedestrian friendly Riverway Street, creating_opportunity for 14,000 square feet of new commercial space, 28,000 square feet of new residential space, and providing 168 parking spaces and will allow the closure of the Riverway for special events such as a farmer's market or arts and crafts fair.

Foreign Investment.

Foreign investment continues to increase in the City with a proposed estimated twenty million dollar mushroom growing and processing facility. Two separate foreign investment groups have purchased investment property in the City with several more foreign investment groups currently scoping projects.

Foreign-Trade Zone.

The foreign trade zone, a 760-acre parcel of land in Auburn, Maine that allows qualifying companies to save money conducting international trade by either eliminating or deferring the payment of tariffs, has shown a renewed interest due to the increase in interest from foreign investors. Currently, two warehouse operations in Auburn — Savage Safe Handling and NEPW Logistics — offer dedicated space reserved for General Purpose Foreign-Trade Zone use for clients of any size.

Community Development Block Grant Program.

Several programs were re-adopted during the last budget process to aid residents with property improvements and to help the City rebuild and strengthen its neighborhoods including the STAR Business Loan Program and Neighborhood Challenge Grant Program. The City is leveraging CDBG funds and TIF funds to improve walkability and access to parking in downtown areas. The goals are to make Auburn a friendly and safe place that people want to live, work and play in. The City opened its' second Community Garden in one of our downtown neighborhoods over the summer.

Financial Management

The City is committed to ensuring sound financial management of the public's funds. This includes a five year Financial Plan, a five year Capital Improvement Plan, maintaining a sufficient fund balance, and adhering to the highest management standards. The City Council adopted a Fund Balance Policy in FY 2004, and updated it in FY 2011, to provide on-going guidance to elected officials to strengthen fund balance. City employees perform their daily work with guidance from these plans and policies. In FY 2016, the City Council passed a resolve to discontinue the use of fund balance over the next two years. For the FY 2018 budget, the use of fund balance was reduced by half, or \$412,500, and a similar reduction will be made in the FY 2019 budget.

Capital Improvements and Debt Service

The City maintains an ongoing five year Capital Improvement Plan (CIP) that serves as a tool for the Mayor and City Council to make strategic investments in the community. In fiscal year 2018, the Capital Improvement budget included \$4.80 million to fund street, sidewalk, infrastructure and drainage improvements; \$1.30 million to fund School Department capital projects and \$3.40 million for building improvements and equipment replacements. The City of Auburn maintains an "AA-" rating from Standard & Poor's and an Aa3 rating from Moody's for the City's general obligation debt.

Education 2018

Educational Excellence

The Auburn School Department is working toward achieving Vision 2020, which was adopted in 2010. This vision leads the work of the district and guides all decisions. A central focus of Vision 2020 is creating an educational experience that is customized, flexible, and tailored to meet the needs of <u>all</u> learners. This type of educational system honors the principles that students learn in different ways and in different timeframes.

As the 2017-18 school year came to a close, Auburn's school administration had started the task of "rebooting" its vision to "Vision 2030", affirming its commitment to meet the needs of all learners as we approach a new decade.

School Building Infrastructure and Fleet Improvements

New Edward Little High School: The 2017-18 school year concluded with a major milestone, as the Building Committee announced its recommendation that a new, state-funded high school be constructed on the existing site that has been the home of Edward Little High School (ELHS) since 1961. Beneath a banner declaring "Our Future is Here", the Building Committee made the announcement on June 29, 2018 at ELHS. This recommendation received approval from the State Board of Education on September 12, 2018.

After receiving approval for a new, state-funded high school in Fall 2016, Auburn School Department selected Harriman Associates to lead the District through the process, from site selection through opening of the new building (possibly as soon as the Fall of 2023). Harriman lead the Building Committee on an exhaustive evaluation of 47 potential sites across the city. The committee narrowed the number of sites to 5 and began a more thorough process of evaluating each site based upon parcel structure, site conditions, transit, proximity to utilities, overall cost and community priorities. By June, it was clear the existing site best matched the top 3 priorities as defined by members of the community:

- 1. Ability to have all athletic fields on one site
- 2. Proximity to population density
- 3. Ability to act as an economic draw to bring people to Auburn

In the 2018-19 school year, the Building Committee will continue its work with Harriman to develop programming, design the new building, and determine which locally-funded features to add to the project. Discussions have included a performing arts center, turf field, and full climate control of the building to facilitate year-round learning. The work will culminate with a referendum vote in 2019, in which the community will be asked to approve the project and allocate funds for the locally-funded options.

Auburn School Department also will continue its work with Lewiston School Department and the State Department of Education to offer new Career Technical Education (CTE) opportunities to its students at the new ELHS. As of September 2018, the State had begun approving CTE programs to be offered at ELHS as a "satellite" of the Lewiston Regional Technical Center, providing an array of new opportunities for Auburn students.

Infrastructure: Auburn School Department facilities are the property of the City of Auburn, and the Auburn School Department, as steward, maintains buildings and grounds. The School Department's facilities have a total replacement value of approximately \$95 million.

In Winter/Spring 2017, the School Department evaluated its Capital Improvement needs for the 17-18 school year and submitted for review and recommendation to the City Council requests totaling \$3,194,225 (which represents 3.3% of capital asset values). City Councilors approved and authorized \$1,300,000 in CIP Bond issuance for the School Department in their August 2017 Bond Issuance. This is a capital asset renewal of 1.4% of replacement value into school facilities infrastructure. Our goal has been to maintain at minimum 2% Facility Condition Index (FCI) to ensure facilities are kept in good working order to meet the needs of students and the community and not fall behind on needed maintenance and improvements. The School Department will continue to seek a minimum 2% FCI in future years.

The following projects were executed in the summer of 2017 with final project acceptance throughout the Fall of 2017:

- Auburn Middle School: Elevator upgrade & locker replacement
- Fairview Elementary School: new exterior doors
- Franklin School: Exterior masonry work
- Sherwood Heights: Bathroom refurbishing, new exterior doors & siding, partial roof replacement, tile floor and exterior masonry
- Support Services Building: Parking lot resurfacing
- Walton Elementary School: Exterior masonry work
- Washburn Elementary School: Tile floor and outdoor artificial turf play space

Transportation: The School Department continues the replacement of older school buses, with the assistance of the State Department of Education (DOE) Bus Purchase/Replacement program. The DOE Bus Purchase/Replacement program stipulates that school buses are eligible for replacement utilizing state funding when they reach 10 years of age and exceed 125,000 miles of service. The DOE Bus Purchase/Replacement program schedule allows the Auburn School Department to maintain a bus fleet in conformance with State DOE standards while utilizing all available state funding and maintaining a safe and dependable fleet.

Reimbursement from DOE is a direct allocation provided through state subsidy one year after purchase. In 2017-18, the School Department added three new 2019 model year school buses that were eligible for DOE funding under the program. One was an "addition to fleet" approved by DOE based on the department's needs upon bringing transportation back "in house" after 4 years of using a contracted service. The others (one handicapped-accessible) replaced 2000 and 2003 model year buses that had reached the end of their useful lives.

All three of the new buses are equipped with propane-fired engines. These propane engines have better gas mileage and lower maintenance costs. The added cost to install a propane engine is approximately \$7,000 per bus. After deducting the added cost of converting from diesel to propane, and taking into account the life expectancy of propane buses, we estimate a savings of \$42,800 over the life of each school bus. A projected annual savings is \$5,000 per school bus, at minimum, and representing a payback in less than two years.

It is our intention to move the Auburn School Department bus fleet from diesel to propane fuel over the next 6 to 7 years, contingent on replacing at least 2 new buses each year (subject to State DOE approval and reimbursement). We now have 14 school buses that operate on propane-fired engines. Aside from producing an annual savings, we are lessening our greenhouse gas emissions and carbon footprint.

In the Spring of 2018, the School Department received a one-time approval to purchase 4 new, statefunded school buses as "additions to fleet" due to bringing transportation back in house. These buses were budgeted in the 2018-19 budget and ordered for delivery in the Fall of 2018. By taking advantage of this one-time opportunity, the School Department is in position to fulfill its goal of maintaining a safe, reliable, and environmentally friendly fleet.

On the Move: Fiscal Year 2019 Goals

The City of Auburn is currently experiencing an upswing in building construction for businesses, business expansions, new homes, and new apartment units. This is the best indication yet of the people and groups that are looking to Auburn as a place to live, work, and play. In the downtown alone are a mix of two market rate and workforce development projects that when completed will provide over 100 units, as well as space for a business in one of the complexes. In addition, in two other locations are another mixed market and workforce housing project, as well as a 100% market rate apartment project. This construction along with 20 new houses built in the last 5 years is an outstanding example of the continued resurgence of development for Auburn.

For the 2019 Fiscal Year, the budget supports the City's continued efforts to ensure that there is an adequate road and transportation network for economic commerce and the community's future growth. Significantly, the budget also includes funding for the development of a Strategic Plan to set goals and priorities for Auburn City Government on growth, quality of life, and investments in the future. The strategic planning will help the City to move forward with a full discussion of all available options, set goals for growing our economy and improving our quality of life, prioritize these goals, and define the investment strategy for achieving them.

Additionally, the City has taken further steps to have all things recreation be among the City government's highest priorities through a restructuring of the Norway Savings Bank Arena, the Recreation Department, and the Ingersoll Turf Facility into a new department called the Department of Recreation & Sports Facilities. This new department is headed by a Director of Recreation & Sports Tourism giving more emphasis to Sports Tourism and the importance of implementing the recommendations included in the 2018 Sports Tourism Study. Auburn is on the move!

Financial Information

The City's Financial Services Department is responsible for establishing and maintaining an internal control structure designed to ensure that the assets of the City are protected from loss, theft, or misuse, and to ensure that adequate accounting data is compiled to allow for the preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The internal control structure being used is designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that these objectives are met. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that the costs of control procedures are weighed against the expected benefits to be derived, and that the evaluation of costs and benefits requires educated estimates and professional judgments by management. All of the City's internal accounting control evaluations occur within this framework.

As a recipient of federal, state, and local financial assistance, the City is also responsible for ensuring that adequate internal controls are in place to ensure and document compliance with applicable laws and regulations related to these programs. This internal control structure is subject to periodic evaluation by management and the finance department staff of the City.

The City adopts fiscal year budgets that are established in accordance with the various laws that govern the City's operations as authorized by the Council. The budget is divided into monthly budget allocations based on expenditure expectations and on historical trends whenever possible. These allocations are reviewed monthly against actual expenditures, and variances are addressed in the financial report presented each month to the City Council. At mid-year, unless conditions dictate an earlier need, budgets are reviewed; year-end projections made, and adjustments to the financial plan considered and any necessary changes are legally adopted through the passage of an appropriation and revenue resolve.

Other Information

Independent Audit

State Statute and the City Charter require an annual audit of all financial records by independent certified public accountants. The audit of fiscal year 2018 was performed for the City Council by the firm of Runyon Kersteen Ouellette, PA, a firm of licensed Certified Public Accountants. The goal of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the City of Auburn, for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, are free of material misstatement.

The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements; assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management; and evaluation of the overall financial statement presentation. The independent auditor concluded, based upon the audit, that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unmodified opinion that the City of Auburn's financial statements for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2018, are fairly presented in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The independent auditor's report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report. In addition to meeting the requirements set forth in state statutes, the audit was also designed to meet the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards set forth in the General Accounting Office's *Government Auditing Standards* were used by the auditors in conducting the engagement. The auditors' reports on internal controls and compliance with applicable laws and regulations can be found in a separately issued single audit report.

Awards

The Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City for its comprehensive annual financial report for the year ended June 30, 2017. This was the twenty-fifth consecutive year that the City received this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, the City published an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report. This report satisfied both accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current comprehensive annual financial report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

Acknowledgments

This report is the result of many hours of dedicated work by Gina Klemanski, Jill Cunningham, and Nancy Bosse in the Financial Services Department. I am also pleased to acknowledge the services and assistance of independent auditors, Runyon Kersteen Ouellette, in the preparation and production of this report.

Sincerely,

Jee M Castman

Jill M Eastman Finance Director



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

City of Auburn Maine

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2017

Christophen P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO

ORGANIZATIONAL CHART 2018

City of Auburn



CITY OF AUBURN, MAINE

LIST OF ELECTED AND APPOINTED OFFICIALS

June 30, 2018

Elected Officials

Mayor Council Member - Ward 1 Council Member – Ward 2 Council Member – Ward 3 Council Member – Ward 4 Council Member - Ward 5 Council Member – At Large Council Member – At Large School Committee - Chair. Ward 3 School Committee – Ward 1 School Committee - Ward 2 School Committee – Ward 4 School Committee – Ward 5 School Committee - At Large School Committee - At Large School Committee – Mayor's Representative Jason J. Levesque Holly Lasagna Robert P. Hayes Andrew D. Titus Alfreda M. Fournier Leroy G. Walker Belinda Gerry David C. Young Thomas Kendall Robert Mennealy Bonnie J. Hayes Jenna Scrivner Daniel F. Poisson Sr. Patricia Gautier Faith Fontaine Alfreda M. Fournier

Appointed Officials

City Manager Assistant City Manager Finance Director School Superintendent School Business Manager City Clerk Tax Collector Assessor Fire Chief Human Resources Director Police Chief Public Services Director Recreation Director Health & Social Services Director Economic & Community Development Director Peter Crichton Denise Clavette Jill M. Eastman Katherine Grondin Adam Hanson Susan Clements-Dallaire Nancy Bosse Karen Scammon Robert Chase Christine Mumau Phil Crowell Dan Goyette Sabrina Best Holli Olivier Michael Chammings

FINANCIAL SECTION



Certified Public Accountants and Business Consultants

Report of Independent Auditors

City Council City of Auburn, Maine:

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Auburn, Maine, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of Auburn, Maine's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

City Council City of Auburn, Maine

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Auburn, Maine, as of June 30, 2018, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and the budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Change in Accounting Principle

As described in the notes to the financial statements, in 2018, the City adopted new accounting guidance, *GASB No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions*. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, the schedule of the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability, the schedule of City contributions, the schedule of Changes in the City's total pension liability, the schedule of changes in the City's total OPEB liability and related ratios, and the schedule of City's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Auburn, Maine's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining and individual fund financial statements, and statistical section, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

City Council City of Auburn, Maine

The combining and individual fund statements are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual fund financial statements are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 11, 2018, on our consideration of the City of Auburn, Maine's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City of Auburn, Maine's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Rungen Kusten Ouellette

December 11, 2018 South Portland, Maine

Management's Discussion and Analysis Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

As management of the City of Auburn, Maine, we offer this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City of Auburn, Maine for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in our letter of transmittal to this report.

Financial Highlights

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the City of Auburn exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$78,067,271(*net position*).
- The City of Auburn's total net position decreased by \$215,423.
- As of the end of the current fiscal year, the City of Auburn's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$22,450,904, an increase of \$68,667 in comparison with the prior year.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, total assigned and unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was \$9,644,275, or 12.38% of total General Fund expenditures (on a budgetary basis).
- The City of Auburn issued one bond for \$8,500,000 for its Capital Improvement Plan. The \$8,500,000 issuance will be used for the following projects: to fund the City's street, sidewalk and infrastructure improvements; purchase multiple pieces of heavy equipment; and for building improvements. Of the total \$8,500,000, \$1,163,158 will fund various school capital projects.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City of Auburn's basic financial statements. The City of Auburn's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to basic financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide financial statements

The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City of Auburn's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *statement of net position* presents information on all of the City of Auburn's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference between them reported as *net position*. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The *statement of activities* presents information showing how the City's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, *regardless of the timing of related cash flows*. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City of Auburn that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (*governmental activities*) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (*business-type activities*). The governmental activities of the City include general government; public safety; health, welfare and recreation; public works, including highways, streets, and solid waste disposal; other agencies; education; food services; and interest on debt. The City has two business-type activities, Ingersoll Turf Facility and Norway Savings Bank Ice Arena. The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 31-32 of this report.

Fund financial statements

A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City of Auburn, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on *near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources*, as well as on *balances of spendable resources* available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the City's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The City of Auburn maintains individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, the Community Development Programs, Tax Increment Financing, Capital Projects Fund and City Special Revenue, which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of *combining statements* elsewhere in this report.

The City of Auburn adopts an annual appropriated budget for its General Fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the General Fund to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 33-38 of this report.

Proprietary funds

The City of Auburn maintains one type of proprietary fund. The enterprise fund is used to report the same functions presented as *business-type activities* in the government-wide financial statements. The City of Auburn uses the enterprise fund to account for its operations of Ingersoll Turf Facility and Norway Savings Bank Ice Arena.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 39-41 of this report.

Fiduciary funds

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the City. Fiduciary funds are *not* reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are *not* available to support the City of Auburn's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds. The basic fiduciary fund financial statements can be found on pages 42-43 of this report.

Notes to basic financial statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to basic financial statements can be found on pages 44-80 of this report.

Other information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information and can be found beginning on page 81 of this report.

The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with nonmajor governmental funds are presented immediately following the required supplementary information. The combining and individual fund statements and schedules can be found on pages 89-101 of this report.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the City of Auburn, assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$78,067,271 at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

		Governmental		Busines		Tata	
		Activit 2018	2017*	Activi 2018	2017*	Total 2018	2017*
Current and other		2010	2017	2010	2017	2010	2017
assets		31,671,722	31,552,547	(1,140,841)	(325,627)	30,530,881	31,226,920
Capital assets		25,512,141	124,318,008	515,180	539,164	126,027,321	124,857,172
Total assets	1:	57,183,863	155,870,555	(625,661)	213,537	156,558,202	156,084,092
Deferred outflows of resources:							
Related to pensions		3,341,664	6,986,517	27,142	130,327	3,368,806	7,116,844
Noncurrent liabilities	-	73,044,518	73,472,464	181,101	310,650	73,225,619	73,783,114
Other liabilities		7,166,128	5,865,806	16,779	7,829	7,182,907	5,873,635
Total liabilities		30,210,646	79,338,270	197,880	318,479	80,408,526	79,656,749
Deferred inflows of resources:							
Deferred charge on refunding		126,818	140,909	-	-	126,818	140,909
Related to pensions		991,668	659,708	11,221	15,736	1,002,889	675,444
Related to OPEB		315,878	-	5,626	-	321,504	-
Total deferred inflows of resources		1,434,364	800,617	16,847	15,736	1,451,211	816,353
Net investment in capital assets	5	30.738.742	80,283,459	515,180	539.164	81.253.922	80.822.623
Restricted	·	6,492,342	8,513,552	-	324,591	6,492,342	8,838,143
Unrestricted		(8,350,567)	(6,078,826)	(1,328,426)	(854,106)	(9,678,993)	(6,932,932)
Total net position	; <u> </u>	78,880,517	82,718,185	(813,246)	9,649	78,067,271	82,727,834

City of Auburn's Net Position

*This table has not been restated for the effects of prior-period adjustments, including the implementation of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) 75.

By far, the largest portion of the City of Auburn's net position (104.08% or \$81,253,922) reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, machinery, and equipment); less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding, and adding back any unspent bond proceeds. The City has made a conscious effort to continue its investment in long-term infrastructure improvements such as storm water separation, roadways, traffic improvements, sidewalks, facilities, and large equipment. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are *not* available for future spending. Although the City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities. An additional portion of the City of Auburn's net position (8.32%) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining unrestricted *net position* is a deficit of (\$9,678,993).

		City Governi	of Auburn's Chan nental				
		Activ	ities	Activit	ies	Tot	al
		2018	2017*	2018	2017*	2018	2017*
Revenues:							
Program revenues:							
Charges for services	\$	3,378,694	3,703,524	1,132,476	1,383,077	4,511,170	5,086,601
Operating grants and contributions		31,862,806	29,573,666	-	1,388,744	31,862,806	30,962,410
Capital grants and contributions		315,234	-	-	-	315,234	-
General revenues:							
Property and other taxes		50,260,659	48,765,867	-	-	50,260,659	48,765,867
Grants and contributions not							
restricted to specific programs		5,541,000	4,760,666	-	-	5,541,000	4,760,666
Other	_	116,653	154,977	-	-	116,653	154,977
Total revenues	_	91,475,046	86,958,700	1,132,476	2,771,821	92,607,522	89,730,521
Expenses:							
General government		12,798,298	14,171,875	-	-	12,798,298	14,171,875
Public safety		10,164,734	10,180,500	-	-	10,164,734	10,180,500
Health, welfare and recreation		2,260,080	2,183,193	-	-	2,260,080	2,183,193
Public works		13,154,573	12,069,994	-	-	13,154,573	12,069,994
Other agencies		3,722,648	3,529,357	-	-	3,722,648	3,529,357
Education		46,840,880	44,423,602	-	-	46,840,880	44,423,602
Interest on debt		738,594	861,111	-	-	738,594	861,111
Ingersoll Turf Facility		-	-	172,462	159,278	172,462	159,278
Norway Savings Bank Arena		-	-	1,373,107	1,293,801	1,373,107	1,293,801
Food services		1,597,569	-	-	1,576,332	1,597,569	1,576,332
Total expenses	_	91,277,376	87,419,632	1,545,569	3,029,411	92,822,945	90,449,043
Change in net position		197,670	(460,932)	(413,093)	(257,590)	(215,423)	(718,522)
Net position - July 1 - as restated	-	78,682,847	83,179,117	(400,153)	267,239	78,282,694	83,446,356
Net position - June 30	\$_	78,880,517	82,718,185	(813,246)	9,649	78,067,271	82,727,834

*This table has not been restated for the effects of prior-period adjustments, including the implementation of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) 75.

Governmental Activities

Governmental activities increased the City of Auburn's net position by \$197,670. Key elements of this decrease are as follows:

- The City received less in charges for services and operating grants and contributions during the current fiscal year.
- This decrease was partially offset by increases in property and other taxes (\$1,494,792) and Homestead and BETE exemptions (\$698,660).
- Total expenses increased by \$3,857,744 (4.41%) primarily due to the increase in public works and education expenses. Public works expenses increased primarily due to an increase in capital maintenance expenses as well as an increase in depreciation from capitalized assets.
- Additionally, in the current year, management chose to reclassify the school nutrition fund as a special revenue fund. It had previously been classified as an enterprise fund.





Business-type Activities

The City's two business-type activities, its Ingersoll Turf Facility and Norway Savings Bank Arena decreased the City of Auburn's net position by \$413,093.

Revenues for business-type activities decreased by \$1,639,345 or 59.14%. Expenses for business-type activities decreased by \$1,483,842 or 48.98%. In the current year, management chose to reclassify the school nutrition fund as a special revenue fund. It had previously been classified as an enterprise fund. Excluding the school nutrition fund, enterprise fund expenditures increased by \$92,490, primarily due to an increase in wages, benefits and utilities.





Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the City of Auburn uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds

The focus of the City of Auburn's *governmental funds* is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of *spendable* resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, *unassigned fund balance* may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the City of Auburn's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$22,450,904, an increase of \$68,667, in comparison with the prior year. This total consists of: General Fund, \$13,176,674; Community Development Programs Fund, \$2,643,305; Tax Increment Financing, (\$354,506); Capital Projects Fund, \$7,025,150; City Special Revenue Fund, (\$531,404), and Other Governmental Funds, \$491,685. These fund balances (deficits) are intended, and in some cases restricted, committed or assigned, for specific purposes.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the City of Auburn. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the General Fund was \$7,780,670. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare unassigned fund balance to total fund budget. Unassigned fund balance represents 9.30% of the total General Fund's final budgeted expenditures of \$83,715,558 (includes budgeted transfers out) at June 30, 2018. The City Council adopted a Fund Balance Policy in June 2011, establishing a goal of having a General Fund unassigned fund balance equal to 12.5% of the City's municipal and school budgets. Rating agencies look favorably upon the establishment of fund balance policies by communities, which signifies the recognition that a healthy fund balance is imperative to the good financial standing of the community.

The Community Development Program Fund fund balance decreased by \$236,929. The decrease was due to the timing of drawdowns as well as the increase in expenditures for the CDBG program.

The Tax Increment Financing Fund fund balance decreased by \$104,609 due to capital expenditures and debt service payments.

The Capital Projects Fund fund balance decreased by \$388,641 which only represents a reduction of 5.24% of total fund balance from the prior year. Bond proceeds received in the current year were more than offset by capital and other expenditures, which led to the decrease in fund balance.

The City Special Revenue Fund fund balance decreased by \$185,448 due to the City expending grant funds received in the prior years, which exceeded reimbursements and revenues from current year grants.

Proprietary Funds

The City of Auburn's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

Unrestricted net position of the City's proprietary funds, which include Ingersoll Turf Facility and Norway Savings Bank Ice Arena, amounted to a deficit of (\$1,328,426). The total decrease in net position was \$413,093.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

For the current fiscal year, the total revenue was above budgetary projections and the total expenditures were below budgetary projections. During the current fiscal year, the budgetary fund balance of the City of Auburn's General Fund increased by \$839,382. Contributing factors to this increase included:

- Property taxes were above budgetary projections by \$30,511, primarily due to increased collection efforts on delinquent taxes.
- Motor vehicle excise taxes were above budgetary projections by \$309,850.
- Licenses and permits were above budgetary projections by \$96,604, due to an increase in building permits.
- General government expenditures were under budget by \$1,034,234, due to savings in economic development, city manager, and facilities. There were vacant positions in economic development and city manager during the fiscal year. Facilities had savings in property and casualty insurance costs.
- Education expenditures were under budget by \$891,748 due to lower-than-expected regular instruction and facilities maintenance expenditures.
- Budgeted use of City and School surplus were used to offset the current year's expenditures and keep the mil rate down.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

The City of Auburn's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2018 amounts to \$126,027,679 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, land improvements, machinery and equipment, vehicles and infrastructure. The total increase in the City of Auburn's investment in capital assets for the current fiscal year was .99%. For more detail, refer to Capital Assets in the Detailed Notes for All Funds on pages 54-55

			City of Auburn's ((net of depr	•			
		Governı Activi		Business		Tot	al
	_	2018	2017	2018	2017	2018	2017
Land	\$	7,886,570	7,489,841	-	-	7,886,570	7,489,841
Construction in progress		7,024,763	2,882,768	-	-	7,024,763	2,882,768
Buildings and improvements		40,147,454	40,202,436	173,616	200,052	40,321,070	40,402,488
Equipment		1,624,043	1,756,657	341,564	271,737	1,965,607	2,028,394
Vehicles		4,486,164	3,875,460	-	-	4,486,164	3,875,460
Infrastructure	_	64,343,147	67,347,709	-	-	64,343,147	67,347,709
Total capital assets	\$	125,512,141	123,554,871	515,180	471,789	126,027,321	124,026,660

Major capital asset events during the current fiscal year included the following:

- Building improvements, such as masonry work, exterior doors and siding and flooring at multiple schools, as well as roof repairs totaled \$1,586,480.
- Public works replaced a multi use tractor (\$162,100), 2 plow trucks (\$358,546), 3 one ton trucks (\$107,137), as well as multiple pieces of equipment with a total value of \$133,837.
- The annual road reclamation and reconstruction projects totaled \$1,411,679.
- The School Department purchased three new school buses, three vans and two wagons, and a truck with a plow for a total cost of \$449,638.

Long-term Debt

At the end of the current fiscal year, the City of Auburn had total general obligation bonded debt outstanding, not including premiums, of \$48,883,662. The City's entire debt is backed by the full faith and credit of the City. For more detail, refer to Long-term Debt in the Detailed Notes for All Funds on pages 58-60.

	General Obligation Bonds										
	Govern	mental	Busine	ss-type							
	Activities		Activ	vities							
	2018	2017	2018	2017							
\$	48,883,662	48,634,394	-	-							
-											

During the current fiscal year, the City of Auburn's total bonded debt increased by \$249,268. The City issued general obligation bonds totaling \$8,500,000 for the annual capital improvement program for the City and School Department.

The City of Auburn maintained an "Aa3" rating from Moody's on October 27, 2016 and received an "AA-" rating from Standard & Poor's for its general obligation debt. Please refer to the agencies reports for a comprehensive explanation of its rating assessment.

State statutes limit the amount of general obligation debt a municipality may issue to 15 percent of its total state assessed valuation. The current debt limitation for the City of Auburn is \$297,255,000 that is significantly in excess of the City of Auburn's outstanding general obligation debt.

Next Year's Goals, the Economic Climate, and the Budget and Tax Rates

The City's property tax base has stabilized and the current outlook is that Auburn and the region are poised to make a strong rebound. The City continues to hold firm that pursuing further economic growth to increase the property tax base is the best way to sustain the quality of life and reduce the property tax burden. Over the past five years, there has been a steady increase in the number of approved permits from 804 in 2014 to 1,056 in 2018.

Property values have seemed to level off and there was a slight increase in total assessed value again for fiscal year 2019. The FY 2019 budget focused on maintaining the current level of services, infrastructure improvements and economic development and the need to increase the City's assessed value.

On the Move: Fiscal Year 2019 Goals

The City of Auburn is currently experiencing an upswing in building construction for businesses, business expansions, new homes, and new apartment units. This is the best indication yet of the people and groups that are looking to Auburn as a place to live, work, and play. In the downtown alone are a mix of two market rate and workforce development projects that when completed will provide over 100 units, as well as space for a business in one of the complexes. In addition, in two other locations are another mixed market and workforce housing project, as well as a 100% market rate apartment project. This construction along with 20 new houses built in the last 5 years is an outstanding example of the continued resurgence of development for Auburn.

For the 2019 Fiscal Year, the budget supports the City's continued efforts to ensure that there is an adequate road and transportation network for economic commerce and the community's future growth. Significantly, the budget also includes funding for the development of a Strategic Plan to set goals and priorities for Auburn City Government on growth, quality of life, and investments in the future. The strategic planning will help the City to move forward with a full discussion of all available options, set goals for growing our economy and improving our quality of life, prioritize these goals, and define the investment strategy for achieving them.

Additionally, the City has taken further steps to have all things recreation be among the City government's highest priorities through a restructuring of the Norway Savings Bank Arena, the Recreation Department, and the Ingersoll Turf Facility into a new department called the Department of Recreation & Sports Facilities. This new department is headed by a Director of Recreation & Sports Tourism giving more emphasis to Sports Tourism and the importance of implementing the recommendations included in the 2018 Sports Tourism Study. Auburn is on the move!

The Budget and Tax Rates

The City's Fiscal Year 2018-2019 budget has an expenditure increase of 3.89% and a tax levy increase of 0.99%. These increases were primarily due to an increase in operating expenses for both the municipal and school budgets and a increase in the State Subsidy for education in FY 2019. The use of fund balance had been used in previous years to help keep the tax rate increase lower. The City's fund balance policy requires the City to maintain a 12.5% unassigned fund balance in the general fund (12.5% of general fund expenditures). At the end of fiscal year 2015, it was noted that the City fell below this percentage and the FY 2019 budget continued addressing this issue. It should also be noted that in FY 2018 and FY 2017, the City's unassigned fund balance in the coming years, the City will be back in line with policy.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City of Auburn's financial condition for all those with an interest in the City's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Finance Director or City Manager, 60 Court Street, Auburn, Maine.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Statement 1

Statemen	AUBURN, MAINE nt of Net Position ne 30, 2018		
	Governmental	Business-type	
	Activities	Activities	Total
ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 4,994,412	96,252	5,090,664
Investments	13,533,287	-	13,533,287
Amounts held in escrow	674,828	-	674,828
Receivables:			
Accounts, net of allowance	224,680	43,918	268,598
Intergovernmental	3,196,128	-	3,196,128
Taxes receivable	3,212,230	-	3,212,230
Loans, net of allowance	4,396,428	-	4,396,428
Internal balances	1,281,011	(1,281,011)	-
Prepaid expenses	126,330	-	126,330
Inventories	32,388	-	32,388
Capital assets, not being depreciated	14,911,333	-	14,911,333
Capital assets, being depreciated, net	110,600,808	515,180	111,115,988
Total assets	157,183,863	(625,661)	156,558,202
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	2 244 664	07 440	2 269 906
Deferred outflows of resources - related to pensions	3,341,664	27,142	3,368,806
Total deferred outflows of resources	3,341,664	27,142	3,368,806
LIABILITIES			
Accounts payable and other current liabilities	2,165,331	16,779	2,182,110
Accrued payroll	3,314,228	-	3,314,228
Prepaid taxes	166,885	-	166,885
Unearned revenue	1,519,684	-	1,519,684
Noncurrent liabilities:	.,,		.,,
Due within one year	9,876,347	-	9,876,347
Due in more than one year	63,168,171	181,101	63,349,272
Total liabilities	80,210,646	197,880	80,408,526
	00,2:0,0:0	,	,
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred charge on refunding	126,818	-	126,818
Deferred inflows of resources - related to pensions	991,668	11,221	1,002,889
Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB	315,878	5,626	321,504
Total deferred inflows of resources	1,434,364	16,847	1,451,211
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets	80,738,742	515,180	81,253,922
Restricted for:	00,700,742	010,100	01,200,022
Permanent funds:			
Expendable	69,475	-	69,475
Nonexpendable	190,367	-	190,367
Other purposes:			
City Services	952,222	-	952,222
Education	2,332,514	-	2,332,514
Centralized School Lunch	304,459	-	304,459
Community Development Programs	2,643,305	-	2,643,305
Unrestricted	(8,350,567)	(1,328,426)	(9,678,993)
Total net position	\$ 78,880,517	(813,246)	78,067,271
	ψ 10,000,017	(013,240)	10,001,211

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

Statement 2

CITY OF AUBURN, MAINE Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

			Program Revenu		Net (expense) revenue and changes			
		Operating Capit			in net position Primary Government			
		Charges for	grants and	grants and		Business-type		
Functions/programs	Expenses	services	contributions	contributions	activities	activities	Total	
Primary government:								
Governmental activities:								
General government	\$ 12,926,678	1,193,393	1,450,248	-	(10,283,037)	-	(10,283,037	
Public safety	10,164,734	782,884	128,480	-	(9,253,370)	-	(9,253,370	
Health, welfare and recreation	2,260,080	332,437	24,526	-	(1,903,117)	-	(1,903,11)	
Public works	13,154,573	-	24,020	315,234	(12,839,339)	-	(12,839,33	
Other agencies	3,722,648	_	_	-	(3,722,648)		(3,722,648	
Education	46,840,880	846,164	28,952,835		(17,041,881)	_	(17,041,88	
Food services	1,597,569	223,816	1,306,717	_	(67,036)	_	(17,041,00	
Interest on debt	610,214	-	1,500,717	_	(610,214)	_	(610,214	
Total governmental activities	91,277,376	3,378,694	31,862,806	315,234	(55,720,642)		(55,720,642	
Total governmental activities	91,211,310	3,370,094	51,002,000	515,254	(33,720,042)	-	(33,720,042	
Business-type activities:								
Ingersoll Turf Facility	172,462	209,922	_	-	-	37,460	37,46	
Norway Savings Bank Arena	1,373,107	922,554	-	-	-	(450,553)	(450,553	
Total business-type activities	1,545,569	1,132,476	-	-	-	(413,093)	(413,093	
Total primary government	\$ 92,822,945	4,511,170	31,862,806	315,234	(55,720,642)	(413,093)	(56,133,735	
	General revenue	s unrestricted.						
		, levied for gen	eral nurnoses		45,998,747	-	45,998,747	
	Motor vehicle	•			4,119,850	_	4,119,85	
	Interest on del				142,062		142,062	
			estricted to speci	fic programs:	142,002		142,002	
	State Rever			ne programs.	1,535,468	_	1,535,468	
		and BETE exer	nntions		3,237,764	_	3,237,764	
	Other State		прионз		767,768	-	767,768	
		ivestment earni	ade		106,216	_	106,210	
	Miscellaneous		iys		10,437	-	10,437	
	Total general rev				55,918,312	-	55,918,312	
	Total general lev	enues			55,910,512	-	55,910,512	
		Change in net position			197,670	(413,093)	(215,423	
	Net position - be	ginning - as res	ated		78,682,847	(400,153)	78,282,694	
	Net position - e	nding			\$ 78,880,517	(813,246)	78,067,27 [,]	

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

CITY OF AUBURN, MAINE Balance Sheet Governmental Funds

Ownwritig General Tas Increment Pegram Tas Increment Financing Other Capital Projects Other Special Total ASST3 Cash and repheterins \$ 4.588,422 - - - 4.05,800 4.984,412 Asstances Cash and repheterins 6.124,222 - - - 4.05,800 4.984,412 Accounts net Accounts net Cash and repheterins 6.121,220 - - - 0.122,00 3.05,200 3.02,200 3.0					e 30, 2018				
ASSTS			General	Community Development	Tax Increment	Capital Projects		Governmental	Governmental
Can and any application \$ 4.588.432 ·< ·< ·< ·< ·< ·< ·< ·< ·< ·< ·< ·< ·< ·< ·< ·< ·< ·< ·< ·< ·< ·< ·< ·< ·< ·< ·< ·< ·< ·< ·< ·< ·< ·< ·< ·	ASSETS			Ū		• •	•		
Amounts bells rescrow 0.74.828 - - - - - 6.76.33.287 Investments 3.212.230 - - - 3.212.30 - - 3.212.30 - - 3.212.30 - - 3.212.30 - - 3.212.30 - - 3.212.30 - - 1.00.068 - 4.330.328 - - 2.012.00 3.202.30 - - 4.330.428 - - 2.01.00 3.012.00 - 4.330.428 - - 5.331.600 - - 5.331.600 - - 5.331.600 - - 5.331.600 - - 3.335.228 - - - - - 5.331.600 - - 3.335.228 - - - - 3.335.228 - - - - 3.335.228 -		\$	4 588 432	_			-	405 980	4 994 412
Investments 0.187.381 - 1.015.000 6.081.080 94.003 204.027 1.03.03.027 Taxes 3.212.230 - <td< td=""><td>•</td><td>Ψ</td><td>, ,</td><td>_</td><td>-</td><td>_</td><td>_</td><td>-00,000</td><td></td></td<>	•	Ψ	, ,	_	-	_	_	-00,000	
Restriction: 124 1242.230 0 0 1 170.06 157.00 306.763 Accounts, mint of allowance 328.580 2.426.922 65.586 - 1.170.066 157.00 306.783 Inventory 7.727.277 1.758.684 - - 5 32.388 2.536.100 Pread expenditures 1.20.350 - - - 2.00.850 3.172.281 3.238.87.380 LABLINES - - - - - 1.20.350 1.20.444 3.538.738 LABLINES - - - - - - 3.34.228 Accounta psynla nd benefits psynlae 3.314.228 - - - - - 3.34.238 Reproduitance 1.073.230 2.02.54 1.552.07 1.104.468 1.20.148.98 1.20.149.98 1.20.149.99 1.20.149.99 1.20.149.99 1.20.149.99 1.20.149.99 1.20.149.99 1.20.149.99 1.20.149.99 1.20.149.99 1.20.149.99 1.20.149.99			,	_	1 015 500	5 981 086	84 693	264 627	
Takes 3.212.230 - - - - - - 3.212.230 Lacourts, net of allowance 7794.49 2.425.823 - - 1.710.065 - 4.358.428 Interpretermine 7794.49 2.425.823 - - 6.73.352 6.202.824 1.58.289 Interpretermine 3.152.810 - - 6.75.35.1608 - - 7.82.839 Total assets 1.07.220 2.0281 - 9.22.556 2.0160 6.335.628 2.55.87.83 Locaurtel proprita intermination proprita 1.07.220 2.0281 - 9.22.556 2.0160 6.335.628 - - - 6.63.38 2.55.87.83 7.56.238 6.33.161 4.25.87.93 7.56.238 6.33.161 4.25.87.93 7.56.238 6.33.161 4.25.87.93 7.56.238 6.33.161 4.25.87.73 7.66.238 7.66.238 7.66.238 7.66.238 7.66.238 7.66.238 7.66.238 7.66.238 7.66.238 7.66.238 7.66.238 7.66.238 <td></td> <td></td> <td>0,101,001</td> <td></td> <td>1,010,000</td> <td>0,001,000</td> <td>01,000</td> <td>201,021</td> <td>10,000,201</td>			0,101,001		1,010,000	0,001,000	01,000	201,021	10,000,201
Accounts, net of allowance 288,500 - 58,580 - - 15,000 388,758 Lears, net of allowance 793,439 24,26,23 - - 67,335 62,002 3,166,128 Interfund restriction 3,128,310 - 2,008,569 - 82,388 22,388 Interfund restriction 3,128,310 - 2,008,569 - 8,238,389 LABLITES 1,072,320 2,0281 - 9,216,555 29,160 68,335 2,151,512 Accounts payable 1,072,320 2,0291 - - - - 1,314,228 - - - - - 1,314,238 - - - - - - 1,314,238 - - - - 1,314,238 - - - - 1,314,238 - - - 1,314,238 - - - - - - 2,054,690 - - - - 2,054,690 <td></td> <td></td> <td>3.212.230</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>3.212.230</td>			3.212.230	-	-	-	-	-	3.212.230
Lanse, net of allowance 796.439 2.426.523 - 1.170.066 - 4.585.428 Interdior 7.72.8464 - - 7.783.54 2.208.158				-	85,968	-	-	15.200	, ,
Internation 747.87 1.758.854 . <td>,</td> <td></td> <td>,</td> <td>2.426.923</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>1.170.066</td> <td></td> <td>,</td>	,		,	2.426.923	-	-	1.170.066		,
Intenting - - - - - 33.388 32.388 Intenting regenditures 126.330 - 126.330 - - - 126.331 - 126.331 - - - - 136.328 2.151.512 - - - 136.835 - - - 166.885 - - - 166.885 - - - 166.885 136.106 136.106 136.106 136.106 136.106 - - - 166.885 - - - 166.285 136.106 136.106 136.106 136.106 136.106 136.106 - - -	,				-	-		622,062	
Interfund receivables 3.182.810 - 2.006.690 - 162.227 5.81.603 Total assets \$ 19.787.307 4.185.787 1.017.488 7.987.655 1.322.844 1.502.474 35.887.389 LMBILTIES 1.377.233 20.281 - - - - - - - - - 1.508.308 Propadi asset 3.142.233 20.281 - - - - - - 1.668.855 - - - - - 1.668.855 - - - - 1.668.856 - - - 1.668.856 - - - 1.668.856 - - - 1.668.856 - - - 1.668.856 - - - 1.668.856 - - 1.668.856 - - - 1.668.856 - - 1.668.856 - - - 1.658.45691 1.624.262 1.624.690 <th< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td>32,388</td><td></td></th<>				-	-	-	-	32,388	
Preparat cogneratives 126.330 - - - - - 1.02.854 1.522.654 1.522.654 1.522.654 1.522.654 3.582.652 3.582.653 3.582.653 3.582.654 3.582.653 3.582.654 3.582.656 3.582.656 3.582.656 3.582.656 3.582.656 3.582.656 3.582.656 3.582.656 3.582.656 3.582.656 3.582.656 3.582.656 3.582.656 3.582.656 3.582.656 3.582.656 3.586.65 3.582.656 3.582.656 3.582.656 3.582.656 3.582.656 3.582.656 3.582.656 3.582.656 3.582.656 3.582.656 3.582.656 3.582.656 3.582.656 3.582.656 3.582.656 3.582.656 3.582.656 3.582.657 3.5	-		3,182,810		-	2,006,569	-	162,227	5,351,606
LABILITIES Local Lable Local Lable <thlocal lable<="" th=""> <thlable< th=""> Lo</thlable<></thlocal>	Prepaid expenditures			-	-	-	-		
Accourd payable 1.07.230 20,281	Total assets	\$	19,787,307	4,185,787	1,101,468	7,987,655	1,322,694	1,502,484	35,887,395
Accourd payable 1.07.230 20,281									
Accrued payroll and benefits payrable 3.314.228 - - - - 166.885 Escrow funds payrable 1.600 12.219 - - 1.60.885 Escrow funds payrable 1.143 1.455.974 - 1.824.938 9.336.18 4.215.67.19.884 Interfund payrables 1.143 1.455.974 - 1.824.938 9.336.18 4.215.67.09 Total itabilities 4.056.943 1.542.482 1.465.974 - 1.824.938 9.336.18 4.215.67.09 Unavailable revenue - 1.624.938 9.336.18 4.215.67.09 - - - 2.054.600 Total determed inflows of resources 2.054.600 - - - 2.054.600 Total determed inflows of resources 2.054.000 - - - 2.054.600 Nonspendable - principal 799.439 - - - 799.439 Nonspendable - principal - - 1.02.490.79 - - 7.02.5150 51.404.1 62.81.267 </td <td></td> <td></td> <td>1 073 230</td> <td>20 281</td> <td>-</td> <td>962 505</td> <td>20 160</td> <td>66 336</td> <td>2 151 512</td>			1 073 230	20 281	-	962 505	20 160	66 336	2 151 512
Prepaid bases 166.885 .				20,201	_	302,303	23,100	-	
Esciow funds payable 1.600 12.219 - - - 1.38.19 Interfund payables - 1,143 1.455.574 - 1.824.938 933.678 4.215.673 Total labilities 4.555.943 1.545.974 962.605 1.854.098 1.010.799 1.381.801 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES - - - - 2.054.690 - - - 2.054.690 - - - 2.054.690 - - - 2.054.690 - - - 2.054.690 - - - 2.054.690 - - - - 2.054.690 - - - - - 2.054.690 - - - - - 2.054.690 -			, ,	-	-	-	-	-	
Uneard revenue 1.508.839 - - 10.845 1519.684 Interfund payables 1.143 1.455.574 1.824.938 983.6016 4.251.673 Total labilities 4.655.943 1.542.482 1.455.974 962.505 1.864.098 1.010.799 11.381.801 DEFERCE INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Unavailable revenue - property taxes 2.054.690 - - 2.054.690 Total deferred inflows of resources 2.054.690 - - 2.054.690 Nonspendable - envents biel in escrow 674.828 - - - 674.828 Nonspendable - propad axpenditures 126.330 - - - 7.02.88 32.388 Nonspendable - propad axpenditures 7.99.439 - - 7.025,150 152.783 7.177.933 Nonspendable - propad axpenditures 1.931.802 2.643.305 - - 163.8365 54.83.257 Committed 1.931.802 2.643.305 - - - 163.8365 Unassigned 7.708.670 - <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td></td>					-	-	-	-	
Interfund payables . 1.143 1.455.974 - 1.854.938 933.618 4.215.673 Total labilities 4.555.943 1.542.482 1.455.974 962.505 1.854.098 1.010.799 11.381.801 DEFERED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Unavailable revenue - property taxes 2.054.890 - - - 2.054.890 Total deterred inflows of resources 2.054.890 - - - 2.054.890 FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) Nonspendable - inventory - - - 2.054.890 Nonspendable - inventory -					-	-	-	10 845	
Total labilities 4,555,943 1,542,482 1,455,974 962,505 1,854,098 1,010,799 11,381,801 DEFERED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Unavailable revenue - property taxes 2,054,690 - - - - 2,054,690 Total deferred inflows of resources 2,054,690 - - - - 2,054,690 Total deferred inflows of resources 2,054,690 - - - - 2,054,690 Nonspendable - inventory 674,828 - - - - 674,828 Nonspendable - inventory - - - - - 674,828 Nonspendable - inventory - - - - 674,428 - - - 762,330 Nonspendable - inventory - - - 674,427 694,475 694,475 694,475 694,475 694,475 694,475 694,475 694,475 694,475 694,475 694,475 694,475 694,475 694,475 694,475 694,475			-		1,455,974	-	1.824.938		
Unhaviolable revenue - property taxes 2.054.690 - - - 2.054.690 FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) - - - - 2.054.690 FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) - - - - 674.628 Nonspendable - inventory - - - 2.054.690 Nonspendable - inventory - - - 2.054.690 Nonspendable - inventory - - - 674.628 Nonspendable - prepaid expenditures 128.330 - - - 126.338 32.388 Nonspendable - principal - - - 126.330 - - 7.025,150 152.783 7.177.933 4.185.267 Committed - - 1.803.605 - - - 1.803.603 - - - 1.803.604 - 1.803.604 - - - 1.803.604 - - - 1.803.605 - - - - 1.803.604 - -			4,555,943			962,505		,	
Unhaviolable revenue - property taxes 2.054.690 - - - 2.054.690 FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) - - - - 2.054.690 FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) - - - - 674.628 Nonspendable - inventory - - - 2.054.690 Nonspendable - inventory - - - 2.054.690 Nonspendable - inventory - - - 674.628 Nonspendable - prepaid expenditures 128.330 - - - 126.338 32.388 Nonspendable - principal - - - 126.330 - - 7.025,150 152.783 7.177.933 4.185.267 Committed - - 1.803.605 - - - 1.803.603 - - - 1.803.604 - 1.803.604 - - - 1.803.604 - - - 1.803.605 - - - - 1.803.604 - -	DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Total deferred inflows of resources 2,054,690 - - - 2,054,690 FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) Nonspendable - amounts held in escrow 674,828 - - - - 674,828 - - - - 674,828 - - - - 32,388 33,385 32,438 33,55 5,42,783 7,177,933 4,183,305 5,454,305 152,401 6,49,411			2 054 690	-	-	-	-		2 054 690
Nonspendable - amounts held in escrow 674,828 - - - - - 32,388 Nonspendable - inventory - - - 32,388 32,388 Nonspendable - inventory - - - - 126,330 - - - 126,330 - - - 126,330 126,330 - - - 126,330 126,330 - - - 126,330 126,330 - - - 126,330 126,330 126,330 - - - 126,330 126,330 126,330 126,330 126,330 126,330 126,330 126,330 126,330 126,343,257 130,430 126,475 66,475 66,475 66,475 126,478 77,793 33,483 126,506 - - - - 126,86,493 126,850 127,873 1,104,483 7,997,655 1,322,694 1,502,484 1,502,484 1,502,484 1,502,484 1,502,484 1,502,486 1,502,486 1,502,			1	-			-		
Nonspendable - amounts held in escrow 674,828 - - - - - 32,388 Nonspendable - inventory - - - 32,388 32,388 Nonspendable - inventory - - - - 126,330 - - - 126,330 - - - 126,330 126,330 - - - 126,330 126,330 - - - 126,330 126,330 - - - 126,330 126,330 126,330 - - - 126,330 126,330 126,330 126,330 126,330 126,330 126,330 126,330 126,330 126,343,257 130,430 126,475 66,475 66,475 66,475 126,478 77,793 33,483 126,506 - - - - 126,86,493 126,850 127,873 1,104,483 7,997,655 1,322,694 1,502,484 1,502,484 1,502,484 1,502,484 1,502,484 1,502,486 1,502,486 1,502,	FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)								i
Nonspendable - inventory - - - - - 32,388	. ,		674 828	-	-	-	-		674 828
Nonspendable - prepaid expenditures 128,330 - - - 128,330 Nonspendable - indicem receivables 799,439 - - - 69,475 69,475 Restricted 1,931,802 2,643,305 - - 69,475 69,475 Committed 1,931,802 2,643,305 - - 686,150 5,438,257 Committed 1,863,605 - - 7,025,150 152,783 7,177,933 Assigned 1,863,605 - - - 6,31404 491,685 22,450,904 Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances (deficits) \$ 19,787,307 4,185,787 1,101,468 7,987,855 1,322,694 1,502,484 Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because: 125,512,141 2,054,690 2,043,993 2,044,993 2,054,993 2,054,993 2,054,993 2,054,993 2,2450,904 2,214,191,102,114 2,024,693 2,2450,904 2,251,121,111 2,251,121,111 2,251,121,111 2,054,693 <t< td=""><td>•</td><td></td><td></td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td>32 388</td><td>,</td></t<>	•			-	-	-	-	32 388	,
Nonspendable - iong-term receivables 799,439 - - - - - 799,439 Nonspendable - principal - - - - 69,475 7,779,03 Assigned 7,780,670 - - - - - 69,475 69,475 69,475 69,475 69,475 69,475 69,475 69,475 69,475 7,779,33 Assigned - - - - - 69,475 0,438,450 - - - - 69,475 0,438,450 - - - - 69,475 1,458,656 - - - - 69,475 0,493,493 - - - 6,456,649 -			126 330	-	-	-	-		
Nonspendable - principal - - - - - 69,475 69,475 Restricted 1,931,802 2,643,305 - - 863,150 5,438,257 Committed - - 7,025,150 - 152,763 7,177,933 Assigned 1,863,605 - - - - - 1683,605 Unassigned 1,863,605 - - - - - 1863,605 Total fund balances (deficits) 13,176,674 2,643,305 (354,506) 7,025,150 (531,404) 491,685 22,450,904 Total indivities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances (deficits) \$ 19,787,307 4,185,787 1,101,468 7,987,555 1,322,694 1,502,484 Amounts reported for governmental activities are not dinancial resources and, therefore are not reported in the funds. 2,054,690 2,054,690 2,054,690 Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds: 2,054,690 2,054,690 2,054,690 Unamortized de				-	-	-	-	-	
Restricted 1,931,802 2,643,305 - - - 863,150 5,438,257 Committed - - 7,025,150 - 1,863,605 1,863,605 - 1,863,605 - 1,863,605 - 1,863,605 - 1,863,605 - 1,863,605 - 1,863,605 - 1,863,605 - 1,863,605 1,863,605 - 1,863,605 - 1,863,605 - 1,863,605 - 1,863,605 - 1,863,605 - 1,863,605 - 1,863,605 - 1,863,605 - 1,863,605 - 1,863,605 - 1,863,605 - 1,863,605 - 1,863,605 - - 1,863,605 - - 1,863,605 - - 1,863,605 - - 1,863,805 - - - 1,863,805 - - 1,863,805 - - 1,863,805 - - - 1,863,805 - - 1,863,805 - -				-	-	-	-	69.475	
Committed Assigned - - - 7,025,150 - 152,783 7,177,933 Assigned 1,863,605 - - - 1.863,605 Unassigned 7,780,670 - (354,506) - - 1.863,605 Total fund balances (deficits) 13,176,674 2,643,305 (354,506) 7,025,150 (531,404) 491,685 22,450,904 Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances (deficits) \$ 19,787,307 4,185,787 1,101,468 7,987,655 1,322,694 1,502,484 Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because: Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore are not reported in the funds. 2,054,690			1,931,802	2.643.305	-	-	-	,	,
Assigned 1.863.605 - - - - - 1.863.605 Unassigned 7.780.670 - (354,506) - (531,404) (626,111) 6.268.649 Total fund balances (deficits) 13,176.677 2.643.305 (354,506) 7.025,150 (531,404) 491.685 22,450,904 Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances (deficits) \$ 19,787,307 4,185,787 1,101,468 7,987,655 1,322,694 1,502,484 Amounts reported for governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore are not reported in the funds. 2,054,690 2,054,690 Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds. 2,054,690 2,054,690 Capital leases payable (1,590,004) (1,590,004) 2,144.621 2,054,690 2,054,690 2,054,690 2,054,690 2,054,690 2,054,690 2,054,690 2,054,690 2,054,690 2,054,690 2,054,690 2,054,690 2,054,690 2,054,690 2,054,690 2,054,690 2,054,690 2,054,690 2,054,6			-	_,,	-	7,025,150	-		
Unassigned 7,780,670 - (354,506) - (531,404) (626,111) 6,286,649 Total fund balances (deficits) 13,176,674 2,643,305 (354,506) 7,025,150 (531,404) 491,685 22,450,904 Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances (deficits) \$ 19,787,307 4,185,787 1,101,468 7,987,655 1,322,694 1,502,484 Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because: Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are deferred in the funds. 2,054,680 2,054,680 Cother long-term satests are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore are not reported in the funds: 2,054,680 2,054,680 Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds: 2,054,680 2,054,680 Macrued compensated absences (2,704,191) 2,274,090 (1,590,004) (1,190,004) Accrued compensated absences (2,184,621) (2,184,621) (2,184,621) (3,774,224) Accrued compensated deferred inflows and outflows of resources (9,002,251) (30,253)	Assigned		1,863,605	-	-	-	-		
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances (deficits) \$ 19,787,307 4,185,787 1,101,468 7,987,655 1,322,694 1,502,484 Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because: 125,512,141 125,512,141 125,512,141 Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore are not reported in the funds. 2,054,690 2,054,690 Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds: (49,021,130) 3,004,004) Unamortized debt premiums (2,704,191) (2,704,191) 4,119,708) 3,774,224) Net pension liability resources (9,602,951) (3,02,253) 1,110,468 Cher postemployment benefits with related deferred inflows and outflows of resources (9,602,951) 3,774,224) 3,774,224) Net pension liability (300,253) (126,818) (300,253) 3,742,224) 3,742,224) Deferred charge on refunding (2,07,318) (2,06,000) 4,002,518) (2,06,000) 4,002,518)				-	(354,506)	-	(531,404)	(626,111)	
resources, and fund balances (deficits)\$19,787,3074,185,7871,101,4687,987,6551,322,6941,502,484Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:125,512,141125,512,141125,512,141Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore are not reported in the funds.125,512,141125,512,141Other long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.(49,021,130)Capital lasses payable(1,550,004)(1,500,004)Unamortized debt premiums(2,704,191)Accrued compensated absences(2,704,191)Other postemployment benefits with related deferred inflows and outflows of resources(9,602,551)Net pension liability(1,119,708)Other postemployment benefits with related deferred inflows and outflows of resources(9,602,551)City pension liability(300,253)Deferred charge on refunding(300,253)Londfil postelosure care costs(206,000)Accrued interest on debt(206,000)	Total fund balances (deficits)		13,176,674	2,643,305	(354,506)	7,025,150	(531,404)	491,685	22,450,904
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because: 125,512,141 Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore are not reported in the funds. 2,054,690 Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds: 2,054,690 Bonds and notes payable (49,021,130) Capital leases payable (1,590,004) Unamortized debt premiums (2,704,191) Accrued compensated absences (2,184,621) Other postemployment benefits with related deferred inflows and outflows of resources (3,0724,224) Net pension liability (1,197,080) City pension liability (300,253) Deferred charge on refunding (300,253) Landfill postclosure care costs (206,000) Accrued interest on debt (206,000)									
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore are not reported in the funds. 125,512,141 Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the funds. 2,054,690 Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds: (49,021,130) Bonds and notes payable (1,590,004) Capital leases payable (2,704,191) Accrued compensated absences (2,704,191) Accrued compensated absences (1,119,708) Other postemployment benefits with related deferred inflows and outflows of resources (3,072,53) Other postemployment benefits with related deferred inflows and outflows of resources (126,000) Active dest period in liability (300,253) Deferred charge on refunding (126,000) Landfill postclosure care costs (206,000) Accrued interest on debt (507,318)					1,101,468	7,987,655	1,322,694	1,502,484	
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the funds. 2,054,690 Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds: (49,021,130) Bonds and notes payable (1,050,004) Capital leases payable (2,704,191) Accrued compensated absences (2,184,621) Accrued self-insurance liability (1,119,708) Other postemployment benefits with related deferred inflows and outflows of resources (3,774,224) Net pension liability with related deferred inflows and outflows of resources (300,253) Deferred charge on refunding (300,253) Landfill postclosure care costs (206,000) Accrued interest on debt (206,000)									
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds: (49,021,130) Bonds and notes payable (1,590,004) Capital leases payable (1,590,004) Unamortized debt premiums (2,704,191) Accrued compensated absences (2,184,621) Accrued self-insurance liability (1,119,708) Other postemployment benefits with related deferred inflows and outflows of resources (3,774,224) Net pension liability (302,951) City pension liability (302,951) Landfill postclosure care costs (206,000) Accrued interest on debt (206,001)									, ,
Bonds and notes payable(49,021,130)Capital leases payable(1,590,004)Unamortized debt premiums(2,704,191)Accrued compensated absences(2,184,621)Accrued self-insurance liability(1,119,708)Other postemployment benefits with related deferred inflows and outflows of resources(3,774,224)Net pension liability with related deferred inflows and outflows of resources(9,602,951)City pension liability(302,951)Deferred charge on refunding(126,818)Landfill postclosure care costs(206,000)Accrued interest on debt(507,318)	5			,		funde:			2,054,690
Unamortized debt premiums(2,704,191)Accrued compensated absences(2,184,621)Accrued self-insurance liability(1,119,708)Other postemployment benefits with related deferred inflows and outflows of resources(3,774,224)Net pension liability with related deferred inflows and outflows of resources(9,602,951)City pension liability(126,818)Deferred charge on refunding(126,818)Landfill postclosure care costs(206,000)Accrued interest on debt(507,318)		c and paye	bie in the ourient pe			lunus.			(49,021,130)
Accrued compensated absences(2,184,621)Accrued self-insurance liability(1,119,708)Other postemployment benefits with related deferred inflows and outflows of resources(3,774,224)Net pension liability with related deferred inflows and outflows of resources(9,602,951)City pension liability(126,818)Deferred charge on refunding(126,818)Landfill postclosure care costs(206,000)Accrued interest on debt(507,318)	Capital leases payable								(1,590,004)
Accrued self-insurance liability(1,119,708)Other postemployment benefits with related deferred inflows and outflows of resources(3,774,224)Net pension liability with related deferred inflows and outflows of resources(9,602,951)City pension liability(302,253)Deferred charge on refunding(126,818)Landfill postclosure care costs(206,000)Accrued interest on debt(507,318)	Unamortized debt premiums								(2,704,191)
Other postemployment benefits with related deferred inflows and outflows of resources(3,774,224)Net pension liability with related deferred inflows and outflows of resources(9,602,951)City pension liability(300,253)Deferred charge on refunding(126,818)Landfill postclosure care costs(206,000)Accrued interest on debt(507,318)	Accrued compensated absences								(2,184,621)
Other postemployment benefits with related deferred inflows and outflows of resources(3,774,224)Net pension liability with related deferred inflows and outflows of resources(9,602,951)City pension liability(300,253)Deferred charge on refunding(126,818)Landfill postclosure care costs(206,000)Accrued interest on debt(507,318)	Accrued self-insurance liability								(1,119,708)
City pension liability(300,253)Deferred charge on refunding(126,818)Landfill postclosure care costs(206,000)Accrued interest on debt(507,318)	Other postemployment benefits with related deferred	d inflows a	nd outflows of resou	irces					(3,774,224)
Deferred charge on refunding (126,818) Landfill postclosure care costs (206,000) Accrued interest on debt (507,318)	Net pension liability with related deferred inflows and	d outflows	of resources						(9,602,951)
Deferred charge on refunding (126,818) Landfill postclosure care costs (206,000) Accrued interest on debt (507,318)	City pension liability								
Landfill postclosure care costs (206,000) Accrued interest on debt (507,318)	Deferred charge on refunding								
Accrued interest on debt (507,318)	Landfill postclosure care costs								
Net position of governmental activities \$ 78,880,517	Accrued interest on debt								
	Net position of governmental activities								\$ 78,880,517

CITY OF AUBURN, MAINE Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

	For the Year E	nded June 30, 201	8				
		Community				Other	Total
		Development	Tax Increment	Capital	City	Governmental	Governmenta
	General	Programs	Financing	Projects	Special	Funds	Funds
Revenues:							
Taxes \$	50,263,953	-	-	-	-	-	50,263,953
Intergovernmental	31,354,051	911,052	-	-	445,859	4,558,959	37,269,921
Licenses and permits	345,604	-	-	-	-	-	345,604
Charges for services	1,789,622	-	-	-	2,810	1,191,216	2,983,648
Other income	59,879	165,465	-	-	142,647	141,007	508,998
Interest income	64,962	-	-	37,502	1,911	1,841	106,216
Total revenues	83,878,071	1,076,517	-	37,502	593,227	5,893,023	91,478,340
Expenditures:							
Current:							
General government	10,538,722	1,313,446	1,130,735	-	427,757	203,294	13,613,954
Public safety	9,792,661	-	-	-	154,827	-	9,947,488
Health, welfare and recreation	1,563,965	-	-	-	23,935	368,809	1,956,709
Public works	5,349,463	-	-	-	116,067	-	5,465,530
Other agencies	3,722,648	-	-	-	-	-	3,722,648
Education	43,882,191	-	-	-	-	3,839,839	47,722,030
Food services	-	-	-	-	-	1,597,569	1,597,569
Unclassified	257,783	-	-	194,093	-	1,236	453,112
Capital outlay	349,208	-	49,220	9,909,528	-	-	10,307,956
Debt service	6,213,645	-	994,457	-	116,089	-	7,324,191
Total expenditures	81,670,286	1,313,446	2,174,412	10,103,621	838,675	6,010,747	102,111,187
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	2,207,785	(236,929)	(2,174,412)	(10,066,119)	(245,448)	(117,724)	(10,632,847
Other financing sources (uses):							
Issuance of long-term debt	-	-	-	8,500,000	-	-	8,500,000
Issuance of capital leases	1,024,036	-	-	-	-	-	1,024,036
Premium on issuance of debt	-	-	-	1,177,478	-	-	1,177,478
Transfers to/from other funds	(2,120,787)	-	2,069,803	-	60,000	(9,016)	
Total other financing sources (uses)	(1,096,751)	-	2,069,803	9,677,478	60,000	(9,016)	
Net change in fund balances	1,111,034	(236,929)	(104,609)	(388,641)	(185,448)	(126,740)	68,667
Fund balances (deficits), beginning of year, as restated	12,065,640	2,880,234	(249,897)	7,413,791	(345,956)	618,425	22,382,237
Fund balances (deficits), end of year \$	13,176,674	2,643,305	(354,506)	7,025,150	(531,404)	491,685	22,450,904

See accompanying notes to financial statements.
CITY OF AUBURN, MAINE Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

nge in fund balances - total governmental funds (from Statement 4)	\$	68,667
nounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities (Statement 2) are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures.		
However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets		
is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense.		
This is the amount by which capital outlay exceeded		
depreciation expense in the current period:		
Capital outlays recorded as expenditures in governmental funds		9,870,418
Depreciation and losses on dispositions not reported in governmental funds		(7,913,147)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources		
are not reported as revenues in the funds. This represents the change in unavailable		
revenue - property taxes.		(3,294
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds, notes and leases) provides current financial		
resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of		
long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental		
funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental		
funds report the effect of premiums, discounts and similar items when debt is first		
issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of		
activities. This is the amount by which repayments exceeded proceeds:		
Issuance of long-term debt		(8,500,000
Issuance of capital leases		(1,024,036
Principal payments on long-term debt and capital leases		8,630,767
Premium on issuance of debt		(1,177,478
Amortization of bond premium		291,139
Deferred charge on refunding		14,091
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use		
of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as		
expenditures in governmental funds; alternatively, some expenditures using		
current financial resources are not expenses in the statement of activities:		
Accrued compensated absences		(14,520)
Accrued self-insurance liability		(44,998)
Other postemployment benefits with related deferred inflows and outflows of resources	i	(15,514)
Net pension liability with related deferred inflows and outflows of resources		(215,570)
City pension liability		125,874
Landfill postclosure care costs		139,924
Accrued interest on debt		(34,653)

CITY OF AUBURN, MAINE General Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance -- Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

				Variance with final budget
	Budgeter	d Amounts		positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(negative)
Revenues:				
Taxes:				
Real and personal property	\$ 45,971,530	45,971,530	46,002,041	30,511
Excise and registrations	3,810,000	3,810,000	4,119,850	309,850
Interest on delinquent taxes	150,000	150,000	142,062	(7,938
Total taxes	49,931,530	49,931,530	50,263,953	332,423
Intergovernmental:				
State revenue sharing	1,509,117	1,509,117	1,535,468	26,351
School subsidy	22,039,568	22,039,568	22,168,323	128,755
Homestead	1,015,000	1,015,000	1,084,829	69,829
BETE	2,000,000	2,000,000	2,152,935	152,935
Other:	, ,	, ,	, ,	,
School Department	312,694	312,694	372,779	60,085
Tax sharing/in lieu of	255,000	255,000	253,465	(1,535
Municipal	923,907	923,907	767,768	(156,139
Total intergovernmental	28,055,286	28,055,286	28,335,567	280,281
Other revenue:				
Licenses and permits	249,000	249,000	345,604	96,604
Charges for services:	,			
Municipal	1,968,124	1,968,124	1,435,386	(532,738
School	499,050	499,050	352,564	(146,486
Fines, forfeits and penalties	69,000	69,000	49,442	(19,558
Interest:				
Municipal	32,000	32,000	64,385	32,385
Miscellaneous	10,000	10,000	10,437	437
Total other revenue	2,827,174	2,827,174	2,257,818	(569,356)
Total revenues	80,813,990	80,813,990	80,857,338	43,348

CITY OF AUBURN, MAINE General Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances -- Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

		· ·			Variance with final budget	
		Budgeted	Amounts		positive	
		Original	Final	Actual	(negative)	
Expenditures:						
General government:						
Mayor and council	\$	80,300	80,300	81,819	(1,519)	
Economic and community development	Ŧ	1,717,028	1,793,116	1,019,589	773,527	
City manager		581,170	581,170	475,192	105,978	
City clerk		181,332	181,332	185,276	(3,944	
Finance		675,239	675,239	649,302	25,937	
Human resources		156,887	156,887	147,874	9,013	
Information communication technology		531,551	534,158	523,151	11,007	
Facilities		640,201	650,015	544,805	105,210	
Worker's compensation (transfer to reserve)		555,164	555,164	555,164	100,210	
Benefits and wage increases		5,960,970	5,960,970	5,951,945	9,025	
Total general government		11,079,842	11,168,351	10,134,117	1,034,234	
		,00,0	,,	,	.,	
Public safety:						
Fire		4,227,575	4,232,086	4,515,808	(283,722)	
Fire EMS transport		648,828	651,314	492,899	158,415	
Police		4,043,998	4,055,512	4,137,918	(82,406	
Water and sewer		632,716	632,716	645,216	(12,500	
Total public safety		9,553,117	9,571,628	9,791,841	(220,213)	
Health, welfare and recreation:					0.40	
Health and social services		77,400	77,400	76,758	642	
Health and social services - public assistance		143,470	143,470	147,779	(4,309	
Recreation and special events		388,581	388,581	341,239	47,342	
Library		998,189	998,189	998,189	-	
Total health, welfare and recreation		1,607,640	1,607,640	1,563,965	43,675	
Public services						
Public services		4,611,116	4,743,746	4,481,984	261,762	
Solid waste disposal		964,118	964,118	867,479	96,639	
Total public services		5,575,234	5,707,864	5,349,463	358,401	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		-,,	-,,-,	-,,		
Other agencies:						
County tax		2,296,224	2,296,224	2,296,224	-	
Auburn-Lewiston Airport		167,800	167,800	167,353	447	
Lewiston-Auburn Transit Committee		189,949	189,949	189,949	-	
Lewiston-Auburn E911 Center		1,088,857	1,088,857	1,069,122	19,735	
Total other agencies		3,742,830	3,742,830	3,722,648	20,182	

CITY OF AUBURN, MAINE General Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances -- Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Budgeted Amounts			Variance with final budget positive
	 Original	Final	Actual	(negative)
Expenditures, continued:				
Education	\$ 41,755,455	41,755,455	40,863,707	891,748
Other appropriations:				
Tax sharing	270,000	270,000	257,783	12,217
Debt service - principal	5,389,667	5,389,667	5,399,265	(9,598
Debt service - interest and other	976,866	976,866	814,380	162,486
Emergency reserve	415,454	415,454	-	415,454
Total other appropriations	7,051,987	7,051,987	6,471,428	580,559
Total expenditures	80,366,105	80,605,755	77,897,169	2,708,586
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)				
expenditures	447,885	208,235	2,960,169	2,751,934
Other financing sources (uses):				
Transfers in from other funds	1,342,536	1,342,536	989,016	(353,520
Transfers to other funds	(3,109,803)	(3,109,803)	(3,109,803)	-
Budgeted use of surplus - City	412,500	412,500	-	(412,500
Use of carryforwards - City	-	239,650	-	(239,650
Budgeted use of surplus - School	906,882	906,882	-	(906,882
Total other financing sources (uses)	(447,885)	(208,235)	(2,120,787)	(1,912,552
Net change in fund balance - budgetary basis	-	-	839,382	839,382
Fund balance, July 1 - budgetary basis			12,908,511	
Fund balance, June 30 - budgetary basis			13,747,893	
Reconciliation to GAAP basis:				
Lease proceeds held in escrow			674,828	
Reserve funds deficit fund balance			(1,246,047)	
Fund balance, June 30 - GAAP basis			\$ 13,176,674	

CITY OF AUBURN, MAINE Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds June 30, 2018

Business-type Activities -	Enterpri			
		Ingersoll	NSB Ice	
		Turf Facility	Arena	Totals
ASSETS				
Current assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	-	96,252	96,252
Accounts receivable	Ŧ	-	43,918	43,918
Interfund receivables		81,374	-	81,374
Total current assets		81,374	140,170	221,544
Noncurrent assets:				
Capital assets:		40 50 4		40 50 4
Land improvements		18,584	-	18,584
Buildings		672,279	58,223	730,502
Equipment		119,673	514,998	634,671
Less accumulated depreciation		(637,817)	(230,760)	(868,577
Total noncurrent assets		172,719	342,461	515,180
Total assets		254,093	482,631	736,724
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions		-	27,142	27,142
Total deferred outflows of resources		-	27,142	27,142
LIABILITIES				
Current Liabilities:				
Accounts payable		471	16,308	16,779
Interfund payables		-	1,362,385	1,362,385
Total current liabilities		471	1,378,693	1,379,164
Noncurrent liabilities:				
Net OPEB liability		-	61,599	61,599
Net pension liability		-	119,502	119,502
Total noncurrent liabilities		-	181,101	181,101
Total liabilities		471	1,559,794	1,560,265
		771	1,000,704	1,000,200
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions		-	11,221	11,221
Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB		-	5,626	5,626
Total deferred inflows of resources		-	16,847	16,847
NET POSITION				
Net investment in capital assets		172,719	342,461	515,180
•			•	
Unrestricted		80,903	(1,409,329)	(1,328,426)
Total net position	\$	253,622	(1,066,868)	(813,246)

CITY OF AUBURN, MAINE Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position Proprietary Funds Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Ingersoll	NSB Ice	
	Turf Facility	Arena	Totals
Operating revenues:			
Charges for services	\$ 209,922	922,554	1,132,476
Total operating revenue	209,922	922,554	1,132,476
Operating expenses:			
Personnel	95,516	382,562	478,078
Supplies	19,560	69,563	89,123
Utilities	20,796	265,816	286,612
Contracted services	4,651	38,465	43,116
Repairs and maintenance	4,204	37,297	41,501
Rent	-	506,484	506,484
Depreciation	27,735	52,322	80,057
Other expenses	-	17,139	17,139
Total operating expenses	172,462	1,369,648	1,542,110
Operating income (loss)	37,460	(447,094)	(409,634
Nonoperating revenue (expense):			
Pension expense	-	(3,183)	(3,183
OPEB expense	-	(276)	(276
Total nonoperating expense	-	(3,459)	(3,459
Change in net position	37,460	(450,553)	(413,093
Total net position (deficit), July 1, as restated	216,162	(616,315)	(400,153
Total net position (deficit), June 30	\$ 253,622	(1,066,868)	(813,246

CITY OF AUBURN, MAINE Statement of Cash Flows **Proprietary Funds** Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Turf Facility	Arena	Totals
Cash flows from operating activities:			
Cash received from customers	\$ 209,922	902,357	1,112,279
Cash paid to suppliers for goods and services	(49,142)	(925,407)	(974,549
Cash paid to employees for services	(95,516)	(382,562)	(478,078
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	65,264	(405,612)	(340,348
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:			
Net change in interfund loans	(32,216)	500,719	468,503
Net cash provided by (used in) noncapital financing activities	(32,216)	500,719	468,503
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:			
Purchase of capital assets	(33,048)	(90,044)	(123,092
Net cash used in capital and related financing activities	(33,048)	(90,044)	(123,092
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	_	5,063	5,063
Cash and cash equivalents, July 1	 -	91,189	91,189
Cash and cash equivalents, June 30	-	96,252	96,252
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:			
	27.400	(447.004)	(400.004
Operating income (loss)	37,460	(447,094)	(409,634
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash			
provided by (used in) operating activities:			
Depreciation expense	27,735	52,322	80,057
(Increase) decrease in assets:			
Accounts receivable	-	(20,197)	(20,197
Increase (decrease) in liabilities:			
Accounts payable	69	9,357	9,426
Total adjustments	27,804	41,482	69,286
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$ 65,264	(405,612)	(340,348

CITY OF AUBURN, MAINE Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2018

		Agency Funds	Private- purpose Trust Funds
ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	174,192	125,575
Due from other governments		33,121	-
Interfund receivables		161,070	-
Total assets		368,383	125,575
LIABILITIES			
Accounts payable		1,055	-
Accrued payroll and benefits payable		57,723	-
Interfund payables		-	15,992
Amounts held for others		309,605	-
Total liabilities		368,383	15,992
NET POSITION			
Held in trust	\$	-	109,583
	See accompany	ing notes to final	ncial statements.

CITY OF AUBURN, MAINE Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Private- purpose Trust Funds
Additions:	
Interest income	\$ 11,115
Total additions	11,115
Deductions: Scholarships	8,889
Total deductions	8,889
Change in net position	2,226
Net position - beginning	107,357
Net position - ending	\$ 109,583

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The City of Auburn, Maine was incorporated in 1869 under the laws of the State of Maine. The City operates under a Mayor-Council and City Manager form of government and provides the following services: general governmental services, public safety, public works (highways, streets, and sidewalks), health and social services, sanitation, culture and recreation, planning and permitting, education and public improvements. The Council is made up of seven members and one mayor elected by registered voters.

The accounting policies of the City of Auburn conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applicable to governmental units. The following is a summary of the more significant of such policies.

A. Reporting Entity

In evaluating how to define the reporting entity, for financial statement purposes, management has considered all potential component units. The decision to include a potential component unit was made by applying the criteria set forth in GAAP which defines the reporting entity as the primary government and those component units for which the primary government is financially accountable. Financial accountability is defined as appointment of a voting majority of the component unit's board, and either a) the ability to impose will by the primary government, or b) the possibility that the component unit will provide a financial benefit to or impose a financial burden on the primary government. Application of this criterion and determination of type of presentation involves considering whether the activity benefits the government and/or its citizens, or whether the activity is conducted within the geographic boundaries of the government and is generally available to its citizens. Based upon the application of these criteria, there were no potential component units required to be included in this report.

B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenues as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. The City considers all revenues available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for unmatured interest on general long-term debt which is recognized when due, and certain compensated absences and claims and judgments which are recognized when the obligations are expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources.

Property taxes, investment earnings, and charges for services are susceptible to accrual. Other receipts and taxes become measurable and available when cash is received by the government and are recognized as revenue at that time. Entitlements and shared revenues are recorded at the time of receipt or earlier if the susceptible to accrual criteria are met. Expenditure-driven grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other grant requirements have been met.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

The *General Fund* is the City's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The *Community Development Programs Special Revenue Fund* accounts for the federal grants obtained and expended under the Housing and Community Development Act of 1974, as amended, for the development of viable urban communities.

The *Tax Increment Financing Special Revenue Fund* accounts for the capturing of new tax revenue and expenditures the City is allowed to allocate to pay for public purpose economic development projects and job creation.

The *Capital Projects Fund* accounts for the financial resources and expenditures related to the City's annual capital improvement program, which includes improvements to School Department buildings and other municipal facilities, general street rehabilitation and the purchase of major capital items.

The *City Special Revenue Fund* accounts for the revenues and expenditures of federal, State and local grants that are restricted by law or contractual agreement to specific purposes.

The government reports the following major enterprise funds:

The *Ingersoll Turf Facility Fund* accounts for the activities of the indoor turf facility. The Facility operates an indoor venue for residents, various youth organizations, senior organizations, and school teams. The Ingersoll Turf Facility opened in October 2015, and was created from the repurposing of the old Ingersoll Ice Arena.

The *Norway Savings Bank Ice Arena Fund* accounts for the activities of the arena. The arena operates a dual rink for residents, youth hockey organizations, and school teams.

Additionally, the City reports the following fund types:

Private-purpose Trust Funds are used to report the activity for bequests left for charitable payments of scholarship awards. These assets are held by the City in a trustee capacity, whereby the original bequest is preserved as nonexpendable and the accumulated interest earnings are available to provide for educational awards.

Agency funds are custodial in nature and do not present results of operations or have a measurement focus. Agency Funds account for assets held by the City as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governments and/or funds. The City of Auburn serves as an agent for the various school activity accounts as well as the RETC and AVEC programs.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are charges between the City's governmental activities and business-type activities. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the City's proprietary fund are charges to users; operating expenses include the cost of services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

D. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources and Net Position/Fund Balance

1. Deposits and Investments

The City's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. City policy is that deposits can only be made in financial institutions insured by the FDIC. The City's investment policy authorizes investments in obligations of the U.S. Treasury and U.S. Agencies, repurchase agreements, certain corporate bonds, certain certificates of deposit and certain money market funds. The City invests its funds in an effort to ensure preservation of capital, remain sufficiently liquid, and attain a reasonable market rate of return, while remaining within the guidelines as provided by the City's Investment Policy.

Investments are reported at fair value.

2. Receivables and Payables

Transactions between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as "interfund receivables/payables."

Receivables are shown net of allowances for uncollectible amounts as necessary.

Under State law, tax liens are placed on real property if the taxes become delinquent. The lien process may commence after the expiration of eight months and within one year after the date of the tax commitment. The City has the authority to foreclose on real property if the tax lien and associated costs of filing the lien remain unpaid eighteen months after the date of filing.

Property taxes levied during the year were recorded as receivables at the time the levy was made. The receivables collected during the year and during the first sixty days following the end of the fiscal year have been recorded as revenues. The remaining receivables have been recorded as deferred inflows of resources - unavailable revenues.

3. Inventories and Prepaid Items

Inventories are valued at cost, which approximates market, using the first-in/first-out (FIFO) method. Inventories (consisting of food and supplies) include the value of government surplus items donated to the Centralized School Lunch Program. The costs of all other governmental fund type inventories are recorded as expenditures when purchased rather than when consumed.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items.

4. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the City as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$10,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets, donated works of art and similar assets, and capital assets received in a service concession arrangement are recorded at acquisition value.

The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. All depreciable capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives as follows:

Vehicles	3 – 15 years
Equipment	5 – 15 years
Buildings and Building Improvements	10 – 40 years
Improvements other than Buildings	10 years
Infrastructure	10 – 60 years

5. Deferred Inflows and Outflows of Resources

In addition to assets and liabilities, the statement of net position and balance sheet will sometimes report separate sections for deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources. These separate financial statement elements, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources, represent a consumption or acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense) or inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The governmental funds only report a deferred inflow of resources, unavailable revenue from property taxes. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available. The governmental activities have deferred outflows and inflows that relate to the net pension and OPEB liabilities, which include the City's contributions subsequent to the measurement date, which is recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the subsequent year. They also include changes in assumptions, differences between expected and actual experience, and changes in proportion and differences between City contributions and proportionate share of contributions, which are deferred and amortized over the average expected remaining service lives of active and inactive members in the plan. They also include the net difference between projected and actual earnings on plan investments, which is deferred and amortized over a five-year period. Deferred inflows of resources also include a deferred charge on refunding, which results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. The amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt.

6. Compensated Absences

Under terms of union contracts and personnel administration policies, employees are granted vacation and sick leave in varying amounts and are, in some cases, entitled to payment for unused vacation and sick leave upon termination or retirement. All vacation pay and vested sick leave is accrued as a liability in the government-wide financial statements. In the fund financial statements, no amount is recorded unless the amount is to be paid out shortly after year-end, but the full liability is recorded in the government-wide statements.

7. Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts, if material to basic financial statements, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

8. Fund Equity

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund balance is reported in five classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the City is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which those funds can be spent. The Finance Director is authorized to classify the fund balances through the Fund Balance Policy adopted by the Auburn City Council on June 20, 2011. The five classifications of fund balance for the Governmental Funds are as follows:

- *Nonspendable* resources which cannot be spent because they are either a) not in spendable form or; b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.
- Restricted resources with constraints placed on the use of resources which are either a) externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments or; b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- *Committed* resources which are subject to limitations the government imposes on itself at its highest level of decision making authority.
- Assigned resources that are constrained by the government's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed.
- Unassigned resources which have not been assigned to other funds and that have not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the General Fund. The General Fund should be the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance amount.

The government's highest level of decision-making authority, City Council, has the responsibility for committing fund balance amounts and likewise would be required to modify or rescind those commitments. Both actions, committing or un-committing fund balance, require the City Council to pass a resolution prior to year-end. Likewise, the Finance Director or City Council may assign unspent budgeted amounts to specific purposes in the General Fund at year-end based on department requests. Unlike commitments, assignments do not need formal action to be taken for the removal of an assignment.

Although not a formal policy, when both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the government's intent to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed. When committed, assigned, and unassigned resources are available for use, it is the government's intent to use committed or assigned resources first, and then unassigned resources as they are needed.

9. Use of Estimates

Preparation of the City's financial statements requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent items at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses/expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

10. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Maine Public Employees Retirement System Consolidated Plan for Participating Local Districts (PLD Plan) and Maine Public Employees Retirement System State Employee and Teacher Plan (SET Plan) and additions to/deductions from the Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the Plans. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

II. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

A. Budgetary Information

Budgets are adopted for the General Fund only and are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) except as noted on Statement 6. All unexpended annual appropriations, other than encumbrances, lapse at the close of the fiscal year.

Each year, all departments of the City submit requests for appropriations to the City's Manager so that a budget may be prepared. On or before April 30, the proposed budget is presented to the City Council for review. The Council holds public hearings and a final budget must be prepared and adopted no later than June 30.

The appropriated budget is prepared by department. The department managers may make transfers of appropriations within a department. Transfers of appropriations between departments require the approval of the City Manager. The legal level of budgetary control (level at which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations without seeking approval of the City Council) is the total appropriation resolve level. Supplemental budgetary appropriations must be approved by the City Council.

Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of funds are recorded in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, is employed in the governmental funds. Encumbrances do not constitute expenditures or liabilities because the commitments will be reappropriated and honored during the subsequent year.

B. Excess of Expenditures over Appropriations

For the year ended June 30, 2018, expenditures exceeded appropriation in the following general fund categories: Mayor and council, \$1,519; City clerk, \$3,944; Fire, \$283,722; Police, \$82,406; Water and sewer, \$12,500; Health and social services – public assistance, \$4,309; and Debt service – principal, \$9,598. In total, the City's expenditures were \$2,708,586 less than appropriations.

II. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY, Continued

C. Deficit Fund Equity

At June 30, 2018, the City had the following funds with a deficit fund balance/net position: Tax Increment Financing, \$354,506; City Special Revenue, \$531,404; 211 Fairview, \$566,304; Parking, \$47,430 and Norway Savings Bank Arena (Proprietary), \$1,066,868.

Additionally, within the City Special Revenue Fund, the following grants had deficit fund balances at June 30, 2018: Winter Festival, \$5,390.; Maine DOT, \$101,600; Homeland Security, \$110,031; Law Enforcement Training, \$7,638; HEAPP, \$4,995; Safe School/COPS, \$15,906; Work4ME-PAL, \$13,692; Project Canopy, \$421; 150th Celebration, \$3,155; Distracted Driving, \$10,736; Barker Mills Greenway, \$2,597; and EDI Grant, \$1,484,407.

These deficits are offset by fund balances in other grants and result in a net deficit in the City Special Revenue Fund as a whole at June 30, 2018 of \$531,404.

Revenue to offset the 211 Fairview deficit is expected from a future property sale in fiscal year 2018-2019 to Bedard Medical Equipment and Supplies. Future revenues and transfers from the General Fund are expected to fund the remaining deficit fund balances.

D. Budget Basis of Accounting vs. GAAP Basis of Accounting

The City's budget is reported on a modified accrual basis except that in the current year, certain workers compensation and unemployment payments were not budgeted, which were included in General Fund reserves.

Additionally, certain on-behalf payments made by the State of Maine to the Maine Public Employees Retirement System (Maine PERS) for teachers and certain other School employees are not budgeted. Such on-behalf payments amounted to \$3,018,484 in 2018. These amounts have been included as intergovernmental revenue and an education expense/expenditure on Statement 2 and in the General Fund on Statement 4 (GAAP basis). There is no effect on net position/fund balance at the end of the year.

III. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

A. Deposits and Investments

1. Deposits

Custodial Credit Risk: Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the City's deposits may not be returned to it. As of June 30, 2018, the City deposits amounted to \$18,923,718 with bank balances of \$20,030,223. The City does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. None of the City's total bank balance was exposed to custodial credit risk.

2. Investments

Maine statutes authorize the City to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury and U.S. Agencies, repurchase agreements, and certain corporate stocks and bonds. The City has an investment policy, adopted by the City Council in 1995, which further defines the investments in which the City's available funds are permitted to be invested. At June 30, 2018, all the City's investments were in money market accounts or certificates of deposits, both of which have been included above under the disclosure on deposits.

The City categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. All of the City's investments are level 1 inputs.

Deposits have been reported as either cash and cash equivalents or as investments as follows in the financial statements:

Total deposits reported	<u>\$ 18,923,718</u>
Investments - Governmental funds	13,533,287
Fiduciary funds	299,767
Proprietary funds	96,252
Governmental funds	\$ 4,994,412
Cash and cash equivalents:	

B. Receivables

Receivables as of June 30, 2018, for the City's individual major funds, nonmajor funds and business-type enterprise funds in the aggregate, including applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, are as follows:

	General Fund	Community Dev. Programs	TIF Fund	Enterprise Funds	City Special	Other Gov't Funds	Fiduciary Funds	Total
Receivables:	<u>r unu</u>	riogramo	<u>r unu</u>	<u>r ando</u>	opoolai	<u>1 unuo</u>	<u>r anao</u>	<u>rotar</u>
Taxes	\$ 3,212,230	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,212,230
Accounts	468,434	-	85,968	43,918	-	15,200	-	613,520
Loans	799,439	5,106,555	-	-	1,170,066	-	-	7,076,060
Intergovernment	al 747,267	1,758,864	-	-	67,935	622,062	33,121	3,229,249
Gross receivable	s 5,227,370	6,865,419	85,968	43,918	1,238,001	637,262	33,121	14,131,059
Less: allowance	for							
uncollectible	(199,844)	(2,679,632)	-	-	-	-	-	<u>(2,879,476</u>)
Total net receivables	\$ 5,027,526	4.185.787	85.968	43.918	1.238.001	637.262	33.121	11.251.583

Property taxes levied during fiscal year 2018 are recorded as receivables. The receivables collected during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018 and during the 1st 60 days of fiscal year 2019 are recognized as revenues in the Governmental Funds, in fiscal year 2018. Receivables of \$2,054,690, estimated to be collectible subsequent to the 60 day period are considered to be unavailable revenues. Prior year tax levies were recorded using the same principle.

C. Property Taxes

The City's property tax is levied on the assessed value listed as of the prior April 1 for all real and taxable personal property located in the City. Assessed values are periodically established by the Assessor at 100% of the assumed market value. Property taxes were levied July 27, 2017 on the assessed values of real property as of April 1, 2017. Taxes were due September 15, 2017 and March 15, 2018. The assessed value of \$2,003,266,426 was 101% of the 2018 state valuation of \$1,981,700,000.

The City is permitted by the laws of the State of Maine to levy taxes up to 105% of its net budgeted expenditures for the related fiscal period. The amount raised in excess of 100% is referred to as overlay and amounted to \$273,191 for the year ended June 30, 2018.

Tax liens are placed on real property within twelve months following the tax commitment date if taxes are delinquent. The City has the authority to foreclose on property eighteen months after the filing of the lien if tax liens and associated costs remain unpaid.

Property taxes levied during the year ended were recorded as receivables at the time the levy was made. The receivables collected during the year ended and in the first sixty days following the end of the fiscal year have been recorded as revenues. The remaining receivables have been recorded as unavailable revenues.

The following summarizes the periods ended June 30, 2018 and 2017 levies:

	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>
Valuation:		
Real property	\$1,869,652,126	1,852,057,439
Personal property	133,614,300	146,229,300
Assessed value (less: exempt properties)	2,003,266,426	1,998,286,739
Tax rate (per \$1,000)	22.99	22.35
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Commitment	46,055,095	44,661,709
Supplemental taxes assessed	52,091	17,205
	46,107,186	44,678,914
Less:		
Collections and abatements	44,117,930	43,627,568
Receivable at June 30	<u>\$ 1,989,256</u>	1,051,346
Due dete(a)	9/15/17	9/15/16
Due date(s)	3/15/18	3/15/17
	5/15/16	5/15/17
Interest rate charged on delinquent taxes	7.0%	7.0%
Collection rate	95.69%	97.65%

D. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2018 was as follows:

Balance, Restated June 30, <u>2017</u> <u>Increases</u> <u>Decreases</u>	Balance June 30, <u>2018</u>
Governmental activities:	
Capital assets, not being depreciated:	
Land \$ 7,489,841 396,729 -	7,886,570
Construction in progress 2,882,768 5,891,290 1,749,295	7,024,763
Total capital assets, not being depreciated 10,372,609 6,288,019 1,749,295	14,911,333
Capital assets, being depreciated: Buildings and building improvements 79,771,984 2,119,555 -	81,891,539
Equipment 6,693,695 225,212 24,800	6,894,107
Vehicles 11,057,232 1,575,248 1,102,307	11,530,173
	114,927,025
	215,242,844
Less accumulated depreciation for:	, ,
Buildings and building improvements 39,569,548 2,174,536 -	41,744,084
Equipment 4,937,038 354,283 21,257	5,270,064
Vehicles 7,181,772 851,688 989,450	7,044,010
Infrastructure 46,167,637 4,416,241 -	50,583,878
Total accumulated depreciation 97,855,995 7,796,748 1,010,707	104,642,036
Tatel conital accests being depreciated not 112 182 262 (2.465.054) 116 200	110 600 909
Total capital assets being depreciated, net 113,182,262 (2,465,054) 116,399 Covernmental activities	<u>110,600,808</u>
	<u>125,512,141</u>
	<u></u>
Balance,	
Restated	Balance
June 30,	June 30,
2017 Increases Decreases	2018
Business-type activities:	
Capital assets, being depreciated:	
Improvements other than buildings \$ 18,584	18,584
Buildings and building improvements 730,502	730,502
Equipment 511,223 123,448 -	634,671
Total capital assets being depreciated1,260,309123,448	1,383,757
Less accumulated depreciation for:	40 504
Improvements other than buildings 18,584	18,584
Buildings and building improvements530,45026,436-Equipment239,48653,621-	556,886
Total accumulated depreciation 788,520 80,057 -	<u>293,107</u> 868,577
	000,077
Total capital assets being depreciated, net 471,789 43,391 -	515,180
Business-type activities capital	, •
<u>assets, net \$ 471,789 43,391 -</u>	<u>515,180</u>

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental activities:	
General government	\$ 511,381
Public safety	444,920
Public works, including depreciation of general infrastructure asset	s 4,664,758
Health, welfare and recreation	292,311
Education	1,883,378
<u>Total depreciation expense – governmental activities</u>	<u>\$ 7,796,748</u>
Business-type activities:	
Ingersoll Turf Facility	\$ 27,735
Norway Savings Bank Ice Arena	52,322
Total depreciation expense – business-type activities	

E. Tax Increment Financing Districts

The City currently has nineteen tax increment financing (TIF) districts, thirteen of which were active during the year ended June 30, 2018. Two of the nineteen districts never became active, and six have expired, leaving thirteen active TIF districts (numbers 4 – 19 below, less #5, #7, #8, #11, #15 which is combined with #14, and #17). TIF #8 recorded a transfer out of \$30,000 to mostly close out the fund but is not an active TIF district. The objective of these TIF districts is to stimulate new investment in the community by financing, through various tax increment financing projects, various public improvements. Taxes derived from increased assessed valuation within the districts can be "captured" for approved uses. Expenditures in any given year may exceed captured values in that year as a result of balances available in TIF accounts from prior periods.

The following is a brief description of each:

#4 TAMBRANDS - This TIF was established in 1998 and encompasses 40 acres, all the value of which is represented by personal property. The original value was \$1,702,000. 100% of the tax revenue associated with increased value within the TIF is captured, 35% of which is used to fulfill the obligations under a credit enhancement agreement. During 2018, \$1,200,556 was captured, of which \$677,276 was recorded in the General Fund and \$523,280 was recorded in the TIF Fund. During 2018, \$1,190,642 was expended, of which \$677,276 was expended in the General Fund and \$513,366 was expended in the TIF Fund.

#6 TAMBRANDS II - This TIF was established in 2001 and encompasses 84 acres. The original value was \$520,900. 100% of the tax revenue associated with increased value within the TIF is captured, 40% of which is used to fulfill the obligations under a credit enhancement agreement. During 2018, \$124,379 was captured and recorded in the TIF Fund. During 2018, \$89,791 was expended in the TIF Fund.

#9 Mall Area - This TIF was established in 2002 and amended in both 2006 and 2007. The TIF, as amended, encompasses 57.74 acres. The amended base value is \$5,956,300. 100% of the tax revenue associated with increased value within the TIF is captured and used for public improvements. During 2018, \$383,288 was captured and recorded in the TIF Fund, and \$530,796 was expended in the TIF Fund. The expenditures included balances from prior years that remained in the TIF Fund for future public improvements.

#10 The Downtown Area - This TIF was established in 2002 and amended in 2012, and encompasses 119.31 acres. The original value was \$83,577,800. 100% of the tax revenue associated with increased value within the TIF can be captured. During 2018, \$815,987 was captured and recorded in the TIF Fund. During 2018, \$783,503 was expended in the TIF Fund for public improvements.

#12 Auburn Industrial Park - This TIF was established in 2006 and encompasses 144 acres. The original value was \$334,200. 100% of the tax revenue associated with the increased value within the TIF is captured and will be dedicated to public improvements. During 2018, \$193,476 was captured and recorded in the TIF Fund, and \$180,874 was expended in the TIF Fund.

#13 Retail Development - This TIF was established in 2007 and encompasses 29.67 acres. The original value was \$5,425,400. 100% of the tax revenue associated with the increased value within the TIF can be captured, with a sliding scale of 30% to 47% to be used to fulfill obligations under a credit enhancement agreement that has established benchmarks triggering payments for growth in value; and the balance restricted for public infrastructure improvements. During 2018, \$349,638 was captured and recorded in the TIF Fund. During 2018, \$309,402 was expended in the TIF Fund from current year captured and unexpended balances from prior years that remained in the TIF Fund for public improvements.

#14 & #15 Auburn Mall - This TIF was established in 2005 and encompasses 47.44 acres. The original value was \$12,719,900. 100% of the tax revenue associated with increased value within the TIF can be captured, 47% of which is used to fulfill the obligations under a credit enhancement agreement. During 2018, \$651,902 was captured, of which \$191,013 was recorded in the General Fund and \$460,889 was recorded in the TIF Fund. During 2018, \$657,741 was expended, of which \$191,013 was expended in the General Fund and \$466,728 was expended in the TIF Fund.

#16 Webster School Housing - This TIF was established in 2010 and encompasses 1.4 acres. The original value was \$522,800. 60% of the tax revenue associated with increased value within the TIF can be captured, of which 100% is used to fulfill the obligations under a credit enhancement agreement. During 2018, \$30,116 was captured and recorded in the TIF Fund, and \$30,128 was expended in the TIF Fund.

#18 Slap Shot LLC- This TIF was established in 2013 and encompasses 8.5 acres. The original value was \$1,564,100. For the first 5 years of the TIF, 100% of the tax revenue associated with increased value within the TIF will be captured and used to fulfill the obligations under a credit enhancement agreement. During 2018, \$137,960 was captured and recorded in the TIF Fund and \$138,021 was expended from the TIF Fund.

#19 Hartt Transport – This TIF was established in 2014 and encompasses 8.5 acres. The original value was \$1,278,600. 40% of the tax revenue associated with increased value within the TIF can be captured and is used to fulfill the obligations under a credit enhancement agreement. During 2018, \$30,790 was captured and recorded in the TIF Fund, and \$30,803 was expended in the TIF Fund.

F. Interfund Receivables and Payables and Transfers

The composition of interfund balances as of June 30, 2018 is as follows:

	Interfund <u>Receivables</u>	Interfund <u>Payables</u>	Transfers <u>In</u>	Transfers <u>Out</u>
General Fund	\$ 3,182,810	-	989,016	3,109,803
Community Dev. Programs	-	1,143	-	-
Tax Incrementing Financing	-	1,455,974	3,049,803	980,000
Capital Projects	2,006,569	-	-	-
City Special Revenue	-	1,824,938	60,000	-
Other Governmental Funds	162,227	933,618	-	9,016
Fiduciary Funds	161,070	15,992	-	-
Enterprise Funds:				
Ingersoll Turf Facility	81,374	-	-	-
Norway Savings Bank Ice Ar	rena -	1,362,385	-	
Totals	\$ 5,594,050	5,594,050	4,098,819	<u>4,098,819</u>

Interfund receivables and payables represent outstanding balances between funds that result from timing differences between when transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and when payments between funds are settled. Transfers are used to move revenues from the general fund to finance various other fund's programs or activities in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

G. Construction Contracts and Other Commitments

The following is a list of the City's open contracts as of June 30, 2018:

	Contract <u>Total</u>	Percentage <u>Complete</u>	Billed <u>to Date</u>	Balance <u>Remaining</u>
South Main St Phase III	\$ 1,192,197	98.33%	1,172,335	19,862
2017 Road Reclamation	968,866	83.27%	806,737	162,129
Hampshire Street	1,853,404	90.73%	1,681,539	171,865
Ash Landfill Forced Main	347,852	76.35%	265,570	82,282
2016 Reconstruction	396,325	91.76%	363,686	32,639
2017 Reconstruction	1,211,851	90.28%	1,094,076	117,775
Sopers Mill Bridge	187,835	93.09%	174,859	12,976
Lake St Reconstruction	1,438,889	78.54%	1,130,072	308,817
2018 Road Reconstruction	864,856	16.48%	142,555	722,301
2018 Road Reclamation	821,305	77.02%	632,587	188,718
2018 MPI Projects	529,286	23.75%	125,695	403,591

As discussed in note II.A, Budgetary Information, encumbrance accounting is utilized to the extent necessary to assure effective budgetary control and accountability and to facilitate effective cash planning and control. At year end, the amount of encumbrances expected to be honored upon performance by the vendor in the next year were as follows:

Total	\$ <u>3,489,458</u>
Capital project funds	<u>2,940,179</u>
Special revenue funds	168,742
Community development programs	55,178
General fund	\$ 325,359

H. Long-term Debt

The City issues general obligation bonds to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities. General obligation bonds have been issued for governmental activities only. Currently, there are no general obligation bonds outstanding for business-type activities. On November 8, 2017, general obligation bonds totaling \$8,500,000 were issued and dedicated to the capital improvement program for the City and School Department.

General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the City. These bonds are generally issued as ten-year serial bonds with equal amounts of principal maturing each year. Additionally, Androscoggin County, who's bonded debt would be considered overlapping with the City of Auburn, had no outstanding debt at June 30, 2018. General obligation bonds and notes payable outstanding at June 30, 2018 are as follows:

O

			Interest	Outstanding
Issued	Original	Matures	rate	<u>balance</u>
04/30/02	\$ 6,000,000	11/01/22	3.05%-5.25%	1,500,000
10/31/02	13,100,000	11/01/22	2.031%-5.031%	2,050,000
10/30/08	6,430,000	09/01/18	3.25%-4.25%	640,000
01/14/11	1,000,000	01/14/20	0.14%	200,000
10/15/09	5,500,000	09/01/19	2.00%-3.50%	1,100,000
11/01/10	7,900,000	09/01/20	2.00%-2.50%	2,370,000
11/01/11	4,500,000	09/01/21	2.00%-2.75%	1,800,000
07/13/12	1,057,323	07/13/22	4.40%	528,662
09/27/12	13,835,000	09/01/27	2.00%-4.50%	9,285,000
11/01/13	5,625,000	09/01/27	2.00%-3.00%	3,365,000
10/30/14	6,800,000	09/01/28	2.00%-4.00%	4,760,000
11/05/15	5,700,000	09/01/29	2.00%	4,560,000
03/10/16	4,250,000	09/01/26	2.00-4.00%	3,705,000
11/15/16	5,030,000	09/01/26	3.00%	4,520,000
11/08/17	8,500,000	09/01/27	4.00-5.00%	8,500,000
				48,883,662
	10/30/08 01/14/11 10/15/09 11/01/10 11/01/11 07/13/12 09/27/12 11/01/13 10/30/14 11/05/15 03/10/16 11/15/16	04/30/02 \$ 6,000,000 10/31/02 13,100,000 10/30/08 6,430,000 01/14/11 1,000,000 10/15/09 5,500,000 11/01/10 7,900,000 11/01/11 4,500,000 07/13/12 1,057,323 09/27/12 13,835,000 11/01/13 5,625,000 10/30/14 6,800,000 11/05/15 5,700,000 03/10/16 4,250,000 11/15/16 5,030,000	$\begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $

Notes:					
School Revolving Loan	01/07/11	\$ 435,158	07/01/20	0.00%	123,963
School Revolving Loan	09/13/13	67,525	09/13/18	0.00%	<u>13,505</u>
Notes payable					137,468
-					

Total bonds and notes payable

<u>\$ 49,021,130</u>

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for general obligation bonds, notes, and capital leases are as follows:

Year Ending	<u>Bonds</u>	Payable	<u>Notes Pa</u>	ayable	<u>Capita</u>	<u>l Leases</u>
<u>June 30,</u>	Principal	Interest	<u>Principal</u>	Interest	Principal	<u>Interest</u>
2019	\$ 8,455,732	1,516,721	57,962	-	182,814	29,902
2020	7,840,732	1,246,273	44,456	-	165,382	44,143
2021	7,235,733	991,665	35,050	-	170,528	38,996
2022	6,440,732	747,927	-	-	175,835	33,689
2023	5,580,733	522,779	-	-	181,308	28,217
2024-2028	13,330,000	862,797	-	-	714,137	61,065
<u> </u>	<u>\$ 48,883,662</u>	<u>5,888,162</u>	137,468	-	1,590,004	236,012

For the year ended June 30, 2018, interest expense of the General Fund was \$814,380.

The City is subject to a statutory limitation by the State of Maine of its general long-term debt equal to 15% of the State's valuation of the City. At June 30, 2018, the statutory limit for the City was \$297,255,000. The City's outstanding long-term debt of \$48,883,662 at June 30, 2018 was \$248,371,338 less than the statutory limit.

The City has entered into several lease agreements as lessee for financing the acquisition of vehicles and various HVAC equipment at the City's schools. These leases qualify as capital leases for accounting purposes, and therefore, have been recorded at the present value of future minimum lease payments as of the date of its inception. At June 30, 2018, the amount capitalized under capital leases totals \$2,377,061.

Changes in General Long-term Liabilities. Long-term liability activity for the year ended June 30, 2018 was as follows:

	Beginning Balance, Restated	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
Governmental activities:	Nesialeu	Additions	Reductions	Dalance	<u>One real</u>
Bonds payable					
General obligation bonds	\$ 48,634,394	8,500,000	8,250,732	48,883,662	8,455,732
Premium	1,817,852		291,139	2,704,191	291,139
Total bonds payable	50,452,246		8,541,871	51,587,853	8,746,871
Notes payable	211,608		74,140	137,468	57,962
Capital leases payable	871,863	, ,	305,895	1,590,004	182,814
Accrued compensated absence		91,345	76,825	2,184,621	109,231
Accrued self-insurance liability	1,074,710	932,444	887,446	1,119,708	157,175
Other postemployment benefit	s 3,758,710	-	300,364	3,458,346	-
City pension liability	426,127	-	125,874	300,253	67,975
Net pension liability	15,767,219	-	3,814,273	11,952,946	-
Landfill postclosure care costs	345,924	-	139,924	206,000	47,000
Accrued interest on debt	472,667	34,652	-	507,319	<u>507,319</u>
Governmental activities		•		<i>k</i>	<u> </u>
long-term liabilities	\$ 75,551,175	11,759,955	14,266,612	73,044,518	<u>9,876,347</u>
	• •	• •			<u>·</u>
Business-type activities:					
Net pension liability	161,960		42,458	119,502	-
Other postemployment benefit	s 66,949	-	5,350	61,599	-
Business-type activities					
long-term liabilities	<u>\$ 228,909</u>	-	47,808	<u>181,101</u>	-

General fund and special revenue accounts have been used to liquidate the liability for compensated absences, landfill postclosure care cost, net pension obligation, and other postemployment benefits for governmental activities.

I. Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balance of bonds, notes payable and capital leases payable and adding back any unspent proceeds. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislations adopted by the City, through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws, or regulations of other governments.

The City's net investment in capital assets was calculated as follows at June 30, 2018:

<u>Governmental</u>	Business-type	
Capital assets	\$ 230,154,177	1,383,757
Accumulated depreciation	(104,642,036)	(868,577)
Bonds payable	(48,883,662)	-
Notes payable	(137,468)	-
Capital leases payable	(1,590,004)	-
Unamortized debt premium	(2,704,191)	-
Unspent bond proceeds	7,754,804	-
Unspent capital lease proceeds	674,828	-
Non-capital related -		
unamortized debt premium	112,294	-
Total net investment in		
capital assets	<u>\$ 80,738,742</u>	<u>515,180</u>

J. Fund Balances

As of June 30, 2018, fund balances components consisted of the following:

		Other	
	General	Governmental	
	<u>Fund</u>	<u>Funds</u>	<u>Total</u>
Nonspendable:			
Long-term receivables	\$ 799,439	-	799,439
Amounts held in escrow	674,828	-	674,828
Inventory	-	32,388	32,388
Prepaid expenditures	126,330	-	126,330
Principal for permanent funds	-	69,475	69,475
Total nonspendable	1,600,597	101,863	1,702,460
Restricted:			
Education	1,931,802	672,783	2,604,585
Community development programs	-	2,643,305	2,643,305
Permanent funds	-	190,367	190,367
Total restricted	1,931,802	3,506,455	5,438,257
Committed:		450 300	450 700
Parks and recreation	-	152,783	152,783
Capital projects	-	7,025,150	7,025,150
Total committed	-	7,177,933	7,177,933
Assigned:			
Subsequent budget	412,500	-	412,500
Reserves	6,038	_	6,038
Self-insurance	1,119,708	_	1,119,708
Encumbrances	325,359	_	325,359
Total assigned	1,863,605	-	1,863,605
		(4.540.004)	
Unassigned	7,780,670	(1,512,021)	6,268,649
Total fund balance	<u>\$ 13,176,674</u>	9,274,230	22,450,904

K. Landfill Postclosure Care Costs

State and federal laws require that the City place a final cover on its landfills when waste is no longer accepted and perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the sites for thirty years after closure. In addition to operating expenditures related to current activities of the landfill, a liability for the post-closure care costs are recorded in the governmental activities on the statement of net position (Statement 1).

The \$206,000 reported as landfill post-closure care liability at June 30, 2018 represents the estimated liability for post-closure care costs at that date. The cost is comprised of \$104,000 for post-closure care costs (8 years) for a brush landfill that stopped accepting debris during fiscal year 1996. The additional cost of \$102,000 represents the estimated future post-closure care cost (3 years) of a previously closed ash landfill.

The estimated total cost of landfill post-closure care of \$206,000 is based on the amount that would be paid if all equipment, facilities, and services required to close, monitor, and maintain the landfill were acquired as of June 30, 2018. Actual cost may be higher due to inflation, changes in technology, and changes in laws or regulations, or may be reduced if another governmental agency reimburses the City for a portion of the cost.

IV. OTHER INFORMATION

A. Risk Management

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to theft of, damage to and destruction of assets, errors and omissions and natural disasters for which the City is insured through the Maine Municipal Association Risk Pool, a state-chartered risk pool established exclusively for Maine municipalities. If the assets of the Pool are at any time actuarially determined to be insufficient to enable the Pool to discharge its legal liabilities and other obligations and to maintain actuarially sound reserves, the Pool has the power to make up the deficiency by the levy of a pro-rated assessment upon Pool Members for the amount needed to make up the deficiency. Management believes that no such deficiency exists at June 30, 2018.

The City established a self-insured worker's compensation program in May 1982. This program provides coverage for up to a maximum of \$500,000 for each worker's compensation claim. For the year ending June 30, 2018, the City incurred new claims of \$932,444, but the City paid \$887,446 in actual claims during the fiscal year.

The City purchases commercial insurance for claims in excess of coverage provided by the selfinsurance program and for all other risks of loss. Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three fiscal years. All departments of the City participate in the program and the General Fund budget is based on actuarial estimates of the amounts needed to pay prior and current year claims and to establish a reserve for estimated future payment of incurred losses. The total liability of \$1,119,708 reported in the Statement of Net Position is based on the requirements of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, which requires that a liability for claims be reported if information prior to the issuance of the financial statements indicates that it is probable that a liability has been incurred at the date of the financial statement and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. These losses include an estimate of claims that have been incurred but not reported. A discount rate of 4.5% has been used in calculating the liability.

The following summarizes the claims activity with respect to the City's self-insured workers' compensation program.

	Fiscal Year <u>2018</u>	Fiscal Year <u>2017</u>
Unpaid claims as of July 1 Incurred claims (including claims incurred but not	\$ 1,074,710	1,193,689
reported as of June 30)	932,444	325,448
Total claim payments	887,446	444,427
Current claims liability	157,175	48,814
Long-term claims liability	962,533	1,025,896
Total unpaid claims liability	<u>\$ 1,119,708</u>	<u>1,074,710</u>

The City assigns a portion of its General Fund fund balance for workers compensation. This amount totaled \$1,119,708 at June 30, 2018.

B. Joint Ventures

The City of Auburn has entered into several ventures with other entities. The following joint ventures result from a contractual arrangement (interlocal agreement) in which the City retains an ongoing financial responsibility. The following joint ventures' existence depends on continued funding by the governments:

Auburn-Lewiston Municipal Airport Lewiston-Auburn Transit Committee Lewiston-Auburn 9-1-1 Committee

The interlocal agreements for these three joint ventures do not stipulate that the participants have a present or future claim to the net resources of the organization, except upon dissolution.

Therefore, no equity interest has been reported in the financial statements for these joint ventures.

Mid Maine Waste Action Corporation is a joint venture that provides for waste disposal for the City and eleven other participating governments. The City is responsible for disposing of its municipal solid waste at the facility and therefore, has an ongoing financial responsibility to it.

Additionally, as described in the interlocal agreement, the City is responsible for funding certain deficits the organization may incur.

Information pertaining to each of these four joint ventures follows:

Auburn-Lewiston Municipal Airport

The Auburn-Lewiston Municipal Airport is operated jointly by the Cities of Auburn and Lewiston by a seven-member board currently comprised of three members from the City of Auburn and three members from the City of Lewiston appointed by the respective City Councils, and one member from Auburn Chamber of Commerce. The Airport's governing Board selects management staff, sets user charges, establishes budgets, and controls all aspects of its operations. The City of Auburn is responsible, through the budget process, to fund 50% of the annual anticipated operating and capital needs of the airport. In the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, the City of Auburn contributed \$167,353 for airport operations.

The following is selected information for the years ending June 30, 2018 and June 30, 2017:

	June 30, <u>2018</u>	June 30, <u>2017</u>
Total assets	\$ 10,306,641	\$ 9,525,264
Total deferred outflows of resources	26,402	66,605
Total liabilities	2,329,332	1,971,983
Total deferred inflows of resources	15,728	16,072
Net position	7,987,983	7,603,814
Change in net position	384,169	340,332

In addition to contributions from the two municipalities, the Airport derives revenues through user fees, interest on investments in time deposits and from federal and state grants. For the year ended June 30, 2018, the Airport had total revenues of \$2,330,441 and expenditures of \$1,946,272, including depreciation of \$587,628 and pension expense of \$8,256.

The separate audited financial statements of the Auburn-Lewiston Municipal Airport may be obtained from the City's Finance Department.

Lewiston-Auburn Transit Committee

The Lewiston-Auburn Transit Committee is a joint venture of the Cities of Lewiston and Auburn. The Committee was formed for the purpose of planning and implementing short-term and long-term bus transit development, and to apply for and administer federal and state capital acquisition and operating assistance grants for mass transit benefiting the Lewiston-Auburn area. The Committee is made up of six members, three each from the Cities of Auburn and Lewiston, appointed by their respective City Councils. The Committee's governing board selects management staff, sets user charges, establishes budgets, and controls all aspects of its operations.

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, the City of Auburn contributed \$189,949 for operating expenses.

The following is selected information for the years ending September 30, 2017 and September 30, 2016 (the latest information available):

	September 30,	September 30,
	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>
Total assets	\$ 2,121,700	\$ 2,870,578
Total liabilities	438,966	1,058,975
Net position	1,682,734	1,811,603
Change in net position	(128,869)	441,026

Total revenues for the year ended September 30, 2017 were \$1,738,450 and expenses were \$1,867,319, including depreciation on contributed assets of \$191,412.

The separate audited financial statements of the Lewiston-Auburn Transit Committee may be obtained from the City's Finance Department.

Lewiston-Auburn 9-1-1 Committee

The Lewiston-Auburn 9-1-1 Committee is a joint venture of the Cities of Auburn and Lewiston. Incorporated on January 26, 1978, the committee provides an emergency communication system for the Auburn-Lewiston area. The Committee is made up of seven members, the police and fire chiefs and one councilor from each city and a citizen-at-large from either city elected by those six members. The at-large member serves as Committee Chairman.

The committee's primary source of revenues consists of equal contributions from the Cities of Auburn and Lewiston. In the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, the City of Auburn contributed \$1,069,122.

The following is selected financial information for the years ending June 30, 2017 and June 30, 2016 (the latest information available):

	June 30,	June 30,
	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>
Total assets	\$ 879,422	\$ 949,741
Total deferred outflows of resources	488,106	307,248
Total liabilities	1,055,584	786,201
Total deferred inflows of resources	185,022	253,785
Total net position	126,922	217,003
Change in net position	(90,081)	(13,282)

Total revenues for the year ended June 30, 2017 were \$2,205,779 and expenditures were \$2,295,860.

The separate audited financial statements of the Lewiston-Auburn 9-1-1 Committee may be obtained from the City's Finance Department.

Mid-Maine Waste Action Corporation

Mid-Maine Waste Action Corporation (MMWAC) is a joint venture of the City of Auburn and eleven other Maine municipalities. The Corporation was formed in March 1986 for the purpose of razing the old Auburn Energy Recovery Facility and constructing a regional waste to energy facility. MMWAC is governed by the provisions of its Articles of Incorporation and Bylaws, and by the interlocal agreement between MMWAC and each of the participating municipalities. Each of the participating municipalities has also entered into a Waste Handling Agreement with MMWAC pursuant to which the municipality is obligated to send all of its waste to MMWAC for the term of the agreement. The Corporation is administered by a twelve-member board comprised of one member from each participating municipality. Each member is entitled to one vote for all corporate business except for bonding, which matures more than three years from the date of issuance, and for adoption of the annual budget in which case votes are weighted by community population and requires an 85% majority for passage. The City of Auburn accounts for approximately 70% of the population of the twelve municipalities participating in MMWAC.

The following is selected financial information for MMWAC for the years ending June 30, 2017 and June 30, 2016 (the latest information available):

	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>
Total assets	\$ 11,099,603	\$ 12,761,221
Total liabilities	486,591	422,733
Members' equity	10,613,012	12,338,488
Operating revenue	6,548,718	6,273,701
Operating expenses	8,169,571	7,659,835
Depreciation and amortization	1,679,526	1,682,327
Other expenses	171,155	-
Non-operating revenue	63,532	52,239
Net income/(loss) before depreciation and		
amortization	125,205	348,432
Net change in members equity	(1,725,476)	(1,333,895)

The Waste Handling Agreement obligates each member municipality to pay its "proportionate share" of all liabilities and expenses of MMWAC to the extent MMWAC does not have sufficient funds therefore. In September 1994, a consensus of the member communities concluded that the most cost effective method of funding MMWAC's obligations was for each of the member communities to issue general obligation debt to fund the communities' share of certain MMWAC obligations. Accordingly, such debt was issued and the proceeds contributed to MMWAC to liquidate these obligations.

The separate audited financial statements of the MMWAC may be obtained from the City's Finance Department.

C. Subsequent Events

On November 8, 2018, the City of Auburn issued \$8,375,000 of non-taxable general obligation bonds through U.S. Bank National Association. The interest rate on the bonds is 1.8 percent annually, and the maturity date is September 1, 2028.

D. Restatement of Net Position/Fund Balance

In prior years, certain capital assets were replaced by new items and neither the disposal of the old assets nor the addition of the new assets were reported. Additionally, in 2018, the City applied a new method of tracking and reporting certain long term grant receivables and related unearned revenue. Also in 2018, the City reclassified the Centralized School Lunch Program from a business-type activity to a governmental activity. Similarly, the City recognized certain additional School special revenue funds which were previously only tracked internally due to their immaterial nature. Finally, in 2018, the city adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 75, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions*. The effects of the change in accounting principle and the other aforementioned changes are shown in more detail below.

June 30, 2017:		Governmental <u>Activities</u>	Business- type <u>Activities</u>	Total Governmental <u>Funds</u>	Community Development <u>Programs</u>	Other Governmental <u>Funds</u>
Net Position/fund balance as previously reported	\$	82,718,185	9.649	23,628,757	4,521,764	223,415
Addition/disposal of capital assets	Ŧ	0_,,	0,010	_0,0_0,0	.,0,. 0.	,
(net of related depreciation)		(830,155)	-	-	-	-
Change in grant receivables		(1,641,530)	-	(1,641,530)	(1,641,530)	-
Reclassification of the Centralized						
School Lunch Program		342,853	(342,853)	371,495	-	371,495
Additional School Special						
Revenue funds		23,515	-	23,515	-	23,515
Application of GASB Statement						
No. 75		(1,930,021)	(66,949)	-	-	-
Net position/fund balance, as						
restated	\$	78,682,847	(400,153)	22,382,237	2,880,234	618,425

E. Deferred Compensation Plan

The plan, available to all full-time municipal employees, permits them to defer a portion of their salary until future years. The City is required to contribute 6% of an employee's gross wages while employees are required to contribute 5% of their gross wages. All assets and income of the plan are held in trust for the exclusive benefit of the participants and their beneficiaries. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination of employment, unforeseeable emergency, or retirement. In the event of an employee's death, the beneficiary is eligible to receive the full value of the account, including earnings. For the year ended June 30, 2018, the City contributed \$146,506 to employee's deferred compensation plans.

F. Employee Retirement Systems and Plans

Defined Benefit Pension Plan – Maine Public Employees Retirement System

General Information about the Pension Plan

Plan Description - Employees of the City are provided with pensions through the Maine Public Employees Retirement System Consolidated Plan for Local Participating Districts (PLD Plan) and teaching-certified employees of the City are provided with pensions through the Maine Public Employees Retirement System State Employee and Teacher Plan (SET Plan), cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans, administered by the Maine Public Employees Retirement System (MainePERS). Benefit terms are established in Maine statute. MainePERS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at <u>www.mainepers.org</u>.

Benefits Provided - The PLD and SET Plans provide defined retirement benefits based on members' average final compensation and service credit earned as of retirement. Vesting (i.e. eligibility for benefits upon reaching qualification) occurs upon the earning of five years of service credit. In some cases, vesting occurs on the earning of one year of service credit immediately preceding retirement at or after normal retirement age. For PLD members, normal retirement age is 60 or 65. For SET Plan members, normal retirement age is 60, 62, or 65. The normal retirement age is determined by whether a member had met certain creditable service requirements on specific dates, as established by statute. The monthly benefit of members who retire before normal retirement age by virtue of having at least 25 years of service credit is reduced by a statutorily prescribed factor for each year of age that a member is below her/his normal retirement age at retirement. MainePERS also provides disability and death benefits, which are established by contract under applicable statutory provisions (PLD Plan) or by statute (SET Plan).

Contributions - Employee contribution rates are defined by law or Board rule and depend on the terms of the plan under which an employee is covered. Employer contributions are determined by actuarial valuations. The contractually required contribution rates are actuarially determined as an amount that, when combined with employee contributions, is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability.

PLD Plan - Employees are required to contribute 8.0% or 9.50% of their annual pay for the regular plan or public safety plan, respectively. The City's contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2018 was 9.6% or 12.2% of annual payroll for the regular plan or public safety plan, respectively. Contributions to the pension plan from the City were \$1,405,764 for governmental activities and \$16,973 for business-type activities for the year ended June 30, 2018.

SET Plan - Maine statute requires the State to contribute a portion of the City's contractually required contributions. Employees are required to contribute 7.65% of their annual pay. The City's contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2018, was 15.05% of annual payroll, of which 3.97% of payroll was required from the City and 11.08% was required from the State. Contributions to the pension plan from the City were \$859,607 for the year ended June 30, 2018.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

The net pension liabilities were measured as of June 30, 2017, and the total pension liabilities used to calculate the net pension liabilities were determined by actuarial valuations as of that date. The City's proportion of the net pension liabilities were based on projections of the City's long-term share of contributions to the pension plans relative to the projected contributions of all participating local districts (PLD Plan) and of all participating School Administrative Units and the State (SET Plan), actuarially determined.

PLD Plan - At June 30, 2018, the City reported a liability of \$9,897,564 for governmental activities and \$119,502 for business-type activities for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. At June 30, 2017, the City's proportion of the PLD Plan was 2.4465%.

SET Plan - At June 30, 2018, the City reported a liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability that reflected a reduction for State pension support provided to the City. The amount recognized by the City as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the City were as follows:

City's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 2,055,382
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability	
associated with the City	23,808,252
	· · ·
Total	<u>\$ 25,863,634</u>

At June 30, 2017, the City's proportion of the SET Plan was 0.1415%.

For the year ended June 30, 2018, the City recognized pension expense of \$1,599,169 for governmental activities and \$20,156 for business-type activities for the PLD Plan and \$3,280,878 and revenue of \$2,399,105 for support provided by the State for the SET Plan. At June 30, 2018, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	PLD Plan				
	Government	al Activities	Business-type Activities		
	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ -	475,507		5,741	
Changes of assumptions Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan	842,221	-	10,169	-	
investments Changes in proportion and differences between City Contributions and proportionate share of	-	272,159	-	3,286	
contributions City contributions subsequent	-	181,673	-	2,194	
to the measurement date	1,405,764	-	16,973	-	
Total	\$ 2,247,985	929,339	27,142	11,221	

	SET Plan				
	Government	al Activities	Business-type Activities		
	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 86,443				
Changes of assumptions Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan	-	32,101	-	-	
investments Changes in proportion and differences between City Contributions and proportionate share of	-	30,228	-	-	
contributions City contributions subsequent	147,629	-	-	-	
to the measurement date	859,607	-	-	-	
Total	\$ 1,093,679	62,329	-	-	

An amount of \$2,265,371 for governmental activities and \$16,973 for business-type activities is reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from City contributions subsequent to the measurement date and will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liabilities in the year ended June 30, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:		
	PLD Plan	SET Plan
2019	\$ (199,418)	51,048
2020	726,044	216,984
2021	67,204	13,740
2022	(682,001)	(110,029)
Actuarial Assumptions - The total pension liability in the June 30, 2017 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

	<u>PLD Plan</u>	<u>SET Plan</u>
Inflation	2.75%	2.75%
Salary Increases, per year	2.75% to 9.0%	2.75% to 14.5%
Investment return, per annum, compounded annually	6.875%	6.875%
Cost of living benefit increases, per annum	2.20%	2.20%

Mortality rates were based on the RP2014 Total Dataset Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table, for males and females.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2017 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period June 30, 2012 to June 30, 2015.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a buildingblock method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2017 are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-term Expected <u>Real Rate of Return</u>
Dublic equities	30.0%	6.0%
Public equities		
US Government	7.5%	2.3%
Private equity	15.0%	7.6%
Real estate	10.0%	5.2%
Infrastructure	10.0%	5.3%
Natural resources	5.0%	5.0%
Traditional credit	7.5%	3.0%
Alternative credit	5.0%	4.2%
Diversifiers	10.0%	5.9%
Total	100.0%	

Discount Rate - The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.875% for the PLD Plan and the SET Plan. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rates assumed that employee contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from participating local districts will be made at contractually required rates, actuarially determined. Based on these assumptions, the pension plans' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liabilities.

Sensitivity of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liabilities to Changes in the Discount Rate - The following presents the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 6.875% for the PLD Plan and the SET Plan, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (5.875% for PLD Plan and for the SET Plan) or 1 percentage-point higher (7.875% for PLD Plan and for SET Plan) than the current rate:

<u>PLD Plan</u> City's proportionate share of	1% Decrease <u>(5.875%)</u>	Current Discount Rate <u>(6.875%)</u>	1% Increase <u>(7.875%)</u>
the net pension liability	\$ 20,097,313	\$ 10,017,066	\$ 2,428,202
<u>SET Plan</u>	1% Decrease (5.875%)	Current Discount Rate (6.875%)	1% Increase (7.875%)
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 3,606,588	\$ 2,055,382	\$ 774,642

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued MainePERS financial report.

Payables to the Pension Plan - None as of June 30, 2018.

Defined Contribution Pension Plan

The City contributes to the International City Manager's Money Purchase Plan, which is a defined contribution pension plan administered by the International City Manager's Association Retirement Corporation.

A defined contribution pension plan provides pension benefits in return for services rendered, provides an individual account for each participant, and specifies how contributions to the individual's account are to be determined instead of specifying the amount of benefits the individual is to receive. Under a defined contribution pension plan, the benefits a participant will receive depend solely on the amount contributed to the participant's account, the returns earned on investments of those contributions, and forfeitures of other participant's benefits that may be allocated to such participant's account. As established by council resolve, all municipal employees of the City have the option of participating in the plan or the Maine Public Employees Retirement System.

Contributions made by both the employee and the employer vest immediately. An employee who leaves the employment of the City is entitled to all contributions and earned income in his or her account at that time. Each employee must contribute a minimum of 5% of his or her gross earnings to the pension plan, while the City is required to contribute an amount equal to 6% of the employee's gross earnings.

As employees are immediately vested in employer contributions, there is therefore no forfeiture provision.

During the year, the City's required and actual contributions amounted to \$146,506, which was 6% of its current-year covered payroll. The covered payroll amounted to \$2,441,769. Employees' required contributions amounted to \$122,058, which was 5% of the City's current year covered payroll.

No pension provision changes occurred during the year that affected the required contributions to be made by the City or its employees.

The I.C.M.A. Money Purchase Plan held no securities of the City or other related parties during the year or as of the close of the year.

City Pension Plan

Plan Description. The City Pension Plan is a contributory single employer defined benefit pension plan, and covers certain police and fire employees who joined prior to the City's participation in MainePERS. Once the City elected to participate in MainePERS, employees were no longer eligible to join this plan. Benefit terms were established under City Charter.

A pensioner's benefit is adjusted annually based on the current compensation level of the position from which the pensioner retired.

At June 30, 2018, the plan consisted of 4 retirees and beneficiaries, all of whom are currently receiving benefits. The last active employee retired on March 31, 1992.

At June 30, 2018, there were no pension assets, deferred outflows of resources or deferred inflows of resources related to the City Pension Plan. During the year, the City recognized pension expense of \$71,336.

Funding Policy. No funds have been accumulated, nor are any funds expected to be accumulated for the payment of these benefits. All benefits are paid directly by the City as they come due.

Annual Pension Cost and Total Pension Liability. The City's annual pension cost and total pension liability for the year ended June 30, 2018 were as follows:

Interest on net pension obligation	\$ 13,372
Differences between expected and actual experience	(68,664)
Changes of assumptions, including discount rate	754
Annual pension cost (gain)	(54,538)
Contributions made	(71,336)
Increase (decrease) in net pension obligation	(125,874)
Total pension liability beginning of year	426,127
Total pension liability end of year	\$ 300.253

The measurement date for the City Pension Plan was June 30, 2018. The annual required contribution for the current year was determined as part of this actuarial valuation using the Entry Age Normal Cost Method. The actuarial assumptions included (a) a 2.98% discount rate and (b) 3.0% future cost of living increases. The discount rate of 2.98% reflects the index rate for 20-year municipal bonds as of June 30, 2018. The unfunded actuarial liability is being recognized as a level dollar amount on a closed basis. The remaining amortization period at June 30, 2018 was 4 years.

The following provides five-year trend information, a schedule of employee contributions and a schedule of funding programs for the City's pension plan.

Fiscal Year Ending <u>June 30,</u>	Annual Pension <u>Expense/(Gain)</u>	% of Annual Pension Cost <u>Contributed</u>	Net Pension Obligation
2014	\$ 133,610	112%	816,665
2015	80,474	183%	749,577
2016	(155,166)	N/A	480,145
2017	37,129	245%	426,127
2018	(54,538)	N/A	300,253

Five-year Trend Information

Sensitivity to the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate. The following presents the net pension liability of the City of Auburn Pension Plan calculated using a discount rate of 2.98%, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point higher (3.98%) and one percentage point lower (1.98%) than the current rate:

	1%	Current	1%
	Decrease	Discount Rate	Increase
	<u>(1.98%)</u>	<u>(2.98%)</u>	<u>(3.98%)</u>
Net pension liability	\$ 311,034	\$ 300,253	\$ 290,213

Schedule of Employer Contributions

Fiscal <u>Year End</u>	Actuarial Required Contribution <u>(ARC)</u>	Percentage of ARC <u>Contributed</u>
6/30/2009	\$ 191,601	98%
6/30/2010	206,838	93%
6/30/2011	239,226	75%
6/30/2012	244,464	69%
6/30/2013	289,758	54%
6/30/2014	149,845	100%
6/30/2015	147,562	100%
6/30/2016	114,266	100%
6/30/2017	91,147	100%
6/30/2018	71,336	100%

Funded status and funding progress. As of June 30, 2018, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the funded status of the plan was as follows:

Actuarial liability (AL) Actuarial value of plan assets	\$ 300),253 _
Unfunded actuarial liability (UAL)	\$ 300	. <u>253</u>
Funded ratio (actuarial value of plan assets/AL)		0%
Covered payroll	\$	-
UAL as a percentage of covered payroll		0%

Actuarial methods and assumptions. The ARC for the plan was determined as part of the June 30, 2018 actuarial valuation using the following methods and assumptions:

Discount Rate Investment Rate of Return Retirement Age	2.98% per year N/A All members are currently receiving benefits
Mortality	RP2014 adjusted to 2006 Blue Collar Mortality Table separate for Males and Females projected with mortality improvement scale MP-2016
Disabled Mortality	None
Marriage Assumptions	None
Cost of Living Adjustments	3.00% annual increase for participants

Payables to the Pension Plan - None as of June 30, 2018.

Other Postemployment Benefits – Maine Municipal Employee Health Trust (Health Plan)

General Information about the OPEB Plan

Plan Description - The City sponsors a post-retirement benefit plan providing health insurance to retiring employees. The plan is a single-employer defined benefit OPEB plan administered by the Maine Municipal Employees Health Trust (MMEHT). The City Council has the authority to establish and amend the benefit terms and financing requirements. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria of paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions.*

Benefits Provided - MMEHT provides healthcare and life insurance benefits for retirees and their dependents. City employees over the age of 55 with 5 years of continuous service are allowed to participate in the plan. Retirees that are designated in a plan pay 100% of the single coverage premium and 100% of the family coverage premium. For those City employees eligible for Medicare (post-65 Retiree Plan), the plan is offered in conjunction with Medicare Parts A and B and the Companion Plan B.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms - At June 30, 2018, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	39
Inactive employee entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	0
Active employees	208
Total	247

Total OPEB Liability

The City's total OPEB liability of \$3,519,945 was measured as of January 1, 2018, and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. \$61,599 has been allocated to business-type activities (based on number of participants) and the remaining \$3,458,346 is reported in governmental activities as of June 30, 2018.

Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs - The total OPEB liability in the January 1, 2018 actuarial valuation was determined using the following assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation	3.00% per year
Salary increases	2.75% per year
Discount rate	3.44%
Healthcare cost trend rates	8.27% for 2018, decreasing 0.28%
	per year
Retirees' share of the benefit related costs	100% of projected health insurance
	premiums

The discount rate was based upon high quality AA/Aa or higher bond yields in effect for 20 years, tax-exempt general obligation municipal bonds using the Bond Buyer 20-Bond GO Index.

Mortality rates were based on the RP2014 Total Dataset Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table, for males and females.

The actuarial assumptions used in the January 1, 2018 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period June 30, 2012 through June 30, 2015.

Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

	Total OPEB Liability
Balance at June 30, 2017	\$ 3,825,659
Changes for the year:	
Service Cost	81,439
Interest	144,506
Differences between expected and actual experience	(178,552)
Changes in assumptions or other inputs	(183,140)
Benefit payments	(169,967)
Net changes	 305,714
Balance at June 30, 2018	\$ 3,519,945

Change in assumptions reflects a change in the discount rate from 3.78% to 3.44% and also a change in valuation method from Projected Unit Credit to the Entry Age Normal funding method.

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate – The following presents the City's total OPEB liability calculated using the discount rate of 3.44%, as well as what the City's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage-point lower (2.44%) or 1 percentage-point higher (4.44%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease (2.44%)	Discount Rate (3.44%)	1% Increase (4.44%)
Total OPEB liability	\$ 4,062,994	3,519,945	3,080,023

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates – The following presents the City's total OPEB liability calculated using the healthcare cost trend rates of 8.27% decreasing 0.28% per year, as well as what the City's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1 percentage-point lower (7.27% decreasing 0.28% per year) or 1 percentage-point higher (9.27% decreasing 0.28% per year) than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

		Healthcare Cost	
	1% Decrease	Trend Rates	1% Increase
Total OPEB liability	\$ 3,052,981	3,519,945	4,112,956

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2018, the City recognized negative OPEB expense of \$15,790. At June 30, 2018, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Government	al Activities	Business-ty	pe Activities
	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual	\$			
experience Changes of assumption	-	155,936		2,777
or other inputs		159,942		2,849
Total	\$ 	315,878		5,626

The amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:	
2019	\$ (40,188)
2020	(40,188)
2021	(40,188)
2022	(40,188)
2023	(40,188)
Thereafter	(120,564)

Other Postemployment Benefits – Maine Public Employees Retirement System (SET Plan)

General Information about the OPEB Plan

Plan Description - The City sponsors a post-retirement benefit plan providing group term life insurance to retiring Teachers. The plan is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan administered by the Maine Public Employees Retirement System (MPERS). The MPERS Board of Trustees has the authority to establish and amend the benefit terms and financing requirements. MPERS issues a publicly available financial report that is available at www.mainepers.org.

Benefits Provided - MPERS provides basic group life insurance benefits, during retirement, to retirees who participated in the plan prior to retirement for a minimum of 10 years. The level of coverage is initially set to an amount equal to the retirees average final compensation. The initial amount of basic life is then subsequently reduced at the rate of 15% per year to the greater of 40% of the initial amount or \$2,500.

Contributions - Premium rates are determined by the MPERS Board of Trustees to be actuarially sufficient to pay anticipated claims. The State of Maine is required to remit the total dollar amount of each year's annual required contribution. Contributions to the OPEB plan by the State of Maine on-behalf of the City were \$54,247 for the year ended June 30, 2018. Employers and employees are not required to contribute to the OPEB plan.

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

At June 30, 2018, the City reported no liability related to the plan. The State of Maine's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability associated with the City was \$598,566 as of June 30, 2018. The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2017, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The City's proportion of the net OPEB liability was based on a projection of the City's long-term share of contributions to the OPEB plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2017, the City's proportion was 0.00%.

For the year ended June 30, 2018, the City recognized OPEB expense of \$54,247 and also revenues of \$54,247 for support provided by the State. At June 30, 2018, the City reported no deferred outflows of resources nor deferred inflows of resources related to the OPEB plan.

Actuarial Assumptions - The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2017 actuarial valuation was determined using the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation	2.75%
Salary increases	2.75% - 14.50%
Investment rate of return	6.875%

Mortality rates were based on the RP2014 Total Dataset Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table, for males and females, with adjustments ranging 104% to 120% based on actuarially determined demographic differences.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2017 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study conducted for the period June 30, 2012 to June 30, 2015.

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a buildingblock method which best estimates ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major class of assets. These ranges are combined to produce long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

		Long-term Expected Real Rate of
Asset Class	Target Allocation	Return
Public equities	70.0%	6.0%
Real estate	5.0%	5.2%
Traditional credit	16.0%	3.0%
US Government Securities	9.0%	2.3%
Total	100.0%	

Discount Rate - The rate used to measure the total OPEB liability for the plan was 6.875%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employer contributions will be made at contractually required rates, actuarially determined. Based on this assumption, the OPEB plans fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected OPEB payments for current and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in a separately issued MPERS financial report.

E. Credit Enhancement Agreements

GASB Statement 77, Tax Abatement Disclosures, defines tax abatement, for financial reporting purposes, as a reduction in tax revenue resulting from "an agreement between one or more governments and an individual or entity in which (a) one or more governments promise to forgo tax revenues to which they are otherwise entitled and (b) the individual or entity promises to take specific action after the agreement has been entered into that contributes to economic development or other benefits the governments or the citizens of those governments". While not called 'tax abatements', the City of Auburn does currently have Credit Enhancement Agreements (CEAs) which fit this definition.

The City of Auburn has entered into several Credit Enhancement Agreements (CEAs) with individual organizations as permitted within its TIF District development programs, established under the State of Maine Title 30-A. The CEA's outline conditions for the reimbursement of a percentage of tax revenues generated through the increased values of certain parcels within the district. The agreements and payments are intended to promote economic development through real estate development and job creation, as well as infrastructure improvements and business incentives within the City's TIF Districts. Based on compliance with the terms of the agreement, and the calculation methods established in the CEAs, the City returns to the organization a portion of the taxes paid.

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, the City remitted a total of \$1,130,735 in Credit Enhancement payments, including the following, each of which exceeded 10 percent of the total amount remitted:

TIF district	Beginning; <u>duration</u>	<u>CEA entity</u>	CEA reimbursement basis	Amount paid during the <u>fiscal year</u>
TIF 4 Tambrands	1998; 20 years	Tambrands, Inc.	35% on revenues within district	\$ 329,336 (29.1%)
TIF 13 Retail Development	2007; 15 years	Auburn Plaza, Inc.	30%-47% based on growth in value of the district	164,402 (14.5%)
TIF 14 Auburn Mall	2005; 20 years	Auburn Plaza, Inc.	40% on revenues within district	331,728 (29.3%)
TIF 18 Ice Arena	2013; 5 years	Slap Shot LLC	100% on revenues within district	138,021 (12.2%)

Schedule of City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Maine Public Employees Retirement System Consolidated Plan (PLD) and State Employee and Teacher Plan (SET)

Last 10 Fiscal Years*

PLD Plan				
	<u>2018</u> **	<u>2017</u> **	<u>2016</u> **	<u>2015</u> **
City's proportion of the net pension liability City's proportionate share of the	2.4465%	2.5764%	2.5871%	2.3477%
net pension liability City's covered payroll City's proportionate share of the net	\$ 10,017,066 11,795,593	13,689,300 11,596,585	8,254,041 11,365,621	3,612,401 11,004,456
pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage	84.92%	118.05%	72.62%	32.83%
of the total pension liability	86.43%	81.61%	88.27%	94.10%
<u>SET Plan</u>				
City's proportion of the net pension liability City's proportionate share of the	0.1415 %	0.1268%	0.1256%	0.1048%
net pension liability State's proportionate share of the net	\$ 2,055,382	2,239,879	1,695,546	1,132,380
pension liability associated with the School Unit	23,808,252	28,107,548	22,336,682	16,612,780
Total	\$ 25,863,634	30,347,427	24,032,228	17,745,160
City's covered payroll City's proportionate share of the net	\$ 21,537,377	20,107,822	20,044,945	18,692,477
pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage	9.54%	11.14%	8.46%	6.06%
of the total pension liability	80.78%	76.21%	81.18%	83.91%

* Only four years of information available.

** The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the prior fiscal year.

CITY OF AUBURN, MAINE Required Supplementary Information, Continued June 30, 2018

Schedule of City Contributions Maine Public Employees Retirement System Consolidated Plan (PLD) and State Employee and Teacher Plan (SET) Last 10 Fiscal Years*

PLD Plan	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>
Contractually required contribution Contributions in relation to the	\$ 1,422,737	1,253,966	1,205,273	1,057,514	809,164
contractually required contribution	(1,422,737)	(1,253,966)	(1,205,273)	(1,057,514)	(809,164)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	-	-	-	-	-
City's covered payroll Contributions as a percentage of	12,843,417	11,795,593	11,596,585	11,365,621	11,004,456
covered payroll	11.08%	10.63%	10.39%	9.30%	7.35%
SET Plan					
Contractually required contribution Contributions in relation to the	\$ 859,607	723,656	675,623	531,203	495,351
contractually required contribution	 (859,607)	(723,656)	(675,623)	(531,203)	(495,351)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	_	_	-		-
City's covered payroll Contributions as a percentage of	21,652,573	21,537,377	20,107,822	20,044,945	18,692,477
covered payroll	3.97%	3.36%	3.36%	2.65%	2.65%

* Only five years of information available.

CITY OF AUBURN, MAINE Required Supplementary Information, Continued June 30, 2018

Schedule of Changes in the City's Total Pension Liability City Pension Plan

Last 10 Fiscal Years*

		<u>2018</u>	2017
Total Pension Liability			
Service cost	\$	-	-
Interest		13,372	11,297
Differences between expected and actual			,
experience		(68,664)	53,855
Changes of assumptions		754	(28,023)
Benefit payments	_	(71,336)	(91,147)
Net change in total pension Liability		(125,874)	(54,018)
Total pension liability - beginning	_	426,127	480,145
Total pension liability - ending	\$	300,253	426,127
Plan Fiduciary Net Position			
Contributions – employer	\$	71,336	91,147
Benefit payments	_	(71,336)	(91,147)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		-	-
Nist a stitute the single s			
Net position – beginning	<u>م</u>	-	-
Net position – ending	\$	-	-

* Only two years of information available.

Schedule of Changes in the City's Total Health Plan OPEB Liability and Related Ratios Last 10 Fiscal Years*

		2018
Total OPEB Liability	-	
Service cost	\$	81,439
Interest		144,506
Changes of benefit terms		-
Differences between expected and actual		
experience		(178,552)
Changes of assumptions or other inputs		(183,140)
Benefit payments	-	(169,967)
Net change in total OPEB Liability		(305,714)
Total OPEB liability - beginning		3,825,659
Total OPEB liability - ending	\$	3,519,945
Covered-employee payroll Total OPEB liability as a percentage of	\$	11,209,262
covered-employee payroll		31.40%

* Only one year of information available.

Schedule of City's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability Maine Public Employees Retirement System State Employee and Teacher Plan (SET)

Last 10 Fiscal Years*

	2018
City's proportion of the net OPEB liability City's proportionate share of the net OPEB	0.00%
liability	\$ -
State's proportionate share of the net OPEB	
liability associated with the City	598,566
Total	\$ 598,566
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of	
the total OPEB liability	47.29%

* Only one year of information available. Amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the end of the previous fiscal year.

Maine Public Employees Retirement System (Pension):

Changes of Benefit Terms - None

Changes of Assumptions - The following are changes in actuarial assumptions used in the most recent valuations:

	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2013</u>
Discount rate – PLD	6.875%	7.125%	7.250%	7.250%
Discount rate – SET	6.875%	7.125%	7.125%	7.250%
Inflation rate	2.75%	3.50%	3.50%	3.50%
Salary increases – PLD	2.75-9.00%	3.50-9.50%	3.50-9.50%	3.50-9.50%
Salary increases – SET	2.75-14.50%	3.50-13.50%	3.50-13.50%	3.50-13.50%
Cost of living increases – PLD	2.20%	2.55%	3.12%	3.12%
Cost of living increases – SET	2.20%	2.55%	2.55%	2.55%

* This schedule is intended to show information for ten years, but only the years in which changes occurred have been displayed. Additional years' information will be displayed as it becomes available.

Mortality rates:

In 2015, mortality rates were based on the RP2000 Combined Mortality Table projected forward to 2015 using Scale AA. In 2016 and going forward, mortality rates were based on the RP2014 Total Data Set Health Annuitant Mortality Table.

Maine Public Employees Retirement System (OPEB):

Changes of Benefit Terms - None

Changes of Assumptions - None

Maine Municipal Employees Health Trust (OPEB):

Changes of Benefit Terms - None

Changes of Assumptions - Under the Health Plan, changes of assumptions and other inputs reflects the changes in the discount rate each period. The following are the discount rates used in each period:

Fiscal	Discount
Year	Rate
2018	3.44%
2017	3.78%

Additionally, the valuation method was changed from the Projected Unit Credit funding method in 2017 to the Entry Age Normal funding method in 2018.

City Pension Plan:

Changes of Benefit Terms - None

Changes of Assumptions - The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was changed from 2.60% in 2016, to 3.41% in 2017, and to 2.98% in the most recent valuation.

The City pension plan does not have any invested assets, and thus there are no assets held in trust.

The required supplementary information presented does not disclose a 10-year schedule (or years available) of the liability, covered payroll, and percentage of covered payroll because the last active member retired on March 31, 1992, and therefore, there has not been any payroll related to the City's pension plan in the last 10 years.

Nonmajor Governmental Funds

Special Revenue Funds

Special revenue funds are used to account for specific revenues that are restricted either by law or by administrative action, to expend for particular purposes.

Permanent Funds

Permanent funds are used to report resources that are legally restricted to the extent that only earnings, not principal, may be used for purposes that support the City's programs.

Frank Boomer – This fund is used to account for principal trust amounts received and related interest income. The interest portion of the trust can be used to benefit the poor and needy families of the City.

Ella Foss – This fund is used to account for principal trust amounts received and related interest income. The interest portion of the trust can be used to benefit the needy and indigent residents of the City for food, shelter, clothing, and medical treatment.

George Stetson – This fund is used to account for principal trust amounts received and related interest income. The interest portion of the trust can be used to benefit the poor of the City.

Cemetery Perpetual Care – This fund is used to account for principal trust amounts received and related interest income. The interest portion of the trust can be used to maintain various City cemeteries.

CITY OF AUBURN, MAINE Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2018

	Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	Nonmajor Permanent Funds	Total Other Governmental Funds
ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 405,980	-	405,980
Investments	-	264,627	264,627
Receivables:		·	
Accounts	15,200	-	15,200
Intergovernmental	622,062	-	622,062
Inventory	32,388	-	32,388
Interfund receivable	162,227	-	162,227
Total assets	1,237,857	264,627	1,502,484
	66 226		66 226
Accounts payable	66,336	-	66,336
Accrued payroll Unearned revenue	-	-	-
	10,845	1 705	10,845
Interfund payable Total liabilities	<u>928,833</u> 1,006,014	<u>4,785</u> 4,785	933,618
	1,000,014	4,700	1,010,799
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)			
Nonspendable - inventory	32,388	-	32,388
Nonspendable - principal	-	69,475	69,475
Restricted	672,783	190,367	863,150
Committed	152,783	-	152,783
Unassigned	(626,111)	-	(626,111)
Total fund balances (deficits)	231,843	259,842	491,685
Total liabilities and fund balances (deficits)	\$ 1,237,857	264,627	1,502,484

CITY OF AUBURN, MAINE Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

For the Year Ended	JUI	Nonmajor			
	Special Nonmajor Revenue Permanent Funds Funds				
Revenues:					
Intergovernmental	\$	4,558,959	-	4,558,959	
Charges for services	Ŧ	1,191,216	-	1,191,216	
Other income		141,007	-	141,007	
Interest income		_	1,841	1,841	
Total revenues		5,891,182	1,841	5,893,023	
Expenditures:					
Current:					
General government		203,294	-	203,294	
Health, welfare and recreation		368,809	-	368,809	
Education		3,839,839	-	3,839,839	
Food services		1,597,569	-	1,597,569	
Unclassified		-	1,236	1,236	
Total expenditures		6,009,511	1,236	6,010,747	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		(118,329)	605	(117,724	
Other financing uses:					
Transfers out		(9,016)	-	(9,016	
Total other financing uses		(9,016)	-	(9,016	
Net change in fund balances		(127,345)	605	(126,740	
Fund balances (deficits), July 1, as restated		359,188	259,237	618,425	
Fund balances (deficits), June 30	\$	231,843	259,842	491,685	

CITY OF AUBURN, MAINE Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds June 30, 2018

	School Special	School Lunch Fund	211 Fairview	Parking	Parks and Recreation	Totals
	Opecial	T una		i arking	Recreation	Totais
ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ -	405,980	-	-	-	405,980
Receivables:						
Accounts	7,750	7,450	-	-	-	15,200
Intergovernmental	547,198	74,864	-	-	-	622,062
Inventory	-	32,388	-	-	-	32,388
Interfund receivable	-	-	-	-	162,227	162,227
Total assets	554,948	520,682	-	-	162,227	1,237,857
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable	10,856	46	-	45,990	9,444	66,336
Accrued payroll	-	-	-	-	-	-
Unearned revenue	-	10,845	-	-	-	10,845
Interfund payable	155,757	205,332	566,304	1,440	-	928,833
Total liabilities	166,613	216,223	566,304	47,430	9,444	1,006,014
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)						
Nonspendable - inventory	-	32,388	-	_	-	32,388
Restricted	400,712	272,071	-	-	-	672,783
Committed	-	- -	-	-	152,783	152,783
Unassigned	(12,377)	-	(566,304)	(47,430)		(626,111)
Total fund balances (deficits)	388,335	304,459	(566,304)	(47,430)		231,843
Total liabilities and fund balances (deficits)	\$ 554,948	520,682	-	-	162,227	1,237,857

CITY OF AUBURN, MAINE Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

	School Special	School Lunch Fund	211 Fairview	Parking	Parks and Recreation	Totals
Revenues:						
Intergovernmental \$	3,252,242	1,306,717	_	-	_	4,558,959
Charges for services	493,600	223,816	-	144,173	329,627	1,191,216
Other income	141,007	,	-	-	-	141,007
Total revenues	3,886,849	1,530,533	-	144,173	329,627	5,891,182
Expenditures:						
Current:						
General government	-	-	-	203,294	-	203,294
Health, welfare and recreation	-	-	-	-	368,809	368,809
Education	3,839,839	-	-	-	-	3,839,839
Food services	-	1,597,569	-	-	-	1,597,569
Total expenditures	3,839,839	1,597,569	-	203,294	368,809	6,009,511
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	47,010	(67,036)	-	(59,121)	(39,182)	(118,329)
Other financing uses:						
Transfers out	(9,016)	-	-	-	-	(9,016)
Total other financing uses	(9,016)	-	-	-	-	(9,016)
Net change in fund balances	37,994	(67,036)	-	(59,121)	(39,182)	(127,345)
Fund balances (deficits), July 1, as restated	350,341	371,495	(566,304)	11,691	191,965	359,188
Fund balances (deficits), June 30 \$	388,335	304,459	(566,304)	(47,430)	152,783	231,843

CITY OF AUBURN, MAINE Combined Balance Sheet Nonmajor Permanent Funds June 30, 2018

ASSETS		
Investments	\$	264,627
Total assets		264,627
LIABILITIES		
Interfund payable		4,785
Total liabilities		4,785
		~~ (==
Nonspendable - principal		69,475
Restricted Total fund balances		<u>190,367</u> 259,842
		200,012
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	264,627
CITY OF AUBURN, MAINE Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Change Nonmajor Permanent Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2018	s in Fund B	alances
Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Change Nonmajor Permanent Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2018	s in Fund B	alances
Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Change Nonmajor Permanent Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2018 Revenues:		
Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Change Nonmajor Permanent Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2018	s in Fund B	alances 1,841 1,841
Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Change Nonmajor Permanent Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2018 Revenues: Interest income Total revenues Expenditures:		1,841
Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Change Nonmajor Permanent Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2018 Revenues: Interest income Total revenues		1,841
Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Change Nonmajor Permanent Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2018 Revenues: Interest income Total revenues Expenditures: Current:		<u>1,841</u> 1,841
Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Change Nonmajor Permanent Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2018 Revenues: Interest income Total revenues Expenditures: Current: Miscellaneous		<u>1,841</u> <u>1,841</u> 1,236
Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Change Nonmajor Permanent Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2018 Revenues: Interest income Total revenues Expenditures: Current: Miscellaneous Total expenditures		1,841 1,841 1,236 1,236

AGENCY FUNDS

	Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds - Agency Funds June 30, 2018 Student												
		Student Activities	RETC	AVEC	Total								
ASSETS													
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	174,192	-	-	174,192								
Intergovernmental		-	33,121	-	33,121								
Interfund receivables		-	158,040	3,030	161,070								
Total assets	\$	174,192	191,161	3,030	368,383								
LIABILITIES													
Accounts payable	\$	-	1,055	-	1,055								
Accrued payroll		-	57,723	-	57,723								
Amounts held for others		174,192	132,383	3,030	309,605								
Total liabilities	\$	174,192	191,161	3,030	368,383								

CITY OF AUBURN, MAINE

Com	bing Statement of Cha Fiduciary Fund	s - Agency Fu	nds		
	For the year en	ded June 30, 2 Balance	018		Balance
STUDENT ACTIVITIES		ie 30, 2017	Additions	Deletions	June 30, 2018
ASSETS		,			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	159,337	378,618	363,763	174,192
Total assets	\$	159,337	378,618	363,763	174,192
LIABILITIES					
Amounts held for others		159,337	378,618	363.763	174,192
Total liabilities	\$	159,337	378,618	363,763	174,192
RETC					
ASSETS					
Accounts receivable	\$	6,138	33,121	6,138	33,121
Interfund receivables		61,794	673,298	577,052	158,040
Total assets	\$	67,932	706,419	583,190	191,161
LIABILITIES					
Accounts payable		-	1,055	-	1,055
Accrued payroll		35,657	57,723	35,657	57,723
Amounts held for others		32,275	700,281	600,173	132,383
Total liabilities	\$	67,932	759,059	635,830	191,161
AVEC					
ASSETS					
Interfund receivables		677	18,901	16,548	3,030
Total assets	\$	677	18,901	16,548	3,030
LIABILITIES					
Amounts held for others		677	18,901	16,548	3,030
Total liabilities	\$	677	18,901	16,548	3,030

CITY OF AUBURN, MAINE at of Changes in Assets and Liabilities

TAX INCREMENT FINANCING FUND

CITY OF AUBURN, MAINE Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Tax Increment Financing Fund For the Yoar Ended Jung 30, 2018

						For th	ne Year Ended J	une 30, 2018									
					TIF 8					TIF 12			TIF 16				
	TIF 4 Tambrands	TIF 5 J Enterprises	TIF 6 Tambrands II	TIF 7 J & A	Gates Formed Fiber	TIF 9 Mall Area	TIF 10 Downtown Area	TIF 10 Downtown Omnibus	TIF 11 Safe Handling	Auburn Industrial Park	TIF 13 Retail Development	TIF 14 & 15 Auburn Mall	Webster School Housing	TIF 17 Bedard Medical	TIF 18 Slap Shot LLC	TIF 19 Hartt Transport	Totals
	ranoranao	C Linterprisede	, and a definition of the	0 0 7 1	1.000	indi / i ou	7404	U	···ai··ai···g	. un	Dereispinent	indii	nousing	mourou		Hunoport	. otalo
Revenues:																	
Other income	\$-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total revenues	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Expenditures:																	
Current:																	
General government	329,336	-	89,791	-	-	-	-	16,526	-	-	164,402	331,728	30,128	-	138,021	30,803	1,130,735
Capital Outlay	4,030	11,000	-	-	-	14,220	19,970	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	49,220
Debt service	-	-	-	-	-	446,576	367,007	-	-	180,874	-	-	-	-	-	-	994,457
Total expenditures	333,366	11,000	89,791	-	-	460,796	386,977	16,526	=	180,874	164,402	331,728	30,128	-	138,021	30,803	2,174,412
Excess (deficiency) of revenues																	
over (under) expenditures	(333,366) (11,000)	(89,791)	-		(460,796)	(386,977)	(16,526)	-	(180,874)	(164,402)	(331,728)	(30,128)	-	(138,021)	(30,803)	(2,174,412)
Other financing sources (uses):																	
Transfers from other funds	523,280	-	124,379	-	-	383,288	798,996	16,991	-	193,476	349,638	460,889	30,116	-	137,960	30,790	3,049,803
Transfers to other funds	(180,000			-	(30.000)	(70,000)	(380,000)	-	-	-	(145,000)	(135,000)	-	(30,000)		-	(980,000)
Total other financing sources (uses)	343,280			-	(30,000)	313,288	418,996	16,991	-	193,476	204,638	325,889	30,116	(30,000)	137,960	30,790	2,069,803
Net change in fund balances (deficits)	9,914	(21,000)	34,588	-	(30,000)	(147,508)	32,019	465	-	12,602	40,236	(5,839)	(12)	(30,000)	(61)	(13)	(104,609)
Fund balances (deficits), beginning of year	(8,074) 14,500	(365,270)	2,558	30,487	149,592	225,245	-	184	(350,652)	10,088	9,723	360	31,367	-	(5)	(249,897)
Fund balances (deficits), end of year	\$ 1,840	(6,500)	(330,682)	2,558	487	2,084	257,264	465	184	(338,050)	50,324	3,884	348	1,367	(61)	(18)	(354,506)

STATISTICAL SECTION

STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of the City of Auburn, Maine's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the government's overall financial health.

<u>Contents</u>	<u>Tables</u>
Financial Trends	1-4
These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the City's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	
Revenue Capacity	5-8
These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the City's most significant local revenue source, the property tax.	
Debt Capacity	9-12
These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	
Demographic and Economic Information	13-14
These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the City's financial activities take place.	
Operating Information	15-17
These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the government's financial report relates to the services the government provides and the activities it performs.	

				Fr		La	osition by Comp ast Ten Fiscal Ye ent-wide Stateme	ars	;						
	-	2009	 2010		2011	_	2012		2013	 2014	2015		2016	2017	2018
Governmental activities:															
Net Investment in capital assets	\$	59,484,907	\$ 59,140,618 \$	5	6,084,796	\$	53,111,954 \$		61,542,514 \$	67,831,558 \$	73,604,804	5	79,732,308 \$	80,283,459 \$	80,738,742
Restricted		3,765,201	4,607,888	1	1,707,875		10,879,129		11,871,042	11,621,393	8,791,119		8,780,922	8,513,552	6,492,342
Unrestricted		6,738,835	13,892,494	12	2,166,714		21,012,904		10,929,045	(4,145,261)	(1,665,491)		(5,594,225)	(6,078,826)	(8,350,567
Total governmental activities net position		69,988,943	77,641,000	79	9,959,385		85,003,987		84,342,601	75,307,690	80,730,432		82,919,005	82,718,185	78,880,517
Business-type activities:															
Net investment in capital assets		1,033,634	928,388		829,060		781,208		708,368	548,461	493,154		456,021	539,164	515,180
Restricted		-	-		-		-		34,042	-	196,221		238,079	324,591	-
Unrestricted		296,012	326,230		353,997		651,420		594,157	460,816	(118,847)		(426,861)	(854,106)	(1,328,426
Total business-type activities net position		1,329,646	1,254,618		1,183,057		1,432,628		1,336,567	1,009,277	570,528		267,239	9,649	(813,246
Primary government:															
Investment in capital assets		60,518,541	60,069,006	5	6,913,856		53,893,162		62,250,882	68,380,019	74,097,958		80,188,329	80,822,623	81,253,922
Restricted		3,765,201	4,607,888	1	1,707,875		10,879,129		11,905,084	11,621,393	8,987,340		9,019,001	8,838,143	6,492,342
Unrestricted		7,034,847	14,218,724	1:	2,520,711		21,664,324		11,523,202	(3,684,445)	(1,784,338)		(6,021,086)	(6,932,932)	(9,678,993
Total primary government net position	\$	71,318,589	\$ 78,895,618 \$	8	1,142,442	\$	86,436,615 \$		85,679,168 \$	76,316,967 \$	81,300,960	\$	83,186,244 \$	82,727,834 \$	78,067,271

CITY OF AUBURN, MAINE Net Position by Component

For the years 2013 through 2017, management chose to recognize its school lunch fund as an enterprise fund. In all other years presented, the school lunch fund as been classified as a special revenue fund.

			L	hange in Net Posit ast Ten Fiscal Yea	irs					
			From Governi	ment-wide Stateme		~				
	2009	2010	2011	2012	Fiscal Ye 2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
Expenses										2010
Governmental activities:										
General government	\$ 12,782,124 \$	11,366,632 \$	13,450,586 \$	14,680,105 \$	13,391,002 \$	19,950,058 \$	10,720,976 \$	14,742,709 \$	14,171,875 \$	12,926,678
Public safety	8,013,617	7,899,897	7,673,153	8,001,972	8,468,689	9,404,183	9,969,244	10,298,205	10,180,500	10,164,734
Health, welfare and recreation	2,225,779	2,068,401	2,072,398	2,117,014	2,266,012	2,172,119	1,637,285	1,590,246	2,183,193	2,260,080
Public works	6,554,513	6,013,582	9,876,176	6,059,774	8,086,620	12,427,048	11,370,585	10,948,454	12,069,994	13,154,573
Other agencies	3,277,800	3,099,855	3,278,312	3,389,283	3,560,926	3,400,687	3,418,863	3,551,739	3,529,357	3,722,648
Education	39,285,952	39,952,843	42,408,444	42,418,741	41,810,979	44,089,463	40,636,517	42,854,285	44,423,602	46,840,880
Food services	39,203,932	33,332,043	42,400,444	42,410,741	41,010,373	44,003,403	40,000,017	42,004,200	-	1,597,569
Interest on debt	- 1,983,816	1,706,264	1,646,166	758,377	2,418,356	122,068	1,580,603	1,000,662	861,111	610,214
Total governmental activities expenses	74,123,601	72,107,474	80,405,235	77,425,266	80,002,584	91,565,626	79,334,073	84,986,300	87,419,632	91,277,376
Total governmental activities expenses	74,123,001	72,107,474	60,405,255	77,425,200	00,002,304	91,505,020	79,334,073	04,900,300	07,419,032	91,277,370
Durainana tura antivitian										
Business-type activities:	000 500	500.004	400.000		400 500	004.000	404.000	040 447	450.070	170 100
Ingersoll Ice Turf Facility	296,500	506,301	482,686	539,555	490,593	604,369	131,223	216,417	159,278	172,462
Norway Savings Bank Arena	-	-	-	-	-	525,814	1,218,591	1,230,422	1,293,801	1,373,107
Centralized School Lunch	-	-	-	-	1,421,308	1,312,651	1,419,459	1,497,678	1,576,332	-
Total business-type activities expenses	296,500	506,301	482,686	539,555	1,911,901	2,442,834	2,769,273	2,944,517	3,029,411	1,545,569
Total primary government expenses	74,420,101	72,613,775	80,887,921	77,964,821	81,914,485	94,008,460	82,103,346	87,930,817	90,449,043	92,822,945
Program Revenues										
Governmental activities:										
Charges for services:										
General government	1,240,811	1,204,104	710,124	532,771	480,870	456,624	695,278	1,306,850	1,371,527	1,193,393
Public safety	50,221	87,882	285,365	701,234	841,366	920,429	1,526,254	1,579,875	1,264,202	782,884
Health, welfare and recreation	286,052	290,936	287,013	308,403	318,635	279,854	261,595	240,972	304,873	332,437
Public works	-	-	50,334	3,158	2,674	1,549	-	-	-	-
Education	689,325	584,258	676,120	514,390	484,567	412,347	707,739	821,713	386,407	846,164
Food services	-	-	-	· _	-	· _	-	· _	-	223,816
Operating grants and contributions	29,718,646	29,999,705	31,521,140	33,003,967	29,939,559	31,349,557	28,816,555	29,064,768	29,950,181	31,862,806
Capital grants and contributions			602,210	-			2,956,553	2,995,835		315,234
Total governmental activities program revenues	31,985,055	32,166,885	34,132,306	35,063,923	32,067,671	33,420,360	34,963,974	36,010,013	33,277,190	35,556,734
			, ,							
Business-type activities:										
Charges for services	330,268	425,328	424,614	433,375	669,015	1,139,096	1,067,189	1,308,448	1,383,077	1,132,476
Operating grants and contributions	-	· -	-	· -	1,159,343	1,090,354	1,241,187	1,332,667	1,388,744	-
Total business-type activities program revenues	330,268	425,328	424,614	433,375	1,828,358	2,229,450	2,308,376	2,641,115	2,771,821	1,132,476
	,	,		,						
Total primary government program revenues	32,315,323	32,592,213	34,556,920	35,497,298	33,896,029	35,649,810	37,272,350	38,651,128	36,049,011	36,689,210

CITY OF AUBURN, MAINE

For the years 2013 through 2017, management chose to recognize its school lunch fund as an enterprise fund. In all other years presented, the school lunch fund as been classified as a special revenue fund.

CITY OF AUBURN, MAINE Change in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years From Government-wide Statement of Activities												
-	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018		
Net (expense)/revenue: Governmental activities Business-type activities	(42,138,546) 33,768	(39,940,589) (80,973)	(46,272,929) (58,072)	(42,361,343) (106,180)	(47,934,913) (83,543)	(58,145,266) (213,384)	(44,370,099) (460,897)	(48,976,287) (303,402)	(54,142,442) (257,590)	(55,720,642) (413,093)		
Total primary government net expense	(42,104,778)	(40,021,562)	(46,331,001)	(42,467,523)	(48,018,456)	(58,358,650)	(44,830,996)	(49,279,689)	(54,400,032)	(56,133,735)		
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Posi Governmental activities: Taxes	ition 41,640,678	41,158,334	42,962,974	43,192,698	42,759,291	44,522,766	45.445.286	46.425.471	48,765,867	50.260.659		
Grants not restricted to specific programs Investment earnings Other	4,681,432 382,621 1,534,722	41,130,334 4,651,989 80,246 1,707,975	42,902,974 4,103,025 70,562 1,013,764	4,172,425 65,072 230,549	4,330,113 16,581 166,802	44,322,700 4,336,314 2,829 248,446	43,443,200 4,393,527 49,791 (95,763)	4,474,139 197,562 644,533	4,760,666 112,123 42,854	5,541,000 106,216 10,437		
Total governmental activities general revenues	48,239,453	47,598,544	48,150,325	47,660,744	47,272,787	49,110,355	49,792,841	51,741,705	53,681,510	55,918,312		
Business-type activities: Investment earnings Other	211	47 -	-	51 -	757 -	1,176 -	370 21,778	113 -	-	-		
Total business-type activities general revenues	211	47	-	51	757	1,176	22,148	113	-	-		
Total primary government	48,239,664	47,598,591	48,150,325	47,660,795	47,273,544	49,153,196	49,814,989	51,741,818	53,681,510	55,918,312		
Change in Net Position Governmental activities Business-type activities	6,100,907 33,979	7,657,955 (80,926)	1,877,396 (58,072)	5,299,401 (106,129)	(662,126) (82,786)	(9,034,911) (212,208)	5,422,742 (438,749)	2,765,418 (303,289)	(460,932) (257,590)	197,670 (413,093)		
Total primary government \$	6,134,886 \$	7,577,029 \$	1,819,324 \$	5,193,272 \$	(744,912) \$	(9,247,119) \$	4,983,993 \$	2,462,129 \$	(718,522) \$	(215,423)		

For the years 2013 through 2017, management chose to recognize its school lunch fund as an enterprise fund. In all other years presented, the school lunch fund as been classified as a special revenue fund.

Beginning FY 2009 Unclassified Revenue was reclassed.

					ITY OF AUBURN, Fund Balanc Last Ten Fiscal ` vernmental Funds	es Years					
						Fiscal Y	ear				
	 2009		2010	 2011 (a)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
General Fund											
Reserved*	\$ 110,672	\$	55,566	\$ - \$	- \$	- \$	s - s	- \$	- \$	- \$	-
Unreserved:											
Designated	2,337,962	1	,737,562	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Undesignated	8,405,631	9	,599,911	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Nonspendable	-		-	226,255	97,171	75	629,503	1,415,749	1,341,590	1,178,773	1,600,597
Restricted	-		-	2,679,579	1,840,047	2,449,945	1,969,754	1,411,047	1,625,968	2,023,296	1,931,802
Assigned	-		-	1,087,851	942,172	1,154,572	812,886	3,046,996	2,084,993	1,750,310	1,863,605
Unassigned	-		-	9,108,868	10,734,773	8,775,150	8,651,216	4,971,398	5,897,971	7,113,261	7,780,670
Total general fund	\$ 10,854,265	\$ 11	,393,039	\$ 13,102,553 \$	13,614,163 \$	12,379,742 \$	\$ 12,063,359 \$	10,845,190 \$	10,950,522 \$	12,065,640 \$	13,176,674
All Other Governmental Funds											
Reserved	9,149,416	9	,449,895	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Unreserved, reported in:											
Special revenue funds	3,503,209	3	,414,932	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Capital project funds	5,082,615	5	,545,423	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Permanent funds	22,118		22,960	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Nonspendable	-		-	5,922,783	5,813,531	5,712,143	5,628,850	5,670,226	4,007,094	3,725,627	101,863
Restricted	-		-	3,105,513	3,464,347	3,710,739	4,022,789	1,709,846	1,518,854	1,393,889	3,506,455
Committed	-		-	10,104,760	10,998,530	7,985,485	5,755,639	8,162,868	8,099,287	7,605,758	7,177,933
Unassigned	-		-	(841,666)	(694,644)	(1,125,143)	(3,649,469)	(1,871,314)	(757,648)	(1,162,157)	(1,512,021)

* Includes reserves for long-term receivables which were part of Unreserved, Undesignated from 2003-2005.
(a) The City of Auburn adopted the provisions of GASB 54 for the year ended June 30, 2011, which changed the classifications of fund balances.

Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)												
				· ·		Fiscal Year	r					
		2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	
Revenues												
Taxes	\$	41,667,416 \$	41,488,299 \$	42,742,974 \$	42,960,856 \$	42,749,449 \$	44,563,151 \$	45,411,397 \$	46,319,694 \$	48,639,845 \$	50,263,953	
Intergovernmental		34,400,078	34,651,694	34,919,262	36,258,176	33,631,641	35,325,279	35,719,754	36,041,524	34,192,549	37,269,921	
Licenses and permits		285,951	243,924	303,183	266,852	374,011	325,476	345,658	330,039	364,352	345,604	
Charges for services		1,532,589	1,615,603	1,699,004	1,750,848	1,720,625	1,799,725	2,644,856	3,452,095	2,900,398	2,983,648	
Unclassified		2,365,212	2,095,873	1,710,401	1,191,668	854,889	601,599	876,354	1,502,589	735,534	615,214	
Total revenues	_	80,251,246	80,095,393	81,374,824	82,428,400	79,330,615	82,615,230	84,998,019	87,645,941	86,832,678	91,478,340	
Expenditures												
General government		10,908,351	11,947,264	11,666,157	12,532,558	11,881,126	11,362,793	10,963,750	11,832,503	11,898,280	13,613,954	
Public safety		7,717,089	7,703,785	7,367,139	7,717,441	8,063,515	8,987,931	9,702,645	9,794,109	9,814,755	9,947,488	
Health, welfare and recreation		1,986,595	1,800,326	1,847,549	1,876,392	2,022,319	1,937,404	1,388,546	1,704,443	1,920,557	1,956,709	
Public works		4,574,186	4,058,000	4,191,424	4,285,363	4,524,288	7,611,817	8,943,737	8,326,272	5,598,126	5,465,530	
Other agencies		3,277,800	3,099,855	3,278,312	3,389,283	3,560,926	3,400,687	3,418,863	3,551,739	3,529,357	3,722,648	
Education		42,253,675	41,550,748	42,954,361	42,273,954	42,137,967	43,678,540	44,402,432	44,782,404	45,934,377	47,722,030	
Food services			-						-		1,597,569	
Unclassified		305,995	310,093	303,539	403,753	405,669	325,374	459,325	482,462	362,228	453,112	
Self-insurance		348,629	470,524	671,092	517,299	383,566	-			-		
Capital outlay		8,540,966	6,024,814	7,158,898	4,855,507	9,800,219	8,539,810	6,248,281	6,379,436	6,211,980	10,307,956	
Debt service:		0,010,000	0,021,011	1,100,000	1,000,001	0,000,210	0,000,010	0,210,201	0,010,100	0,211,000	10,001,000	
Principal		6,758,858	6,747,858	6,854,251	6,894,785	7,027,846	6,508,659	6,484,056	6,439,503	6,545,628	6,509,811	
Interest expense		2,062,090	1,680,602	1,513,494	1,511,411	1,045,204	1.000.416	942,636	997,067	879,024	814,380	
Total expenditures		88,734,234	85,393,869	87,806,216	86,257,746	90,852,645	93,353,431	92,954,271	94,289,938	92,694,312	102,111,187	
•		00,704,204	03,393,009	07,000,210	00,237,740	30,032,043	30,000,401	32,334,271	34,203,330	92,094,012	102,111,107	
Deficiency of revenues under												
expenditures		(8,482,988)	(5,298,476)	(6,431,392)	(3,829,346)	(11,522,030)	(10,738,201)	(7,956,252)	(6,643,997)	(5,861,634)	(10,632,847)	
Other financing sources (uses)												
Proceeds - bonds and capital leases		6,430,000	6,500,000	7,900,000	4,500,000	14,892,323	5,625,000	8,153,025	9,950,000	5,030,000	9,524,036	
Proceeds - notes		-	-	1,024,625	-	-	84,458	-	-	-	-	
Premium on issuance of debt		-	-	85,597	83,077	1,052,751	186,945	498,875	481,134	382,170	1,177,478	
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent Transfers in		- 2,500,434	- 2,345,005	- 2,190,819	- 2,215,395	(9,118,353) 2,345,053	- 2,084,032	- 2,099,914	(4,485,844) 2,279,802	- 1.471.787	- 2,120,787	
Transfers out		(2,500,434)		, ,		(2,331,778)	, ,	(2,099,914)	(2,279,802)	, , -	(2,120,787)	
Total other financing sources	_	6,430,000	(2,331,903) 6,513,102	(2,177,330) 9,023,711	(2,202,120) 4,596,352	6,839,996	(2,084,032) 5,896,403	8,651,900	5,945,290	(1,471,787) 5,412,170	10,701,514	
Net change in fund balances	\$	(2,052,988) \$	1,214,626 \$	2,592,319 \$	767,006 \$	(4,682,034) \$	(4,841,798) \$	695,648 \$	(698,707) \$	(449,464) \$	68,667	
Debt service as a percentage of												
noncapital expenditures		11.00%	10.62%	10.38%	10.33%	9.96%	8.74%	8.99%	8.80%	8.46%	7.94%	

CITY OF AUBURN, MAINE Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds

	Assessed	Assessed			Ratio of Total Assessed	
Fiscal year	Value - Real Property	Value - Personal Property	Total Assessed Value	Estimated Actual Value	Value to Total Estimated Actual Value	Total Tax/ (Mil) Rate
2009	\$ 1,813,049,300	262,829,700	2,075,879,000	1,981,600,000	104.8%	18.41
2010	1,829,692,800	238,980,400	2,068,673,200	2,054,450,000	100.7%	18.31
2011	1,847,854,620	220,930,500	2,068,785,120	1,991,800,000	103.9%	19.30
2012	1,850,235,678	208,348,600	2,058,584,278	1,980,250,000	104.0%	19.39
2013	1,820,465,334	190,045,000	2,010,510,334	1,954,400,000	102.9%	19.59
2014	1,823,040,083	182,681,300	2,005,721,383	1,926,200,000	104.1%	20.43
2015	1,818,986,378	165,931,000	1,984,917,378	1,963,550,000	101.1%	20.95
2016	1,831,661,043	162,903,400	1,994,564,443	1,960,100,000	101.8%	21.25
2017	1,852,057,439	146,229,300	1,998,286,739	1,983,950,000	100.7%	22.35
2018	1,869,652,126	133,614,300	2,003,266,426	1,981,700,000	101.1%	22.99

CITY OF AUBURN, MAINE Assessed Value to Actual Value of Taxable Property Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Last Ten Fiscal Years											
Fiscal Year	Genera Governm		General F Debt Serv		Educatio	on	Total Tax/ (Mil) Rate					
2009	7.72	41.92%	3.41	18.53%	7.28	39.55%	18.41					
2010	7.91	43.20%	3.28	17.91%	7.12	38.89%	18.31					
2011	8.89	46.06%	3.29	17.05%	7.12	36.89%	19.30					
2012	9.01	46.47%	3.31	17.07%	7.07	36.46%	19.39					
2013	9.01	45.99%	3.20	16.33%	7.38	37.67%	19.59					
2014	9.62	47.09%	3.15	15.42%	7.66	37.49%	20.43					
2015	9.67	46.16%	3.15	15.04%	8.13	38.81%	20.95					
2016	9.83	46.26%	3.18	14.96%	8.24	38.78%	21.25					
2017	10.31	46.13%	3.21	14.36%	8.83	39.51%	22.35					
2018	10.56	45.93%	3.10	13.48%	9.33	40.58%	22.99					

CITY OF AUBURN, MAINE Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates Last Ten Fiscal Years

CITY OF AUBURN, MAINE Principal Property Taxpayers Current Year and Nine Years Ago June 30, 2018

			Assessed	% of Total	Cumulative
Taxpayer	Business		Value	Tax Base	%
Tambrands	Personal Products	\$	65,298,800	3.3%	3.26%
Central Maine Power Company	Electric Utility		43,541,345	2.2%	5.43%
FPL Energy Maine Hydro LLC	Electric Utility		32,852,205	1.6%	7.07%
Auburn Plaza	Regional Shopping		24,678,000	1.2%	8.30%
Pioneer Plastics	Laminates		20,767,900	1.0%	9.34%
Wal-Mart Real Estate	Retail		19,508,400	1.0%	10.32%
Northern Utilities Inc	Natural Gas Utility		17,830,100	0.9%	11.21%
Gates Formed Fiber	Automotive Products		16,193,400	0.8%	12.01%
Riverwatch LLC	Lodging		13,601,600	0.7%	12.69%
Auburn Court LLC	Retail		13,423,800	0.7%	13.36%
		\$	267,695,550		
	Tambrands Central Maine Power Company FPL Energy Maine Hydro LLC Auburn Plaza Pioneer Plastics Wal-Mart Real Estate Northern Utilities Inc Gates Formed Fiber Riverwatch LLC	TambrandsPersonal ProductsCentral Maine Power CompanyElectric UtilityFPL Energy Maine Hydro LLCElectric UtilityAuburn PlazaRegional ShoppingPioneer PlasticsLaminatesWal-Mart Real EstateRetailNorthern Utilities IncNatural Gas UtilityGates Formed FiberAutomotive ProductsRiverwatch LLCLodging	TambrandsPersonal Products\$Central Maine Power CompanyElectric Utility\$FPL Energy Maine Hydro LLCElectric UtilityAuburn PlazaRegional ShoppingPioneer PlasticsLaminatesWal-Mart Real EstateRetailNorthern Utilities IncNatural Gas UtilityGates Formed FiberAutomotive ProductsRiverwatch LLCLodging	TaxpayerBusinessValueTambrandsPersonal Products\$65,298,800Central Maine Power CompanyElectric Utility43,541,345FPL Energy Maine Hydro LLCElectric Utility32,852,205Auburn PlazaRegional Shopping24,678,000Pioneer PlasticsLaminates20,767,900Wal-Mart Real EstateRetail19,508,400Northern Utilities IncNatural Gas Utility17,830,100Gates Formed FiberAutomotive Products16,193,400Riverwatch LLCLodging13,601,600Auburn Court LLCRetail13,423,800	TaxpayerBusinessValueTax BaseTambrandsPersonal Products\$ 65,298,8003.3%Central Maine Power CompanyElectric Utility43,541,3452.2%FPL Energy Maine Hydro LLCElectric Utility32,852,2051.6%Auburn PlazaRegional Shopping24,678,0001.2%Pioneer PlasticsLaminates20,767,9001.0%Wal-Mart Real EstateRetail19,508,4001.0%Northern Utilities IncNatural Gas Utility17,830,1000.9%Gates Formed FiberAutomotive Products16,193,4000.8%Riverwatch LLCLodging13,601,6000.7%Auburn Court LLCRetail13,423,8000.7%

	June 30, 2009										
	Taxpayer	Business		Assessed Value	% of Total Tax Base	Cumulative %					
1	Tambrands	Personal Products	\$	104,048,900	5.0%	5.01%					
2	Wal-Mart Real Estate	Retail		26,102,200	1.3%	6.27%					
3	Pioneer Plastics	Plastic Laminates		25,586,900	1.2%	7.50%					
4	Gates Formed Fiber	Automotive Products		21,929,900	1.1%	8.56%					
5	Lowes	Retail		17,157,200	0.8%	9.39%					
6	Auburn Plaza Inc	Regional Shopping		16,604,900	0.8%	10.19%					
7	General Electric Company	Electrical Components		15,987,900	0.8%	10.96%					
8	GFI Auburn Plaza Realty	Regional Shopping		15,226,200	0.7%	11.69%					
9	Cascades Auburn Fiber	Paper Reprocessor		15,129,900	0.7%	12.42%					
10	FPL Energy Maine Hydro	Electric Utility		14,936,900	0.7%	13.14%					
			\$	272,710,900							

CITY OF AUBURN, MAINE Property Tax Levies and Collections Last Ten Fiscal Years

		Collected w	ithin the			
Fiscal	Total Tax	Fiscal Year of	f the Levy		Total Collectio	
Year Ended June 30	Levy for Fiscal Year	Amount Collected	Precentage of Levy	Collections Subsequent Years	Amount Collected	Percentage of Levy
2009	\$ 38,257,009	36,898,083	96.45%	1,320,862	38,218,945	99.90%
2010	37,999,926	37,148,508	97.76%	851,418	37,999,926	100.00%
2011	39,984,486	38,914,458	97.32%	682,034	39,596,492	99.03%
2012	39,948,404	38,831,952	97.21%	418,622	39,250,574	98.25%
2013	39,455,557	38,386,284	97.29%	1,067,847	39,454,131	100.00%
2014	40,987,430	39,889,671	97.32%	1,026,159	40,915,830	99.83%
2015	41,671,464	40,403,806	96.96%	895,500	41,299,306	99.11%
2016	42,459,969	41,444,901	97.61%	1,008,103	42,453,004	99.98%
2017	44,678,914	43,627,568	97.65%	613,383	44,240,951	99.02%
2018	46,107,186	44,117,930	95.69%	N/A	44,117,930	95.69%

	Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type Last Ten Fiscal Years												
		Governmental Activities General Bonds Total					Total	Total Long-term Debt	Ratio of Total Debt		Per Capita		
Fiscal year		Obligation Bonds	Notes	Capital Leases	Payable Premium	Long-term Debt	Long-term Debt	Net of State Subsidy	To Assessed Value	Per Capita	Net of State Subsidy		
2009	\$	67,925,000	495,078	-	-	68,420,078	68,420,078	52,369,513	3.3%	2,967.69	2,271.50		
2010		65,973,000	371,595	-	-	66,344,595	66,344,595	50,080,604	3.2%	2,877.67	2,172.22		
2011		65,461,000	692,675	-	-	66,153,675	66,153,675	48,634,442	3.2%	2,869.39	2,109.50		
2012		61,239,000	598,596	-	-	61,837,596	61,837,596	51,652,300	3.0%	2,682.18	2,240.39		
2013		59,534,323	504,518	-	1,052,751	61,091,592	61,091,592	54,863,817	2.9%	2,649.82	2,379.69		
2014		56,826,591	494,897	-	1,169,513	58,491,001	58,491,001	52,408,483	2.9%	2,537.02	2,273.19		
2015		55,170,858	383,927	1,231,203	1,551,550	58,337,538	58,337,538	53,735,209	2.9%	2,530.36	2,330.74		
2016		52,225,126	272,956	1,054,017	1,609,074	55,161,173	55,161,173	50,305,298	2.8%	2,392.59	2,181.97		
2017		48,634,394	211,608	871,863	1,817,852	51,535,717	51,535,717	47,127,830	2.6%	2,235.34	2,044.15		
2018		48,883,662	137,468	1,590,004	2,704,191	53,315,325	53,315,325	49,411,196	2.7%	2,312.53	2,143.19		

CITY OF AUBURN, MAINE

	Last Ten Fiscal Years											
Fiscal year		General Obligation Bonds**	To Estimated Actual Value	Per Capita	Total General Obligation Bonds Net of State Subsidy	Per Capita Net of State Subsidy						
2009	\$	67,925,000	3.4%	2,946.22	51,874,435	2,250.03						
2010		65,973,000	3.2%	2,861.55	49,709,009	2,156.11						
2011		65,461,000	3.3%	2,839.34	47,941,767	2,079.45						
2012		61,239,000	3.1%	2,656.21	51,053,704	2,214.43						
2013		60,587,074	3.1%	2,627.94	54,359,299	2,357.81						
2014		57,996,104	3.0%	2,515.55	51,913,586	2,251.73						
2015		56,722,408	2.9%	2,460.31	52,120,079	2,260.68						
2016		53,834,200	2.7%	2,335.03	48,978,325	2,124.41						
2017		50,452,246	2.5%	2,188.34	46,044,359	1,997.15						
2018		51,587,853	2.6%	2,237.60	47,683,724	2,068.26						

CITY OF AUBURN, MAINE Ratios of General Bonded Debt Outstanding Last Ten Fiscal Years

** The 2013-2018 General Obligation Bonds include the premium on bonds, as well as bond amounts.

CITY OF AUBURN, MAINE Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt Last Ten Fiscal Years

					Direct and Overlapping Debt		
Fiscal Year	Direct Debt - City of Auburn	Direct Debt - Androscoggin County	Auburn's Share of Androscoggin County Debt	Overlapping Debt - Androscoggin County	Total Debt	Percent of Assessed Value	Per Capita
2009	\$ 68,420,078	75,000	23.72%	17,788	67,942,788	3.27%	2,946.99
2010	66,344,595	-	24.47%	-	65,973,000	3.19%	2,861.55
2011	66,153,675	-	24.47%	-	66,153,675	3.20%	2,869.39
2012	61,837,596	-	24.64%	-	61,837,596	3.00%	2,682.18
2013	61,091,592	-	24.64%	-	60,038,841	2.99%	2,604.16
2014	58,491,001	-	25.36%	-	57,321,488	2.86%	2,486.29
2015	58,337,538	-	25.36%	-	58,337,538	2.94%	2,530.36
2016	55,161,173	-	25.36%	-	55,161,173	2.77%	2,392.59
2017	51,535,717	-	25.36%	-	51,535,717	2.58%	2,235.34
2018	53,315,325	-	24.90%	-	53,315,325	2.66%	2,312.53

CITY OF AUBURN, MAINE Legal Debt Management Last Ten Years Computation of Legal Debt Margin June 30, 2018

Total State Valuation Legal Debt Limitation: 15% of State Valu	\$	5 1,981,700,000 297,255,000					
Debt Applicable to Debt Limitation:				Bonded General Obligation Debt			
	Legal M	laximum	As a Per		rcent of		
Purpose	Percentage	Amount		Dollar Amount		Legal Maximum	State Valuation
Municipal & School	15.0%	\$ 297,255,000		48,883,662		16.45%	2.47%
	Margin for Addit	ional Borrowing:	\$	248,371,338			

	Historical Legal Debt Margin Last Ten Fiscal Years							
	Legal Debt Debt Legal Debt Debt Outstandin							
		Limit	Outstanding	Margin	Legal Debt Limit			
2009	\$	\$297,240,000.0	67,925,000	229,315,000	22.9%			
2010		308,167,500	65,973,000	242,194,500	21.4%			
2011		298,770,000	65,461,000	233,309,000	21.9%			
2012		297,037,500	61,239,000	235,798,500	20.6%			
2013		293,160,000	59,534,323	293,160,000	20.3%			
2014		288,930,000	56,826,591	288,930,000	19.7%			
2015		294,532,500	55,170,858	239,361,642	18.7%			
2016		294,015,000	52,225,126	241,789,874	17.8%			
2017		297,592,500	48,634,394	248,958,106	16.3%			
2018		297,255,000	48,883,662	248,371,338	16.4%			

Table 12

Fiscal Year	(1) Population	(2) Total Personal Wages	Per Capita Personal Wages	(2) Annual Average Unemployment Rate
2009	23,602	486,782,327	20,625	8.9%
2010	23,055	Not available	Not available	7.9%
2011	23,055	Not available	Not available	7.8%
2012	23,055	Not available	Not available	7.2%
2013	23,055	Not available	Not available	7.8%
2014	23,055	Not available	Not available	5.5%
2015	23,055	541,950,460	23,507	4.7%
2016	23,055	Not available	Not available	3.7%
2017	23,055	611,994,975	26,545	3.5%
2018	23,055	635,862,779	27,580	3.5%

CITY OF AUBURN, MAINE

(1) Source: US Census Bureau(2) Source: Maine Department of Labor

CITY OF AUBURN, MAINE Principal Non-Governmental Employers Current Year and Nine Years Ago June 30, 2018

Rank	Employer	Total Number of Employees	Percent of Total Employees	
1	Pioneer Plastics	624	3.6%	
2	Wal-Mart Supercenter	525	3.1%	
3	Tambrands Inc.	425	2.5%	
4	Carbonite Inc	352	2.0%	
5	Clover Living Center	287	1.7%	
6	Hartt Transportation Systems	245	1.4%	
7	UPS	232	1.4%	
8	Conform Automotve	202	1.2%	
9	Hannaford	170	1.0%	
10	Shaws Supermarket	138	0.8%	
	All Other Employers	13,985	81.4%	
	Total Employees	17,185		

Principal Non-Governmental Employers June 30, 2009

	Total appr. number						
Rank	Employer	of employees					
1	Wal-Mart Supercenter	481	4.2%				
2	Tambrands Inc.	461	4.1%				
3	Gates Formed Fiber Products	450	4.0%				
4	Pioneer Plastics	332	2.9%				
5	Clover Living Center	290	2.6%				
6	Hannaford	190	1.7%				
7	Shaw's Supermarkets	165	1.5%				
8	General Electric	163	1.4%				
9	Advantage Business Services	150	1.3%				
10	Thomas Moser Cabinetmakers	106	0.9%				
	All Other Employers	8,569	75.5%				
	Total Employees	11,357					

Source: Maine Department of Labor

	Number of Employees Last Ten Fiscal Years									
Fiscal Year	General Government	Public Safety	Health, Welfare & Recreation	Public Services	Education	lce Arena	Total			
2009	42.50	117.50	11.50	62.00	614.00	1.00	848.50			
2010	40.00	125.00	13.00	55.00	589.00	2.00	824.00			
2011	44.00	117.00	20.00	53.00	679.00	2.00	915.00			
2012	42.00	123.00	14.00	55.00	585.00	2.00	821.00			
2013	45.00	124.00	5.00	55.00	585.00	2.00	816.00			
2014	39.00	128.00	5.00	59.00	564.00	5.00	800.00			
2015	34.00	126.00	5.00	72.00	565.00	3.00	805.00			
2016	34.00	126.00	4.50	70.00	565.00	3.00	802.50			
2017	33.50	128.00	5.50	64.00	565.00	4.00	800.00			
2018	33.00	137.00	7.50	63.00	569.00	4.00	813.50			

CITY OF AUBURN, MAINE

Source: Various City departments

Table 16

	CITY OF AUBURN, MAINE Demand for Level of Service Last Ten Fiscal Years								
	General Government			lealth, Welfare Public & Recreation Works		lce Arena			
	Service Units:	Service Units:	Service Units:	Service Units:	Service Units:	Service Units:			
Fiscal Year	City Population	Police / Fire No. of Service Calls	Libraries / Parks / Cemeteries Maintained	Miles of Road Maintained	No. of Students	Hours of Ice Time Rented			
2009	23,602	24,282 / 3,877	1 / 19 / 16	226	3,534	1,540			
2010	23,055	22,186 / 3,196	1 / 19 / 16	225	3,568	2,121			
2011	23,055	23,924 / 3,365	1 / 19 / 16	225	3,634	1,684			
2012	23,055	26,195 / 3,545	1 / 19 / 17	237	3,650	1,798			
2013	23,055	24,110 / 3,560	1 / 19 / 17	237	3,744	1,798			
2014	23,055	26,626 / 3,535	1 / 19 / 17	237	3,623	1,832			
2015	23,055	29,428 / 4,232	1 / 19 / 17	237	3,610	2,996			
2016	23,055	27,161 / 4,432	1 / 19 / 17	237	3,554	3,884			
2017	22,948	25,470 / 4,609	1 / 19 / 17	237	3,498	3,899			
2018	22,948	24,451 / 4,775	1 / 19 / 17	237	3,578	3,885			

Source: Various City departments

Fiscal	General	Public	Last Ten Fiscal Yea Health, Welfare	Public		Proprietary
Year	Government	Safety	& Recreation	Works	Education	Funds
2009	\$ 23,607,655	2,203,282	3,655,392	57,109,583	27,619,073	1,033,634
2010	28,824,479	2,109,338	8,982,225	51,600,320	27,133,850	928,388
2011	30,016,043	1,954,048	8,743,446	49,696,710	27,098,225	829,059
2012	33,680,128	1,844,090	8,507,608	47,535,463	27,830,918	729,731
2013	34,145,986	2,020,995	6,001,834	46,166,780	27,536,761	630,402
2014	32,439,570	1,806,175	5,813,288	49,100,585	28,482,183	471,624
2015	32,659,081	2,837,912	5,700,706	47,011,147	29,350,762	416,996
2016	32,300,141	2,399,469	6,020,280	57,246,091	28,956,784	456,021
2017	33,091,101	2,373,248	4,342,849	55,694,038	28,816,772	539,164
2018	34,850,012	2,306,507	5,058,191	54,114,905	29,182,526	515,180

CITY OF AUBURN, MAINE Capital Assets Statistics - Net Book Value

Source: Various City departments