CONTRACT DOCUMENTS

FOR

HOTEL ROAD RECONSTRUCTION PROJECT Federal Project 2238400 WIN 22384.00

AUBURN, MAINE



BID NUMBER: 2024-006

August 23, 2023

Derek Boulanger, Facilities Manager/Purchasing Agent Kris Bennett P.E., City Engineer

FEDERALLY FUNDED PROJECT Updated December 13, 2021

BIDDING INSTRUCTIONS

- 1. Use pen and ink to complete all paper bids.
- 2. The following documents must be received before the time of the bid opening:
 - a) Copy of Notice to Contractors;
 - b) Completed Acknowledgement of Bid Amendments form;
 - c) Completed Schedule of Items;
 - d) Two copies of the completed and signed Contract Agreement, Offer & Award form;
 - e) Bid Guaranty (if required); and
 - f) Any other certifications or bid requirements listed in the bid documents that are due by bid opening.
- 3. Include prices for all items in the Schedule of Items (<u>excluding non-selected alternates</u>).
- 4. Bid Guaranty acceptable forms are:
 - a) Completed and signed bid bond modeled after the sample in this package for 5% of the bid amount (the industry standard AIA form is acceptable); or
 - b) Official bank check, cashier's check, certified check, U.S. postal money order or negotiable certificate of deposit for 5% of the bid amount.
- 5. Complete and submit the enclosed DBE Proposed Utilization Form with your bid. This is a curable defect. (This requirement applies only to projects with federal-aid funds.)

If you need more information about bid preparation, please call:

Kris Bennett at (207) 333-6601

For complete bidding requirements, refer to Section 102 of the Maine Department of Transportation, Standard Specifications, March 2020 Edition

NOTICE

For security and other reasons, all Bid Packages that are mailed shall be provided in double (one envelope inside the other) envelopes. The *Inner Envelope* shall have the following information provided on it:

Bid Enclosed - Do Not Open PIN: Town: Date of Bid Opening: Name of Contractor with mailing address and telephone number:

In Addition to the usual address information, the *Outer Envelope* should have written or typed on it:

Double Envelope: Bid Enclosed PIN: Town: Date of Bid Opening: Name of Contractor: *This should not be much of a change for those of you who use Federal Express or similar services.*

Hand-carried Bids may be in one envelope as before, and should be marked with the following information:

Bid Enclosed: Do Not Open PIN: Town: Name of Contractor: Note: This document is included as an example. In all cases, the industry standard AIA form is acceptable.

EXAMPLE BID GUARANTY / BID BOND FORM

KNOW ALL BY THE	SE PRESENTS THAT			, of the
City/Town of	and State of			as Principal, and
			as Surety, a Co	prporation duly
organized under the law	rs of the State of	an	d having a usual plac	ce of business in
	and hereb	y held and firmly	y bound unto the Mu	nicipality of
	in the sum of		, for pa	ayment that Principal
and Surety bind themsel	lves, their heirs, executers, a	administrators, su	accessors and assign	s, jointly and
severally. The condition	of this obligation is that the	e Principal has s	ubmitted to the Mun	icipality of
	, hereafter Municip	oality, a certain b	id, attached hereto a	nd incorporated as a
part herein, to enter into	a written contract for the c	onstruction of		
			, and i	f the Municipality
shall accept said bid and	the Principal shall execute	and deliver a co	ntract in the form att	ached hereto
(properly completed in a	accordance with said bid) a	nd shall furnish b	onds for this faithfu	l performance of said
contract, and for the pay	ment of all persons perform	ning labor or furr	nishing material in co	onnection therewith,
and shall in all other res	pects perform the agreemer	t created by the	acceptance of said b	id, then this obligation
shall be null and void; o	therwise it shall remain in f	full force and effe	ect.	
	Signed and	d sealed this	day of	20
WITNESS:		PRINCIPA	AL:	
		By		
		By:		
		By:		
WITNESS		SURETY:		
		By		
		By:		

<u>NOTICE</u>

Bidders:

Please use the attached "Request for Information" form to submit questions about this advertised Project. Include additional numbered pages as required.

RFI's may be submitted by email to Kristopher Bennett <kbennett@auburnmaine.gov>

These are the only allowable mechanisms for answering Project specific questions. The Municipality will not be bound to any answers to Project specific questions received during the bidding phase through other processes.

When submitting RFIs by email, please follow the same guidelines as stated on the "Request for Information" form. In the subject line, include the word RFI, the Project name and Work Identification Number (WIN).

		RFI No:
RI	EQUEST FO	R INFORMATION
	Date	Time
Information Requ	ested for:	
WIN:	Town(s):	Bid Date:
Question(s):		
Request by: Company Name:		Phone:()
Email:		Fax: ()

Complete this form and transmit to the number listed in the Notice to Contractors.

NOTICE

Disadvantaged Business Enterprise Proposed Utilization

The Apparent Low Bidder shall submit the <u>Disadvantaged Business</u> <u>Enterprise Proposed Utilization</u> form with their bid. This is a curable bid defect.

The <u>Contractor's Disadvantaged Business Enterprise Proposed Utilization</u> <u>Plan</u> form contains additional information that is required by USDOT.

The <u>Contractor's Disadvantaged Business Enterprise Proposed Utilization</u> <u>Plan</u> form should be used.

A copy of the new <u>Contractor's Disadvantaged Business Enterprise</u> <u>Proposed Utilization Plan</u> and instructions for completing it are attached.

<u>Note:</u> Questions about DBE firms, or to obtain a printed copy of the DBE Directory, contact The Office of Civil Rights at (207) 624-3066.

MDOTs DBE Directory of Certified firms can also be obtained at <u>https://www.maine.gov/mdot/civilrights/dbe/</u>

INSTRUCTIONS FOR PREPARING DBE UTILIZATION FORM

The Contractor shall extend equal opportunity to firms listed in MaineDOT's DBE Directory of Certified Businesses in the selection and utilization of Subcontractors and Suppliers.

SPECIFIC INSTRUCTIONS FOR COMPLETING THE FORM:

Insert Contractor name, the name of the person(s) preparing the form, and that person(s) telephone, fax number and e-mail address.

Calculate and provide percentage of your bid that will be allocated to DBE firms, Federal Project Identification Number, and location of the Project work.

In the columns, name each subcontractor, DBE and non-DBE firm to be used, provide the Unit/Item cost of the work/product to be provided by the subcontractor, give a brief description and the dollar value of the work.

Revised 1/12

DBE GOAL NOTICE FFY 2022-2024 Maine Department of Transportation Disadvantaged Business Enterprise Program

Notice is given that, in accordance with US Department of Transportation regulation 49 CFR Part 26, the Maine Department of Transportation (MaineDOT) has established a Disadvantaged Business Enterprise Program (DBE) for disadvantaged business participation in the federal-aid highway and bridge construction programs. Federally funded contracts covered by the DBE Program include consulting, construction, supplies, manufacturing, and related services.

For FFY 2022-2024 (October 1, 2021 through September 30, 2024) MaineDOT has established an annual DBE participation goal of **1.97%** to be achieved through race/gender neutral means. This will remain in effect through September 30, 2024. Maine DOT must meet this goal each federal fiscal year. If the goal is not met, MaineDOT must provide a justification for not meeting the goal and provide a plan to ensure the goal is met, which may include placing contract goals on certain projects that contractors will be required to meet.

MaineDOT asks all contractors, consultants and subcontractors to seek certified DBE firms for projects and to work to meet the determined 1.97% goal without the need to impose contract goals. DBE firms are listed on the MaineDOT website at: <u>https://www.maine.gov/mdot/civilrights/docs/dbe/WeeklyDBEVendorList.pdf</u>

Interested parties may view MaineDOT's DBE goal setting methodology, which is posted on this website: <u>https://www.maine.gov/mdot/civilrights/dbe/</u>

If you have questions, please contact Stacie Haskell, EEO Specialist in the MaineDOT's Civil Rights Office, by phone at (207) 624-3056 or by e-mail at: <u>Stacie.haskell@maine.gov</u>

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FAA

MaineDOT CONTRACTOR'S DBE/SUBCONTRACTOR PROPOSED UTILIZATION FORM

	actor:		Telepho	ne:	Ext	
Contac	ct Person:		Fax: _			
E-mail	l:					
BID DA	АТЕ:					
FEDER	RAL PROJ	ECT PIN #	PROJECT LOCATIO	DN:		
		TOTAL ANTICIPAT	ED DBE% PARTICIPATIO	N FOR THIS CO	NTRACT	
D 1 B 1 E	Non DBE	Firm Name	Item Number & Description of Work	Quantity	Cost Per Unit/Item	Anticipate \$ Value
					Subcontractor Total>	
					DBE Total >	

FTA

For a complete list of certified firms and company designation (WBE/DBE) go to

Equal Opportunity Use:

Form received: ___/___Verified by: _____

http://www.maine.gov/mdot/civilrights/

FHWA

Page___of ____

Maine Department of Transportation Civil Rights Office

Directory of Certified Disadvantaged Business Enterprises can be found at:

https://www.maine.gov/mdot/civilrights/dbe/

For guidance, contact: MaineDOT's Civil Rights Office at (207) 624-3066

It is the responsibility of the Contractor to access the DBE Directory in order to have the most current listing.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS

Sealed Bids addressed to the Municipality of Auburn and endorsed on the wrapper "Bids for Auburn, Hotel Road Reconstruction Project in the Municipality of Auburn" will be received from contractors at the municipal building, located at 60 Court Street, Auburn ME 04210, at 2:00 o'clock (prevailing time) on September 14, 2023 and at that time and place publicly opened and read.

The lowest responsive bidder must demonstrate to the Municipality that it is qualified to undertake the work to be considered for the award of this contract. Current pre-qualification by the Maine Department of Transportation in an appropriate category may fulfill this requirement.

Description: Federal Aid Project No. 2238400, WIN 22384.00

Location: Project is located Auburn, in Androscoggin County.

Outline of Work: Full depth reconstruction of Hotel Road from Lewiston Junction Road to East Hardscrabble Road. Work includes new pavement with gravel subbase, curbing, drainage features, striping improvements and other incidental work.

The basis of award will be To the lowest responsive, responsible bid for the total of the Base Bid - Section 0001 plus Bid Alt #1 - Section 0002.

For project-specific questions, please fill out the attached RFI Form and email it to Kristopher Bennett <kbennett@auburnmaine.gov>, with the project name and WIN in the subject line. General questions may be directed to Derek Boulanger at (207) 333-6601. Bidders shall not contact anyone else for clarification of contract provisions. Questions received after 12:00 noon of the Friday prior to bid opening will not be answered. A mandatory Pre-bid will be held on Tuesday, September 5, 2023, at 2:00pm in the Community Room, Auburn City Hall.

Plans, specifications and bid forms may be downloaded for free at the Municipality website listed below:

https://www.auburnmaine.gov/Pages/Government/Bid-Notices

Each Bid must be made upon blank forms provided by the Municipality and must be accompanied by a bid bond of 5% of the bid amount or an official bank check, cashier's check, certified check, certificate of deposit, or United States postal money order for 5% of the bid amount, payable to Municipality of Auburn, as a Bid Guaranty. A Contract Performance Surety Bond and a Contract Payment Surety Bond, each for 100% of the Contract price, shall be required of the successful Bidder.

This Contract is subject to all applicable federal laws, as well as Disadvantaged Business Enterprise Program requirements as set forth by the Maine Department of Transportation (MaineDOT).

All work shall be governed by the MaineDOT's Standard Specifications (March 2020) and Standard Details (March 2020), available online: www.maine.gov/mdot/contractors/publications/.

The Municipality reserves the right to reject any or all bids.

Auburn, Maine Date: August 23, 2023

SPECIAL PROVISION 102.7.3 ACKNOWLEDGMENT OF BID AMENDMENTS

With this form, the Bidder acknowledges its responsibility to check for all Amendments to the Bid Package. For each Project under Advertisement, Amendments are located at The Auburn City Hall, 60 Court Street, Auburn, Maine 04210. It is the responsibility of the Bidder to determine if there are Amendments to the Project, to download them, to incorporate them into its Bid Package, and to reference the Amendment number and the date on the form below. The Municipality will not post Bid Amendments any later than noon the day before Bid opening without individually notifying all the planholders.

Amendment Number	Date

The Contractor, for itself, its successors and assigns, hereby acknowledges that it has received all of the above referenced Amendments to the Bid Package.

CONTRACTOR

Date

Signature of authorized representative

(Name and Title Printed)

SCHEDULE OF ITEMS

	BASE BID - SECTION 0001						
Pay Item	han Description	Approx.	Unit of	Unit Pr	ice	Bid Amo	unt
Number		Quantity	Measure	Dollars	Cents	Dollars	Cents
201.23	REMOVING SINGLE TREE TOP ONLY	4	Each				
201.24	REMOVING STUMP	4	Each				
203.20	COMMON EXCAVATION	9600	Cubic Yard				
203.21	ROCK EXCAVATION	50	Cubic Yard				
203.25	GRANULAR BORROW	30	Cubic Yard				
304.10	AGGREGATE SUBBASE COURSE - GRAVEL	8350	Cubic Yard				
403.2081	HOT MIX ASPHALT, 12.5 MM NOMINAL MAXIMUM SIZE (POLYMER MODIFIED)	910	Ton				
403.209	HOT MIX ASPHALT, 9.5 MM NOMINAL MAXIMUM SIZE (SIDEWALKS, DRIVES, ISLANDS & INCIDENTALS)	130	Ton				
403.213	HOT MIX ASPHALT, 12.5 MM NOMINAL MAXIMUM SIZE (BASE AND INTERMEDIATE BASE COURSE)	1740	Ton				
603.159	12 INCH CULVERT PIPE OPTION III	68	Linear Foot				
603.16	15 INCH CULVERT PIPE OPTION I	138	Linear Foot				
603.169	15 INCH CULVERT PIPE OPTION III	36	Linear Foot				
603.42	30 INCH REINFORCED CONC. PIPE CLASS IV	128	Linear Foot				
603.43	36 INCH REINFORCED CONC. PIPE CLASS IV	144	Linear Foot				
603.55	CONCRETE PIPE TIES	30	Group				
604.092	CATCH BASIN TYPE B1-C	3.5	Each				
604.18	ADJUSTING MANHOLE OR CATCH BASIN TO GRADE	1	Each				
604.245	CATCH BASIN TYPE F4-C	1	Each				
604.262	CATCH BASIN TYPE B5-C	4	Each				
605.09	6 INCH UNDERDRAIN TYPE B	3550	Linear Foot				
605.10	6 INCH UNDERDRAIN OUTLET	72	Linear Foot				
605.11	12 INCH UNDERDRAIN TYPE C	1010	Linear Foot				
605.111	12 INCH UNDERDRAIN OUTLET	26	Linear Foot				
605.13	18 INCH UNDERDRAIN TYPE C	160	Linear Foot				
606.356	UNDERDRAIN DELINEATOR POST	26	Each				
606.47	SINGLE WOOD POST	16	Each				
609.112	SPECIAL GRANITE CURB - 42"	45	Linear Foot				
609.31	CURB TYPE 3	1820	Linear Foot				

SCHEDULE OF ITEMS

	BASE BID - SECTION 0001						
Pay Item		Approx.	Unit of	Unit Price		Bid Amount	
Number	Item Description	Quantity	Measure	Dollars	Cents	Dollars	Cents
610.08	PLAIN RIPRAP	95	Cubic Yard				
610.18	STONE DITCH PROTECTION	11	Cubic Yard				
613.319	EROSION CONTROL BLANKET	985	Square Yard				
615.07	LOAM	830	Cubic Yard				
618.13	SEEDING METHOD NUMBER 1	30	Unit				
618.14	SEEDING METHOD NUMBER 2	39	Unit				
619.12	МИСН	69	Unit				
619.13	BARK MULCH	13	Cubic Yard				
620.58	EROSION CONTROL GEOTEXTILE	230	Square Yard				
621.715	HERBACEOUS PERENNIALS	100	Each				
621.80	ESTABLISHMENT PERIOD	1	Lump Sum				
627.733	4" WHITE OR YELLOW PAINTED PAVEMENT MARKING LINE	2920	Linear Foot				
627.744	6" WHITE OR YELLOW PAINTED PAVEMENT MARKING LINE	5000	Linear Foot				
627.75	WHITE OR YELLOW PAVEMENT & CURB MARKING	100	Square Foot				
627.78	TEMP. 4" PAINTED PAVEMENT MARKING LINE, WHITE OR YELLOW	8000	Linear Foot				
629.05	HAND LABOR, STRAIGHT TIME	16	Hour				
631.12	ALL PURPOSE EXCAVATOR (INCLUDING OPERATOR)	8	Hour				
631.13	BULLDOZER (INCLUDING OPERATOR)	8	Hour				
631.14	GRADER (INCLUDING OPERATOR)	8	Hour				
631.172	TRUCK-LARGE (INCLUDING OPERATOR)	8	Hour				
631.18	CHAIN SAW RENTAL (INCLUDING OPERATOR)	8	Hour				
631.20	STUMP CHIPPER RENTAL (INCLUDING OPERATOR)	8	Hour				
631.32	CULVERT CLEANER (INCLUDING OPERATORS)	8	Hour				
639.19	FIELD OFFICE TYPE B	1	Each				
643.77	RADAR OPERATED SPEED SIGN	2	Each				
645.292	REGULATORY, WARNING, CONFIRMATION AND ROUTE MARKER ASSEMBLY SIGNS TYPE II	32	Square Foot				
652.33	DRUM	200	Each				
652.34	CONE	200	Each				
652.35	CONSTRUCTION SIGNS	640	Square Foot				

SCHEDULE OF ITEMS

	BASE BID - SECTION 0001						
Pay Item	Item Description	Approx.	Unit of	Unit Price		Bid Amount	
Number	item Description	Quantity	Measure	Dollars	Cents	Dollars	Cents
652.36	MAINTENANCE OF TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES	180	Calendar Day				
652.38	FLAGGERS	3000	Hour				
652.41	PORTABLE-CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGN	2	Each				
656.75	TEMPORARY SOIL EROSION & WATER POLLUTION CONTROL	1	Lump Sum				
658.20	ACRYLIC LATEX COLOR FINISH	30	Square Yard				
659.10	MOBILIZATION	1	Lump Sum				
801.141	4" PVC SANITARY SEWER (SDR-35)	30	Linear Foot				
801.16	6" PVC SANITARY SEWER (SDR-35)	30	Linear Foot				
801.17	8" PVC SANITARY SEWER (SDR-35)	30	Linear Foot				
	TOTAL AMOUNT OF SECTION 0001 - RASE BID WRITTEN AND IN FIGURES RASED ON ESTIMATE OF QUANTITIES.						
	(written)						

BID ALTERNATE #1 - SECTION 0002 - CONCRETE SLIPFORM CURB																						
Pay Item	Here Description	Approx.	Approx. Unit of	Unit Price		Bid Amount																
Number	item Description	Quantity	Quantity	Quantity	Quantity	Quantity	Quantity	Quantity	Quantity	Quantity	Quantity	Quantity	Quantity	Quantity	Quantity	Quantity	Quantity	Measure	Dollars	Cents	Dollars	Cents
609.21	CONCRETE SLIPFORM CURB	1692	Linear Foot																			
609.219	CONCRETE SLIPFORM CURB - TERMINAL END	128	Linear Foot																			
TOTAL AMOUNT OF SECTION 0002 - BID ALTERNATE #1, WRITTEN AND IN FIGURES BASED ON ESTIMATE OF QUANTITIES:																						

Auburn, Hotel Road Reconstruction 022384.00 August 16, 2023

Total Bid Form

<u>BASIS OF AWARD WILL BE BASE BID - SECTION 0001 PLUS BID ALT #1 – SECTION 0002.</u> TOTAL AMOUNT OF PROPOSAL, WRITTEN AND IN FIGURES BASED ON ESTIMATE OF QUANTITIES:							
(<u>SECTION 0001 - BASE BID = TOTAL AMOUNT</u>):							
\$	(Bid Amount in Writing)						
(SECTION 0002 - BID ALT #1 = TOTAL AMO	<u>)UNT</u>):						
\$	(Bid Amount in Writing)						
Signature	Date						

CONTRACT AGREEMENT, OFFER & AWARD

AGREEMENT made on the date last signed below, by and between the Municipality of Auburn, a municipal corporation with its principal administrative offices located at 60 Court Street, Auburn, Maine 04210 with a mailing address of 60 Court Street, Auburn, Maine 04210, and a corporation or other legal entity organized under the laws of the State of ______, with its principal place of business located at ______.

The Municipality and the Contractor, in consideration of the mutual promises set forth in this Agreement (the "Contract"), hereby agree as follows:

A. The Work.

The Contractor agrees to complete all Work as specified or indicated in the Contract, including Extra Work in conformity with the Contract, **WIN 022384.00** for the Auburn, Hotel Road Reconstruction Project in the City of Auburn. County of Androscoggin Maine. The Work includes construction, maintenance during construction, warranty as provided in the Contract, and other incidental work.

The Contractor shall furnish all supervision, labor, equipment, tools, supplies, and materials required to perform the Work. The Contractor further shall be responsible for construction quality control including inspection, testing and documentation, all required documentation at the conclusion of the project, warranting its work and performing all other work indicated in the Contract.

The Municipality shall have the right to alter the nature and extent of the work as provided in the Contract; payment to be made as provided in the same.

B. Time.

The Contractor agrees to complete all Work, except warranty work, on or before November 15, 2024. Furthermore, the Municipality may deduct from money otherwise due the Contractor, not as a penalty, but as Liquidated Damages in accordance with Sections 107.7 and 107.8 of the *State of Maine Department of Transportation Standard Specifications, March 2020 Edition,* and related Special Provisions.

C. Price.

The quantities given in the Schedule of Items of the Bid Package will be used as the basis for determining the original Contract amount and for determining the amounts of the required Performance Surety Bond and Payment Surety Bond, and that the amount of this offer is ______

D. Contract.

This Contract, which may be amended, modified, or supplemented in writing only, consists of the Contract documents as defined in the Plans, *MaineDOT Standard Specifications, March 2020 Edition, MaineDOT Standard Details, March 2020 Edition,* as updated through advertisement, Supplemental Specifications, Special Provisions, Contract Agreement; and Contract Bonds. It is agreed and understood that this Contract will be governed by the documents listed above.

E. Certifications.

By signing below, the Contractor hereby certifies that to the best of the Contractor's knowledge and belief:

- 1. All of the statements, representations, covenants, and/or certifications required or set forth in the Bid and the Bid Documents, including those in the Federal Contract Provisions Supplement, and the Contract are still complete and accurate as of the date of this Agreement.
- 2. The Contractor knows of no legal, contractual, or financial impediment to entering this Contract.
- 3. The person signing below is legally authorized by the Contractor to sign this Contract on behalf of the Contractor and to legally bind the Contractor to the terms of the Contract.

F. Offer.

The undersigned, having carefully examined the site of work, the Plans, *MaineDOT Standard Specifications March 2020 Edition, MaineDOT Standard Details March 2020 Edition,* as updated through advertisement, Supplemental Specifications, Special Provisions, Contract Agreement; and Contract Bonds contained herein for construction of:

WIN 022384.00 – Auburn Hotel Road Reconstruction Project,

on which bids will be received until the time specified in the "Notice to Contractors" do(es) hereby bid and offer to enter into this contract to supply all the materials, tools, equipment and labor to construct the whole of the Work in strict accordance with the terms and conditions of this Contract at the unit prices in the attached "Schedule of Items."

The Offeror agrees to perform the work required at the price specified above and in accordance with the bids provided in the attached "Schedule of Items" in strict accordance with the terms of this solicitation, and to provide the appropriate insurance and bonds if this offer is accepted by the Municipality in writing.

The Offeror also agrees:

First: To do any extra work, not covered by the attached "Schedule of Items," which may be ordered by the Project Resident, and to accept as full compensation the amount determined upon a "Force Account" basis as provided in the MaineDOT Standard Specifications, March 2020 Edition, and as addressed in the contract documents.

Second: That the bid bond at 5% of the bid amount or the official bank check, cashier's check, certificate of deposit or U.S. Postal Money Order in the amount given in the "Notice to Contractors" payable to the Municipality of Auburn, and accompanying this bid, shall be forfeited, as liquidated damages, if in case this bid is accepted, and the undersigned shall fail to abide by the terms and conditions of the offer and fail to furnish satisfactory insurance and Contract bonds under the conditions stipulated in the Specifications within 15 days of notice of intent to award the contract.

Third: To begin the Work as stated in Section 107.2 of the MaineDOT Standard Specifications March 2020 Edition and complete the Work within the time limits given in the Special Provisions of this Contract.

Fourth: The Contractor will be bound to the Disadvantaged Business Enterprise (DBE) Requirements contained in the attached Notice (Additional Instructions to Bidders) and submit a completed Contractor's Disadvantaged Business Enterprise Utilization Plan with their bid.

Fifth: That this offer shall remain open for 30 calendar days after the date of opening of bids.

Sixth: The Bidder hereby certifies, to the best of its knowledge and belief that: The Bidder has not, either directly or indirectly, entered into any agreement, participated in any collusion, or otherwise taken any action in restraint of competitive bidding in connection with its bid, and its subsequent contract with the Municipality.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the Contractor, for itself, its successors and assigns, hereby execute two duplicate originals of this Agreement and thereby binds itself to all covenants, terms, and obligations contained in the Contract Documents.

CONTRACTOR

(Signature of Legally Authorized Representative of the Contractor)

Date

Witness

(Name and Title Printed)

G. Award.

Your offer is hereby accepted. This award consummates the Contract, and the documents referenced herein.

MUNICIPALITY OF AUBURN

Date

By: _____

Witness

CONTRACT AGREEMENT, OFFER & AWARD

AGREEMENT made on the date last signed below, by and between the Municipality of Auburn, a municipal corporation with its principal administrative offices located at 60 Court Street, Auburn, Maine 04210 with a mailing address of 60 Court Street, Auburn, Maine 04210, and a corporation or other legal entity organized under the laws of the State of ______, with its principal place of business located at ______.

The Municipality and the Contractor, in consideration of the mutual promises set forth in this Agreement (the "Contract"), hereby agree as follows:

A. The Work.

The Contractor agrees to complete all Work as specified or indicated in the Contract, including Extra Work in conformity with the Contract, **WIN 022384.00** for the Auburn, Hotel Road Reconstruction Project in the City of Auburn. County of Androscoggin Maine. The Work includes construction, maintenance during construction, warranty as provided in the Contract, and other incidental work.

The Contractor shall furnish all supervision, labor, equipment, tools, supplies, and materials required to perform the Work. The Contractor further shall be responsible for construction quality control including inspection, testing and documentation, all required documentation at the conclusion of the project, warranting its work and performing all other work indicated in the Contract.

The Municipality shall have the right to alter the nature and extent of the work as provided in the Contract; payment to be made as provided in the same.

B. Time.

The Contractor agrees to complete all Work, except warranty work, on or before November 15, 2024. Furthermore, the Municipality may deduct from money otherwise due the Contractor, not as a penalty, but as Liquidated Damages in accordance with Sections 107.7 and 107.8 of the *State of Maine Department of Transportation Standard Specifications, March 2020 Edition,* and related Special Provisions.

C. Price.

The quantities given in the Schedule of Items of the Bid Package will be used as the basis for determining the original Contract amount and for determining the amounts of the required Performance Surety Bond and Payment Surety Bond, and that the amount of this offer is ______

D. Contract.

This Contract, which may be amended, modified, or supplemented in writing only, consists of the Contract documents as defined in the Plans, *MaineDOT Standard Specifications, March 2020 Edition, MaineDOT Standard Details, March 2020 Edition,* as updated through advertisement, Supplemental Specifications, Special Provisions, Contract Agreement; and Contract Bonds. It is agreed and understood that this Contract will be governed by the documents listed above.

E. Certifications.

By signing below, the Contractor hereby certifies that to the best of the Contractor's knowledge and belief:

- 1. All of the statements, representations, covenants, and/or certifications required or set forth in the Bid and the Bid Documents, including those in the Federal Contract Provisions Supplement, and the Contract are still complete and accurate as of the date of this Agreement.
- 2. The Contractor knows of no legal, contractual, or financial impediment to entering this Contract.
- 3. The person signing below is legally authorized by the Contractor to sign this Contract on behalf of the Contractor and to legally bind the Contractor to the terms of the Contract.

F. Offer.

The undersigned, having carefully examined the site of work, the Plans, *MaineDOT Standard Specifications March 2020 Edition, MaineDOT Standard Details March 2020 Edition,* as updated through advertisement, Supplemental Specifications, Special Provisions, Contract Agreement; and Contract Bonds contained herein for construction of:

WIN 022384.00 – Auburn Hotel Road Reconstruction Project,

on which bids will be received until the time specified in the "Notice to Contractors" do(es) hereby bid and offer to enter into this contract to supply all the materials, tools, equipment and labor to construct the whole of the Work in strict accordance with the terms and conditions of this Contract at the unit prices in the attached "Schedule of Items."

The Offeror agrees to perform the work required at the price specified above and in accordance with the bids provided in the attached "Schedule of Items" in strict accordance with the terms of this solicitation, and to provide the appropriate insurance and bonds if this offer is accepted by the Municipality in writing.

The Offeror also agrees:

First: To do any extra work, not covered by the attached "Schedule of Items," which may be ordered by the Project Resident, and to accept as full compensation the amount determined upon a "Force Account" basis as provided in the MaineDOT Standard Specifications, March 2020 Edition, and as addressed in the contract documents.

Second: That the bid bond at 5% of the bid amount or the official bank check, cashier's check, certificate of deposit or U.S. Postal Money Order in the amount given in the "Notice to Contractors" payable to the Municipality of Auburn, and accompanying this bid, shall be forfeited, as liquidated damages, if in case this bid is accepted, and the undersigned shall fail to abide by the terms and conditions of the offer and fail to furnish satisfactory insurance and Contract bonds under the conditions stipulated in the Specifications within 15 days of notice of intent to award the contract.

Third: To begin the Work as stated in Section 107.2 of the MaineDOT Standard Specifications March 2020 Edition and complete the Work within the time limits given in the Special Provisions of this Contract.

Fourth: The Contractor will be bound to the Disadvantaged Business Enterprise (DBE) Requirements contained in the attached Notice (Additional Instructions to Bidders) and submit a completed Contractor's Disadvantaged Business Enterprise Utilization Plan with their bid.

Fifth: That this offer shall remain open for 30 calendar days after the date of opening of bids.

Sixth: The Bidder hereby certifies, to the best of its knowledge and belief that: The Bidder has not, either directly or indirectly, entered into any agreement, participated in any collusion, or otherwise taken any action in restraint of competitive bidding in connection with its bid, and its subsequent contract with the Municipality.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the Contractor, for itself, its successors and assigns, hereby execute two duplicate originals of this Agreement and thereby binds itself to all covenants, terms, and obligations contained in the Contract Documents.

CONTRACTOR

(Signature of Legally Authorized Representative of the Contractor)

Date

Witness

(Name and Title Printed)

G. Award.

Your offer is hereby accepted. This award consummates the Contract, and the documents referenced herein.

MUNICIPALITY OF AUBURN

Date

By: _____

Witness

BOND #

SAMPLE CONTRACT PERFORMANCE BOND

KNOW ALL BY THESE PRESENTS: Th	at,
as principal, and	,
a corporation duly organized under the law a usual place of business at	s of the State of and having
as Surety, are held and firmly bound unto t	he Municipality of, Maine,
in the sum of	and 00/100 Dollars
(\$), to be paid to said Munic for that payment well and truly to be mad executors and administrators, successors an	ipality of, Maine or le, Principal and Surety bind themselves, their heirs, d assigns, jointly and severally by these presents.
The condition of this obligation is such t Contract to construct Project Num promptly and t shall be null and void; otherwise it shall ren	that if the Principal designated as Contractor in the aber in the Municipality of faithfully performs the Contract, then this obligation nain in full force and effect.
The Surety hereby waives notice of any alte of, Maine.	eration or extension of time made by the Municipality
Signed and sealed this	. day of, 20
WITNESSES:	<u>SIGNATURES</u> :
Circular Contraction	CONTRACTOR:
Printed Name	Printed Name
	SURETY:
Printed Name	Printed Name
SURETY ADDRESS:	MUNICIPALITY:
	ADDRESS
TELEPHONE	

BOND	#
------	---

SAMPLE CONTRACT PAYMENT BOND

KNOW ALL BY THESE PRESENTS: That_______, as principal, and_______, a corporation duly organized under the laws of the State of ________ and having a usual place of business at_______, as Surety, are held and firmly bound unto the Municipality of _______, Maine, in the sum of ________, to be paid to said Municipality of _______, Maine or for that payment well and truly to be made, Principal and Surety bind themselves, their heirs, executors and administrators, successors and assigns, jointly and severally by these presents.

The condition of this obligation is such that if the Principal designated as Contractor in the Contract to construct Project Number ______ in the Municipality of ______ promptly satisfies all claims and demands incurred for all labor and material, used or required by him in connection with the work contemplated by said Contract, and fully reimburses the obligee for all outlay and expense that the obligee may incur in making good any default of said Principal, then this obligation shall be null and void; otherwise it shall remain in full force and effect.

A claimant is defined as one having a direct contract with the Principal or with a Subcontractor of the Principal for labor, material or both, used or reasonably required for use in the performance of the contract.

Signed and sealed this da	ay of, 20
<u>WITNESSES</u> :	SIGNATURES:
	CONTRACTOR:
Signature	
Printed Name	Printed Name
Signatura	SURETY:
Printed Name	Printed Name
SURETY ADDRESS:	MUNICIPALITY:
	ADDRESS
TELEPHONE	

"General Decision Number: ME20230045 01/06/2023

Superseded General Decision Number: ME20220045

State: Maine

Construction Type: Highway

County: Androscoggin County in Maine.

HIGHWAY CONSTRUCTION PROJECTS

Note: Contracts subject to the Davis-Bacon Act are generally required to pay at least the applicable minimum wage rate required under Executive Order 14026 or Executive Order 13658. Please note that these Executive Orders apply to covered contracts entered into by the federal government that are subject to the Davis-Bacon Act itself, but do not apply to contracts subject only to the Davis-Bacon Related Acts, including those set forth at 29 CFR 5.1(a)(2)-(60).

If the contract is entered into on or after January 30, 2022, or the contract is renewed or extended (e.g., an option is exercised) on or after January 30, 2022:	 Executive Order 14026 generally applies to the contract. The contractor must pay all covered workers at least \$16.20 per hour (or the applicable wage rate listed on this wage determination, if it is higher) for all hours spent performing on the contract in 2023.
<pre>If the contract was awarded on or between January 1, 2015 and January 29, 2022, and the contract is not renewed or extended on or after January 30, 2022:</pre>	 Executive Order 13658 generally applies to the contract. The contractor must pay all covered workers at least \$12.15 per hour (or the applicable wage rate listed on this wage determination, if it is higher) for all hours spent performing on that contract in 2023.

The applicable Executive Order minimum wage rate will be adjusted annually. If this contract is covered by one of the

Executive Orders and a classification considered necessary for performance of work on the contract does not appear on this wage determination, the contractor must still submit a conformance request.

Additional information on contractor requirements and worker protections under the Executive Orders is available at http://www.dol.gov/whd/govcontracts.

Modification	Number	Publication	Date
0		01/06/2023	

SUME2014-040 06/23/2017

	Rates	Fringes
CARPENTER, Includes Form Work\$	18.95	3.23
CEMENT MASON/CONCRETE FINISHER\$	19.27	1.13
ELECTRICIAN\$	25.21	5.63
HIGHWAY/PARKING LOT STRIPING: Laborer\$	15.53 **	2.04
INSTALLER - GUARDRAIL\$	19.98	2.55
IRONWORKER, REINFORCING\$	21.85	0.00
IRONWORKER, STRUCTURAL\$	22.33	4.50
LABORER: Asphalt, Includes Raker, Shoveler, Spreader and Distributor\$	16.71	0.63
LABORER: Common or General\$	14.65 **	1.64
LABORER: Epoxy Injector (Concrete)\$	13.43 **	1.15
LABORER: Wheelman\$	22.87	3.79
OPERATOR: Backhoe/Excavator/Trackhoe\$	20.09	3.20
OPERATOR: Bobcat/Skid Steer/Skid Loader\$	21.03	3.43
OPERATOR: Broom/Sweeper\$	19.52	0.00

OPERATOR:	Bulldozer\$	21.71	5.67	
OPERATOR:	Grader/Blade\$	27.40	8.13	
OPERATOR:	Loader\$	19.52	3.19	
OPERATOR:	Mechanic\$	24.69	8.18	
OPERATOR:	Milling Machine\$	28.51	5.44	
OPERATOR	Paver (Asphalt.			
Aggregate,	and Concrete)\$	20.86	3.73	
OPERATOR: F	Coller (Earth)\$	14.74 **	1.29	
OPERATOR: F	Roller Asphalt\$	19.14	3.43	
TRAFFIC CON	ITROL: Flagger\$	9.06 **	0.00	
TRAFFIC CONTROL: Laborer-Cones/				
Setter/Move	er/Sweeper\$	17.02	5.37	
TRUCK DRIVE	R: Dump Truck\$	15.60 **	1.38	

WELDERS - Receive rate prescribed for craft performing operation to which welding is incidental.

** Workers in this classification may be entitled to a higher minimum wage under Executive Order 14026 (\$16.20) or 13658 (\$12.15). Please see the Note at the top of the wage determination for more information.

Note: Executive Order (EO) 13706, Establishing Paid Sick Leave for Federal Contractors applies to all contracts subject to the Davis-Bacon Act for which the contract is awarded (and any solicitation was issued) on or after January 1, 2017. If this contract is covered by the EO, the contractor must provide employees with 1 hour of paid sick leave for every 30 hours they work, up to 56 hours of paid sick leave each year. Employees must be permitted to use paid sick leave for their own illness, injury or other health-related needs, including preventive care; to assist a family member (or person who is like family to the employee) who is ill, injured, or has other health-related needs, including preventive care; or for reasons resulting from, or to assist a family member (or person who is like family to the employee) who is a victim of, domestic violence, sexual assault, or stalking. Additional information on contractor requirements and worker protections under the EO is available at

https://www.dol.gov/agencies/whd/government-contracts.

Unlisted classifications needed for work not included within the scope of the classifications listed may be added after award only as provided in the labor standards contract clauses (29CFR 5.5 (a) (1) (ii)).

The body of each wage determination lists the classification and wage rates that have been found to be prevailing for the cited type(s) of construction in the area covered by the wage determination. The classifications are listed in alphabetical order of ""identifiers"" that indicate whether the particular rate is a union rate (current union negotiated rate for local), a survey rate (weighted average rate) or a union average rate (weighted union average rate).

Union Rate Identifiers

A four letter classification abbreviation identifier enclosed in dotted lines beginning with characters other than ""SU"" or ""UAVG"" denotes that the union classification and rate were prevailing for that classification in the survey. Example: PLUM0198-005 07/01/2014. PLUM is an abbreviation identifier of the union which prevailed in the survey for this classification, which in this example would be Plumbers. 0198 indicates the local union number or district council number where applicable, i.e., Plumbers Local 0198. The next number, 005 in the example, is an internal number used in processing the wage determination. 07/01/2014 is the effective date of the most current negotiated rate, which in this example is July 1, 2014.

Union prevailing wage rates are updated to reflect all rate changes in the collective bargaining agreement (CBA) governing this classification and rate.

Survey Rate Identifiers

Classifications listed under the ""SU"" identifier indicate that no one rate prevailed for this classification in the survey and the published rate is derived by computing a weighted average rate based on all the rates reported in the survey for that classification. As this weighted average rate includes all rates reported in the survey, it may include both union and non-union rates. Example: SULA2012-007 5/13/2014. SU indicates the rates are survey rates based on a weighted average calculation of rates and are not majority rates. LA indicates the State of Louisiana. 2012 is the year of survey on which these classifications and rates are based. The next number, 007 in the example, is an internal number used in producing the wage determination. 5/13/2014 indicates the survey completion date for the classifications and rates under that identifier.

Survey wage rates are not updated and remain in effect until a new survey is conducted.

Union Average Rate Identifiers

Classification(s) listed under the UAVG identifier indicate that no single majority rate prevailed for those classifications; however, 100% of the data reported for the classifications was union data. EXAMPLE: UAVG-OH-0010 08/29/2014. UAVG indicates that the rate is a weighted union average rate. OH indicates the state. The next number, 0010 in the example, is an internal number used in producing the wage determination. 08/29/2014 indicates the survey completion date for the classifications and rates under that identifier.

A UAVG rate will be updated once a year, usually in January of each year, to reflect a weighted average of the current negotiated/CBA rate of the union locals from which the rate is based.

WAGE DETERMINATION APPEALS PROCESS

1.) Has there been an initial decision in the matter? This can be:

- * an existing published wage determination
- * a survey underlying a wage determination
- * a Wage and Hour Division letter setting forth a position on a wage determination matter
- * a conformance (additional classification and rate) ruling

On survey related matters, initial contact, including requests for summaries of surveys, should be with the Wage and Hour National Office because National Office has responsibility for the Davis-Bacon survey program. If the response from this initial contact is not satisfactory, then the process described in 2.) and 3.) should be followed.

With regard to any other matter not yet ripe for the formal process described here, initial contact should be with the Branch of Construction Wage Determinations. Write to:

> Branch of Construction Wage Determinations Wage and Hour Division U.S. Department of Labor 200 Constitution Avenue, N.W. Washington, DC 20210

2.) If the answer to the question in 1.) is yes, then an interested party (those affected by the action) can request review and reconsideration from the Wage and Hour Administrator (See 29 CFR Part 1.8 and 29 CFR Part 7). Write to:

Wage and Hour Administrator U.S. Department of Labor 200 Constitution Avenue, N.W. Washington, DC 20210

The request should be accompanied by a full statement of the interested party's position and by any information (wage payment data, project description, area practice material, etc.) that the requestor considers relevant to the issue.

3.) If the decision of the Administrator is not favorable, an interested party may appeal directly to the Administrative Review Board (formerly the Wage Appeals Board). Write to:

Administrative Review Board U.S. Department of Labor 200 Constitution Avenue, N.W. Washington, DC 20210

4.) All decisions by the Administrative Review Board are final.

END OF GENERAL DECISIO"

SPECIAL PROVISION <u>SECTION 101</u> CONTRACT INTERPRETATION

The provisions of Section 101 of the Standard Specifications, "Contract Interpretation," shall apply with the following modifications:

101.2 Definitions.

Chief Engineer.

REPLACE: "The Chief Engineer of the Department."

With: "The Engineer of Record for the Project, Don Ettinger."

Commissioner.

REPLACE: "The Commissioner of Transportation established by 23 MRSA §4205."

With: "Kris Bennett, Auburn City Engineer"

Department.

REPLACE: "The Department of Transportation of the State of Maine, as established by 23 MRSA §4205 et. seq. for the administration of Highway, Bridge, and other Public Works ..."

With: "The Municipality of Auburn, Maine," acting through their City Engineer and this person's duly authorized representatives."

Project Manager.

REPLACE: "The Department's duly authorized representative for overall coordination of the Project."

With: "The Municipality of Auburn's duly authorized representative for overall coordination of the Project."

Resident.

REPLACE: "The Department's on-site representative."

With: "Municipalities on-site representative."

SPECIAL PROVISION <u>SECTION 110</u> INDEMNIFICATION, BONDING, AND INSURANCE

The provisions of Section 110 of the Standard Specifications, "Indemnification, Bonding, and Insurance," shall apply with the following modifications:

Section 110.1 Indemnification

This Subsection is amended to read as follows:

The Contractor agrees to indemnify, defend, and hold harmless the Maine Department of Transportation (the Department) and the Municipality of Auburn (the Municipality) and their officers, directors, employees, agents, and consultants from and against all claims, actions, torts, costs, losses, and damages for bodily injury (including sickness, disease, or death) and property damage arising out of or relating to this Contract or the performance of Work by the Contractor, their Subcontractors, subconsultants, engineers, suppliers, any individuals or entities directly or indirectly employed by any of them, or anyone for whose acts any of them may be liable, excepting only claims directly and solely caused by the negligence of the Department or the Municipality. Damages covered include, but are not limited to, all Dispute resolution costs, including court costs, attorney's fees, and the fees of engineers and consultants, arbitrators, and other professionals related to Dispute defense and preparation.

This indemnification obligation shall not be limited in any way by any limitation on the amount or type of damages, compensation, or benefits payable by or for the Contractor or any Subcontractor, subconsultant, engineer, supplier, or other individual or entity under Workers' Compensation acts, disability benefit acts, or other employee benefit acts.

SPECIAL PROVISION <u>SECTION 104</u> GENERAL RIGHTS AND RESPONSIBILITIES (Electronic Payroll Submission) (Payment Tracking)

<u>104.3.8.1 Electronic Payroll Submission</u> The prime contractor and all subcontractors and lower-tier subcontractors will submit their certified payrolls electronically on this contract utilizing the Elation System web based reporting. There is no charge to the contracting community for the use of this service. The submission of paper payrolls will not be allowed or accepted. Additional information can be found at <u>http://www.maine.gov/mdot/contractors/</u> under the first "Notice".

<u>104.3.8.2 Payment Tracking</u> The prime contractor and all subcontractors and lower-tier subcontractors will track and confirm the delivery and receipt of all payments through the Elation System
SPECIAL PROVISIONS SECTION 104 Utilities

UTILITY COORDINATION

The contractor has primary responsibility for coordinating their work with utilities after contract award. The contractor shall communicate directly with the utilities regarding any utility work necessary to maintain the contractor's schedule and prevent project construction delays. The contractor shall notify the resident of any issues.

THE CONTRACTOR SHALL PLAN AND CONDUCT WORK ACCORDINGLY.

MEETING

A Preconstruction Utility Conference, as defined in Subsection 104.4.6 of the Standard Specifications **IS REQUIRED**.

GENERAL INFORMATION

These Special Provisions outline the arrangements that have been made by the Department for utility and/or railroad work to be undertaken in conjunction with this project. The following list identifies all known utilities or railroads having facilities presently located within the limits of this project or intending to install facilities during project construction.

Utilities have been notified and will be furnished a project specification.

Utility/Railroad	Aerial	Underground	Railroad
Auburn Water & Sewerage District		X	
Central Maine Power Company	Х		
City of Auburn		X	
Charter Communications, Inc.	Х		
Consolidated Communications of Northern New England Company, LLC	Х	Х	
Oxford Networks	Х		
Revolution Networks (aka NECAP)	Х		
Revolution Networks (aka NECAP) dba Firstlight	Х		
CSX (aka PanAm aka Springfield Terminal Railway)			Х
St. Lawrence & Atlantic Railroad Co.			Х
Unitil Corp.		X	

Overview:

Utility Contact Information				
Utility/Railroad	Contact Person	Contact Phone		
Auburn Water & Sewerage District	Mike Broadbent	(207) 784-6469 <u>mbroadbent@awsd.org</u>		
Central Maine Power Company	Mike Rodney	(207) 632-3132		
City of Auburn	Dan Goyette	(207) 333-6601		
Charter Communications, Inc.	Charter Letter 1	(207) 620-3410		
Consolidated Communications of Northern New England Company, LLC	Martin Pease	(207) 272-7993		
Oxford Networks	Mike Ellingwood	(207) 333-3471		
Revolution Networks (aka NECAP)	Mike Ellingwood	(207) 333-3471		
Revolution Networks (aka NECAP) dba Firstlight	Mike Ellingwood Jonathan Rovillard	(207) 333-3471 (207) 520-8238		
CSX (aka PanAm aka Springfield Terminal Railway)	Shawn Higgins	(978) 663-1127		
St. Lawrence & Atlantic Railroad Co.	Jason Birkel	(207) 753-4229		
Unitil Corp.	Derick Geroux	(207) 536-5663		

Temporary utility adjustments are **not** anticipated. However, should the contractor choose to have any poles temporarily relocated, all work will be done by the pole owner at the contractor's request and expense at no additional cost to the Department.

Unless otherwise specified, any underground utility facilities shown on the project plans represent approximate locations gathered from available information. The Department cannot certify the level of accuracy of this data. Underground facilities indicated on the topographic sheets (plan views) have been collected from historical records and/or on-site designations provided by the respective utility companies. Underground facilities indicated on the cross-sections have been carried over from the plan view data and may also include further approximations of the elevations (depths) based upon straight-line interpolation from the nearest manholes, gate valves, or test pits.

All adjustments are to be made by the respective utility/railroad unless otherwise specified herein.

Fire hydrants shall not be disturbed until all necessary work has been accomplished to provide proper fire protection.

All clearing and tree removal in areas where utilities are involved must be completed before the utilities are able to relocate their facilities.

It is the responsibility of the Contractor with the Utility Pole owner, to lay out all the proposed pole locations in the field prior to the start of utility relocations. Should any adjustments be needed, the Utility will document adjustments and inform the Department prior to utility relocations.

The Contractor shall provide the utilities access to the new pole locations. Construction of any spot cuts or fills in excess of 2 feet must be completed prior to utility relocations. <u>The Contractor shall prepare a plan for how access and the spot cuts and fills will be accomplished and what the schedule will be for performing the work.</u> This plan will be discussed at the pre-construction utility meeting.

** Specific information regarding the line voltage can be requested from Central Maine Power Company**

Utility working days are Monday through Friday. Times are estimated based on a single crew for each utility. Any times and dates mentioned are **estimates only** and are dependent upon favorable weather, working conditions, and freedom from emergencies. The Contractor shall have no claim against the Department if they are exceeded.

BUY AMERICA

Utility construction work performed as part this federal-aid project is subject to the requirements of Buy America in accordance with Federal Regulation 23 CFR 635.410 Section 1518. Specific requirements are presented in MaineDOT Standard Specification Section 100, Appendix A, Section 3.A., Buy America.

AERIAL

Summary:

Utility	Pole Set	New Wires/ Cables	Trans. Wires/ Cables	Remove Poles	Estimated Working Days
Central Maine Power Company	Х		Х	Х	10
Charter Communications, Inc.			Х		4
Consolidated Communications of Northern New England Company, LLC			Х		15
Oxford Networks			Х		
Revolution Networks (aka NECAP)			Х		4
Revolution Networks (aka NECAP) dba Firstlight			Х		
Total:					33

Utility Specific Issues:

Central Maine Power Company

Central Maine Power Company (CMP) had overhead wires that run the length of the project. CMP will be responsible for the following tasks: the removal of approximately eleven (11) existing poles, the installation of approximately nine (9) new utility poles, the transfer of the existing lines from the existing utility poles to the new utility poles and the re-guying of the existing poles as required to fit the new layout. The contractor shall complete all clearing and major earthwork in the vicinity of the pole relocations prior to CMP's work in the field. CMP will require **two (2) weeks' notice** to schedule work. Once work is scheduled CMP estimates **ten (10) working days to complete their work.**

Charter Communications, Inc.

Charter Communications has aerial utilities that are attached to CMPs poles. Charter will be responsible for the transfer of their lines from the existing utility poles to the new utility poles. They will need to complete transfers on approximately nine (9) poles. Charter will require **two (2) weeks' notice** to schedule work. Once work is scheduled Charter estimates **four (4) working days to complete their work.**

Consolidated Communications of Northern New England Company, LLC

Consolidated Communications has aerial utilities that are attached to CMPs poles. Consolidated Communications will be responsible for the transfer of their lines from the existing utility poles to the new utility poles. They will need to complete transfers on approximately nine (9) poles. Consolidated Communications will require **two (2) weeks' notice** to schedule work. Once work is scheduled Consolidated Communications estimates **fifteen (15) working days to complete their work.**

Oxford Networks

Oxford Networks has aerial utilities that are attached to CMPs poles. Oxford Networks will be responsible for the transfer of their lines from the existing utility poles to the new utility poles. They will need to complete transfers on approximately nine (9) poles. Oxford Networks will require **two (2) weeks' notice** to schedule work. Once work is scheduled Oxford Networks estimates **four (4) working days to complete their work.**

Revolution Networks (aka NECAP)

Revolution Networks has aerial utilities that are attached to CMPs poles. Revolution Networks will be responsible for the transfer of their lines from the existing utility poles to the new utility poles. They will need to complete transfers on approximately nine (9) poles. Revolution Networks will require **two (2) weeks' notice** to schedule work. Once work is scheduled Revolution Networks estimates **four (4) working days to complete their work**.

Revolution Networks (aka NECAP) dba Firstlight

Firstlight has aerial utilities that are attached to CMPs poles. Firstlight will be responsible for the transfer of their lines from the existing utility poles to the new utility poles. They will need to complete transfers on approximately nine (9) poles. Firstlight will require **two (2) weeks' notice** to schedule work. Once work is scheduled Firstlight estimates **four (4) working days to complete their work.**

Pole List:

Existing Pole #	eg Existing		eft/ abt	Existing	Proposed	Le	eft/ abt	Proposed	Conditions	Comments
1 010 #	Station		gnt RT	Oliset	Station		RT	Ullset ·		
Auburn Hotal Road		51								
Aubulli, Hotel Koau		-			-		-	-		
JOINT 115 82VZ 69 24	00+07.39		X	35.63'	-	-	-	-	-	To Remain
JOINT CMP 25 84VZ	01+65.10	X		26.26'	-	-	-	-	-	To Remain***
JOINT CMP 27 85 VZ	03+39.08	Х		23.32'	-	-	-	-	-	To Remain
JOINT CMP 28 72	4+69.81	Х		20.91'	4+65.00	Х	-	22.0'	2' Cut	Replace Pole
JOINT CMP 29 NETT87	6+10.48	Х		19.94'	-	-	-	-	-	To Remain
JOINT NETT88 30	7+42.30	Х		18.46'	7+55.00	Х	-	21.0'	In Roadway	Replace Pole
JOINT NETT 89 31	8+70.64	Х		19.56'	-	-	-	-	-	To Remain
JOINT CMP31	8+76.85	Х		20.74'	-	-	-	-	-	To Remain
JOINT CMP32 76	10+87.92	Х		21.80'	-	-	-	-	2.5' Fill	Add Brace Pole
JOINT CMP 34 NEW	12+97.37	Х		22.26'	-	-	-	-	-	Remove Pole
JOINT 77	12+99.47	Х		20.69'	13+00.00	Х	-	30.8'	2.5' Cut	Replace Pole
JOINT CMP 35	14+74.74	Х		21.4'	14+75.00	Χ	-	29.7'	-	Replace Pole
JOINT CMP 36	16+38.98	Х		21.51'	16+40.00	Χ	-	28.7'	1.25' Cut	Replace Pole
JOINT CMP 37	18+05.59	Х		23.45'	17+90.00	Χ	-	27.8'	1.75' Cut	Replace Pole
JOINT 37 OLD	18+08.94	Х		22.03'	-	-	-	-	-	Remove Pole
JOINT CMP 38	19+83.32	Х		23.68'	20+40.00	Χ	-	26.0'	-	Replace Pole
JOINT CMP01	20+30.36	Х		62.28'	-	-	-	-	-	Re-Guy Pole
JOINT CMP 39	21+52.77	Х		24.37'	-	-	-	-	-	To Remain
JOINT CMP 40	22+89.02	Х		21.30'	22+80.00	Х	-	28.3'	1.25' Cut	Replace Pole
JOINT CMP 40 OLD	22+91.99	Х		21.03'	-	-	-	-	-	Remove Pole
JOINT 101 84 ELEC METER	24+42.01	Х		25.09'	-	-	-	-	-	To Remain***
JOINT BA102 773 85	25+44.57	Х		30.17'	-	-	-	-	-	To Remain***
JOINT 86 115 BA 103	26+50.62	Х		33.13'	-	-	-	-	-	To Remain
JOINT CMP1 35	27+84.55	Х		132.33'	-	-	-	-	-	To Remain
JOINT 87 115 105	28+46.87		Х	23.27'	-	-	-	-	-	To Remain
JOINT 02	100+35.13		Х	15.07'	-	-	-	-	-	To Remain
JOINT CMPP01 115-6 1	200+45.43	Х		15.72'	-	-	-	-	-	To Remain
SUPPORT CMP1S	200+45.62		Χ	16.78'	-	-	-	-	-	To Remain

* Proposed and existing utility pole offsets are measured to the face of pole nearest the roadway centerline.

**The "Conditions at Pole" column is an approximation at the face of pole, for all changes greater than 1' (cut/fill) based on the Draft PSE plan set.

*** These poles are located in cuts and may need to be replaced or supported during construction.

SUBSURFACE

Summary:

Utility	Summary of Work	Estimated Working Days
	Adjust approximately <u>13</u> water valve boxes	4
Auburn Water & Sewerage District	Approximately <u>2</u> locations where the water line will need to be adjusted to avoid proposed cross pipe	3
	Adjust approximately $\underline{8}$ sewer manholes to grade	4
City of Auburn	No known subsurface work required by this utility.	0
Consolidated Communications of Northern New England Company, LLC	No known subsurface work required by this utility.	0
	Adjust gas valve boxes (Quantity Unknown)	4
Unitil Corp.	Approximately $\underline{3}$ locations where the gas line will need to be adjusted to avoid proposed cross pipe	4
	Total:	15

Subsurface utility adjustments are anticipated as part of this project. If any unexpected utility relocations become necessary, they will be scheduled in compliance with section 104 of the Standard Specifications and will be done by the utilities in conjunction with the work by the contractor.

Temporary utility adjustments are not anticipated as part of this project. If any unexpected utility relocations become necessary, they will be scheduled in compliance with Section 104 of the Standard Specifications and will be done by the utilities in conjunction with the work by the Contractor. All work will be done at the contractor's request and expense with no additional cost or schedule impacts to the Department.

Utility Specific Issues:

Auburn Water and Sewerage District

The Auburn Water and Sewerage District has approximately <u>13</u> water gates to adjust in the project area. The District will inspect, loosen, and lower all their water gates, if necessary, prior to any roadway work by the contractor. Once adjusted, the contractor shall locate and provide offsets so they can find them during paving. The Contractor will notify the District prior to surface paving to verify that the water gates are still loose and to arrange oversight needs. The Contractor shall raise all water gates during surface paving operations with District oversight. The payment for this work will be considered incidental to the paving item. The Contractor will notify the District <u>10 business days</u> prior to any roadway work in the vicinity of the gates and will notify the District again <u>10 business days</u> prior to surface paving to arrange oversight needs. <u>Additional days may be required for repairs to any structures that are found to be broken or not operating properly.</u>

The Auburn Water and Sewerage District has approximately $\underline{8}$ sewer manholes to adjust to grade in the project area. The District will inspect, and adjust all their sewer manholes to grade, if necessary, prior to any paving work by the contractor. Once adjusted, the contractor shall locate and provide offsets so they can find them during paving. The Contractor will notify the District prior to surface paving to arrange oversight needs. The Contractor will notify the District <u>10 business days</u> prior to any roadway work in the vicinity of the manholes and will notify the District again <u>10 business days</u> prior to surface paving to arrange oversight needs.

In addition to adjusting the water gate valves and the sewer manholes, the Auburn Water and Sewerage District will need to make alterations to their water line to avoid the proposed 36" RCP cross pipes that are located at approximately sta. 25+90, Lt. (Hotel Road) and sta. 200+55, Lt. (Constellation Drive). This work will be completed by the Utility at their expense, no separate payment will be made regarding this work. The Contractor shall coordinate the scheduling of the culvert installation with the District. The District will require **two (2) weeks' notice** to schedule work. Once work is scheduled the District estimates **three (3) working days to complete their work**.

City of Auburn

The City of Auburn does not have any known facilities within the project scope. If any such facilities are located, the Contractor shall immediately call the contact number listed within this spec to arrange for project oversight by the City.

Consolidated Communications of Northern New England Company, LLC

The Contractor should be aware that Consolidated Communications has a 600 pr buried cable running from Pole 82 (Approx. Sta. 0+00, Rt.) - Hotel Rd, down Lewiston Junction Rd. This pole is not located within the project limit and should not be affected by the project. If the Contractor locates such a utility, they should stop work and immediately call the contact number listed within this spec to arrange for project oversight by the utility.

Unitil Corporation

Unitil Corp. has an unknown amount of gas valve boxes in the project area. If found, Unitil Corp. will inspect loosen and lower all their gas valve boxes, if necessary, prior to any roadway work by the contractor. Once adjusted, the contractor shall locate and provide offsets so they can find them during paving. The Contractor will notify Unitil Corp. prior to surface paving to verify that the gas valve boxes are still loose and to arrange oversight needs. The Contractor shall raise all gas valve boxes during surface paving operations with Unitil Corp. oversight. The payment for this work will be considered incidental to the paving item. The Contractor will notify Unitil Corp. 10 business days prior to any roadway work in the vicinity of the gates and will notify Unitil Corp. again 10 business days prior to surface paving to arrange oversight needs. Additional days may be required for repairs to any structures that are found to be broken or not operating properly.

In addition to adjusting the gas valves, Unitil Corp. will need to make alterations to their existing gas line, to avoid proposed features, at the following three (3) locations:

- Sta. 1+60, Rt. (Hotel Road) proposed catch basin.
- Sta. 12+75, Rt. (Hotel Road) dual 30" RCP cross culverts.
- Sta. 25+50, Rt. (Hotel Road) 15" Opt. III outlet pipe and 36" RCP cross culvert.

This work will be completed by the Utility at their expense, no separate payment will be made regarding this work. The Contractor shall coordinate the scheduling of the catch basin and cross culvert installation with Unitil Corp. Unitil Corp. will require two (2) weeks' notice to schedule work. Once work is scheduled Unitil Corp. estimates four (4) working days to complete their work.

RAILROAD

There are no known railroad facilities within the immediate vicinity of the project.

MAINTAINING UTILITY LOCATION MARKINGS

The Contractor will be responsible for maintaining the buried utility location markings following the initial locating by the appropriate utility or their designated representative.

UTILITY SIGNING

Any utility working within the construction limits of this project shall ensure that the traveling public is always adequately protected. All work areas shall be signed, lighted, and traffic flaggers employed as determined by field conditions. All traffic controls shall be in accordance with the latest edition of the Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices for Streets and Highways, as issued by the Federal Highway Administration.







HGH

Div.

SPECIAL PROVISION <u>SECTION 105</u> GENERAL SCOPE OF WORK (Build America, Buy America)

105.11 Other Federal Requirements Amend this section by adding the following:

This special provision was created for the Build America, Buy America Act (BABA) to expand the list of construction materials required to be manufactured in the United States beyond what is currently only required for steel/iron products. The Infrastructure Investment and Jobs Act (IIJA), Public Law No. 117-58 includes the Build America, Buy America Act. The Office of Management and Budget issued memorandum M-22-11 to provide guidance on the law which can be found here:

https://www.whitehouse.gov/wp-content/uploads/2022/04/M-22-11.pdf

All iron/steel, including the iron/steel in construction materials and manufactured products, must satisfy Buy America 23 CFR 635.410 requirements.

All construction materials, as defined in the following, that are permanently incorporated into federal-aid projects shall meet Build America, Buy America requirements.

For the purpose of this Specification, construction materials shall include an article, material, or supply that is or consists primarily of the following.

- Non-ferrous metals,
- Plastic and polymer-based products (including polyvinylchloride, composite building materials, and polymers used in fiber optic cables),
- Glass (including optic glass),
- Lumber, or
- Drywall.

All manufacturing processes for construction materials shall occur within the United States. The category of construction materials excludes cement and cementitious materials, aggregates such as stone, sand, or gravel, or aggregate binding agents or additives.

Due to a nationwide waiver, BABA requirements do not apply to manufactured products for FHWA funded projects. Manufactured products are items that consist of two or more of the listed construction materials that have been combined through a manufacturing process, and items that include at least one of the listed materials combined with a material that is not listed (including steel/iron) through a manufacturing process.

The Contractor shall certify in writing that all permanently incorporated Construction Materials for this contract meet the BABA requirements.

SPECIAL PROVISION SECTION 105 GENERAL SCOPE OF WORK (Limitations of Operations)

The Contractor at a minimum shall maintain one 11-foot wide lane of alternating traffic.

Auburn, Hotel Road Reconstruction 022384.00 August 1, 2023

SPECIAL PROVISION SECTION 107 CONTRACT TIME

Clearing shall be completed by October 31, 2023.

The specified contract completion date is November 15, 2024.

SECTION 401 - HOT MIX ASPHALT PAVEMENT

<u>401.01 Description</u> The Contractor shall furnish a uniformly blended, homogeneous mixture placed as one or more courses of Hot Mix Asphalt Pavement (HMA) on an approved base in accordance with the contract documents and in reasonably close conformity with the lines, grades, thickness, and typical cross sections shown on the plans or established by the Resident. The Department will accept this work under Quality Assurance provisions, in accordance with these specifications and the requirements of Section 106 – Quality, the provisions of AASHTO M 323 except where otherwise noted in sections 401 and 703 of these specifications, and the MaineDOT Policies and Procedures for HMA Sampling and Testing.

401.02 Materials Materials shall meet the requirements specified in Section 700 - Materials:

Asphalt Cement	702.01
Aggregates for HMA Pavement	703.07
RAP for HMA Pavement	703.08
HMA Mixture Composition	703.09

401.03 Composition of Mixtures The Contractor shall compose the Hot Mix Asphalt Pavement with aggregate, Performance Graded Asphalt Binder (PGAB), approved antistrip, warm mix additive, and/or mineral filler if required. HMA shall be designed and tested according to AASHTO R 35 and the volumetric criteria in Table 1. The Contractor shall size, uniformly grade, and combine the aggregate fractions in proportions that provide a mixture meeting the grading requirements of the Job Mix Formula (JMF). Unless otherwise noted in Special Provision 403 - Hot Mix Asphalt Pavement, the design, verification, Quality Control, and Acceptance tests for this mix will be performed at 65 gyrations. TABLE 1: VOLUMETRIC DESIGN CRITERIA

Design ESAL's	Req (Per	uired Der cent of (nsity G _{mm})	Void (V Nomi	Voids in the Mineral Aggregate (VMA) (Minimum Percent) Nominal Maximum Aggregate Size (mm)			Voids Filled with Binder (VFB)	Fines/Eff Binder	
(Millions)	N _{initial}	N _{design}	N _{max}	25.0	19.0	12.5	9.5	4.75	(Minimum %)	Ratio
< 3.0	<u><</u> 90.5									
3 to <10	~80.0	96.0	<u><</u> 98.0	13.0	14.0	15.0	16.0	16.0	65-80*	0.6-1.2
<u>></u> 10	<u><</u> 09.0									

*For 9.5 mm nominal maximum aggregate size mixtures, the maximum VFB is 82. For 4.75 mm nominal maximum aggregate size mixtures, the maximum VFB is 84.

The Contractor shall submit a JMF to the Department for each mixture to be supplied. The JMF will be approved by the Department in accordance with the MaineDOT HMA Policies and Procedures for HMA Sampling and Testing Manual. At the time of JMF submittal, the Contractor shall identify and make available the stockpiles of all proposed aggregates at the plant site. There must be a minimum of 150 ton for coarse aggregate stockpiles and 75 ton for fine aggregate stockpiles before the JMF may be submitted. The Contractor shall provide aggregate samples to the Department unless otherwise required. The Contractor shall also make available to the Department the PGAB proposed for use in the mix in sufficient quantity to test the properties of the asphalt and to produce

samples for testing of the mixture. The first day's production shall be monitored, and the approval may be withdrawn if the mixture exhibits undesirable characteristics such as checking, shoving or displacement. The Contractor shall be allowed to submit aim changes for a JMF as outlined in the MaineDOT HMA Policies and Procedures for HMA Sampling and Testing Manual: Mix Design Approval Section.

The Contractor shall submit a new JMF for approval each time a change in material source or materials properties is proposed. The same approval process shall be followed. The cold feed percentage of any aggregate may be adjusted up to 10 percentage points from the amount listed on the JMF, however no aggregate listed on the JMF shall be eliminated. The cold feed percentage for RAP may be reduced up to 10 percentage points from the amount listed on the JMF and shall not exceed the percentage of RAP approved in the JMF or for the specific application under any circumstances.

<u>401.031 Warm Mix Technology</u> The Contractor may place Hot Mix Asphalt Pavement produced with an accepted WMA technology if approved by the Department. Methods or technologies shall generally be at the Contractors option, but will be limited to proven, Agency and Industry accepted practice. Mixture production, placement and volumetric testing details, including temperatures, shall be included in the project specific QCP, and submitted to the Department for approval prior to any work.

<u>401.04 Temperature Requirements</u> The temperature of the mixture shall conform to the tolerances in Table 2 as measured at the truck at the mixing plant and at the paver unless otherwise authorized by the Department.

TADLE 2: ALLOWADLE	I EMPERATURE RANGES
PGAB Grade(s)	Temperature Range (°F)
PG58-28 / PG64-28	275-325
PG64E-28 / PG70E-28	285-335

 TABLE 2:
 ALLOWABLE TEMPERATURE RANGES

<u>401.05 Performance Graded Asphalt Binder</u> The Contractor shall utilize either a PG58-28, PG64-28, PG64E-28, PG70E-28, or other grade as specified in the 403 Special Provision. The Contractor shall utilize a PG64-28 if no liquid grade is specified within the 403 Special Provision.

401.06 Weather and Seasonal Limitations The State is divided into two paving zones as follows:

<u>a. Zone 1</u> Areas north of US Route 2 from Gilead to Bangor and north of Route 9 from Bangor to Calais.

b. Zone 2 Areas south of Zone 1 including the US Route 2 and Route 9 boundaries.

Use	Minimum Ambient Air Temperature	Zone 1 Allowable Placement Dates	Zone 2 Allowable Placement Dates
Surface course (travelway & adjacent shoulders) less than 1 in. thick placed during conditions defined as "night work"	50°F	June 1 to Satu Septer	rday following nber 1
Surface course (travelway & adjacent shoulders) less than 1 in. thick	50°F	May 15 to Satu Septen	rday following hber 15
Travelway surface course greater than or equal to 1 in. thick	50°F	May 1 to Saturday following October 1	April 15 to Saturday following October 15
HMA for surface course on bridge decks	50°F	May 1 to Saturday following October 1	April 15 to Saturday following October 15
HMA for base or shim course on bridge decks	50°F	April 15 to N	November 15
HMA for use other than travelway surface course	40°F	April 15 to N	November 15
HMA for curb, driveways, sidewalks, islands, or other incidentals	40°F	N/A	N/A
HMA produced with an approved WMA technology for base or shim course	35°F	April 15 to N	November 15

 TABLE 3: SEASONAL AND TEMPERATURE LIMITATIONS

The ambient air temperature shall be determined by an approved thermometer placed in the shade at the paving location. Unless otherwise specified, the Contractor shall not place Hot Mix Asphalt Pavement on a wet or frozen surface regardless of the ambient air temperature. The Hot Mix Asphalt Pavement produced with an approved WMA technology shall meet the requirements of section 401.04 - Temperature Requirements, unless otherwise approved by the Department. For the purposes of this Section, the traveled way includes truck lanes, ramps, approach roads and auxiliary lanes.

401.07 Hot Mix Asphalt Plant

<u>401.071 General Requirements</u> HMA plants shall conform to AASHTO M 156, Standard Specification for Requirements for Mixing Plants for Hot-Mixed, Hot-Laid Bituminous Paving Mixtures with exception of Section 4.2.1, 4.2.2, 4.3.4, 4.3.5, and 4.12.2.

All HMA plants will be inspected annually by the Department prior to producing HMA for Department projects. The Contractor shall provide the Department at least 72 hours' notice that the plant is ready for inspection. The Contractor shall equip the plant with ladders and platforms that are accessible and safe to obtain samples of PGAB, aggregate and mix from the relevant tanks, collector belts and haul units. Silo storage time of mixtures shall not exceed 36 hours.

<u>401.072 Stockpiles</u> The Contractor shall provide sufficient space for stockpiles and maintain a minimum of supply for 2 days production of all aggregate products used in MaineDOT approved mix designs currently under production. A minimum stockpile supply of 100 ton (70 yards) shall be maintained at all times. The Contractor shall construct stockpiles to prevent intermingling and to

minimize segregation. All stockpiles used in MaineDOT mixes shall be identified with weatherproof signs at least 12" high and 24" wide, with reflective lettering at least 2" high.

<u>401.073 Cold Feeds</u> Cold Feed Bins will have bin dividers to keep aggregate products separated. Adequate means must be provided for obtaining samples of the combined flow of all Cold feed bins.

<u>401.074 Dryer</u> Dryer shall be capable of heating aggregate to required mixing temperature and shall be in good operation and condition. Dryer shall be subject to annual inspection prior to start-up. The Contractor shall dry and heat the aggregates for the HMA to the required temperature, adjusting flames to avoid damaging the aggregates. The Contractor shall provide the Department a minimum period of 72 hours to inspect the dryer and provide at least 24 hours' notice that the dryer is ready for inspection.

<u>401.075 Asphalt Binder</u> The plant shall include a heating system and insulation to maintain the asphalt binder at a uniform temperature for proper mixing and compaction. A thermometer shall be provided in the asphalt binder line. No direct flame may come in contact with tank. A sampling valve shall be provided in the circulation line downstream of any binder additive used unless otherwise approved by the Department. The Contractor shall drain down the asphalt as low as safely possible in any tank that will be switched to a new source or grade prior to adding the new PGAB.

<u>401.076 Additives</u> Additives (WMA, anti-strip, etc.) introduced into the binder at the HMA plant shall be introduced per the supplier's recommendations and shall be approved by the Department. The system for introducing additives shall be interlocked with the aggregate feed or weigh system to maintain correct proportions for all production rates and batch sizes. Additive introduction systems shall be controlled by a proportioning device to the amount required on the JMF plus or minus 0.1% of the target. Additive introduction systems shall

be interlocked with the plant and the recordation (batch tickets or drum recordation) shall display the additive and the weight and percentage added. A means for sampling the PG binder with additive introduced will be provided. The sampling point shall be after the additive is mixed with the PGAB before entering the drum or mixer unit.

401.077 Batch Plants

<u>Hot Bins</u> Hot bins shall provide uniform continuous operation and be in good working condition. The plant shall be able to provide samples of hot bins upon request. Overflow shall be provided for each hot bin. Hot bin gates shall close without leaking. Bin walls must prevent intermingling between bins. Each hot bin shall have low level indicators which will alert the operator when the bin is empty.

<u>Mixer Unit</u> Clearance between blades and liner shall be 1" maximum, unless the aggregate exceeds 1 ¹/₄" then the clearance shall be 1 ¹/₂". The spray bar length shall be at least 75% of the mixer length. The mixer unit shall be a twin pug mill-type mixer capable of mixing continuously for at least 45 seconds after all materials have been introduced into the mixer. The blades in the mixer shall be capable of producing a homogenous mixture. If the mixer is not enclosed, it shall be subject to annual inspection prior to removal of safety features and being readied for service. The Contractor shall provide the Department the opportunity to inspect the mixer unit prior to the annual inspection. The mixer unit and provide the Department a minimum period of 72 hours to inspect the mixer unit and provide at least 24 hours' notice that the mixer unit is ready for inspection.

<u>Mineral Filler</u> Mineral filler and fiber shall utilize separate bins and feed systems to store and proportion the required quantity into the mixture. The feed systems shall be accurate to no more than 10% of the required weight with a convenient and accurate means of calibration. Mineral filler and fiber shall be introduced in the weigh hopper and uniformly distributed prior to the injection of the asphalt binder.

<u>Automation</u> The HMA batch plant shall automatically batch, mix and discharges mixes. The batch plant shall accurately proportion the various materials in the proper order by weight. The entire batching and mixing cycle shall be continuous and shall not require any manual operations. The batch plant shall use auxiliary interlock circuits to trigger an audible alarm whenever an error exceeding the acceptable tolerance occurs. Along with the alarm, the printer shall print an asterisk on the delivery slip in the same row containing the out-of-tolerance weight. The automatic proportioning system shall be capable of consistently delivering material within the full range of batch sizes. When RAP is being used, the plant must be capable of automatically compensating for the moisture content of the RAP.

The HMA batch plant shall be operated within the following tolerances:

Mineral Filler+/- 0.5%Bituminous Material+/- 0.1%Zero return (aggregate)+/- 0.5%Zero Return (AC)+/- 0.1%Additives+/- 0.1%	Each aggregate component	+/- 1.5% cumulative, per bin
Bituminous Material+/- 0.1%Zero return (aggregate)+/- 0.5%Zero Return (AC)+/- 0.1%Additives+/- 0.1%	Mineral Filler	+/- 0.5%
Zero return (aggregate)+/- 0.5%Zero Return (AC)+/- 0.1%Additives+/- 0.1%	Bituminous Material	+/- 0.1%
Zero Return (AC)+/- 0.1%Additives+/- 0.1%	Zero return (aggregate)	+/- 0.5%
Additives +/- 0.1%	Zero Return (AC)	+/- 0.1%
	Additives	+/- 0.1%

<u>Recordation</u> All plants shall be equipped with an approved digital recording device. The printer shall mark any weight on the ticket that exceeds tolerance. The delivery slip shall contain information required under Section 108.1.3 - Provisions Relating to Certain Measurements, Mass and paragraphs a, b, and c of Section 401.078.

401.078 Drum Plants

<u>Cold Feeds and Delivery System</u> A scalper screen shall be used to remove oversize material. The accuracy of the belt scale shall be within +/- 1.0% of the actual weight being measured. The plant shall be capable of correcting for aggregate moisture. Mineral filler and fiber shall utilize separate bin(s) and feeder systems to store and proportion the required quantity into the mixture. The feed systems shall be accurate to no more than +/- 10% of the required weight with a convenient and accurate means of calibration. The plant shall be equipped with a single control to change all feed rates. Mineral filler and fiber shall be introduced such that dry mixing is accomplished no less than 18 inches prior to the injection of the asphalt binder. The Contractor shall ensure that the mineral filler does not become entrained in the exhaust stream of the dryer.

<u>Binder System</u> The flow of asphalt binder shall adjust automatically with dry aggregate weights. The Department will conduct an asphalt flow meter check annually and after each change of plant location. The flow meter check must be performed prior to producing mix for Department projects. The plant must be configured to provide a convenient means to check accuracy of the flow meter. The flow meter will be considered accurate if the measured weight is within 1% of actual weight. <u>Drum Mixer</u> The plant shall be equipped with a diversion system where mix can be diverted at startup/shutdown and any time. The drum mixer shall be subject to annual inspection prior to removal of safety features and being readied for service. The Contractor shall provide the Department a minimum period of 72 hours to inspect the drum mixer while providing at least 72 hours' notice that the drum mixer is ready for inspection.

<u>Recordation</u> An approved automatic ticket printer system shall be used to print delivery slips. The requirements for delivery slips for payment of materials measured by weight, as given in the following Sections, shall be waived: 108.1.3 a., 108.1.3 b., 108.1.3 c., and 108.1.3 d. The automatic printed ticket will be considered as the Weight Certificate. The dry aggregate weights and binder flow shall be recorded as well as mineral filler and all binder additives. The recordation of materials shall be printed a minimum of every ten minutes while in production.

The requirements of Section 108.1.3 f. - Delivery Slips, shall be met by the delivery slip printed by the automatic system, which accompanies each truckload, except for the following changes:

a. The quantity information required shall be individual weights of each batch or total net weight of each truckload.

- b. Signatures (legible initials acceptable) of Weighmaster (required only in the event of a malfunction as described in 401.074 c.).
- c. The MaineDOT designation for the JMF.

<u>401.079 Scales and Weight Checks</u> Scales shall meeting the requirements of Section 108 - Payment. The scales shall be inspected and sealed by the State Sealer (or approved alternative) as often as the Department deems necessary to verify their accuracy. Plant scales shall be checked prior to the start of the paving season, and each time a plant is moved to a new location. Subsequent checks will be made as determined by the Resident. The Contractor will have at least ten 50 pound masses for scale testing at batch plants. At Contractor's option, the Contractor can use one single test weight that has been checked on sealed scales. This weight shall be 1,000 lbs. or greater. At least twice during each 5 days of production either of the following checks will be performed:

a. A loaded truck may be intercepted and weighed on a platform scale that has been sealed by the State Sealer of Weights and Measures within the past 12 months. The inspector will notify the producer to take corrective action on any discrepancy over 1.0%. The producer may continue to operate for 48 hours under the following conditions.

- 1. If the discrepancy does not exceed 1.5%; payment will still be governed by the printed ticket.
- 2. If the discrepancy exceeds 1.5%, the plant will be allowed to operate as long as payment is determined by truck platform scale net weight.

If, after 48 hours the discrepancy has not been addressed and reduced below 1.0%, then plant operations will cease. Plant operation may resume after the discrepancy has been brought within 1.0%.

b. Where platform scales are not readily available, a check will be made to verify the accuracy and sensitivity of each scale within the normal weighing range and to assure that the interlocking devices and automatic printer system are functioning properly. If platform scales are not readily

available, a weight with a known mass-verified and sealed annually by a licensed scale company, may be used by hanging weight from silo or surge hopper, at lower middle and upper third levels upon request to verify scale accuracy.

d. In the event of a malfunction of the automatic printer system, production may be continued without the use of platform truck scales for a period not to exceed the next two working days, providing total eights of each batch are recorded on weight tickets and certified by a Licensed Public Weighmaster.

<u>401.08 Hauling Equipment</u> Units hauling HMA shall have tight, clean, and smooth metal bodies, which have been thinly coated with a small amount of approved release agent to prevent the mixture from adhering to the bodies. Release agents that dissolve or strip asphalts, including diesel fuel, will not be allowed.

All mix haul units shall have a cover of water repellent material capable of heat retention, which completely covers the mixture. The cover shall be securely fastened on the truck, unless unloading. Haul units shall have an opening on both sides near the midpoint of the body, at least 12 in above the bed, which will accommodate a thermometer stem.

<u>401.09 Pavers</u> The Contractor shall use pavers meeting the requirements of this section unless otherwise authorized by the Department. Pavers shall meet the requirements of Table 4: Paver Requirements.

Use	Paver Requirement
Traveled Way &	Equipped with a 10 ft minimum main screed with activated extensions. The
Auxiliary Lanes	minimum tractor weight shall be 30,000 pounds.
	Equipped with automatic grade and slope controls that automatically adjust the
	screed and increase or decrease the layer thickness to compensate for
	irregularities in the preceding course. The controls shall maintain the proper
	transverse slope and be readily adjustable so that transitions and superelevated
	curves can be properly paved. The controls shall operate from a fixed or moving
	reference such as a grade wire or ski type device (floating beam) with a
	minimum length of 30 ft, a non-contact grade control with a minimum span of 24
	ft, except that a 40 ft reference shall be used on interstate and divided highway
	projects.
All HMA Placement	Self-contained, self-propelled units of sufficient class and size to place Hot Mix
	Asphalt Pavement in full lane widths specified in the contract on the main line,
	shoulder, or similar construction.
	Equipped with a free-floating activated heated main screed with activated
	extensions. Pavers with extendible screeds shall have auger extensions and
	tunnel extenders as per the manufacturer's recommendations, a copy of which
	shall be available if requested.
	Equipped with a receiving hopper with sufficient capacity for a uniform
	spreading operation and a distribution system to place the mixture uniformly,
	without segregation in front of the screed.
	Operated in such a manner as to produce a visually uniform surface texture and a
	thickness within the requirements of Section 401.11 - Surface Tolerances. The
	screed assembly shall produce a finished surface of the required evenness and
	texture without tearing, shoving, or gouging the mixture.

TABLE 4: PAVER REQUIREMENTS

The Contractor shall have the paver at the project site sufficiently before the start of paving operations to be inspected and approved by the Department. The Contractor shall repair or replace any paver found worn or defective, either before or during placement, to the satisfaction of the Department. Pavers that produce an unevenly textured or non-uniform mat will be repaired or replaced before continuing to place HMA on MaineDOT projects. On a daily basis, the Contractor shall perform density testing across that mat as detailed in Section <u>401.191 Quality Control - Method A, B & C.</u>

<u>401.10 Rollers</u> Rollers shall be static steel, pneumatic tire, oscillatory, or approved vibrator type. Rollers shall be in good mechanical condition, capable of starting and stopping smoothly, and be free from backlash when reversing direction. Rollers shall be equipped and operated in such a way as to prevent the picking up of hot mixed material by the roller drums or tires. Crushing of the aggregate or displacement of the HMA during rolling will not be permitted. Any HMA Pavement that becomes loose, broken, contaminated, shows an excess or deficiency of PGAB, or is in any other way defective shall be removed and replaced at no additional cost with fresh material which shall be immediately compacted to conform to the adjacent area.

The Contractor shall repair or replace any roller found to be worn or defective, either before or during placement, to the satisfaction of the Department. Rollers that produce grooved, unevenly textured or non-uniform mat will be repaired or replaced before continuing to place HMA. The type of rollers to be used and their relative position in the compaction sequence shall generally be the Contractor's option unless otherwise specified in the contract, provided specified density is attained and with the following requirements:

a. On variable-depth courses, the first lift of pavement over gravel, reclaimed pavement, on irregular or milled surfaces, or on bridges, at least one roller shall be 16 ton pneumatic-tired. Pneumatic-tired rollers shall be equipped with skirting to minimize the pickup of HMA materials from the paved surface. When required by the Resident, the roller shall be ballasted to 20 ton. b. Compaction with a vibratory or steel wheel roller shall precede pneumatic-tired rolling, unless otherwise authorized by the Department.

c. Vibratory rollers shall not be operated in the vibratory mode on bridge decks.

d. Any method, which results in cracking or checking of the mat, will be discontinued and corrective action taken.

e. The use of an oscillating steel roller shall be required to compact all mixtures placed on bridge decks.

The maximum operating speed for a steel wheel or pneumatic roller shall not exceed the manufacturer's recommendations, a copy of which shall be available if requested.

<u>401.11 Surface Tolerances</u> The Department will check the following surface tolerances:

a.) <u>Longitudinally</u>: The pavement surface profile shall be free of deviations in excess of $+/- \frac{1}{4}$ inches from the required pavement surface profile grade. To verify the surface tolerance a straight plane shall be established using 16 foot straight edge or a taught string line placed parallel to the direction of travel and checked continuously across the width of the lane.

b.) <u>Transversely</u>: The pavement surface profile shall be free of deviations in excess of 0 inches below and ¹/₄ inches above the required cross-sectional profile grade. To verify the surface tolerance a straight plane shall be established using a 10 foot straight edge or taught string line

placed perpendicular to the direction of travel and checked continuously along the length of the lane.

The Contractor shall correct defective areas by removing defective work and replacing it with new material as directed by the Department. The Contractor shall furnish a 10 foot straightedge for the Department's use.

<u>401.12 Preparation of Existing Surface</u> The Contractor shall thoroughly clean the surface upon which Hot Mix Asphalt Pavement is to be placed of all objectionable material. When the surface of the existing base or pavement is irregular, the Contractor shall bring it to uniform grade and cross section. All surfaces shall have a tack coat applied prior to placing any new HMA course. Tack coat shall conform to the requirements of Section 409 – Bituminous Tack Coat, Section 702 – Bituminous Material, and all applicable sections of the contract.

<u>401.13 Spreading and Finishing</u> On areas where irregularities or unavoidable obstacles make the use of mechanical spreading and finishing equipment impracticable, the Contractor shall spread, rake, and lute the HMA with hand tools to provide the required compacted thickness. Release agents that dissolve or strip asphalts, including diesel fuel, will not be allowed. On roadways with adjoining lanes carrying traffic, the Contractor shall place each course per the conditions in Table 5, unless otherwise noted by the Department in Section 403 - Hot Mix Asphalt Pavement.

Depth	
(at	Placement Conditions
centerline)	
	Vertical Longitudinal Joint
$\frac{3}{4}$ " and less	The Contractor may place the HMA course over the full single travel lane width for each
(incl. shim)	production day.
1" to 1 ¼"	The Contractor may place the HMA course over the full single travel lane width for each production day and will be required to place a matching course of HMA over the adjacent section of travel lane before weekend or holiday suspension.
1 ½" to 2"	The Contractor may place the HMA course over the full single travel lane width for each production day and will be required to place a matching course of HMA over the adjacent section of travel lane before the end of the following calendar day.
Greater than	The Contractor shall place each course over the full width of the traveled way section
2"	being paved that day.
	Notched-Wedge Longitudinal Joint
1 ½" to 2"	The Contractor may place the HMA course over the full single travel lane width for each production day and will be required to place a matching course of HMA over the adjacent section of travel lane before weekend or holiday suspension. A maximum unmatched centerline joint length of 0.5 miles will be permitted over the weekend.
Greater than 2"	The Contractor may place the HMA course over the full single travel lane width for each production day and will be required to place a matching course of HMA over the adjacent section of travel lane before the end of the following calendar day.

TABLE 5: PLACEMENT CONDITIONS FOR ADJOINING LANES

The Contractor shall place the specified course over the full width of the mainline traveled way being paved, regardless of use, depth, or longitudinal joint type prior to Memorial Day, July 4th, Labor Day, paving suspensions exceeding three days, or other dates as specified by special provision.

The Contractor shall install additional warning signage that clearly defines the centerline elevation differential hazard. Unless otherwise addressed in the contract, the Contractor shall install additional centerline delineation such as a double application of raised pavement markers at 100 foot intervals, or temporary painted line. For any exposed vertical edge between the shoulder and traveled way, at a minimum, the use of temporary painted line, or RPMs placed along the edge of traveled way at 200 foot intervals is required. The Traffic Control Plan shall be amended to include this option and the additional requirements. All signs and traffic control devices will conform to Section 719.01, and Section 652, and will be installed prior to the work, at a maximum spacing of 0.50 mile for the entire length of effected roadway section. If this option is utilized, all additional signing, labor, traffic control devices, or incidentals will not be paid for directly, will be considered incidental to the appropriate 652 items.

<u>401.14 Hot Mix Asphalt Placement on Bridge Decks</u> Hot mix asphalt pavement placed on bridges shall also conform to Section 508.04 and the following requirements.

- a. The minimum production and placement temperature for the Hot Mix Asphalt placed over membrane shall conform to the manufacturer's recommendations.
- b. The bottom course shall be placed with an approved rubber mounted paver of such type and operated in such a manner that the membrane waterproofing will not be damaged in any way.
- c. The top course shall not be placed until the bottom course has cooled sufficiently to provide stability.
- d. The Contractor will not be required to cut sample cores from the compacted pavement on the bridge deck, unless otherwise directed by Special Provision.
- e. After the top course has been placed, the shoulder areas shall be sealed 3 ft wide with two applications of an emulsified bituminous sealer meeting the requirements of Section 612.03 Sealing and Section 702.12 Emulsified Bituminous Sealing Compound. The first application shall be pre-mixed with fine, sharp sand, similar to mortar sand, as needed to fill all voids in the mix in the area being sealed. The second application may be applied without sand. The sealer shall be carried to the curb at the gutter line in sufficient quantity to leave a bead or fillet of material at the face of the curb. The area to be sealed shall be clean, dry and the surface shall be at ambient temperature. The furnishing and applying of the required quantity of sealer for the bridge shoulder areas shall be incidental to placing the hot mix asphalt pavement.
- f. The area between the edge of the membrane and the vertical surface shall be completely sealed with hot-applied rubberized asphalt material, meeting the requirements of Type 4 crack seal; shall be applied to form a complete seal between the membrane and the vertical surface and shall extend up the vertical surface to within ¹/₂ inch of the top of the HMA wearing surface. This work shall be considered incidental to the contract pavement items unless 508 membrane items are included in the contract.

<u>401.15 Compaction</u> Immediately after the Hot Mix Asphalt Pavement has been spread, struck off, and any surface irregularities adjusted, the Contractor shall thoroughly and uniformly compact the HMA by rolling.

The Contractor shall roll the surface when the mixture is in the proper condition and when the rolling does not cause undue displacement, cracking, or shoving. The Contractor shall prevent adhesion of the HMA to the rollers or vibrating compactors without the use of fuel oil or other petroleum-based

release agents. Solvents designed to strip asphalt binders from aggregates will not be permitted as release agents on equipment, tools, or pavement surfaces.

The Contractor shall immediately correct any displacement occurring as a result of the reversing of the direction of a roller or from other causes to the satisfaction of the Department. Any operation other than placement of variable depth shim course that results in breakdown of the aggregate shall be discontinued. Any new pavement that shows obvious cracking, checking, or displacement shall be removed and replaced for the full lane width as directed by the Resident at no cost to the Department.

Along forms, curbs, headers, walls, and other places not accessible to the rollers, the Contractor shall thoroughly compact the HMA with mechanical vibrating compactors. The Contractor shall only use hand tamping in areas inaccessible to all other compaction equipment. On depressed areas, the Contractor may use a trench roller or cleated compression strips under a roller to transmit compression to the depressed area.

Any HMA that becomes unacceptable due to cooling, cracking, checking, segregation or deformation as a result of an interruption in mix delivery shall be removed and replaced with material that meets contract specifications at no cost to the Department.

For all items requiring pavement density testing, the Contractor shall cut 6-inch diameter cores at no additional cost to the Department by the end of the working day following paving. Cores shall be cut such that the nearest edge at least 9 inches from any joint. Pre-testing of the cores will not be allowed. If the Contractor and the Department mutually determine that a core is damaged, the Contractor shall cut new core(s) at the same offset and within 3 ft of the initial sample. The Contractor and the Department will mutually determine if underlying material is adhered to the core and if so will mark the core at the point where sawing is needed. The Department will place the cores in a secure container and the Contractor shall transport the cores to the designated MaineDOT lab. The cores will be saw cut by the Department to remove underlying layers. No recuts are allowed at a test location after the core has been tested.

On all sections of overlay with wearing courses designed to be 1 in or less in thickness, there shall be no pay adjustment for density otherwise noted in Section 403 - Hot Mix Asphalt Pavement. For overlays designed to be 1 in or less in thickness, density shall be obtained by the same rolling train and methods as used on mainline travelway surface courses with a pay adjustment for density, unless otherwise directed by the Department.

There shall be no pay adjustment for density on shoulders unless otherwise noted in Section 403 - Hot Mix Asphalt Pavement. Density for shoulders shall be obtained by the same rolling train and methods as used on mainline travelway, unless otherwise directed by the Department. Efforts to obtain optimum compaction will not be waived by the Department unless it is apparent during construction that local conditions make densification to this point detrimental to the finished pavement surface course.

<u>401.16 Joints</u> The Contractor shall construct wearing course transverse and longitudinal joints in such a manner that minimum tolerances shown in Section 401.11 - Surface Tolerances are met when measured with a straightedge. The paver screed shall maintain a uniform head of HMA during transverse and longitudinal joint construction. The HMA shall be free of segregation and meet temperature requirements outlined in Section 401.04. Transverse joints of the wearing course shall

be straight and neatly trimmed. The Contractor may form a vertical face exposing the full depth of the course by inserting a header, by breaking the bond with the underlying course, or by cutting back with hand tools. The Contractor shall apply a coating of emulsified asphalt immediately before paving all joints to the vertical face and 3 in of the adjacent portion of any pavement being overlaid except those formed by pavers operating in echelon. The Contractor shall use an approved spray apparatus designed for covering a narrow surface. The Department may approve application by a brush for small surfaces, or in the event of a malfunction of the spray apparatus, but for a period of not more than one working day.

Where pavement under this contract joins an existing pavement, or when the Department directs, the Contractor shall cut the existing pavement along a smooth line, producing a neat, even, vertical joint. The Department will not permit broken or raveled edges. The cost of all work necessary for the preparation of joints is incidental to related contract pay items. Longitudinal joints shall be generally straight to the line of travel and constructed in a manner that best ensure joint integrity. Methods or activities that prove detrimental to the construction of straight, sound longitudinal joints will be discontinued.

The Contractor may utilize an approved notched wedge joint device on all HMA layers 1 ¹/₂ inches in depth or greater. A notched wedge joint shall be constructed as shown in Figure 1 using a device that is attached to the paver screed and is capable of independently adjusting the top and bottom vertical notches.



Notes

FIGURE 1: Notched Wedge Joint

- 1. An emulsified tack coat shall be applied to the vertical edges and the wedge surface so that the total rate is 0.05 G/SY plus the normal specified rate prior to placing the adjacent layer. The Contractor may elect to apply the emulsified tack coat in one or multiple passes.
- 2. Dimensions shown are compacted depths (after rolling is complete).

The Department reserves the right to have centerline cores cut by the Contractor's QC personnel for informational purposes to monitor the density along the joint. Informational cores at the centerline joint will be taken centered over the tapered part of the wedge joint.

Any notched wedge joint constructed areas that become cracked or broken shall be trimmed back to the limits affected prior to placing the adjoining lane. Any materials that become unbound or separated from the wedge or tapered joint section, or contaminated by materials determined by the Department as being detrimental to the construction of a sound construction joint, shall be removed by sweeping, compressed air and lance, or by hand tools as required. This work, if necessary, will not be paid for directly, but shall be considered incidental to the related contract items.

The Contractor shall apply a coating of emulsified asphalt on the vertical and tapered surface of the longitudinal centerline joint immediately before paving if the notched wedge joint device is used.

The total rate of application shall be 0.050 G/SY plus the normal specified tack coat rate. The Contractor shall use an approved spray apparatus designed for covering a narrow surface. The Department may approve application by a brush for small surfaces.

<u>401.17 Hot Mix Asphalt Documentation</u> The Contractor and the Department shall agree on the amount of Hot Mix Asphalt Pavement that has been placed each day. All delivery slips shall conform to the requirements of 401.078.

401.18 Prepave Meeting Prior to placing any mix, the Department and the Contractor shall hold a Pre-paving conference to discuss the paving schedule, source of mix, type and amount of equipment to be used, sequence of paving pattern, rate of mix supply, random sampling, project lots and sublots and traffic control. A copy of the density QC random numbers to be used on the project shall be provided to the Resident. The Departments' random numbers for Acceptance testing shall be generated and on file with the Resident and the Project Manager. All personnel of the Department and the Contractor who have significant information relevant to the paving items shall attend, including the responsible onsite paving supervisor for the Contractor. The Resident will prepare minutes of the conference and distribute them to all attendees. Any requests to revise the minutes must be made to the Resident within 7 Days of Receipt. These minutes will constitute the final record of the Pre-paving conference. On the first day of paving and whenever there is a change in the onsite paving foreman or paving inspector, the Department and the Contractor shall hold an informal onsite meeting to review the minutes of the Pre-paving conference, Project Specific QCP, Plans, Typicals, Special Provisions and communication process. This meeting shall be held prior to placing any mix. The onsite paving supervisor, QCT, Superintendent, Resident and/or paving inspector shall attend.

401.19 Contractor Quality Control – Method A, B, C & D

The Contractor shall operate in accordance with the approved Quality Control Plan (QCP) to assure a product meeting the contract requirements. The Contractor shall not begin paving operations until the Department approves the QCP in writing.

<u>401.191 Quality Control</u> The QCP shall meet the requirements of Section 106.6 - Acceptance and this Section. The QCP shall address any items that affect the quality of the Hot Mix Asphalt Pavement, and shall include the following personnel meeting these minimum requirements:

a. QCP Administrator - The QCP Administrator must be a full-time employee of or a consultant engaged by the Contractor or paving subcontractor. The QCP Administrator shall have full authority to institute any and all actions necessary for the successful operation of the QCP. The QCP Administrator (or their designee in the QCP Administrator's absence) shall be available to communicate with the Department at all times.

- For items accepted under Methods A and B, the QCP Administrator shall be certified as a Quality Assurance Technologist (QAT) by NETTCP.
- For items accepted under Methods C and D, the QCP Administrator shall be certified by NETTCP as a Quality Assurance Technologist (QAT), Plant Technician, or Paving Inspector.

b. Process Control Technician(s) (PCT) shall utilize test results and other quality control practices to assure the quality of aggregates and other mix components and control proportioning to meet the JMF(s). The PCT shall inspect all equipment used in mixing to assure it is operating

properly and that mixing conforms to the mix design(s) and other Contract requirements, and that delivery slips and plant recordation accurately reflects the mix being produced with all the required information. The QCP shall detail how these duties and responsibilities are to be accomplished and documented, and whether more than one PCT is required. The Plan shall include the criteria to be utilized by the PCT to correct or reject unsatisfactory materials. The PCT shall be certified as a Plant Technician by the NETTCP.

c. Quality Control Technician(s) (QCT) shall perform and utilize quality control tests at the job site to assure that delivered materials meet the requirements of the JMF(s). The QCT shall inspect all equipment utilized in transporting, laydown, and compacting to assure it is operating properly and that all laydown and compaction conform to the Contract requirements. The QCP shall detail how these duties and responsibilities are to be accomplished and documented, and whether more than one QCT is required. The QCP shall include the criteria utilized by the QCT to correct or reject unsatisfactory materials. The QCT shall be certified as a Paving Inspector by the NETTCP.

The QCP shall detail the coordination of the activities of the Plan Administrator, the PCT and the QCT. The Project Superintendent shall be named in the QCP, and the responsibilities for successful implementation of the QCP shall be outlined.

The QCP shall address any items that affect the quality of the Hot Mix Asphalt Pavement including, but not limited to, the following:

- a. General Requirements:
 - Job Mix Formulas (JMFs)
 - Name of QCP Administrator, and certification number
 - Description of corrective action process
 - Disposition of defective material
 - A procedure to take immediate possession of acceptance samples once released by MaineDOT and deliver said samples to the designated acceptance laboratory.
- b. <u>Process Control Requirements:</u> Each Hot Mix Asphalt plant shall have a Plant Specific Process Control Plan. At minimum the plan shall include:
 - Name of Plant Specific Process Control Technician(s) and certification number(s)
 - Hot mix asphalt plant details
 - Stockpile Management
 - Mixing & transportation
 - Silo management and details
 - A detailed description of RAP processing, stockpiling and introduction into the plant
 - PG Binder management:
 - Tanks and storage (including polymer modified binders if applicable)
 - Binder temperature
 - Sample points
 - Method to ensure mixture contains the specified binder grade
 - Additive introduction details if introduced at the plant
 - o Testing and inspection plan for control of aggregates and RAP
 - o Mix Testing and inspection plan

c. <u>Quality Control Requirements – Method A & B</u>

- Name of Quality Control Technicians(s) and certification number(s)
- Laydown operations
- Longitudinal joint construction including the tacking of all joints.
- Procedures for avoiding paving in inclement weather
- Compaction of shoulders
- Methods to ensure that segregation is minimized
- Procedures to determine the maximum rolling and paving speeds based on best engineering practices and past experience in achieving acceptable pavement smoothness.
- Sequence for paving around drainage structures, under guard rail, around curb, at bridges, intersections, drives and minor approaches to ensure proper compaction, finish, and drainage.
- Type of release agent to be used on haul units, tools and rollers.

d. Quality Control Requirements - Method C and D

- $\circ\,$ Name of QCP Administrator and certification number(s) as specified in Section 401.19.
- Name of Process Control Technicians(s) and certification number(s).
- Name of Quality Control Technicians(s) and certification number(s).
- o Anticipated Compaction Temperature Zones for each roller pass during placement.
- Mix TMD to be used for density gauge setting for method spec density work
- Procedures for avoiding paving in inclement weather.
- \circ $\,$ Type of release agent to be used on haul units, tools and rollers.
- A note stating that the use of petroleum-based fuel oils, such as diesel or kerosene, or asphalt stripping solvents will not be permitted.

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The Contractor shall also supply a Laydown Operation Plan that addresses sequence of work, layout of work, longitudinal joint construction, compaction of shoulders, methods to minimize segregation, and procedures to achieve acceptable pavement smoothness.

For each production day, a summary of each day's results, including a daily paving report, summarizing the mixture type, mixture temperature, equipment used, environmental conditions, and the number of roller passes, shall be recorded and signed by the QCT and presented to the Department's representative by 1 PM the following working day.

Unless otherwise noted in Section 403 - Hot Mix Asphalt Pavement, the Contractor shall submit a modified QC Plan detailing, how the mix is to be placed, what equipment is to be used, and what HMA plant is to be used for Items covered under the Plan. All mix designs (JMF) shall be approved and verified by MaineDOT prior to use.

A QCP, certified QC personnel, and a Prepave Meeting shall not be required for Item 403.209 - Hot Mix Asphalt, 9.5 mm Nominal Maximum Size (sidewalks, drives, islands & incidentals) accepted under visual or Method D. An approved JMF shall be provided to the Resident prior to placement.

The Contractor shall certify the mix and the test results for each item by a Certificate of Compliance.

The Contractor shall have a testing lab at the plant site, equipped with all testing equipment necessary to complete the tests in Table 6. The Contractor shall generate QC sampling random numbers for each approved mix design. A copy of the random numbers shall be emailed to the QC.mainedot@maine.gov email address and remain on-file (in print) and be available for inspection at the QC laboratory. The Contractor shall sample, test, and evaluate Hot Mix Asphalt Pavement in accordance with the minimum frequencies per each approved mix design:

Test or Action	Frequency	Test Method
Temperature of mix	6 per day at street and plant	-
Temperature of mat	4 per day	-
%TMD (In-Place Density - Surface)	1 per 125 ton	AASHTO T 355 or AASHTO T 343
%TMD (In-Place Density - Base)	1 per 250 ton	AASHTO T 355 or AASHTO T 343
Fines / Effective Binder	1 per 500 ton	AASHTO T 312*
Gradation	1 per 500 ton	AASHTO T 30
PGAB Content	1 per 500 ton	AASHTO T 164 or AASHTO T 308
Voids at N _{design}	1 per 500 ton	AASHTO T 312*
VMA at N _{design}	1 per 500 ton	AASHTO T 312*
Rice Specific Gravity	1 per 500 ton	AASHTO T 209
Percent Fractured Particles	1 per 5,000 ton	AASHTO T 335
Flat and Elongated Particles	1 Per 5,000 ton	ASTM D4791
Fine Aggregate Angularity	1 Per 5,000 ton	AASHTO T 304

 TABLE 6: MINIMUM QUALITY CONTROL FREQUENCIES

*Method A and B only

The Contractor shall monitor plant production on each approved mix design using running average of three control charts as specified in Section 106 - Quality. Control limits shall be as noted in Table 7 below. The UCL and LCL, shall not exceed the allowable gradation control points for the particular type of mixture as outlined in Table 1 of Section 703.09.

Property	UCL and LCL	
Percent Passing 4.75 mm and larger sieves	Target +/- 4.0	
Percent Passing 2.36 mm sieve	Target +/- 2.5	
Percent Passing 0.075 mm sieve	Target +/- 1.0	
PGAB Content	Target +/- 0.25	
VMA at N _{design}	LCL = LSL + 0.2	
Voids at N _{design}	JMF Target +/- 1.2	
Theoretical Maximum Specific Gravity	JMF Target +/- 0.020	

TABLE 7: CONTROL LIMITS

The Contractor shall submit all QC test and inspection reports and updated control charts to the Resident and QC.mainedot@maine.gov by email. The reports and updated control charts shall be signed by the appropriate technician and be submitted to the Department by 1:00 P.M. on the next working day, except when otherwise noted in the QCP and approved by the Department.

The Contractor shall also retain splits of the previous 5 QC tests, with QC results enclosed for random selection and testing by the Department. Test results of splits that do not meet the Dispute Resolution

Variance Limits in Table 18 shall trigger an investigation by the MaineDOT Independent Assurance Unit and may result in that lab losing NETTCP certification and the ability to request a dispute [Section 401.50 - Process for Dispute Resolution].

The Contractor shall make density test results, including randomly sampled densities, available to the Department onsite. Summaries of each day's results, including a daily paving report summarizing the mixture type, mixture temperature, equipment used, environmental conditions, and the number of roller passes, shall be recorded and signed by the QCT and provided to the QC.mainedot@maine.gov email address and Resident in writing by 1:00 p.m. the next working day. The Contractor shall fill all holes in the pavement resulting from cutting cores by the Contractor or the Department with a properly compacted, acceptable mixture no later than the following working day. Before filling, the Contractor shall carefully clean the holes and apply a coating of emulsified asphalt. The Contractor may only cut additional cores for verification of the densometer, at a rate not to exceed 3 per day or 2 per 1000 ton placed.

If the Contractor's control chart shows the process for a given mix design to be out of control (defined as a single point outside of the control limits on the running average of three chart) on any property listed in Table 7: Control Limits, the Contractor shall notify the Resident of all affected projects in writing of the corrective action by 1:00 PM the next working day. The written description shall detail what action is being taken by the Contractor to bring the property in question back within control limits. Subsequent quality control results are expected to demonstrate an improvement and regression towards the aim. The Department reserves the right to take action, to include cessation of production, in the case of repeated results outside the Table 7 control chart control limits.

On a daily basis, or whenever equipment type or sequence is modified, the Contractor shall perform density testing across the mat being placed, prior to being compacted by equipment at 12 in intervals. If the density values vary by more than 2.0% from the mean, the Contractor shall make adjustments to the screed until the inconsistencies are remedied. Failure to replace or repair defective placement equipment may result in a letter of suspension of work and notification of a quality control violation resulting in possible monetary penalties as governed by Section 106 - Quality.

The Contractor shall cease paving operations whenever one of the following occurs:

- a. The quality level for density using all quality control tests for the current Lot is less than 60 PWL.
- b. The Coarse Aggregate Angularity or Fine Aggregate Angularity value falls below the requirements of Section 703.07, Table 3: Aggregate Consensus Properties Criteria for the design traffic level.
- c. The Flat and Elongated Particles value exceeds 10% by ASTM D4791.
- d. There is any visible damage to the aggregate due to over-densification other than on variable depth shim courses.
- e. The Contractor fails to follow the approved QCP.

The Contractor shall notify the Resident in writing as to the reason for shutdown, as well as the corrective action, by the end of the workday. Failure to do so will be treated as a second incident under 106.4.6 QCP Non-compliance. The Department will only allow the continuation of paving operations when it is satisfied the corrective action will result in an improvement in results. The Department may require the submittal of a passing verification sample to allow further production. The Department

retains the exclusive right, with the exception of the first day's production of a new JMF, to determine whether the resumption of production involves a significant change to the production process. If the Department so determines, then the current lot will be terminated, a pay factor established, and a new lot will begin.

The Contractor may utilize innovative equipment or techniques not addressed by the Contract documents to produce or monitor the production of the mix, subject to approval by the Department.

401.192 Quality Control for Method D, (sidewalks, drives, islands & incidentals) and visual acceptance items

A QCP, certified QC personnel, or Prepave Meeting shall not be required for Item 403.209 - Hot Mix Asphalt, 9.5 mm Nominal Maximum Size (sidewalks, drives, islands & incidentals) accepted under visual or Method D. An approved JMF shall be provided to the Resident prior to placement.

<u>401.20 Acceptance Method A & C</u> These methods utilize Quality Level Analysis and pay factor specifications. For Hot Mix Asphalt Pavement designated for acceptance under Quality Assurance provisions, the Department will sample once per sublot on a statistically random basis, test, and evaluate in accordance with the Acceptance Properties as outlined in Table 8:

Properties	Point of Sampling	Test Method
Gradation	Paver Hopper	AASHTO T 30
PGAB Content	Paver Hopper	AASHTO T 308
% TMD (In-Place Density)	Mat behind all Rollers	AASHTO T 269
Voids at N _{design}	Paver Hopper	AASHTO T 312
VMA at N _{design}	Paver Hopper	AASHTO T 312
Fines to Effective Binder	Paver Hopper	AASHTO T 312
VFB	Paver Hopper	AASHTO T 312

TABLE 8: ACCEPTANCE PROPERTIES – METHOD A & C

The Department will obtain samples of Hot Mix Asphalt Pavement in conformance with AASHTO R 97, Sampling Asphalt Mixtures, and the MaineDOT Policies and Procedures for HMA Sampling and Testing. The Contractor shall transport the samples in containers provided by the Department to the designated MaineDOT Laboratory within 48 hours except when otherwise noted in the project specific QCP or as directed by the Resident. Failure to deliver an acceptance sample to the designated acceptance laboratory will be considered the second incident under 106.4.6–QCP Non-Compliance.

Target values shall be as specified in the JMF. The Department will withhold reporting of the test results for the Acceptance sample until 7:00 AM, on the second working day of receipt of the sample, or after receipt of the Contractors results of the Acceptance sample split. Upon conclusion of each lot being evaluated under quality level analysis, where there is a minimum of four sublots, results shall be examined for statistical outliers, as stated in Section 106.7.2 - Statistical Outliers.

Lot sizes and sublot sizes shall be determined as outlined in Table 9.

miller). Lot mill bobeot bield millinob ma e		
Lot Size*	Entire production per item per contract up to 6000 ton	
Maximum Sublot Size – Mix	750 ton	
Maximum Sublet Size Density	Surface Layers – 250 ton	
Maximum Subiot Size – Density	Base / Intermediate Layers – 500 ton	
Minimum Number of Samples – Mix	Four	
Minimum Number of Samples – Density	Five	

TABLE 9:	LOT AND	SUBLOT SIZES	– METHOD A & C

*Unless otherwise agreed upon at the Prepave Meeting

If there is less than one-half of a sublot remaining at the end, then it shall be combined with the previous sublot. If there is more than one-half sublot remaining at the end, then it shall constitute the last sublot

and shall be represented by test results. If it becomes apparent partway through a Lot that, due to an underrun, there will be insufficient mix quantity to obtain the minimum number of sublots needed, the Resident may adjust the size of the remaining sublots and select new sample locations based on the estimated quantity of material remaining in the Lot. Unanticipated over-runs of up to 1500 ton shall be rolled into the last lot. Cases where the lot is terminated prior to reaching completion shall be handled in accordance with <u>Section 106.7.3 Early Termination of Lots</u>. In cases where density incentive/disincentive provision apply, additional cores shall be taken to attain a minimum of three for the Lot.

<u>Isolated Areas</u> During the course of inspection, should it appear that there is an isolated area that is not representative of the lot based on a lack of observed compactive effort, excessive segregation, a change in process or any other questionable practice, that area may be isolated and tested separately. An area so isolated that has a calculated pay factor below 0.80 for Method A, based on three random tests shall be removed and replaced at the expense of the Contractor for the full lane width and a length not to be less than 150 ft.

Duon orter	USL and LSL		
Property	Method A	Method C	
Percent Passing 4.75 mm and larger sieves	Target +/- 7%	Target +/- 7%	
Percent Passing 2.36 mm to 1.18 mm sieves	Target +/- 4%	Target +/- 5%	
Percent Passing 0.60 mm sieve	Target +/- 3%	Target +/- 4%	
Percent Passing 0.30 mm to 0.075 mm sieve	Target +/- 2%	Target +/- 2%	
PGAB Content	Target +/- 0.4%	Target +/- 0.4%	
Voids at N _{design}	4.0% +/- 1.5%	N/A	
Fines to Effective Binder	0.9 +/- 0.3	N/A	
VMA at N _{design}	LSL from Table 1	N/A	
VFB	Table 1 plus a 4% production tolerance for USL	N/A	
% TMD (In-place Density)	94.5% +/- 2.5%	94.5% +/- 2.5%	

TABLE 10: ACCEPTANCE LIMITS – METHOD A & C

<u>Cease Production</u> The Contractor shall cease paving operations whenever one of the following occurs on a lot in progress:

Duonanty	Percent Within Limits (PWL)		
Property	Method A	Method C	
Percent Passing NMAS sieve*			
Percent Passing 2.36 mm sieve*		<60 DW/I	
Percent Passing 0.30 mm sieve*		<00 PWL	
Percent Passing 0.075 mm sieve*			
PGAB Content	<60 PWL		
Voids at N _{design}			
Fines to Effective Binder*		NI/A	
VMA at N _{design}		IN/A	
VFB			
% TMD (In-place Density)		<60 PWL	

TABLE 11: CEASE PRODUCTION – METHOD A & C

*Paving operations shall not be required to cease if the mean test value is equal to the LSL or USL and s = 0.

In cases where the Contractor is to cease paving operations based upon an Acceptance result or payfactor, the Contractor will submit a corrective action plan to the Department. The Department will only allow the continuation of paving operations when it is satisfied the corrective action will result in an improvement in results. The Department may require the submittal of a passing verification sample to allow further production.

<u>401.201 Pay Adjustment - Method A & C</u> The Department will use the following criteria for pay adjustment at the completion of the Lot using the pay adjustment factors under Section 106.7 - Quality Level Analysis:

<u>Density</u> Upon conclusion of each lot, density results shall be examined for statistical outliers as stated in Section 106.7.2. If the pay factor for Density falls below 0.80, all of the cores will be randomly re-cut by Sublot. A new pay factor will be calculated that combines all initial and retest results. If the resulting pay factor is below 0.80, the entire Lot shall be removed and replaced with material meeting the specifications at no additional cost to the Department, except that the Department may, when it appears that there is a distinct pattern of defective material, isolate any defective material by investigating each mix sample sublot and require removal of defective mix sample sublots only, leaving any acceptable material in place if it is found to be free of defective material. Pay factors equal to or greater than the reject level will be paid accordingly.

<u>Mix Properties</u> The Department will determine a pay factor (PF) using the applicable Acceptance Limits. If all three pay factors for PGAB Content, VMA at N_{design} , and Voids at N_{design} fall below 0.80 for Method A, then the composite pay factor for PGAB Content, VMA at N_{design} , and Voids at N_{design} shall be 0.50.

The following variables will be used for pay adjustment:

PA = Pay Adjustment

- Q = Quantity represented by PF in ton
- P = Contract price per ton
- PF = Pay Factor

The Department will determine a pay adjustment using Table 12: Pay Adjustment Calculations as follows:

Acceptance Method	Mix Properties / Gradation	Density
Method A	$\begin{split} PA &= (Voids @ N_d PF - 1.0)(Q)(P)x0.20 + (VMA @ N_d - 1.0)(Q)(P)x0.20 + (PGAB Content PF - 1.0)(Q)(P)x0.10 \end{split}$	PA = (density PF- 1.0)(Q)(P)x0.50
Method C	PA = (% Passing Nom. Max PF-1.0)(Q)(P)x0.05+(% passing 2.36 mm PF-1.0)(Q)(P)x0.05+(% passing 0.30 mm PF-1.0)(Q)(P)x0.05+(% passing 0.075 mm PF-1.0)(Q)(P)x0.10+(PGAB Content PF-1.0)(Q)(P)x0.25	PA = (density PF-1.0)(Q)(P)x0.50

TABLE 12: PAY ADJUSTMENT CALCULATIONS – METHOD A & C

In addition, for 9.5 mm NMAS mixtures the following pay adjustment shall also apply:

The average percent passing for the 0.075 mm sieve shall be evaluated for each Lot. If the average is greater than 6.5%, a pay adjustment according to Table 13 below shall apply in addition to the other pay adjustments for the given method of testing.

TABLE 13: 0.075 MM SIEVE PAY ADJUSTMENT		
Average Percent Passing 0.075 mm Sieve	Pay Adjustment	
6.6% - 7.0%	-5%	
> 7.0%	-10%	

The Department shall notify the Contractor whenever the average of at least three samples in a given Lot is greater than 6.5%.

<u>401.21 Acceptance Method B & D</u> Unless otherwise stated in the 403 special provision, the Lot shall be the entire mix quantity per item per contract. The Department will sample once per sublot per pay item on a statistically random basis, test, and evaluate in accordance with the Acceptance Properties in Table 14. The Department will obtain samples of Hot Mix Asphalt Pavement in conformance with AASHTO R 97, Sampling Asphalt Mixtures, and the MaineDOT Policies and Procedures for HMA Sampling and Testing. The Contractor shall transport the samples in containers provided by the Department to the designated MaineDOT Laboratory within 48 hours except when otherwise noted in the project specific QCP or as directed by the Resident. Failure to deliver an acceptance sample to the designated acceptance laboratory will be considered the second incident under 106.4.6–QCP Non-Compliance. Target values shall be as specified in the JMF. The Department will withhold reporting of the test results for the Acceptance sample until 7:00 AM, on the second working day of receipt of the sample, or after receipt of the Contractors results of the Acceptance sample split.

Droportios	Point of	Toot Mothod	
Flopernes	Method B	Method D	Test Miethou
Gradation	Paver Hopper	Paver Hopper or Truck	AASHTO T 30
PGAB Content	Paver Hopper	Paver Hopper or Truck	AASHTO T 308
% TMD (In-Place Density)	Mat behind all Rollers	Mat behind all Rollers	AASHTO T 269
Voids at N _{design}	Paver Hopper	N/A	AASHTO T 312
VMA at N _{design}	Paver Hopper	N/A	AASHTO T 312
Fines to Effective Binder	Paver Hopper	N/A	AASHTO T 312
VFB	Paver Hopper	N/A	AASHTO T 312

TABLE 14: A	ACCEPTANCE PROF	PERTIES - METHO	D B & D
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TABLE 15: LOT AND SUBLOT SIZES – METHOD B & D

Lot Size*	Entire mix quantity per item per contract	
Mariana Salita Sira Mir	(Lot size ≤ 1000 tons)	(Lot size > 1000 tons)
Maximum Sublot Size – Mix	250 ton	750 ton
Sublot Size – Density	125 ton (Max 5 Sublots)	250 ton

*General – Lot and Sublot size may be adjusted to accommodate the work scope and schedule, or as otherwise agreed upon at the Prepave Meeting

Property	USL and LSL	
	Method B	Method D
Percent Passing 4.75 mm and larger	Target +/- 7%	Target +/- 7%
Percent Passing 2.36 mm sieve	Target +/- 5%	Target +/- 7%
Percent Passing 1.18 mm sieve	Target +/- 5%	Target +/- 5%
Percent Passing 0.60 mm sieve	Target +/- 4%	Target +/- 4%
Percent Passing 0.30 mm sieve	Target +/- 3%	Target +/- 3%
Percent Passing 0.075 mm sieve	Target +/- 3%	Target +/- 3%
PGAB Content	Target +/- 0.5%	Target +/- 0.5%
Voids at N _{design}	4.0% +/- 2.0%	N/A
Fines to Effective Binder	0.9 +/- 0.3	N/A
VMA at N _{design}	LSL from Table 1	N/A
VFB	Table 1 plus a 4% production tolerance for USL	N/A
% TMD (In-place Density)	94.5% +/- 2.5%	LSL of 92.0%

TABLE 16: ACCEPTANCE LIMITS – METHOD B & D

The Contractor shall cease paving operations whenever two consecutive Method B or D tests fall outside specification limits on the same property. The Contractor will submit a corrective action plan to the Department. The Department will only allow the continuation of paving operations when it is satisfied the corrective action will result in an improvement in results. The Department may require the submittal of a passing verification sample to allow further production.
<u>401.211 Pay Adjustment - Method B & D</u> For items accepted under Method B or D, if the mix is within the tolerances listed in Table 16, the Department will pay the contract unit price, otherwise pay adjustments as shown in Table 17 shall be applied to the quantity of mix represented by the test. The Contractor shall cut one 6 in core per sublot unless otherwise noted in Section 403 - Hot Mix Asphalt Pavement. If the density result is not within the specified limits the disincentive shall apply. If the sublot density is less than 88.5 percent or greater than 99.0 percent of the sublot TMD, two additional cores shall be cut at random locations determined by the Department. If either of the additional cores has a density less than 88.5 percent or greater than 99.0 percent of the sublot TMD, the sublot shall be removed and replaced at no cost to the Department; otherwise, the average of the three cores will be used to determine the sublot pay adjustment.

Property	Method B		Method D	
Percent Passing 2.36 mm sieve	N/A		-2.0%	
Percent Passing 0.30 mm sieve	N/A		-1.0%	
Percent Passing 0.075 mm sieve	-2.0%		-2.0%	
PGAB Content	-5.0%		-5.0%	
Voids at N _{design}	-3.0%		N/A	
	91.5% - 91.9% or 97.1% - 97.5%	-5.0%	91.5% - 91.9%	-5.0%
	90.5% - 91.4% or 97.6% - 98.5%	-10.0%	90.5% - 91.4%	-10.0%
% TMD (In-place Density)	89.5% - 90.4% or 98.6% - 99.0%	-20.0%	89.5% - 90.4%	-20.0%
	88.5% - 89.4%	-30.0%	88.5% - 89.4%	-30.0%
	<88.5% or >99.0%	Reject	<88.5% or >99.0%	Reject

TABLE 17: PAY ADJUSTMENTS – METHOD B & D

<u>401.30 Method of Measurement</u> The Department will measure Hot Mix Asphalt Pavement by the ton in accordance with Section 108.1 - Measurement of Quantities for Payment.

<u>401.40 Basis of Payment</u> The Department will pay for the work, in place and accepted, in accordance with the applicable sections of this Section, for each type of HMA specified.

The Department will pay for the work specified in Section 401.12, for the HMA used, except that cleaning objectionable material from the pavement and furnishing and applying bituminous material to joints and contact surfaces is incidental.-Payment for this work under the appropriate pay items shall be full compensation for all labor, equipment, materials, and incidentals necessary to meet all related contract requirements, including design of the JMF, implementation of the QCP, obtaining core samples, transporting cores and samples, filling core holes, applying emulsified asphalt to joints, and providing testing facilities and equipment. The Department will make a pay adjustment for quality as specified in Section 401.20 Acceptance Method A & B or 401.21 Acceptance Method C & D.

<u>401.50 Process for Dispute Resolution</u> At the time of Hot-Mix Asphalt sampling, the Department will obtain a split sample of each Acceptance test random sample for possible dispute resolution testing. The Contractor shall also obtain a split sample of the HMA at this same time. If the

Contractor wishes to retain the option of requesting dispute testing of the initial Acceptance sample, the Contractor will test their split of the Acceptance sample in accordance with applicable AASHTO procedure and accepted supplemental practice as described in the Department's HMA Sampling and Testing Policies and Procedures manual. The Contractor shall report their results to the Resident, with a copy to Contractor.mainedot@maine.gov by 7:00 AM, on the second working day from time of QA sampling, otherwise dispute resolution will not be initiated. The Department's dispute resolution split sample will be properly labeled and stored for a period of at least two weeks after it has been reported, or until the sample is tested. The properties eligible for dispute and the respective variances are shown in Table 18.

The Contractor may dispute the Department's Acceptance results and request that the dispute resolution split sample be tested by notifying the Department's Resident and QA Engineer in writing within two working days after the results of the Acceptance test are reported. The following shall be provided in the request:

- Acceptance sample reference number
- The specific test result(s) or property(ies) being disputed, and
- The complete, signed report of the Contractor's testing (In a lab certified by the NETTCP and MaineDOT) of their split of the Acceptance sample indicating that the variances in Table 18 for the specific test result(s) or property(ies) were exceeded.

Property	Method A & B	Method C & D*	Variance Limits
PGAB Content	Yes	Yes	+/- 0.4%
G_{mb}	Yes	No	+/- 0.030
G_{mm}	Yes	No	+/- 0.020
Voids at N _{design}	Only if G _{mb} or G _{mm} is not disputable	No	+/- 0.8%
VMA at N _{design}	Only if G _{mb} or G _{mm} is not disputable	No	+/- 0.8%
Percent Passing 4.75 mm and larger sieves	No	Yes	+/- 4.0%
Percent Passing 2.36 mm to 0.60 mm sieves	No	Yes	+/- 3.0%
Percent Passing 0.30 mm to 0.15 mm sieves	No	Yes	+/- 2.0 %
0.075 mm sieve	Only for 9.5 mm NMAS mixes	Yes	+/- 0.8%

TABLE 18: DISPUTE RESOLUTION VARIANCE LIMITS

*Disputes will not be allowed on Item 403.209

The value of any disputed result or property reported for the initial Acceptance sample shall stand if the value reported for the dispute resolution sample is not closer to the value the Contractor reported for their split sample than to the value reported for the initial Acceptance sample. If the value reported for the dispute resolution falls precisely half-way between the other two values the value reported for the dispute resolution will replace the original acceptance value. Otherwise, the value reported for the dispute resolution sample will replace the value reported for the initial Acceptance sample and will be used to re-calculate any other affected results or properties.

SECTION 402 - PAVEMENT SMOOTHNESS

<u>402.00 Smoothness Projects</u> Projects to have their pavement smoothness analyzed in accordance with this Specification will be so noted in Special Provision 403 - Hot Mix Asphalt Pavement.

<u>402.01 Pavement Smoothness</u> The final pavement surface shall be evaluated for smoothness using a Class I or Class II profiler as defined by ASTM E950 (94). Smoothness measurements will be expressed in terms of the International Roughness Index (IRI) as defined by the World Bank, in units of inches/mile.

<u>402.02 Lot Size</u> Lot size for smoothness will be 3000 lane-feet. A sublot will consist of 50 lane-feet. Partial lots will be included in the previous lot if less than one-half the size of a normal lot. If equal to or greater than one-half the normal lot size, it will be tested as a separate lot.

<u>402.03 Acceptance Testing</u> The Department will conduct Acceptance testing following completion of the surface course. Sections to be excluded from testing include the following:

Bridge decks and joints (no smoothness measurements will be taken within 100 ft of bridge joints) Acceleration and deceleration lanes Shoulders and ramps Side streets and roads Within 100 ft of transverse joints at the beginning and end of the project Within 100 ft of railroad crossings Urban areas with speed limits of 30 mph or lower

Each lot shall have 2 measurements made in each wheel path. The average of the 4 measurements will determine the smoothness for that lot. The smoothness measurements will be statistically evaluated for pay factors as described in Subsection 106.7 - Quality Level Analysis, using the specification limits shown below.

Level	USL	
Ι	55 in/mile	
II	65 in/mile	
III	75 in/mile	

TABLE 1: ACCEPTANCE LIMITS

Computation of Smoothness Pay Adjustment:

PA = (PF-1.0)(Q)(P)

where:

Q = Quantity of surface course in the Lot (excluding shoulders, side streets, bridge decks, ramps, acceleration and deceleration lanes)

PF = smoothness pay factor for the Lot

P = Contract unit price for surface pavement

PA = pay adjustment

<u>402.04 Unacceptable Work</u> In the event that any Lot is found to have a pay factor less than 0.80, the Contractor shall take whatever remedial action is required to correct the pavement surface in that Lot at no additional expense to the Department. Such remedial action may include but is not limited to removal and replacement of the unacceptable pavement. In the event remedial action is necessary, the Contractor shall submit a written plan to the Resident outlining the scope of the remedial work. The Resident must approve this plan before the remedial work can begin. Following remedial work, the Lot shall be retested, and will be subject to the specification limits listed above. The resulting pay factor, if within the acceptable range, will be used in the final pay adjustment. The Contractor shall pay the cost of retesting the pavement following corrective action.

Localized surface tolerance defects will be subject to the provisions outlined in Section 401.11 Surface Tolerances.

Payment will be made under:

Pay Item

Pay Unit

402.10 Incentive/Disincentive - Pavement Smoothness Lump Sum

SECTION 403 - HOT MIX ASPHALT PAVEMENT

<u>403.01 Description</u> This work shall consist of constructing one or more courses of Hot Mix Asphalt pavement on an approved base in accordance with these specifications, and in reasonably close conformity with the lines, grades, thickness and typical cross sections shown on the plans or established. The HMA pavement shall be composed of a mixture of aggregate, filler if required, and asphalt material.

<u>403.02 General</u> The materials and their use shall conform to the requirements of Section 401 - Hot Mix Asphalt Pavement.

<u>403.03 Construction</u> The construction requirements shall be as specified in Section 401 - Hot Mix Asphalt Pavement.

<u>403.04 Method of Measurement</u> Hot mix asphalt pavement will be measured as specified in Section 401.21- Method of Measurement.

<u>403.05 Basis of Payment</u> The accepted quantities of hot mix asphalt pavement will be paid for at the contract unit price per ton for the mixtures, including hot mix asphalt material complete in place. Method A, Method B, Method C and Method D shall be used for acceptance as specified in Section 401 - Hot Mix Asphalt Pavements. (See Complementary Notes, Section 403 - Hot Mix Asphalt Pavement, for Method location).

Payment will be made under:

Pay Item		Pay Unit
403.102	Hot Mix Asphalt Pavement for Special Areas	Ton
403.206	Hot Mix Asphalt, 25 mm Nominal Maximum Size	Ton
403.207	Hot Mix Asphalt, 19.0 mm Nominal Maximum Size	Ton
403.2071	Hot Mix Asphalt, 19.0 mm Nominal Maximum Size (Polymer Modified)	Ton
403.2072	Asphalt Rich Hot Mix Asphalt, 19.0 mm Nominal Maximum Size	Ton
	(Asphalt Rich Base and Intermediate course)	
403.208	Hot Mix Asphalt, 12.5 mm Nominal Maximum Size	Ton
403.2081	Hot Mix Asphalt - 12.5 mm Nominal Maximum Size (Polymer Modified)	Ton
403.209	Hot Mix Asphalt, 9.5 mm Nominal Maximum Size	Ton
	(Sidewalks, Drives, Islands & Incidentals)	
403.210	Hot Mix Asphalt, 9.5 mm Nominal Maximum Size	Ton
403.2101	Hot Mix Asphalt, 9.5 mm Nominal Maximum Size (Polymer Modified)	Ton
403.2104	Hot Mix Asphalt, 9.5 mm Nominal Maximum Size (Thin Lift Surface Treatment)	Ton
403.211	Hot Mix Asphalt, 9.5 mm Nominal Maximum Size (Shimming)	Ton
403.2111	Hot Mix Asphalt, 9.5 mm Nominal Maximum Size (Shimming, Polymer Modified))	Ton
403.212	Hot Mix Asphalt, 4.75 mm Nominal Maximum Size	Ton
403.213	Hot Mix Asphalt, 12.5 mm Nominal Maximum Size	Ton
	(Base and Intermediate Base course)	
403.2131	Hot Mix Asphalt, 12.5 mm Nominal Maximum Size	Ton
	(Base and Intermediate Base course, Polymer Modified)	
403.2132	Asphalt Rich Hot Mix Asphalt, 12.5 mm Nominal Maximum Size	Ton
	(Base and Intermediate Base course)	
403.214	Hot Mix Asphalt, 4.75 Nominal Maximum Size (5/8" Surface Treatment)	Ton

SPECIAL PROVISION SECTION 401 - HOT MIX ASPHALT PAVEMENT (HMA with Fine Micro-Deval Requirement)

The following subsections of the most current version of Specification 401 – Hot Mix Asphalt Pavements have been revised and amended by the following:

<u>401.01</u> Description The Contractor shall compose Hot Mix Asphalt (HMA) Pavement with aggregate, Performance Graded Asphalt Binder (PGAB), and mineral filler if required. If denoted in Special Provision 403 - Hot Mix Asphalt Pavement, the mixtures shall meet the additional aggregate requirements of this special provision.

<u>401.02 Materials</u> Materials shall meet the requirements specified in Section 700 – Materials, unless otherwise revised in this special provision:

Aggregates for HMA Pavement	703.07
HMA Mixture Composition	703.09

The HMA blend, minus any RAP used, shall have a Fine Micro-Deval value of 15.0 or less as determined by weighted average of individual fine aggregate source values determined through ASTM D7428.

SPECIAL PROVISION DIVISION 400 PAVEMENTS

SECTION 401 - HOT MIX ASPHALT PAVEMENT (Pavement Safety Edge)

Special Provision 400, Section 401 – Hot Mix Asphalt Pavement, subsection 401.13 – Spreading and <u>Finishing</u>, has been modified with the following revisions: All sections not revised by this Special Provision shall be as outlined in the Special Provision 400 Pavements, Section 401 – Hot Mix Asphalt Pavement. References to Standard Specifications, Special Provisions, or other documents, shall be determined as the most current version available at the time of bid, or as amended. All costs associated with this Item will not be paid for directly, but shall be considered included in the associated contract items.

<u>401.13 – Spreading and Finishing</u> The section has been amended as follows:

A manufactured Safety Edge device shall be used to form the edge of travel way or shoulder pavement surface to the dimensions shown in this special provision and at locations designated in the contract documents. The finished shape of the Safety Edge shall conform to the cross-section drawings shown in Detail A for newly constructed pavement sections, and Detail B for overlay sections.



Overlay of existing pavement - surface course only

<u>Equipment</u> The Contractor shall use an approved longitudinal shoulder wedge system to create a sloped edge profile onto the roadway shoulder. The Contractor shall a shoulder wedge system that compacts the HMA and provides a sloped wedge equal to 32° plus or minus 5°, measured from the pavement surface cross slope extended. The use of a single plate strike off is not allowed.

The Contractor will utilize a shoulder wedge system that is adjustable, or can adjust to accommodate varying paving thicknesses.

All shoulder wedge systems to be used for the purpose of creating a Safety Edge must meet the approval of the Department. The Resident may require documentation that the system has been used on previous projects with acceptable results or may require a test section constructed prior to the beginning of work to demonstrate wedge shape and compaction to the satisfaction of the Engineer.

<u>Construction</u> Prior to placing hot mix asphalt pavement, the Contractor will prepare the shoulder material where the Safety Edge will be placed to provide support for the placement of the Safety Edge. This work will be in accordance with the Department's standard practice.

The pavement used to construct the Safety Edge shall be compacted utilizing the standard roller train used for HMA pavements and overlays. A pneumatic roller shall be used to seal the upper edge of the formed edge, without rolling off the edge. Pavement adjacent to the formed wedge shall be compacted in accordance with the owner agency construction joint specification.

In areas where it is not possible to place the Safety Edge in conjunction with mainline paving but the Safety Edge is designated (e.g., transitions at driveways, intersections, interchanges, etc.,) the Department may allow handwork for short sections.

<u>Measurement and Payment</u> The purchase of equipment, use of approved equipment, and construction of the Safety Edge will not be paid for directly, but shall be considered included in the contract per ton unit price for the related pavement item.

SPECIAL PROVISION					
<u>SECTION 403</u>					
		HOT M	IIX ASPHALT		
Desc. Of	Grad	Item	Total	No. Of	Comp. Notes
Course	Design.	Number	Thickness	Layers	
		<u>5" HMA Ov</u>	verlay - Hotel Ro	ad	
	Tra	avelway and S	Shoulders (As In	dicated)	
Wearing	12.5 mm	403.2081	1 1/2"	1	2,4,10,25,43
Intermediate	12.5 mm	403.213	1 1/2"	1	4,10,41,43
Base	12.5 mm	403.213	2"	1	4,10,41
3" HMA Overlay - Hotel Road					
		<u>Shoulder</u>	rs (As Indicated)		
Wearing	12.5 mm	403.2081	1 1/2"	1	2,4,10,25,30,43
Base	12.5 mm	403.213	1 1/2"	1	4,10,30,41
	4	4" HMA Over	lay - Beech Hill	Road	
		<u>Travelwa</u>	ay (As Indicated)		
Wearing	12.5 mm	403.2081	1 1/2"	1	2,4,10,24,25,43
Base	12.5 mm	403.213	2 1/2"	1	4,10,24,41
4	" HMA Ove	rlay - Constel	lation Drive Tre	nch (As In	dicated)
Wearing	12.5 mm	403.2081	1 1/2"	1	2,4,10,25,34
Base	12.5 mm	403.213	2 1/2"	1	4,10,34
3" HMA Overlay - Curb Installation Areas (As Indicated)					
Wearing	12.5 mm	403.2081	1 1/2"	1	2,4,10,25,30,32
Base	12.5 mm	403.213	1 1/2"	1	4,10,30,32
Drives, Curb Islands, Sidewalks, Misc. (As Indicated or As Directed)					
Wearing	9.5 mm	403.209	2-3"	1/more	3,20,30,32

COMPLEMENTARY NOTES

- 2. The required PGAB shall be a storage-stable, homogeneous, polymer modified asphalt binder that meets PG 64E-28 grading requirements in AASHTO M 332. All polymer modified asphalt grades utilized on the Project shall be treated with an approved liquid anti-strip. PG binders shall be treated either at the asphalt source terminal with the required dose rate on the delivery documentation, or at the hot mix asphalt plant utilizing a system integrated with the plants controls that will introduce a minimum 0.50 percent anti-strip by weight of asphalt binder used unless a rate is otherwise recommended by the anti-strip manufacturer. The PGAB and anti-strip blend shall meet the PG 64E-28 requirements. The Contractor shall provide supporting test data showing the PGAB and anti-strip blend meet the required criteria.
- 3. The design traffic level for mix placed shall be 0 to <3 million ESALS. The design, verification, Quality Control, and Acceptance tests for this mix will be performed at <u>65 gyrations</u>.
- The aggregate qualities shall meet the design traffic level of 3 to <10 million ESALS for mix placed under this contract. The design, verification, Quality Control, and Acceptance tests for this mix will be performed at <u>65 gyrations</u>.
- 10. Section 106.6 Acceptance, (2) **Method D** as specified Section 401.21 Quality Assurance Methods B and D.
- 20. The combined aggregate gradation required for this item shall be classified as a 9.5mm Thin Lift Mixture (TLM) mixture, using the Aggregate Gradation Control Points as defined in 703.09.

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- 24. See Special Provision 401 Pavement Safety Edge for project specifics.
- 25. See Special Provision 401 HMA with Fine Micro-Deval Requirement for project specifics.
- 30. The incentive/disincentive provisions for density shall not apply. Rollers shall meet the requirements of this special provision. The use of an oscillating steel roller shall be required to compact all mixtures pavements placed on <u>bridge decks</u>.
- 32. In areas inaccessible to a **10 ton** roller, compaction of the new Hot Mix Asphalt Pavement will be obtained using a minimal roller train consisting of a **3-5 ton** vibratory roller. Areas less than 2 feet wide shall be compacted with a minimum of a **150 pound** plate compactor. An approved release agent is required to ensure the mixture does not adhere to hand tools, rollers, pavers, and truck bodies. The use of petroleum based fuel oils, or asphalt stripping solvents will not be permitted.
- 34. The Contractor shall saw cut at a consistent width to allow transverse rolling of the trench. When applicable, a 10 ton roller will be required. In areas inaccessible to a 10 ton roller, compaction of the new Hot Mix Asphalt Pavement will be obtained using a minimal roller train consisting of a 3-5 ton vibratory roller. The **minimum width of the trench shall be 5 feet** to accommodate a 3-5 ton vibratory roller. An approved release agent is required to ensure the mixture does not adhere to hand tools, rollers, pavers, and truck bodies. The use of petroleum based fuel oils, or asphalt stripping solvents will not be permitted. Payment for additional milling or saw cutting required shall not be considered directly, but instead shall be considered incidental to the paving items.
- 41. The entire HMA pavement section (consisting of all base and intermediate layers) shall be completed before winter suspension. Any surface or base HMA placed after the seasonal limitations shall be considered temporary and removed and replaced the following construction season. The Department will not be responsible for costs or time related to the placement, removal or replacement of temporary pavement.
- 43. The contractor shall mill a stepped butt joint into the existing pavement at both the beginning and end joints for each pavement layer excluding the bottom base layer. For each layer, the stepped joint shall be cut to the depth and width of the pavement layer being placed and extend 5 feet beyond the immediate underlying layer. The **butt joint** for the overlying layer shall be **completed prior** to placing the adjacent layer. The Resident may extend this length as determined by the condition of the match point. No additional payment will be made for the milling of the butt joints but will instead be considered incidental to associated paving items.

Tack Coat

A tack coat of emulsified asphalt, RS-1, RS-1h, CRS-1 or CRS-1h, Item 409.15 shall be applied to any existing pavement at a rate of approximately 0.030 gal/yd², and on milled pavement approximately 0.05 gal/yd² prior to placing a new course. A fog coat of emulsified asphalt shall be applied between shim /base courses and surface course as well as to any bridge membrane prior to the placement of HMA layers at a rate not to exceed 0.030 gal/yd². Cleaning objectionable material from the pavement and furnishing and applying Item 409.15 bituminous materials to joints and contact surfaces is **incidental to the contract paving items**.

SPECIAL PROVISION SECTION 605 UNDERDRAINS

The provisions of Section 605 of the Standard Specifications shall apply with the following additions and modifications:

605.01 DESCRIPTION

This work shall consist of installing 12" underdrain outlets at locations shown on the plans or as directed by the Resident.

605.06 METHOD OF MEASUREMENT

12" Underdrain outlets shall be measured by the Linear Foot, complete in place and accepted.

605.07 BASIS OF PAYMENT

The accepted quantity of 12" Underdrain Outlet will be paid for at the contract unit price per Linear Foot, which shall be full compensation for all labor, materials, tools, equipment, and incidentals necessary to the complete the work.

Payment will be made under:

Pay Item

Pay Unit

Linear Foot

605.111 12" Underdrain Outlet

SPECIAL PROVISION SECTION 609 CURB

The provisions of Section 609 of the 2020 Standard Specifications with the following additions and modifications shall apply:

 $\underline{609.01 \text{ Description}}$ This work consists of constructing curbing and terminal curbing in accordance with the requirements of Section 609 of the Standard Specifications and as shown in the Standard Details.

609.10 Basis of Payment

Payment will be made under:

<u>Pay Item</u> 609.112

Special Granite Curb – 42"

<u>Pay Unit</u> Linear Foot

SPECIAL PROVISION <u>SECTION 609 – CURB</u> STRUCTURAL CONCRETE (Slipform Concrete Curb)

<u>609.01-Description</u> This work shall consist of furnishing and placing Slipform Concrete Curb in close conformity with the plans, or as authorized by the Resident.

<u>609.02 Materials</u> Except as provided below, the materials used shall meet the requirements specified in Section 700 – Materials:

Portland Cement and Portland Pozzolan Cement	701.01
Water	701.02
Fine Aggregate for Concrete	703.01
Coarse Aggregate for Concrete	703.02
Air Entraining Admixtures	703.03

The aggregate shall conform to the requirements of Subsections 703.01 and 703.02.

A mix design for the Portland Cement Concrete shall be submitted to the Resident meeting the requirements of Class A or Class LP with the exception that permeability requirements shall be waived. Entrained air content of Slipform curbing shall be 4.0% to 7.0%.

Partially discharged loads may be retempered with water provided the maximum water to cement ratio is not exceeded.

Maximum concrete temperature at placement shall be 90 F.

Proposed mix designs may contain polypropylene fibers.

609.03-General

<u>a. Preparation of Base</u> Before placing the curb, the foundation course shall be thoroughly cleaned of all foreign and objectionable material. The Contractor shall not place Slipform Concrete Curb on a wet or frozen base. Base pavement for placing epoxy resin binder and slipform curbing may be in an SSD condition but no standing water shall be allowed. String or chalk lines shall be positioned on the prepared base to provide guide lines. For HMA or PCC base the foundation shall be uniformly painted with an epoxy resin adhesive that meets AASHTO M 235, Type I, II, III, IV, or V. Proposed Epoxy Resin Adhesive from the Departments QPL shall be submitted with the concrete mix design for approval prior to placement and used in accordance with manufacturers recommendations.

<u>b. Placing</u> Concrete shall be placed with an approved Slipform machine that will produce a finished product according to the design specified in the plans. For cold weather Slipforming, the outside temperature must be at least 36°F (2.2°C) and rising. The curb shall be placed on a firm, uniform bearing surface, shall conform to the section profile specified in the plans, and shall match the appropriate grade. Expansion joints will be provided at ends of curve radii, or wherever the curb meets rigid structures such as building foundations or fire hydrants. Contraction joints will be placed at 10 foot (3 m) intervals using sawing methods, which shall cut 1-3" into the concrete. Joints shall be constructed perpendicular to the subgrade and match other joints in roadways, sidewalks or other structures when applicable.

<u>c. Curing and Sealing</u> Proper curing shall be insured through the use of either a combination curing/sealing compound spray that meets ASTM 1315Type 1-Class A, or a curing compound spray that meets ASTM 309 type 1-D – Class A. Curing may also be accomplished by the methods specified in Section 502.15 of the Specifications.

If a combination curing/sealing compound spray is not used, a separate sealing compound from the MaineDOT Qualified Products List for a Type 2 sealer shall be applied after the concrete has cured.

<u>d. Protection</u> Slipform curb must be adequately protected after placement. The concrete shall be allowed to cure for at least 72 hours. During cold weather conditions, when temperatures drop below the required temperature of $36^{\circ}F$ (2.2°C) after placement, curbing shall be protected by concrete blankets or a combination of plastic sheeting and straw. After any placement of Slipform curb, regardless of weather conditions, the placed curb shall be adequately protected by traffic control devices as necessary.

<u>e. Marking</u> When required, the curb shall be painted and coated with glass beads in accordance with Section 627 - Pavement Marking. Curb designated to be painted shall not be sealed unless a combination curing/sealing compound is used.

f. Acceptance Curb shall be accepted or rejected based on finish, alignment, entrained air content, and compressive strength. Acceptance testing for air content and compressive strength will be under 502 Method C. All damaged curb shall be removed and replaced at the Contractor's expense.

<u>609.04-Method of Measurement</u> Concrete Slipform curb will be measured by the linear foot along the front face of the curb at the elevation of the finished pavement, complete in place and accepted.

<u>609.05 Basis of Payment</u> The accepted quantities of curb will be paid for at the contract unit price per linear foot as specified.

There will be no separate payment for concrete, sealing, incidental materials, or labor needed to install the curb, but these will be considered included in the work of the related curb.

Removal of existing curb and necessary excavation for installing curb will not be paid for directly, but shall be considered to be included in the curb pay item. Base and Subbase material will be paid for under Section 304 - Aggregate Base and Subbase Course. Backing up machine laid curb is incidental to the curb items. Loam, as directed, will be paid under 615 – Loam.

Payment will be made under:

Pay Item	<u>Pay Unit</u>
609.161 Concrete slipform curb - Vertical	Linear Foot
609.21 Concrete Slipform Curb	Linear Foot
609.219 Concrete slipform curb – Terminal end	Linear Foot

SPECIAL PROVISION <u>SECTION 621</u> LANDSCAPING (Herbaceous Perennials)

The provisions of Section 621 of the Standard Specifications shall apply with the following additions and modifications:

621.01 DESCRIPTION

The intent of this specification is to plant and maintain herbaceous perennials at the locations noted on the plans. Plant material type should match the existing plants in the vicinity. The Contractor shall confirm Plant type with City prior to ordering plants.

The number of plants to be planted shall be enough to provide sufficient cover to the proposed slope in a manor that matches the existing condition. Work to be coordinated with and accepted by the City and Resident or Inspector.

The establishment period shall be 12 months.

621.37 METHOD OF MEASUREMENT

Herbaceous Perennials shall be measured by Each, satisfactorily planted, watered and accepted by the Resident or Inspector.

821.38 BASIS OF PAYMENT

The accepted quantity of Herbaceous Perennials will be paid for by the contract unit price per Each and will be full compensation for the plants, labor, equipment, excavation, materials, fertilizer and anything necessary to compete the work.

Payment will be made under:

Pay	Item

Pay	Unit

Each Lump Sum

621.715	Herbaceous Perennials
621.80	Establishment Period

SPECIAL PROVISION <u>SECTION 643</u> TRAFFIC SIGNALS (Embedded LED Flashing Sign)

The provisions of Section 643 of the Standard Specifications shall apply with the following additions and modifications:

643.01 DESCRIPTION

The intent of this specification is to describe a post mounted, radar speed sign with associated hardware that is to be installed by the contractor per the locations provided on the plans or as directed by the Resident.

643.02 GENERAL

These signs are to be used year-round at unattended locations and must be completely suitable for operation in inclement weather (sun, rain, and snow) as well as in temperatures ranging from -20 degrees Fahrenheit to 120 degrees Fahrenheit without any maintenance.

The sign shall consist of a radar, display board, power system, and a control assembly, all mounted in a portable case able to be deployed by a single person. The Dynamic Feedback signs shall meet these specifications.

The Dynamic Speed Feedback Signs shall be mounted on a wood post. The sign shall be mounted at a height of 5'-0", measured vertically from the bottom of the proposed sign to the proposed edge of pavement. For additional information, see the Maine DOT Standard Details section (09)A.

643.021 MATERIALS

Unless otherwise provided in the contract, all materials shall conform to the following standards, as applicable

- A. Maine DOT
- B. AASHTO
- C. ASTM
- D. AREMA
- E. Standard Conditions and Special Conditions contained in any Permit
- F. Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices (MUTCD)
- G. American with Disabilities Act (ADA)

<u>Mounting Material</u>: A 6"x6" wood post should be used for secure mounting and shall meet the standards and specifications noted in the Maine DOT Standard Details section 645(09)B as well as the Maine DOT Standard Specifications section 645.061 (a).

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643.0211 MATERIAL QUALITY

Materials and manufactured products shall be new unless otherwise specified, free from defect, and in conformity with the specifications. If there is no applicable standard set forth in the specification for a particular item, then the item shall be in accordance with industry standards prevailing at the time of bid. The Department and the City has the Authority to inspect all materials and every detail of the work.

When material is fabricated or treated with another material or where any combination of materials is assembled to form a finished product, any or all of which are covered by specifications, the Department or the City may reject the finish product if any of the components do not comply with the Specifications. The Department or the City may reject materials not conforming to the specifications at any time.

643.0212 MATERIAL SPECIFICATION

The following requirements and criteria for these units shall be met completely.

Any entity that has submitted a particular sign model for review in he past and the sign failed the testing period, is not eligible to submit that model for this project unless accompanied by documentation that indicates the issues with the sign have been rectified.

The Maine DOT reserves the right to lessen the 30-day testing period if it finds that the board does not meet specifications.

Prior to ordering and beginning construction for the signs, the Contractor shall send one (1) Radar Speed Sign to the Department for 30 days of testing. The contractor shall pick up their sign from the Maine DOT following testing.

Signs for testing shall be delivered to and picked up at the Maine DOT Sign Shop at 66 Industrial Drive in Augusta, ME and identified by the Contractors name, address and labeled "WIN 022384.00 – Hotel Road, Auburn". The Contractor shall deliver the materials only during the following time: Monday through Thursday, 7:00 AM through 3:30 PM except for deliveries may not be made on Holidays, or government closure days. The Department will not off-load the materials at the delivery site.

1. DISPLAY SPECIFICATIONS

- a) <u>Dimensions</u>: The traffic facing surface shall not exceed 30" Horizontal and 36" Vertical (MUTCD speed limit dimensions for multi-lane road).
- b) <u>Character Display</u>: The display shall be capable of displaying two (2) 15" high characters.

- c) <u>Message Display</u>: The display shall be capable of displaying the message "SLOW DOWN".
- d) <u>Weight</u>: The sign unit including the sign and dynamic brick with power cord shall be less than 40 lbs.
- e) <u>Finish</u>: The inside of the display enclosure shall be painted black to facilitate heat dispersion.
- f) <u>Glazing</u>: If the display modules are not weatherproof, they shall be protected by a watertight sheet of non-yellowing UV-protected acrylic of polycarbonate.
- g) <u>General</u>: The unit shall meet the requirements of the MUTCD.

2. DATA SYSTEM

- a) <u>Display</u>: The unit shall be able to accurately display the speed of approaching vehicles.
- b) <u>Alert</u>: The unit shall have a method of informing the driver they are exceeding the set speed limit (flashing, written message, etc.).
- c) <u>Logging</u>: The speed and time of all approaching vehicles shall be logged and stored in easily accessible format.
- d) <u>Stealth</u>: The sign shall be capable of logging all vehicles at all speeds without activating the display.
- e) <u>Data Collection</u>: The data shall be accessible by an external device. Data collection software will be supplied with the sign which will provide for data collection, report generation with tabular and graphical presentation, local data storage, and data dissemination.
- f) <u>Sign Programming</u>: Any Software required to program the sign shall be supplied with the sign. The sign shall be able to be set to different trigger speeds.

3. <u>POWER SYSTEM</u>

- a) <u>Power System</u>: The sign shall be powered by batteries that can be fully recharged within one hour by 120-volt AC power.
- b) <u>Batteries</u>: The number and amp hour rating of batteries shall be sufficient to operate the speed sign for 168 hours, at maximum brightness, continuously with no recharging and no solar assist. This load shall include all communications and control devices. Low voltage cutoff which may disconnect the batteries, before

full discharge, will be included in this requirement. This will be confirmed with field measurements of actual current draw.

- c) <u>Power Control Circuitry</u>: The power control circuitry shall protect the batteries from overcharging by the 120-volt and solar chargers. It shall also protect all the components from damage in the event of a short circuit, overload, or similar problem. It shall disconnect the load from the batteries when further discharging could damage the batteries.
- d) <u>Battery Type</u>: Any batteries shall be of a composition that will allow the battery to recharge at low temperatures (below 32 degrees), normally a lead acid base.
- e) <u>Solar Power</u>: The solar panels will be capable of charging the batteries off a single hour of sunlight. Any connections between the solar panel and sign will be of a type that can be connected and disconnected without the use of tools (plug and play).

4. INSTALLATION

- a) A permanent mounting structure may be attached to a pole so s other components (radar detector, display, power system, communications) can easily be installed/removed by a single person.
- b) All parts of the installation required for operation shall be portable, in that they can be installed/removed by a single average person in under 30 minutes (not including permanent mounting devices). **Banding is not an accepted type of mounting.**
- c) It shall be possible to mount/remove the portable sections of the sign with minimal unpowered hand tools (screwdriver, wrench).
- d) A method of locking the sign to the post/mounting structure shall be used so that the sign cannot be removed by unauthorized individuals.

5. <u>TESTING</u>

- a) The Contractor or manufacturer shall test the signs and spare parts. The manufacturer shall develop the test procedures and revise them as necessary to meet the Engineer's approval.
- b) <u>Sign Testing</u>: The test procedure shall be designed to uncover manufacturing defects and shipping damages of all types. The test shall include a visual inspection of the sign. Among the aspects that must be tested are the following:
 - All diagnostic routines provided by the manufacturer.

- Proper operation of every pixel, including uniform brightness at all brightness levels and proper current consumption.
- Proper wiring of the display modules checked by displaying a 2-digit number.
- Appropriate display of brightness for day and night conditions, and brightness when the sun is at its worst condition for the location.
- Proper aiming of the display modules.
- The test plan shall test every interface, feature, and function of the software, including features present but not required by these specifications. The testing shall demonstrate that the software deals appropriately with the communication errors and operator errors. The testing shall confirm that the signs can be monitored and controlled from each of the Owners computers on which the software was installed.
- <u>Spare Parts Testing</u>: Test the parts by substituting them into a working sign.

6. <u>SUPPORT</u>

- a) <u>Technical Support</u>: Phone numbers provided for technical support must be attended by a person who can answer questions or promptly find the answers to questions. An answering machine or answering service does not constitute technical support. The telephone support required by these specifications shall be provided at least eight hours a day on all workdays.
- b) <u>On-Site Support</u>: The manufacturer shall have a representative present when the contractor installs the first sign. The representative shall observe the installation, provide additional training to the contractor as required, ad ensure that the sign is installed correctly. If the manufacturer's representative is not confident that the Contractor can install the remaining signs without assistance, the representative shall immediately notify the Resident or City.
- c) <u>Telephone Support During Installation</u>: The manufacturer shall provide telephone support to the Contractor during installation. This support shall be available until all the signs have been installed.
- d) <u>Telephone Support for Operation and Maintenance</u>: The manufacturer shall provide telephone support to the Owner's operations and maintenance staff for a period of one year following the acceptance of the signs.

7. <u>PAINT</u>

- a) All metal shall be free of rust and mill scale and prepared (beadblasted) for primer and finish paint coat.
- b) A two (2) part epoxy primer shall be applied to prepared metal surfaces to the minimum thickness of 3-5 mils dry.
- c) All paint and primer shall be led free.

8. WARRANTY

a) One-year parts and labor, or standard manufacturer warranty shall apply whichever is greater. Warranty shall begin on the date the unit is put into service.

9. <u>GENERAL</u>

- a) <u>Wiring</u>: All wiring shall be inaccessible to vandals. All external wiring shall be enclosed in liquid-tight flexible conduit or flexible non-metallic tubing. All wiring and connections shall be of sufficient size to support all maximum currents continuously with a maximum of 5% voltage drop, including an "all pixels on" display, for at least three (3) hours. All wiring installation shall meet or exceed National Electrical Code Articles 300 and 310 methods and requirements.
- b) <u>Labeling</u>: All terminals and connections shall be clearly labeled. Labels shall be permanent.

643.18 METHOD OF MEASUREMENT

Dynamic Speed Feedback Signs shall be measured by each, satisfactorily installed, operated, and accepted.

843.19 BASIS OF PAYMENT

The accepted quantity of Dynamic Speed Feedback Signs will be paid for by Each and will be full compensation for the speed feedback sign, mounting hardware for u-channel and wood posts, any software/firmware, solar panels, batteries, mounting hardware for solar panels, wood posts, metal poles, excavation, material, backfill, equipment, tools, labor, oversight and anything required to complete a functioning and fully operational system.

Payment will be made under:

	Pay Item	<u>Pay Unit</u>
643.77	Radar Operated Speed Sign	Each

SPECIAL PROVISION SECTION 652 MAINTENANCE OF TRAFFIC

<u>Approaches</u>. Approach signing shall include the following signs at a minimum. Field conditions may warrant the use of additional signs as determined by the Resident.

Road Work Next X* Miles Road Work 500 Feet (Ahead) End Road Work

Work Areas. At each work site, signs and channelizing devices shall be used as directed by the Resident.

Signs include:

Road Work xxxx¹. One Lane Road Ahead Flagger Sign

Other typical signs include:

Be Prepared to Stop Low Shoulder Bump Pavement Ends

The above lists of Approach signs and Work Area signs are representative of the contract requirements. Other sign legends may be required.

Unless otherwise defined in Special Provision 105/107 or submitted and approved in the Traffic Control Plan, the following shall apply:

- The Contractor shall conduct their operations in such a manner that the roadway will not be restricted to one lane for more than 2,500 feet at each work area and no more than 4,000 feet for paving and milling work areas.
- Where more than one work area restricts traffic to one lane operation, these work areas shall be separated by at least 1 mile of two-way operation.

<u>**Temporary Centerline**</u> A temporary centerline shall be placed each day on all new pavement to be used by traffic. The temporary centerline, when specified of reflectorized traffic paint, shall conform to the standard marking patterns used for permanent markings. Failure to apply a temporary centerline daily will result in a Traffic Control Violation and suspension of paving operations until temporary markers are applied to all previously placed pavement.

¹ "Road Work Ahead" to be used in short duration operations and "Road Work xx feet" to be used in stationary operations as directed by the Resident.

SPECIAL PROVISION SECTION 801 SANITARY SEWER

<u>Description</u> This work shall consist of constructing cellar drain inspection standpipes, in accordance with these specifications and in reasonably close conformity with the lines and grades shown on the plans and as directed by the resident in the field.

Materials Meet Sections:

Sewer Line Bedding and Initial Backfilling	703.02 for class AA
Stone PVC Pipes & Fittings	ASTM D3034 (SDR 35)

Construction Requirements

<u>Excavation</u> Trenches shall be excavated in accordance with the requirements of Section 206 - Structural Excavation and wide enough to allow joining the pipe and compacting the bedding and backfill material under and around the pipe. Unless otherwise designated, trench walls shall be as nearly vertical as possible and the trench width no greater than necessary for installation of the pipe.

Bedding The inspection standpipe and pipe line shall be bedded in original material.

<u>Laying</u> The Contractor shall not install nor backfill cellar drain inspection standpipes between December 15th and April 1st without written permission. Installing shall begin at the downhill end of the cellar drain line. Bell or groove ends shall be placed facing uphill.

<u>Joining</u> The pipe ends shall be thoroughly cleaned before the joint is made. Joints shall be made in accordance with the manufacturer's recommended procedures.

<u>Backfilling</u> After the inspection standpipe and pipe are installed, it will be inspected before any backfill material is placed. All pipe found to be out of alignment, unduly settled or damaged to the extent that full performance is impaired, shall be taken up and re-laid or replaced. One bag of concrete mix shall be installed around the foot of the standpipe, placement as per manufacturer's recommendations.

Trenches shall be backfilled in accordance with Section 206.03 and as follows. The backfill shall be original excavation in 300 mm [12 in] maximum lifts and shall be thoroughly compacted with power tampers or vibratory compactors or other approved equipment or combination of equipment.

<u>Method of Measurement</u> PVC pipe will be measured by the length in meter [foot] along the invert, horizontally and vertically, including fittings and caps, laid as directed, complete

in place, and accepted. Pipe laid in excess of the authorized length will not be included. Pipe installed inside a manhole will not be measured for payment.

<u>Basis of Payment</u> The accepted quantities of pipe will be paid for at the contract unit price per meter [linear foot], for the types and sizes specified, complete in place and shall be full compensation for all labor, materials, equipment, excavation, dewatering, bedding, furnishing and installing pipe, removal and disposal of existing pipes, connecting to manholes, connecting to existing cellar drain, concrete footing, backfill, compacting, cleaning, testing, maintaining existing flows, and all other incidental required.

No payment will be made for pipe ordered without written approval of the Resident when such pipe is not required to be installed for completion of the work.

Payment will be made under:

Pay Item

Pay Unit

801.141	100 mm [4 in] PVC Sanitary Sewer (SDR-35)	meter [Linear Foot]
801.16	150 mm [6 in] PVC Sanitary Sewer (SDR-35)	meter [Linear Foot]
801.17	200 mm [8 in] PVC Sanitary Sewer (SDR-35)	meter [Linear Foot]

2020 STANDARD DETAIL UPDATES

Standard Details and Standard Detail updates are available at: http://maine.gov/mdot/contractors/publications/standarddetail/

Detail # Description		Revision Date			
502(19)	Bridge Drains	3/17/2023			
502(15)	Bridge Drains	3/17/2023			
502(20)	Bridge Drains	3/17/2023			
502(23)	Bridge Drains	3/17/2023			
502(24)	Bridge Drains	3/17/2023			
502(25)	Bridge Drains	3/17/2023			
502(26)	Bridge Drains	3/17/2023			
504(07)	Diaphragm & Crossframe Notes	3/17/2023			
507(20)	Steel Approach Railing 3-Bar	2/11/2021			
507(21)	Steel Approach Railing 3-Bar	2/11/2021			
507(22)	Steel Approach Railing 3-Bar	2/11/2021			
507(23)	Steel Approach Railing 3-Bar	2/11/2021			
507(27)	Steel Approach Railing	2/11/2021			
526(01)	Portable Concrete Barrier	1/14/2021			
526(01A)	Portable Concrete Barrier	1/14/2021			
526(01B)	Portable Concrete Barrier	1/14/2021			
526(02)	Portable Concrete Barrier	1/14/2021			
526(02A)	Portable Concrete Barrier	1/14/2021			
526(03)	Portable Concrete Barrier	1/14/2021			
526(04)	Portable Concrete Barrier	1/14/2021			
526(04A)	Portable Concrete Barrier	1/14/2021			
526(04B)	Portable Concrete Barrier	1/14/2021			
526(05)	Permanent Concrete Barrier	3/17/2023			
526(21)	Permanent Concrete Barrier	3/17/2023			
526(22)	Concrete Transition Barrier	3/17/2023			
526(38)	Concrete Transition Barrier	3/17/2023			
526(39)	Texas Classic Rail	3/17/2023			
526(55)	Texas Classic Rail	3/17/2023			

603(10)	Concrete Pipe Ties	6/10/2021
605(01)	Underdrain	7/8/2022
605(01)	Underdrain Notes	7/8/2022
606(17)	Midway Splice Guardrail Transition	6/10/2022
606(23)	Standard Bridge Transition – Type "1"	2/11/2021
606(24)	Standard Bridge Transition – Type "1A"	2/11/2021
608(02)	Detectable Warnings	6/10/2021
609(09)	Precast Concrete Vertical Curb	2/11/2021
627(07)	Crosswalk	2/22/2022
627(08)	Crosswalk	2/22/2022
643(11)	ATCC Cabinet	12/14/2020
801(11)	Pedestrian Ramp Notes	6/10/2021
801(12)	Pedestrian Ramp Requirements	8/13/2021
801(13)	Ramp Length Table	6/10/2021
801(14)	Parallel Pedestrian Ramp	6/10/2021
801(15)	Perpendicular Pedestrian Ramp – Option 1	6/10/2021
801(16)	Parallel Pedestrian Ramp – Option 2A	6/10/2021
801(17)	Perpendicular Pedestrian Ramp – Option 2A	6/10/2021
801(18)	Parallel Pedestrian Ramp – Option 2B	6/10/2021
801(19)	Perpendicular Pedestrian Ramp – Option 2B	6/10/2021
801(20)	Parallel Pedestrian Ramp – Option 3	6/10/2021
801(21)	Perpendicular Pedestrian Ramp – Option 3	6/10/2021
801(22)	Side Street Pedestrian Ramp	6/10/2021
801(23)	Parallel Pedestrian Ramp – Esplanade	6/10/2021
801(24)	Perpendicular Pedestrian Ramp – Esplanade	6/10/2021
801(25)	Island Crossings	6/10/2021
801(26)	Blended Transition	6/10/2021
801(27)	Pedestrian Ramp Adjacent to Driveway or Entrance	6/10/2021
802(05)	Roadway Culvert End Slope Treatment	1/03/2017

SUPPLEMENTAL SPECIFICATIONS (Corrections, Additions, & Revisions to Standard Specifications – March 2020)

SECTION 101 CONTRACT INTERPRETATION

101.2 Definitions

<u>Construction Easement</u> revise this definition by removing it in its entirety and replace with; "A right acquired by the Department for a specific use of private property outside of the established Right-of-Way. Examples include but are not limited to Drainage Easements, Construction and Maintenance Easements, and Slope Easements. Construction Easement areas, including Temporary Construction Limits and Temporary Road Limits, outside of the Right-of-Way remain private property. No use other than to access and perform the specified work activity is permitted without written permission of the owner."

Construction Limit Line Remove this definition in its entirety.

Holidays Amend this paragraph by adding "Juneteenth" between 'Memorial Day' and 'Independence Day'.

<u>Plans</u> Revise this paragraph by removing "**Standard Details**, **Supplemental Standard Details**" from the first sentence.

<u>Project Limits</u> Revise this definition by removing it in its entirety and replacing it with: "Areas within the Right-of-Way, Construction Easements, or Temporary Construction Limits shown on the Plans or otherwise indicated in the Contract. If no Project Limits are indicated in the Contract, the Project Limits shall be determined by the Department. For a related Maine statute, see 23 MRSA § 653. "

<u>Right-Of-Way</u> Revise this definition by removing it in its entirety and replacing it with: "The area of land, property, or interest therein, acquired for or devoted to the Project or other purposes. Portions of the Right-of-Way may be used for storage of materials and equipment and the location of engineering facilities, subject to written approval by the Department."

Amend this Section by adding the following two definitions (that replace Construction Limit Line);

<u>Temporary Construction Limits</u> The area within which the Contractor may access and perform the Physical Work and outside of which Work may not be performed without written authorization by the property owner.

<u>Temporary Road Limits</u> The area within which the Contractor may construct and maintain a temporary detour for maintenance of traffic.

SECTION 102 BIDDING

<u>102.11 Bid Responsiveness</u> Revise the paragraph that states

"The Bid is not signed by a duly authorized representative of the Bidder." So that it reads:

"The Bid is not signed by a duly authorized representative of the Bidder.

- Properly submitted electronic bids meet this requirement.
- Paper bids must include at least one signed copy of the Contract Agreement Offer & Award form."

SECTION 103 AWARD AND CONTRACTING

103.3.1 Qualification Requirement for Award Revise this subsection so that it reads:

"<u>103.3.1 Qualification Requirement for Award</u> If the Notice to Contractors lists a Prequalification requirement, the Apparent Successful Bidder must successfully complete the Prequalification process as a condition of Award. The Apparent Successful Bidder who does not already hold an Annual Prequalification shall have 21 days to provide the Department with their Prequal documents or the Department may move on to the next low bidder."

SECTION 104 GENERAL RIGHTS AND RESPONSIBILITIES

<u>104.2.1 Furnishing of Right-of-Way</u> Revise this subsection by removing it in its entirety and replace with the new subsection:

<u>"104.2.1 Furnishing of Property Rights</u> The Department will secure all necessary rights to real property within the Project Limits shown on the Right-of-Way Plans that are provided with the Bid Documents. For related provisions, see Sections 104.3.2 – Furnishing of Other Property Rights, Licenses and Permits and 105.4.5 - Maintenance of Existing Structures. For related definitions, see Construction Easements and Right-of-Way."

<u>104.3.2 Furnishing of Other Property Rights, Licenses and Permits</u> Revise this subsection by replacing "<u>104.2.1 Furnishing of Right-of-Way</u>" with "<u>104.2.1 Furnishing of Property Rights</u>".

SECTION 105 GENERAL SCOPE OF WORK

<u>105.10.2 Requirements Applicable to All Contracts</u> Under section A, number 2, in the first sentence of the first paragraph, revise this Section by replacing the word "handicap" in two places with the word "disability" so it now reads:

"2) The Contractor will, in all solicitations or advertisements for employees placed by or on behalf of the Contractor, State that all qualified applicants will receive consideration for employment without regard to race, color, sexual orientation, religious creed, sex, national origin, ancestry, age, physical disability, or mental disability."

SECTION 106 QUALITY

<u>106.6 Acceptance</u> Revise this Subsection by replacing the paragraph beginning with "Acceptance of Hot Mix Asphalt Pavement will be based" with:

"Acceptance of Hot Mix Asphalt Pavement will be based on Method A or C Statistical Acceptance, or Method B or D Acceptance as specified. The method of acceptance for each item is defined in Special Provision, Section 403, Hot Mix Asphalt Pavement. When items of Hot Mix Asphalt Pavement are not so designated, Method A will be utilized whenever there are more than 1000 tons per Hot Mix Asphalt Pavement item, and Method B will be utilized when there are less than or equal to 1000 tons per Hot Mix Asphalt Pavement item."

Revise Subsection "B" by removing it and replacing it with:

"B. Items not designated for Statistical Acceptance will utilize Method B or D Acceptance testing to validate the quality of the material incorporated into the Project. For material paid under Item 403.209 – Method D, or designated to be visually accepted, the Contractor shall provide the Department with a Certification Letter that indicates that the material supplied complies with the Specifications. Test results representative of the certified material shall be attached to the letter.

The Department will randomly sample and test the certified Material for properties noted in Table 1 of Section 502 - Structural Concrete or Table 14 of Section -401.21 Acceptance Method B & D. Material will be subject to rejection as noted in Structural Concrete Section 502.195 - Quality Assurance Method C Concrete or Hot Mix Asphalt, Section 401.2022 Pay Adjustment – Method B & D."

<u>106.7.1 Standard Deviation Method</u> Revise 106.7.1, subsection H by removing the following from the first paragraph:

"Method B: PF = [70 + (Quality Level * 0.33)] * 0.01"

<u>106.9.1 Warranty by Contractor</u> Revise the third paragraph of this section so that it reads:

"For a related provision regarding obligations regarding plantings, see section 621.36 – Maintenance Period. "

SECTION 107 TIME

<u>107.3.1 General</u> Amend this paragraph by adding "**Juneteenth**" between 'Patriot's Day' and 'the Friday after Thanksgiving'.

SECTION 108 PAYMENT

<u>108.3 Retainage</u> Revise the third paragraph of this section so that it reads:

"Upon <u>Final Acceptance</u>, and determination by the department that there are no claims either by or on the Contractor or Subcontractors; no over payments by the department; no LDs due; and no disincentives due, the Department will reduce Retent to 1% of the original Contract Award amount, or \$100,000, whichever is less, as it deems desirable and prudent."

<u>108.4.1 Price Adjustment for Hot Mix Asphalt</u> Revise the first paragraph of this section by replacing the first sentence with the following:

"For each Contract, a price adjustment for performance graded binder will be made for the following pay items, when the total quantity of Hot Mix Asphalt included in these items is in excess of 500 tons, based on the estimated quantities of these items at the time of bid."

Amend this section by adding "Item 461.2101 Polymer Modified 9.5 mm" to the list of Pay Items that are eligible for a price adjustment. Also add "Item 461.2101 - 6.4%" to the list of Asphalt percentages.

SECTION 110 INDEMNIFICATION, BONDING, AND INSURANCE

<u>110.3.9 Administrative & General Provisions</u> Amend this subsection by adding "**Automobile** Liability" under letter A) <u>Additional Insured</u> to the list of exceptions.

SECTION 206 STRUCTURAL EXCAVATION

<u>206.01 Description</u> – *Structural Earth Excavation, Below Grade* delete the entire sentence and replace with "shall consist of the removal of excavation required for unknown or unanticipated subsurface condition. See 206.04 – Method of Measurement for pay limits."

<u>206.04 Method of Measurement</u> – <u>Drainage and Minor Structures</u> Paragraph 1, sentence 2, delete the remainder of the sentence beginning with "....provided the maximum allowable..."And replace with: "**....in accordance with the following limits:**"

- Vertical pay limits:
 - Below a plane parallel with and 12 inches below the bottom of the drainage or minor structure or
 - Below the excavation limits shown in the Bid Documents; whichever is greater.
- Horizontal pay limits The maximum allowable horizontal dimensions shall not exceed those bounded by vertical surfaces 18 inches outside the base, or extreme limits of, the structure, and to the vertical neat lines of underdrain trenches, as shown in the Contract Documents.

SECTION 401 HOT MIX ASPHALT PAVEMENT

<u>401.19 Contractor Quality Control</u> Amend this Section by adding the following to the end: **"Failure to comply with the approved QCP will result in work suspension and pay reductions**

as outlined in Section 106.4.6. The Quality Control Plan Value shall be the total bid value for all items covered by the QCP as identified in Special Provision 403."

SECTION 501 FOUNDATION PILES

501.05 Method of Measurement

<u>c. Piles in Place</u> Revise the third paragraph by replacing the "10" with "20" so that it reads:

Unused pile cutoffs **20** feet or more in length, except those required to accommodate the Contractor's construction method, as discussed herein, will remain the property of the Department and will be stored at a bridge maintenance yard nearest the project. Hauling and unloading of piles will be done by the Contractor or by the Department, depending upon availability of services.

SECTION 502 STRUCTURAL CONCRETE

502.09 Forms and Falsework Amend this subsection by adding the subsection title "502.10 <u>Placing</u> <u>Concrete</u>" after section "D" Removal of Forms and False work" and after the paragraph beginning with "2. Forms and False work, including blocking…". So that a new subsection starts and reads:

"502.10 Placing Concrete

A. <u>General</u> Concrete shall not be placed until forms"

502.1701 Quality Control, Method A and B Revise this Section so that the first paragraph and the first sentence of the second paragraph read:

"502.17 Quality Control The Contractor shall control the quality of the concrete through testing, inspection, and practices which shall be described in the QCP, sufficient to assure a product meeting the Contract requirements. The QCP shall meet the requirements of Section 106, Quality, and this specification. No work under this item shall proceed until the QCP is submitted to and approved by the Department. Failure to comply with the approved QCP will result in work suspension and pay reductions as outlined in Section 106.4.6. The Quality Control Plan Value shall be the total bid value for all cast-in-place items covered by the QCP, using the P value listed in Special Provision 502. If no P value is listed, a value of \$350, or bid value per cubic vard, whichever is less, shall be used.

502.1701 Quality Control, Method A and B The QCP shall address all elements that affect the quality of the structural concrete including, but not limited to, the following: "

Section 502.1701, Quality Control, Revise Table 4 of this Subsection by removing it in its entirety and replacing it with:

TEST	TEST METHOD	SAMPLING LOCATION	FREQUENCY
Gradation	AASHTO T-27 & T-11	Stockpile	One set per proposed grading before production. One set every 100 yd ³ (Min. 1 set per month)
Organic Impurities	AASHTO T-21	Stockpile	Once per fine aggregate per year **
% Absorption	AASHTO T-84 & T-85	Stockpile	Once per aggregate per year
Specific Gravity	AASHTO T-84 & T-85	Stockpile	Once per aggregate per year
Total Moisture in Aggregate	AASHTO T-255	Stockpile	One set per day's production
Free Water and Aggregate Wt.	N/A		One per day's production
% Entrained Air	AASHTO T-152	On Project	On first two loads and every third load thereafter provided consistent results are achieved
Compressive Strength	AASHTO T-22	On Project	One set per sublot
Compressive Strength	AASHTO T-22 @ 7days	On Project	One set per sublot

TABLE 4 METHOD A & B MINIMUM QUALITY CONTROL TESTING REQUIREMENTS *

* Additional QC testing will be required any time a process change occurs during a placement, including changes in type or dosage of admixture. Additional testing shall include, but is not limited to, entrained air testing.

** If the color produced is a laboratory designation Plate III, then the fine aggregate shall be tested once per month.

<u>502.18</u>, Method of Measurement, Revise Subsection 'F' by removing the word 'transverse' so that it reads: "Saw cut grooving of concrete wearing surfaces, complete and accepted, will be measured for payment as one lump sum."

502.19, Basis of Payment, Revise the third paragraph by removing the word 'transverse' so that it reads: "Saw cut grooving of concrete wearing surfaces will be paid for at the Contract Lump Sum Price, which shall be payment for furnishing all materials, labor, and equipment, including depth gauges and all incidentals, to satisfactorily complete the work." (Also see 535.24 and 535.25 for related changes)

SECTION 503 REINFORCING STEEL

<u>Section 503.07 Splicing</u> Revise this section by removing the table and following footnote and replacing them with:

Minimum Lap Splice Length (inches)									
	Bar Size								
Bar Type	#3	#4	#5	#6	#7	#8	#9	#10	#11
Plain or Galvanized	16	20	24	29	38	47	59	72	85
Epoxy or Dual Coated	17	24	36	43	56	71	88	107	128
Stainless	19	24	30	36	47	59	73	89	107
Low-carbon Chromium	24	32	39	47	63	78	97	119	142

"The minimum lap splice lengths in the table above are based on the parameters below. When any of these parameters are altered, appropriate minimum lap splice lengths will be as shown on the Plans.

- Normal weight concrete
- Minimum 28-day concrete compressive strength from 4,000 psi to 10,000 psi
- Class B tension lap splice
- Minimum center-to-center spacing between bars of 6 inches
- Minimum clear cover of 2 inches
- Nominal reinforcing steel yield strengths
 - Low-carbon Chromium = 100 ksi
 - Stainless = 75 ksi
 - All others = 60 ksi
- Reinforcement with yield strengths greater than 75 ksi shall have beam transverse

reinforcement and column ties provided over the required lap splice length in accordancewith the current edition of the AASHTO LRFD Bridge Design Specifications

When lap splices are placed horizontally in an element where the concrete depth below the splice will be 12 inches, or more, the indicated lap splice lengths shall be multiplied by a factor of 1.3."

SHOP APPLIED PROTECTIVE COATING – STEEL

506.13 Surface Preparation Amend this section by adding this paragraph to the end:

"Steel shall meet the requirements of SSPC SP8 Pickling prior to being immersed in the zinc tanks. Verification of the surface preparation shall be included in the QC documentation."

SECTION 523 BEARINGS

523.051 Protective Coating Revise this subsection by removing the paragraph beginning with "Anchor rods shall be galvanized..." and replacing with:

"Anchor rods shall be galvanized. When anchor rods are designated to secure bare unpainted steel or painted steel, a dielectric coating (epoxy or bituminous type coatings are acceptable) shall be applied to the anchor rod and/or adjacent steel to prevent contact between galvanized surfaces and painted or unpainted steel."

523.22 Fabrication Amend this subsection by adding the following: "Elastomeric Bearings shall be fabricated in accordance with AASHTO M251."

SECTION 526 CONCRETE BARRIER

Amend this section by deleting it in its entirety and replacing it with:

"<u>526.01 Description</u> This work shall consist of the furnishing, constructing, erecting, setting, resetting, and removal of concrete barrier and associated elements in accordance with these specifications, the Standard Details, and the lines and grades shown on the Plans or established by the Resident.

The types of concrete barrier are designated as follows:

<u>Portable Concrete Barrier Type I</u> Double faced removable barrier in accordance with the Standard Details.

<u>Permanent Concrete Barrier Type II</u> Double faced barrier as shown on the Plans.

<u>Permanent Concrete Barrier Type IIIa</u> Single faced barrier 32 inches high in accordance with the Standard Details or as shown on the Plans.

<u>Permanent Concrete Barrier Type IIIb</u> Single faced barrier 42 inches high in accordance with the Standard Details or as shown on the Plans.

<u>Permanent Concrete Transition Barrier</u> Barrier of various heights joining steel bridge rail to steel guardrail in accordance with the Standard Details or as shown on the Plans.

<u>Permanent Texas Classic Rail Barrier</u> Traffic rail or sidewalk rail, in accordance with the Standard Details or as shown on the Plans.

526.02 Materials

a. <u>Concrete</u> Concrete for barriers, both permanent and portable, shall have a design strength of 5,000 psi.

For cast-in-place barrier: The concrete shall be Class LP, in accordance with Standard Specification Section 502, Structural Concrete.

For precast barrier: The concrete shall meet the requirements of Standard Specification 712.061, Structural Precast Concrete Units, except that the stripping strength for precast barriers is 4,000 psi.

b. <u>Reinforcing Steel</u> Reinforcing steel shall meet the requirements of Section 503, Reinforcing Steel.

c. <u>Structural Steel</u> Plates and barrier connections shall meet the requirements specified in Standard Specification 504 - Structural Steel and shall be hot dip galvanized after fabrication in accordance with Standard Specification 506, Shop Applied Protective Coating – Steel

d. <u>Bolts</u> Bolts shall meet the requirements specified in Section 713.02, High Strength Bolts.

e. <u>Connecting Pins for Portable Concrete Barrier</u> Portable concrete barriers must be connected using a 1- inch diameter pin. The connecting pin must be smooth, not deformed, i.e., reinforcing bar may not be used, and shall meet the strength requirements of ASTM A449 steel. Materials with greater strength may be used with the approval of the Department.

f. <u>Anchor Pins for Portable Concrete Barrier</u> Anchoring to concrete or asphalt will be required when specified on the Plans. When required, portable concrete barriers must be anchored using a 1 ½ - inch diameter anchor pin. The anchor pin must be smooth, not deformed, i.e., reinforcing bar may not be used, and shall meet the strength requirements of ASTM A36 steel. Materials with greater strength may be used with the approval of the Department.

g. <u>Device Crashworthiness</u> MaineDOT is transitioning to MASH2016 criteria for Portable Concrete Barrier on the following schedule:

New Portable Concrete Barrier shall be crash tested and/or evaluated to MASH2016 criteria.

Current Portable Concrete Barrier in useful serviceable condition that is successfully tested to NCHRP Report 350 or MASH2009 criteria may be utilized through December 31, 2029.

Other current Portable Concrete Barrier that is deemed acceptable by the Department may be utilized on projects off the National Highway System through December 31, 2024. 526.03 Construction Requirements

Cast-in-place barriers shall be fabricated in accordance with Standard Specification Section 502, Structural Concrete. Precast barriers shall be fabricated in accordance with Standard Specification 534, Precast Structural Concrete.

Concrete finish for permanent barrier shall be rubbed as defined in Standard Specification Section 502, Structural Concrete, 502.13 D2 or an approved equal.

Portable concrete barrier shall be generally free from fins and porous areas and shall present a neat and uniform appearance.

Permanent barrier shall have a protective coating applied in accordance with Standard Specification Section 515, Protective Coating for Concrete Surfaces.

Reflective delineators for concrete median barrier shall meet the requirements of Special Provision 645, Highway Signing.

Preformed Joint Filler shall meet the requirements specified in Subsection 705.01, Preformed Expansion Joint Filler.

Permissible dimensional tolerances for all concrete barriers shall be as follows:

a. Cross-sectional dimensions shall not vary from design dimensions by more than ¹/₄ inch. The vertical centerline shall not be out of plumb by more than ¹/₄ inch.

b. Longitudinal dimensions shall not vary from the design dimensions by more than ¹/₄ inch per 10 feet of barrier section and shall not exceed ³/₄ inches per section.

c. Location of anchoring holes shall not vary by more than ½ inch from the dimensions shown in the concrete barrier details on the Plans.

d. Surface straightness shall not vary more than ¹/₄ inch under a 10-foot straightedge.
e. The barrier shall have no significant cracking. Significant cracking is defined as fractures or cracks passing through the section, or any continuous crack extending for a length of 12 inches or more, regardless of position in the section.

<u>526.04 Method of Measurement</u> Permanent Concrete Barrier Type II, IIIa, IIIb, Texas Classic Rail, and Precast Median Barrier will be measured for payment by lump sum, complete in place.

Portable concrete barrier, both anchored and unanchored will be measured for payment by lump sum. Lump sum measurement will include verification of the installation and removal of all portable concrete at the completion of the Contractor's operations.

The Contractor shall replace sections of portable concrete barrier, including anchored barrier damaged by the traveling public when directed by the Resident. Replacement sections will be measured for payment in accordance with Standard Specification 109.7, Equitable Adjustments to Compensation and Time.

Transition barrier will be measured by each, complete in place.

<u>526.05 Basis of Payment</u> The accepted quantities of Concrete Barrier Type II, IIIa, IIIb, Texas Classic Rail, and Precast Median Barrier will be paid for at the Contract lump sum price for the type specified, complete in place.

The accepted quantities of Portable Concrete Barrier Type I, both anchored and unanchored will be paid for at the Contract lump sum price. Such payment shall be full compensation for furnishing all materials, assembling, moving, resetting, transporting, temporarily storing, removing barrier, furnishing new parts as necessary, and all incidentals necessary to complete the work.

Portable barrier shall become the property of the Contractor upon completion of the use of the barrier on the project and shall be removed from the project site by the Contractor.

Transition barrier will be paid for at the Contract price each, complete in place.

The accepted quantity of all types of concrete barrier, whether portable or permanent, will be paid for at the lump sum or per each price, as applicable, which payment shall be full compensation for all materials, including reinforcing steel, protective coating, reflective delineators, steel plates and hardware, equipment, labor and incidentals required, as necessary, to complete the work.

Payment will be made under:

	Pay Item	<u>Pay Unit</u>
526.301	Portable Concrete Barrier, Type I	Lump Sum
526.304	Portable Concrete Barrier, Anchored Type I	Lump Sum
526.312	Permanent Concrete Barrier Type II	Lump Sum
526.321	Permanent Concrete Barrier Type IIIa	Lump Sum
526.323	Texas Classic Rail	Lump Sum
526.331	Permanent Concrete Barrier Type IIIb	Lump Sum
526.34	Permanent Concrete Transition Barrier	Each
526.502	Precast Concrete Median Barrier	Lump Sum"

<u>SECTION 527</u> ENERGY ABSORBING UNIT

527.02 Materials Amend this section by deleting it in its entirety and replacing it with:

"MaineDOT is transitioning to MASH2016 criteria for Work Zone Traffic Control Devices on the following schedule:

Portable Crash Cushions will be crash tested and/or evaluated to MASH2016 criteria by January 1, 2030. Current Category 3 devices in useful serviceable condition that are successfully tested to NCHRP Report 350 or MASH2009 criteria may be utilized through December 31, 2029.

Work Zone Crash Cushions shall be selected from the Department's Qualified Products List of Crash Cushions/Impact Attenuators or approved equal."

SECTION 535 PRECAST, PRESTRESSED CONCRETE SUPERSTRUCTURE

535.24, Installation of Slabs, Beams, and Girders Revise the 5th paragraph by replacing "6.0 and 9.0" to "5.0 and 8.0" so it reads: "**Ready mixed grout shall achieve a design compressive strength of 6,000 psi at 28 days, have an entrained air content of between 5.0 and 8.0 percent, be non-shrink, flowable, and contain a non-shrink additive listed on the Department QPL for expansive cements."**

535.25, Installation of Precast/Prestressed Deck Panels Revise the 2nd paragraph by replacing "6.0 and 9.0" to "5.0 and 8.0" so it reads: "Ready mixed grout shall achieve a design compressive strength of 6,000 psi at 28 days, have an entrained air content of between 5.0 and 8.0 percent, be non-shrink, flowable, and contain a non-shrink additive listed on the Department QPL for expansive cements."

SECTION 606 GUARDRAIL

Amend this section by replacing it with the following:

<u>606.01</u> Description This work shall consist of furnishing and installing guardrail components in accordance with these specifications and in reasonably close conformity with the lines and grades shown on the plans or as established. Guardrail is designated as:

<u>31" W-Beam Guardrail - Mid-Way Splice</u> Galvanized steel w-beam, 8" wood or composite offset blocks, galvanized steel posts <u>Thrie Beam</u> Galvanized steel thrie beam, 8" wood or composite offset blocks, galvanized steel posts

Median guardrail shall consist of two beams of the above types, mounted on single posts.

Bridge mounted guardrail shall consist of furnishing all labor, materials, and equipment necessary to install guardrail as shown on the plans. This work shall also include drilling for and installation of offset blocks if specified, and incidental hardware necessary for satisfactory completion of the work.

Remove and Reset and Remove, Modify, and Reset guardrail shall consist of removing the existing designated guardrail and resetting in a new location as shown on the plans or directed by the Resident. Remove, Modify, and Reset guardrail and Modify guardrail include the following guardrail modifications: Removing plate washers at all posts, except at anchorage assemblies as noted on the Standard Details, adding offset blocks, and other modifications as listed in the Construction Notes or General Notes. Modifications shall conform to the guardrail Standard Details.

Bridge Connection shall consist of the installation and attachment of beam guardrail to the existing bridge. This work shall consist of constructing a concrete end post or modifying an existing end post as required, furnishing, and installing a terminal connector, necessary hardware, and incidentals required to complete the work as shown on the plans. Bridge Transition shall consist of a bridge connection and furnishing and installing guardrail components as shown in the Standard Details.

<u>606.02 Materials</u> Materials shall meet the requirements specified in the following Sections of Division 700 - Materials:

708.05
710.04
710.07
710.08

Guardrail components shall meet the applicable standards of "A Guide to Standardized Highway Barrier Hardware" prepared and approved by the AASHTO-AGC-ARTBA Joint Cooperative Committee, Task Force 13 Report.

Posts for underdrain delineators shall be "U" channel steel, 8 ft long, 2 $\frac{1}{2}$ lb/ft minimum and have 3/8-inch round holes, 1-inch center to center for a minimum distance of 2 ft from the top of the post.

Reflectorized Flexible Guardrail Markers shall be mounted on all guardrails. A marker shall be mounted onto guardrail posts at the flared guardrail terminal end point and tangent point, both at the leading and trailing ends of each run of guardrail. The marker's flexible posts shall be gray with either silver-white or yellow reflectors (to match the edge line striping) at the tangents, red at leading ends, and green at trailing ends. Whenever the guardrail terminal is not flared, markers will only be required at the terminal end point. These shall be red or green as appropriate. Markers shall be installed on the protected side of guardrail posts unless otherwise approved by the Resident. Reflectorized flexible guardrail markers shall be from the Department's Qualified Products List of Delineators. The marker shall be gray, flexible, durable, and of a non-discoloring material to which 3-inch by 9-inch reflectors shall be applied, and capable of recovering from repeated impacts and meeting MASH 16 requirements. Reflective material shall meet the requirements of Section 719.01 for ASTM D 4956 Type III reflective sheeting. The marker shall be secured to the guardrail post with two fasteners, as shown in the Standard Details.

Reflectorized beam guardrail reflectors shall be mounted on all "w" beam guardrail and shall be either the "butterfly" type or linear delineation system panels. "Butterfly" or linear delineation panels shall be installed at approximately 62.5 foot intervals on tangents (after every tenth post) and 31.25 feet on curves (after every fifth post), and shall be centered on the guardrail beam. On Divided highways, the left-hand delineators shall be yellow and the right-hand delineators shall be silver/ white. On two-way directional highways, the right-hand side will have silver / white reflectors and no reflectorized delineator used on the left. Delineators shall have reflective sheeting that meets or exceeds the requirements of Section 719.01.

"Butterfly" reflectors shall be fabricated from high-impact, ultraviolet & weather resistant thermoplastic. Aluminum, galvanized metal or other materials shall not be used. Reflective sheeting will be applied to only one side of the delineator facing the direction of traffic and shall be centered vertically on the guardrail beam as shown in the Standard Detail 606(7).

Linear delineation system panels shall be 1.5 inches wide by approximately 11 inches nominal length, with a minimum of 5 raised lateral ridges spaced at approximately 2.25 inches. The height of each ridge shall be 0.34 inches with a 45 degree profile and a 0.28 inches radius at the top. Sheeting shall be laminated to thin gauge aluminum with a pre-applied adhesive tape on the back. Panels shall not be installed over seams or bolt heads and shall be centered horizontally on the guardrail beam; linear delineation panels shall be attached to only one guardrail beam. The guardrail beam surface shall be cleaned and prepared according to the manufacturer's instructions. Air temperature and guardrail surface temperature must be a minimum of 50 degrees F (10 C) with rising temperature at the time of installation.

Exact locations of the either the "butterfly" type or the linear delineation panels shall be approved by the Resident prior to installation.

Single wood post shall be of cedar, white oak, or tamarack, well-seasoned, straight, and sound and have been cut from live trees. The outer and inner bark shall be removed, and all knots trimmed flush with the surface of the post. Posts shall be uniform taper and free of kinks and bends.

Single steel post shall conform to the requirements of Section 710.07 b.

Single steel pipe post shall be galvanized, seamless steel pipe conforming to the requirements of ASTM A120, Schedule No. 40, Standard Weight.

Acceptable multiple mailbox assemblies shall be listed on the Department's Qualified Products List and shall be MASH 16 tested and approved.

Flared and Tangent w-beam guardrail terminals and guardrail offset blocks shall be from the Department's Qualified Products List. Flared terminals shall be installed with a 4 ft offset as shown in the Manufacturer's installation instructions.

Anchorage assemblies used to anchor trailing ends, radius guardrail, or other ends not exposed to traffic shall meet the applicable standards of "A Guide to Standardized Highway Barrier Hardware" prepared and approved by the AASHTO-AGC-ARTBA Joint Cooperative Committee, Task Force 13 Report, Drawing SEW02a.

Existing materials damaged or lost during adjusting, removing and resetting, or removing, modifying, and resetting, shall be replaced by the Contractor without additional compensation. Existing guardrail posts and guardrail beams found to be unfit for reuse shall be replaced when directed by the Resident.

<u>606.03 Posts</u> Posts for guardrail shall be set plumb in holes or they may be driven if suitable driving equipment is used to prevent battering and distorting the post. When posts are driven through pavement, the damaged area around the post shall be repaired with approved bituminous patching. Damage to lighting and signal conduit and conductors shall be repaired by the Contractor.

When set in holes, posts shall be on a stable foundation and the space around the posts, backfilled in layers with suitable material, thoroughly tamped.

The reflectorized flexible guardrail markers shall be set plumb with the reflective surface facing the oncoming traffic. Markers shall be installed on the protected side of guardrail posts. Markers, which become bent or otherwise damaged, shall be removed and replaced with new markers.

Single wood posts shall be set plumb in holes and backfilled in layers with suitable material, thoroughly tamped. The Resident will designate the elevation and shape of the top. The posts, that are not pressure treated, shall be painted two coats of good quality oil base exterior house paint.

Single steel posts shall be set plumb in holes as specified for single wood posts or they may be driven if suitable driving equipment is used to prevent battering and distorting the post.

Additional bolt holes required in existing posts shall be drilled or punched, but the size of the holes shall not exceed the dimensions given in the Standard Details. Metal around the holes shall be

thoroughly cleaned and painted with two coats of approved aluminum rust resistant paint. Holes shall not be burned.

<u>606.04 Rails</u> Brackets and fittings shall be placed and fastened as shown on the plans. Rail beams shall be erected and aligned to provide a smooth, continuous barrier. Beams shall be lapped with the exposed end away from approaching traffic.

End assemblies shall be installed as shown on the plans and shall be securely attached to the rail section and end post.

All bolts shall be of sufficient length to extend beyond the nuts but not more than $\frac{1}{2}$ inch. Nuts shall be drawn tight.

Additional bolt holes required in existing beams shall be drilled or punched, but the size of the holes shall not exceed the dimensions given in the Standard Details. Metal around the holes shall be thoroughly cleaned and painted with two coats of approved aluminum rust resistant paint. Holes shall not be burned.

<u>606.045 Offset Blocks</u> The same offset block material is to be provided for the entire project unless otherwise specified.

<u>606.05</u> Shoulder Widening At designated locations the existing shoulder of the roadway shall be widened as shown on the plans. All grading, paving, seeding, and other necessary work shall be in accordance with the Specifications for the type work being done.

<u>606.06 Mail Box Post</u> Single wood post shall be installed at the designated location for the support of the mailbox. The multiple mailbox assemblies shall be installed at the designated location in accordance with the Standard Details and as recommended by the Manufacturer. Attachment of the mailbox to the post will be the responsibility of the home or business owner.

<u>606.07 Abraded Surfaces</u> All galvanized surfaces of new guardrail and posts, which have been abraded so that the base metal is exposed, and the threaded portions of all fittings and fasteners and cut ends of bolts shall be cleaned and painted with two coats of approved rust resistant paint.

<u>606.08 Method of Measurement</u> Guardrail will be measured by the linear foot from center to center of end posts along the gradient of the rail except where end connections are made to masonry or steel structures, in which case measurement will be as shown on the plans. When connected to radius rail, measurement will be to the end of the last tangent beam.

Guardrail terminal, reflectorized flexible guardrail marker, terminal end, anchorage assembly, bridge transition, bridge connection, multiple mailbox post, and single post will be measured by each unit of the kind specified and installed.

Widened shoulder will be measured as a unit of grading within the limits shown on the plans.

Excavation in solid rock for placement of posts will be paid under force account unless otherwise indicated in the Bid Documents.

Reflectorized beam guardrail reflectors ("butterfly" type or linear delineation system panels) when identified by pay item, will be measured for payment by each.

<u>606.09 Basis of Payment</u> The accepted quantities of guardrail will be paid for at the contract unit price per linear foot for the type specified, complete in place. Reflectorized beam guardrail ("butterfly"-type) delineators will not be paid for directly but will be considered incidental to guardrail items. Reflectorized flexible guardrail marker, terminal end, anchorage assembly, bridge transition, bridge connection, multiple mailbox post, and single post will be paid for at the contract unit price each for the kind specified complete in place.

Guardrail terminals will be paid for at the contract price each, complete in place which price shall be full payment for furnishing and installing all components including the terminal section, posts, offset blocks, "w" beam, cable foundation posts, plates and for all incidentals necessary to complete the installation within the limits as shown on the Standard Details or the Manufacturer's installation instructions. Pay limits for a flared terminal will be 37.5 feet. Pay limits for a tangent terminal will be 50 feet. Each guardrail terminal will be clearly marked with the Manufacturer's name and model number to facilitate any future needed repair. Such payment shall also be full compensation for furnishing all material, excavating, backfilling holes, assembling, and all incidentals necessary to complete the work, except that for excavation for posts or anchorages in solid ledge rock, payment will be made under 109.7.5 – Force Account. Type III Retroreflective Adhesive Sheeting shall be applied to the approach buffer end sections and sized to substantially cover the end section. On all roadways, the ends shall be marked with alternating black and retroreflective yellow stripes. The stripes shall be 3 in wide and sloped down at an angle of 45 degrees toward the side on which traffic is to pass the end section. Guardrail terminals shall also include a set of installation drawings supplied to the Resident.

Anchorages to bridge end posts will be part of the bridge work. Connections thereto will be considered included in the unit bid price for guardrail.

Guardrail to be placed on a radius of curvature of 150 ft or less will be paid for under the designated radius pay item for the type guardrail being placed.

Widened shoulder will be paid for at the contract unit price each complete in place and will be full compensation for furnishing and placing, grading and compaction of aggregate subbase and any required fill material.

Adjust guardrail will be paid for at the contract unit price per linear foot and will be full compensation for adjusting to grade. Payment shall also include adjusting guardrail terminals where required.

Modify guardrail will be paid for at the contract unit price per linear foot and will be full compensation for furnishing and installing offset blocks, additional posts, and other specified modifications; removing, modifying, installing, and adjusting to grade existing posts and beams; removing plate washers and backup plates, and all incidentals necessary to complete the work. Payment shall also include removing and resetting guardrail terminals where required.

Remove and Reset guardrail will be paid for at the contract unit price per linear foot and will be full compensation for removing, transporting, storing, reassembling all parts, necessary cutting, furnishing new parts when necessary, reinstalling at the new location, and all other incidentals necessary to complete the work. Payment shall also include removing and resetting guardrail terminals when required.

Remove, Modify, and Reset guardrail will be paid for at the contract unit price per foot and will be full compensation for the requirements listed in Modify guardrail and Remove and Reset guardrail.

Bridge Connections will be paid for at the contract unit price each. Payment shall include, attaching the connection to the endpost including furnishing and placing concrete and reinforcing steel necessary to construct new endposts if required, furnishing and installing the terminal connector, and all miscellaneous hardware, labor, equipment, and incidentals necessary to complete the work.

Bridge Transitions will be paid for at the contract unit price each. Payment shall include furnishing and installing the thrie beam or "w"-beam terminal connector, doubled beam section, and transition section, where called for, posts, hardware, precast concrete transition curb, and any other necessary materials and labor, including the bridge connection as stated in the previous paragraph.

No payment will be made for guardrail removed, but not reset and all costs for such removal shall be considered incidental to the various contract pay items.

Reflectorized beam guardrail reflectors ("butterfly" type and the linear delineation panels) will not be paid for directly but will be considered incidental to all new guardrail items. The Contractor shall furnish and install either the "butterfly" type or linear delineation panels, at its discretion, for new guardrail items.

Reflectorized beam guardrail reflectors (either "butterfly" type or linear delineation system panels) will be paid for under the applicable pay items for installation in conjunction with Adjust, Modify, Remove and Reset, Remove Modify and Reset guardrail items. The accepted quantity of "butterfly" type or linear delineation system panels will be paid for at the contract unit price each for all work and materials furnished to install, complete in place, including all incidentals necessary to complete the work.

Payment will be made under:

Pay Item

506.1301	31" W-Beam Guardrail - Mid-Way Splice – Single Faced	Linear Foot
506.1302	31" W-Beam Guardrail - Mid-Way Splice – Double Faced	Linear Foot
506.1303	31" W-Beam Guardrail - Mid-Way Splice, 15' Radius and Less	Linear Foot
606.1304	31" W-Beam Guardrail - Mid-Way Splice, Over 15' Radius	Linear Foot
606.1305	31" W-Beam Guardrail - Mid-Way Splice Flared Terminal	Each
606.1306	31" W-Beam Guardrail - Mid-Way Splice Tangent Terminal	Each
506.1307	Bridge Transition (Asymmetrical) – Type IA	Each

Pay Unit

606.1721	Bridge Transition - Type I	Each
606.1722	Bridge Transition - Type II	Each
606.1731	Bridge Connection - Type I	Each
606.1732	Bridge Connection - Type II	Each
606.178	Guardrail Beam	Linear Foot
606.25	Terminal Connector	Each
606.257	Terminal Connector - Thrie Beam	Each
606.259	Anchorage Assembly	Each
606.265	Terminal End-Single Rail - Galvanized Steel	Each
606.266	Terminal End-Single Rail - Corrosion Resistant Steel	Each
606.275	Terminal End-Double Rail - Galvanized Steel	Each
606.276	Terminal End-Double Rail - Corrosion Resistant Steel	Each
606.352	Reflectorized Beam Guardrail Delineators ("Butterfly" type)	Each
606.3521	Linear Delineation System Panel	Each
606.353	Reflectorized Flexible Guardrail Marker	Each
606.354	Remove and Reset Reflectorized Flexible Guardrail Marker	Each
606.356	Underdrain Delineator Post	Each
606.358	Guardrail, Modify	Linear Foot
606.362	Guardrail, Adjust	Linear Foot
606.365	Guardrail, Remove, Modify, and Reset	Linear Foot
606.366	Guardrail, Remove and Reset	Linear Foot
606.367	Replace Unusable Existing Guardrail Posts	Each
606.3671	Replace Unusable Offset Blocks	Each
606.47	Single Wood Post	Each
606.48	Single Galvanized Steel Post	Each
606.50	Single Steel Pipe Post	Each
606.51	Multiple Mailbox Support	Each
606.568	Guardrail, Modify - Double Rail	Linear Foot
606.63	Thrie Beam Rail Beam	Linear Foot
606.64	Guardrail Thrie Beam - Double Rail	Linear Foot
606.65	Guardrail Thrie Beam - Single Rail	Linear Foot
606.66	Terminal End Thrie Beam	Each
606.70	Transition Section - Thrie Beam	Each
606.71	Guardrail Thrie Beam - 15 ft radius and less	Linear Foot
606.72	Guardrail Thrie Beam - over 15 ft radius	Linear Foot
606.73	Guardrail Thrie Beam - Single Rail Bridge Mounted	Linear Foot
606.74	Guardrail - Single Rail Bridge Mounted	Linear Foot
606.753	Widen Shoulder for Low Volume Guardrail End	Each
606.754	Widen Shoulder for Flared Guardrail Terminal	Each
606.78	Low Volume Guardrail End	Each
606.80	Buried-in-Slope Guardrail End	Each

SECTION 608 SIDEWALKS

<u>Section 608.022Detectable Warning Materials Standard</u> Revise this section by removing the last sentence of this section beginning with "Concrete..." and replacing it with "Concrete shall meet the requirements of Section 608.021, Sidewalk Materials, of this specification or may be a prepackaged concrete mix from the Department's Qualified Products List (QPL)."

SECTION 609 CURB

<u>609.02 Materials</u> Revise the paragraph beginning "The Contractor shall submit a concrete mix..." so that it reads:

"The Contractor shall submit a concrete mix design for the Portland Cement Concrete to the Resident, with a minimum designed compressive strength of 3000 psi concrete fill."

609.03 Vertical Stone Curb, Terminal Section and Transition Sections and Portland Cement Concrete Curb, Terminal Sections and Transition Sections section number and title so that it reads in the spec book as:

<u>"609.03 Vertical Stone Curb, Terminal Section and Transition Sections and Portland Cement</u> Concrete Curb, Terminal Sections and Transition Sections"

Revise the last paragraph beginning with "The Contractor may elect..." so that it reads:

"The Contractor may elect to substitute concrete to backfill Stone Curbing or Stone Edging at their option. If the concrete backfill option is elected, the Concrete Fill shall meet the requirements of 609.02. The Contractor shall submit a concrete design for the Portland Cement Concrete, with a minimum designated compressive strength of 3000 PSI meeting the requirements of Class S or Class Fill Concrete. The Contractor may elect to choose a Prepackaged Concrete Mix from the Department's Qualified Products list (QPL). Concrete backfill shall be completed in conformance with a Department supplied concrete backfill detail."

SECTION 610

STONE FILL, RIPRAP, STONE BLANKET, AND STONE DITCH PROTECTION

610.02 MaterialsAmend this subsection by adding the following to the end of the material list:"Stone Ditch Protection703.29"

SECTION 618 SEEDING

<u>618.08 Mulching</u> Revise this Section so that the third sentence reads: "Mulch for Seeding Method Number 1 shall only be cellulous fiber mulch Section 619.04 (b) or straw mulch Section 619.04 (a)."

SECTION 619 MULCH

<u>619.03 General</u> Amend this Section by adding the following sentence to the end: "Straw mulch shall be used in all wetland areas."

SECTION 626 FOUNDATIONS, CONDUIT, AND JUNCTION BOXES FOR HIGHWAY SIGNING, LIGHTING, AND SIGNALS

<u>Section 626.021 Miscellaneous Materials</u> Revise this section by removing the fourth paragraph beginning with "All Concrete for concrete encasement..." and replace it with "All concrete for concrete encasement of conduit shall be Class S or Class Fill concrete in accordance with the applicable requirements of Section 502 – Structural Concrete, or a Prepackaged Concrete Mix from the Department's Qualified Products List (QPL)."

<u>Section 626.031Conduit</u> Revise the fifth paragraph beginning with "After the trench has been..." by removing the last sentence beginning with "Where concrete encasement..." and replacing it with "Where concrete encasement is required around the conduit, the concrete shall meet Class S, Class Fill in accordance with the applicable requirements of Section 502 – Structural Concrete, or a Prepackaged Concrete Mix from the Department's Qualified Products List (QPL)."

<u>626.034</u> Concrete Foundations Revise this Section by changing '626.037' to '**626.036**' in the Second Paragraph which begins with "Foundations shall consist of cast-in-place...".

Revise the 10th paragraph beginning with "Before placing concrete, the required elbows…" by removing "…**in accordance with Standard Specification 633**."

<u>626.036 Precast Foundations</u> Revise the last sentence of paragraph one so that it reads: "Construction of precast foundations shall conform to the Standard Details and all requirements of 712.061."

SECTION 627 PAVEMENT MARKINGS

<u>627.06 Application</u> Revise this subsection by replacing the paragraph beginning with "On other final pavement markings..." with the following:

"On other final pavement markings and on curb, where the paint is applied by hand painting or spraying, application shall be one uniform covering coat at least 16 mils thick. Before the paint has dried, the glass beads shall be applied by a pressure system that will force the glass beads onto the undried paint as uniformly as possible.

Painted lines and markings shall be applied in accordance with the manufacturer's published recommendations. These recommendations will be supplied to the Resident prior to installation."

Revise this subsection by replacing the paragraph beginning with "If the final reflectivety values are less..." with the following:

The final reflectivity will be acceptable if 90 percent or more of the painted pavement lines and markings meet the specified minimum value. If less than 90 percent of the painted pavement lines and markings meet the specified minimum final reflectivity values, the Contractor shall repaint those areas not meeting required reflectivity at no cost to the Department.

If, after repainting, analysis of the final reflectivity values results in the need for a second repainting, the Contractor will submit in writing a plan of action to meet the reflectivity minimums prior to continuing any work. Once the plan has been reviewed and approved by the Department, the Contractor shall reapply at no cost to the Department.

SECTION 637 DUST CONTROL

Revise this section by removing it in its entirety.

<u>SECTION 643</u> TRAFFIC SIGNALS

<u>643.021 Materials</u> Amend this subsection by adding the following at the end:

"MaineDOT is transitioning to MASH2016 criteria for Work Zone Traffic Control Devices on the following schedule:

Temporary Traffic Control Signals will be crash tested and/or evaluated to MASH2016 criteria by January 1, 2030. Current Category 4 devices in useful serviceable condition that are successfully tested to NCHRP Report 350 or MASH2009 criteria may be utilized through December 31, 2029."

<u>643.023 Traffic Signal Structures</u> Remove the third paragraph and replace it with the following:

"Traffic signal support structures shall be classified as Fatigue Category III if they are located on roads with a speed limit of 35 mph or less, Fatigue Category II if they are located on roads with a speed limit of greater than 35 mph, and Fatigue Category I if noted on the Contract Plans. Fatigue Importance Factors shall be as specified in Table 11.6-1 (Fatigue Importance Factors). Fatigue analyses are not required for span-wire (strain) pole traffic signal support structures with heights of 55 feet or less unless required by the current edition of AASHTO "LRFD Specifications for Structural Supports for Highway Signs, Luminaires, and Traffic Signals".

<u>643.09 Service Connection</u> Revise this subsection by removing the paragraph that begins with "Traffic signal services shall have...".

And by removing the paragraphs beginning with "A service ground rod shall be installed..." and "A total of 4, 10' service..." and replace them with "A total of 4, 10' service ground rods shall be installed and properly connected together on the outside of the cabinet foundation. One ground rod shall be located at each corner and shall be either flush or slightly below finished grade. The connection between the ground rod and the ground wire shall be an exothermic connection such as a Cadweld. The ground wire from the interconnected ground rods shall be routed through a conduit in the foundation and into the base of the cabinet".

<u>SECTION 645</u> HIGHWAY SIGNING

<u>Section 645.023 Sign Support Structures</u>. Under letter "c.", revise the fifth paragraph beginning with "In addition to the required details..." by removing the words "**and foundation**" from the 5th sentence.

<u>Section 645.08 Method of Measurement</u>. Revise the second paragraph beginning with "Bridge-type, cantilever and..." by removing the words "**including the foundation**".

<u>Section 645.09 Basis of Payment</u>. Revise the third paragraph beginning with "The accepted bridgetype, cantilever and..." by removing the word "**foundation**" from the second sentence. Add the following sentence to the end of the paragraph "**Conduits**, Junction Boxes, and Foundations will be paid for under Section 626."

<u>SECTION 652</u> MAINTENANCE OF TRAFFIC

652.2.5 Portable Changeable Message Sign Revise the fifth paragraph so it reads:

"The control system shall include a display screen upon which messages can be reviewed before being displayed on the message sign. The control system shall be capable of maintaining memory when power is unavailable. Messages must be changeable with either a portable electronic device like a notebook computer or an on-board keypad. The controller shall have the capability to store a minimum of 200 user-defined and 200 pre-programmed messages. Controller and battery compartments shall be enclosed in lockable, weather-tight boxes. The cabinet shall be locked at all times that the Contractor is not actively changing the message. The Contractor shall change the password for the controller prior to stationing the PCMS and shall provide the password to the Resident. The password shall be unique per PCMS and secure and shall not be written anywhere in, on, around, or stored in the PCMS."

Amend this Section by adding the following new subsection:

<u>"652.2.6 Device Crashworthiness</u> MaineDOT is transitioning to MASH2016 criteria for Work Zone Traffic Control Devices on the following schedule:

Category 1 (Cones, Drums, Tubular Markers, Flexible Delineators, and similar devices that have little chance if causing windshield penetration, tire damage, or other significant effect on the control or trajectory of a vehicle) – All Category 1 devices will be manufacturer self-certified as MASH2016 by January 1, 2025. Current Category 1 devices in useful serviceable condition that are not self-certified as MASH2016 compliant may be utilized through December 31, 2024.

Category 2 (Barricades, Portable Sign Supports, Category 1 devices with attachments, and similar devices that are not expected to produce significant vehicular velocity change but may be otherwise hazardous) – All Category 2 devices will be crash tested and/or evaluated to MASH2016 criteria by January 1, 2025. Current Category 2 devices in useful serviceable condition that are successfully tested to NCHRP Report 350 or MASH2009 criteria may be utilized through December 31, 2024.

Category 3 (Portable Concrete Barrier, Portable Crash Cushions, Truck Mounted Attenuators, Category 2 devices weighing more than 100 pounds, and similar devices that are expected to produce significant vehicular velocity change or other harmful reactions) – All Category 3 devices will be crash tested and/or evaluated to MASH2016 criteria by January 1, 2030. Current Category 3 devices in useful serviceable condition that are successfully tested to NCHRP Report 350 or MASH2009 criteria may be utilized through December 31, 2029. (See Standard Specification 526 for additional Portable Concrete Barrier information).

Category 4 (Trailer Mounted Devices: Arrow Boards, Temporary Traffic Control Signals, Area Lighting, Portable Changeable Message Sign, and other similar devices.) – All Category 4 devices will be crash tested and/or evaluated to MASH2016 criteria by January 1, 2030. Current Category 4 devices in useful serviceable condition that are successfully tested to NCHRP Report 350 or MASH2009 criteria may be utilized through December 31, 2029." 652.3.3 Submittal of Traffic Control Plan Amend this section by adding:

"n. A security plan for any PCMS shall be included. The Contractor shall provide a plan for secure access to the PCMS and protection from unauthorized users. The plan shall have details on securing the cabinets via a lock and password from unauthorized users, password changing protocols, and where the access information will be kept so it can be used in the event of emergency. The Contractor shall not Identify or store passwords in the TCP."

<u>652.4 Flaggers</u> Revise the first paragraph of this section so that it reads:

"The Contractor shall furnish flaggers as required by the TCP or as otherwise specified by the Resident. All flaggers must have successfully completed a flagger test approved by the Department and administered by a Department-approved Flagger-Certifier who is employing that flagger. All flaggers must carry an official certification card with them while flagging that has been issued by their employer."

SECTION 681

PRECAST AGGREGATE-FILLED, CONCRETE BLOCK GRAVITY WALL

<u>681.08 Basis of Payment</u> Amend this section by adding the Item Number "**681.10**' in front of the item "Precast Aggregate-Filled Concrete Block Gravity Wall" at the end of the section.

SECTION 701

STRUCTURAL CONCRETE RELATED MATERIAL

701.01 Portland Cement and Portland Pozzolan Cement Amend the first sentence of Paragraph 3 by adding "or Type 1L Portland Limestone cement" so that it reads: "A Type IP (MS) Portland-pozzolan cement (blended hydraulic cement with moderate sulfate resistance) or Type 1L Portland Limestone cement meeting the requirements of AASHTO M 240, may be used instead of Type II or where Type I Portland cement, meeting the requirements of AASHTO M 85, is allowed."

SECTION 703 AGGREGATES

Add the following to Section 703 - Aggregates

<u>703.01 Fine Aggregate for Concrete</u> Fine aggregate for concrete shall consist of natural sand or, when approved by the Resident, other inert materials with similar characteristics or combinations thereof, having strong, durable particles. Fine aggregate from different sources of supply shall not be mixed or stored in the same pile nor used alternately in the same class of construction or mix without permission of the Resident.

All fine aggregate shall be free from injurious amounts of organic impurities. Should the fine aggregate, when subjected to the colorimetric test for organic impurities, AASHTO T 21, produce a

color darker than the reference standard color solution (laboratory designation Plate III), the fine aggregate shall be rejected.

Fine aggregate shall have a sand equivalent value of not less than 75 when tested in accordance with AASHTO T 176.

Fine aggregate sources shall meet the Alkali Silica Reactivity (ASR) requirements of Section 703.0201.

The fineness modulus shall not be less than 2.26 or more than 3.14. If this value is exceeded, the fine aggregate will be rejected unless suitable adjustments are made in proportions of coarse and fine aggregate. The fineness modulus of fine aggregate shall be determined by adding the cumulative percentages of material by weight retained on the following sieves: Nos. 4, 8, 16, 30, 50, 100 and dividing by 100.

Fine aggregate, from an individual source when tested for absorption as specified in AASHTO T 84, shall show an absorption of not more than 2.3 percent.

Sieve	Percentage by Weight
Designation	Passing Square Mesh Sieves
³ / ₈ inch	100
No. 4	95-100
No. 8	80-100
No. 16	50-85
No. 30	25-60
No. 50	10-30
No. 100	2-10
No. 200	0-5.0

<u>703.02 Coarse Aggregate for Concrete</u> Coarse aggregate for concrete shall consist of crushed stone or gravel having hard, strong, durable pieces, free from adherent coatings and of which the composite blend retained on the ³/₈ inch sieve shall contain no more than 15 percent, by weight of flat and elongated particles when performed in accordance with test method ASTM D 4791, Flat Particles, Elongated Particles, or Flat and Elongated Particles in Coarse Aggregate, using a dimensional ratio of 1:5.

The coarse aggregate from an individual source shall have an absorption no greater than 2.0 percent by weight determined in accordance with AASHTO T 85 modified for weight of sample.

The composite blend shall have a Micro-Deval value of 18.0 percent or less as determined by AASHTO T 327 or not exceed 40 percent loss as determined by AASHTO T 96.

Coarse aggregate sources shall meet the Alkali Silica Reactivity (ASR) requirements of Section 703.0201.

Coarse aggregate shall conform to the requirements of the following table for the size or sizes designated and shall be well graded between the limits specified.

h				
Sieve		Percentage	by Weight	
Designation		Passing Squar	e Mesh Sieves	
Grading	А	AA	S	LATEX
Aggregate Size	1 inch	³ / ₄ inch	$1\frac{1}{2}$ inch	¹ / ₂ inch
2 inch			100	
$1\frac{1}{2}$ inch	100		95-100	
1 inch	95-100	100	-	
³ / ₄ inch	-	90-100	35-70	100
¹ / ₂ inch	25-60	-	-	90-100
³ / ₈ inch	-	20-55	10-30	40-70
No. 4	0-10	0-10	0-5	0-15
No. 8	0-5	0-5	-	0-5
No. 16	-	-	-	-
No. 50	-	-	-	-
No. 200	0 - 1.5	0 - 1.5	0 - 1.5	0 - 1.5

<u>703.0201 Alkali Silica Reactive Aggregates</u> All coarse and fine aggregates proposed for use in concrete shall be tested for Alkali Silica Reactivity (ASR) potential under AASHTO T 303 (ASTM C 1260), Accelerated Detection of Potentially Deleterious Expansion of Mortar Bars Due to Alkali-Silica Reaction, prior to being accepted for use. Acceptance will be based on testing performed by an accredited independent lab submitted to the Department. Aggregate submittals will be required on a 5-year cycle, unless the source or character of the aggregate in question has changed within 5 years from the last test date.

As per AASHTO T 303 (ASTM C 1260): Use of a particular coarse or fine aggregate will be allowed with no restrictions when the mortar bars made with this aggregate expand less than or equal to 0.10 percent at 30 days from casting. Use of a particular coarse or fine aggregate will be classified as potentially reactive when the mortar bars made with this aggregate expand greater than 0.10 percent at 30 days from casting. Use of this aggregate will only be allowed with the use of cement-pozzolan blends and/or chemical admixtures that result in mortar bar expansion of less than 0.10 percent at 30 days from casting as tested under ASTM C 1567.

Acceptable pozzolans and chemical admixtures that may be used when an aggregate is classified as potentially reactive include, but are not limited to the following:

- a. Class F Coal Fly Ash meeting the requirements of AASHTO M 295
- b. Ground Granulated Blast Furnace Slag (Grade 100 or 120) meeting the requirements of AASHTO M 302
- c. Densified Silica Fume meeting the requirements of AASHTO M 307
- d. Lithium-based admixtures
- e. Metakaolin

Pozzolans or chemical admixtures required to offset the effects of potentially reactive aggregates will be incorporated into the concrete at no additional cost to the Department.

<u>703.05 Aggregate for Sand Leveling</u> Aggregate for sand leveling shall be sand of hard durable particles free from vegetable matter, lumps or balls of clay and other deleterious substances. The aggregate shall meet the grading requirements of the following table.

Sieve	Percentage by Weight
Designation	Passing Square Mesh Sieves
³ / ₈ inch	85-100
No. 200	0-5.0

<u>703.06 Aggregate for Base and Subbase</u> The following shall apply to Sections (a.) and (c.) below. The material shall have a Micro-Deval value of 25.0 or less as determined by AASHTO T 327. If the Micro- Deval value exceeds 25.0, the Washington State Degradation DOT Test Method T113, Method of Test for Determination of Degradation Value (January 2009 version) shall be performed, except that the test shall be performed on the portion of the sample that passes the $\frac{1}{2}$ in sieve and is retained on the No. 10 sieve. If the material has a Washington Degradation value of less than 15, the material shall be rejected.

The material used in Section (b.) below shall have a Micro-Deval value of 25.0 or less as determined by AASHTO T 327. If the Micro-Deval value exceeds 25.0 the material may be used if it does not exceed 25 percent loss on AASHTO T 96, Resistance to Degradation of Small-Size Coarse Aggregate by Abrasion and Impact in the Los Angeles Machine.

Recycled Asphalt Pavement (RAP) shall not be used for or blended with aggregate base or subbase.

a. Aggregate for base, Type A and B shall be crushed ledge or crushed gravel of hard durable particles free from vegetable matter, lumps or balls of clay and other deleterious substances. The gradation of the part that passes a 3 inch sieve shall meet the grading requirements of the following table:

Sieve	Percentage Passing Square	by Weight e Mesh Sieves
Designation	Type A	Type B
¹ / ₂ inch	45-70	35-75
¹ / ₄ inch	30-55	25-60
No. 40	0-20	0-25
No. 200	0-6.0	0-6.0

At least 50 percent by weight of the material retained on the No. 4 sieve shall have at least one fractured face as tested by AASHTO T 335.

Type A aggregate for base shall only contain particles of rock that will pass the 2 inch square mesh sieve.

Type B aggregate for base shall only contain particles of rock that will pass the 4 inch square mesh sieve.

b. Aggregate for base, Type C shall be crushed ledge or crushed gravel of hard durable particles free from vegetable matter, lumps or balls of clay and other deleterious substances. The material shall meet the grading requirements of the following table:

Sieve	Percentage by Weight Passing Square Mesh Sieves
Designation	Type C
4 inches	100
3 inches	90-100
2 inches	75-100
1 inch	50-80
¹ / ₂ inch	30-60
No. 4	15-40
No. 200	0-6.0

At least 50 percent by weight of the material coarser than the No. 4 sieve shall have at least one fractured face as tested by AASHTO T 335.

c. Aggregate for subbase shall be sand or gravel of hard durable particles free from vegetable matter, lumps or balls of clay and other deleterious substances. The gradation of the part that passes a 3 inch sieve shall meet the grading requirements of the following table:

Sieve	Percentag Passing Squa	e by Weight are Mesh Sieves
Designation	Type D	Type E
1/2 in	35-80	
¹ / ₄ inch	25-65	25-100
No. 40	0-30	0-50
No. 200	0-7.0	0-7.0

Type D aggregate for subbase gravel may contain up to 50 percent by weight Recycled Concrete Aggregate (RCA). When RCA is used, the portion of the resulting blend of gravel and RCA retained on a $\frac{1}{2}$ " square mesh sieve shall contain a total of no more than 5 percent by weight of other recycled materials such as brick, concrete masonry block, or asphalt pavement as determined by visual inspection.

RCA shall be substantially free of wood, metal, plaster, and gypsum board as defined in Note 9 in Section 7.4 of AASHTO M 319. RCA shall also be free of all substances that fall under the category of solid waste or hazardous materials.

Aggregate for subbase shall not contain particles of rock which will not pass the 6 inch square mesh sieve.

<u>703.08 Recycled Asphalt Pavement</u> Recycled asphalt pavement shall consist of salvaged asphalt materials from milled pavements or production waste that has been processed before use to meet the requirements of the job mix formula. It shall be free of winter sand, granular fill, construction debris, or other materials not generally considered asphalt pavement.

<u>703.081 RAP for Asphalt Pavement</u> Recycled Asphalt Pavement (RAP) may be introduced into hot-mix asphalt pavement at percentages approved by the Department according to the MaineDOT Policies and Procedures for HMA Sampling and Testing.

If approved by the Department, the Contractor shall provide documentation stating the source, test results for average residual asphalt content, and stockpile gradations showing RAP materials have been sized to meet the maximum aggregate size requirements of each mix designation. The Department will obtain samples for verification and approval prior to its use.

The maximum allowable percent of RAP shall be determined by the asphalt content, the percent passing the 0.075 mm sieve, the ratio between the percent passing the 0.075 mm sieve and the asphalt content, and Coarse Micro-Deval loss values as tested by the Department.

Classification	Maximum RAP Percentage Allowed	Asphalt content standard deviation	Percent passing 0.075 mm sieve standard deviation	Percent passing 0.075 mm sieve / asphalt content ratio	Residual aggregate M-D loss value
Class III	10%	≤ 1.0	N/A	≤ 4.0	≤1 8
Class II	20%	≤ 0.5	≤ 1.0	≤ 2.8	
Class I	30%	≤ 0.3	≤ 0.5	≤ 1.8	

The maximum percentage of RAP allowable shall be the lowest percentage as determined according to Table 4 below:

Table 4: Maximum Percent RAP According to Test Results

The Department will monitor RAP asphalt content and gradation during production by testing samples from the stockpile at approximately 15,000 T intervals (in terms of mix production). The allowable variance limits (from the numerical average values used for mix designs) for this testing are determined based upon the maximum allowable RAP percentage and are shown below in Table 5.

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Classification	Asphalt content (compared to aim)	Percent passing 0.075 mm sieve (compared to aim)
Class III	± 1.5	± 2.0
Class II	± 1.0	± 1.5
Class I	± 0.5	± 0.7

For specification purposes, RAP will be categorized as follows:

Class III – A maximum of 10.0 percent of Class III RAP may be used in any base, intermediate base, surface, or shim mixture. A maximum of 20.0 percent of Class III RAP may be used in hand-placed mixes for item 403.209.

Class II – A maximum of 20.0 percent Class II RAP in any base, binder, surface, or shim course.

Class I – A maximum of 20.0 percent Class I RAP may be used in any base, intermediate base, surface, or shim mixture without requiring a change to the specified asphalt binder. A maximum of 30.0 percent Class I RAP may be used in in any base or intermediate base mixture provided that a PG 58-28 or PG 58-34 asphalt binder is used. A maximum of 30.0 percent Class I RAP may be used in any surface or shim mixture provided that PG 58-34 asphalt binder is used. Mixtures exceeding 20.0 percent Class I RAP must be evaluated and approved by the Department.

The Contractor may use up to two different RAP sources in any one mix design. The total RAP percentage of the mix shall not exceed the maximum allowed for the highest classification RAP source used (i.e. if a Class I & Class III used, total RAP must not exceed 30.0%). The blended RAP material must meet all the requirements of the classification for which the RAP is entered (i.e. 10% Class III with 20% Class I, blend must meet Class I criteria). The Department may take belt cuts of the blended RAP to verify the material meets these requirements. If the Contractor elects to use more than one RAP source in a design, the Contractor shall provide an acceptable point of sampling blended RAP material from the feed belt.

In the event that RAP source or properties change, the Contractor shall notify the Department of the change and submit new documentation stating the new source or properties a minimum of 72 hours prior to the change to allow for obtaining new samples and approval.

SECTION 709 REINFORCING STEEL AND WELDED STEEL WIRE FABRIC

<u>709.01 Reinforcing Steel</u> Remove the second paragraph of Section 709.01 of the standard specification beginning with "Low-Carbon, Chromium,..." and replace with the following:

" Low-carbon, chromium, reinforcing steel shall be deformed bars conforming to the requirements of ASTM A1035. Bars shall be Grade 100 and alloy Type CS unless otherwise specified on the Plans. "

SECTION 710 FENCE AND GUARDRAIL

710.06 Fence Posts and Braces Revise the first Paragraph so that it reads:

"Wood posts shall be of cedar, white oak, or tamarack or other AWPA approved species, of the diameter or section and length shown on the plans."

Remove the fourth paragraph which starts "That portion of wood posts...".

Revise the paragraph beginning with "Braces shall be of spruce, eastern hemlock ... so that it now reads:

"Braces shall be of spruce, eastern hemlock, Norway pine, pitch pine, or tamarack timbers or other AWPA approved species, or spruce, cedar, tamarack or other AWPA approved species round posts of sufficient length to make a diagonal brace between adjacent posts. All wood posts and braces shall be pressure-treated in accordance with AASHTO M 133 and AWPA U1, UC4A Commodity Specification B: Posts. "

710.07 Guardrail Posts Revise this section so that the first sentence of section a. reads:

"a. Wood posts shall be of Norway pine, southern yellow pine, pitch pine, Douglas fir, red pine, white pine, or eastern hemlock or other AWPA approved species."

Revise the next paragraph so that it reads:

Wood posts and offset brackets shall be preservative treated in accordance with the requirements of AASHTO M 133 and AWPA U1, UC4A Commodity Specification B: Posts.

<u>710.08 Guardrail Hardware</u> Revise this subsection by replacing "AASHTO M 298" with "ASTM B695"

SECTION 712 MISCELLANEOUS HIGHWAY MATERIAL

<u>712.061 Structural Precast Units</u> Amend this section by adding the following sentence to the end of the first paragraph of the <u>Construction</u> subsection:

"Facilities certified by NPCA or PCI shall provide to the Fabrication Engineer a copy of their annual audit to include deficiency reports and corrective actions."

Revise this section by changing the letter "b" of ASTM C1611 of the <u>Concrete Testing</u> subsection so that it reads:

"b. Air content shall be 5.0% to 8.0%."

SECTION 713 STRUCTURAL STEEL AND RELATED MATERIAL

Section 713.02 High Strength Bolts

Revise the second sentence of this subsection so that it reads "Nuts shall meet the requirement of ASTM A563". Revise the third sentence of this subsection so that it reads "Circular and beveled washers shall conform to the requirement of ASTM F436".

SECTION 718 TRAFFIC SIGNALS MATERIAL

<u>718.03 Signal Mounting</u> Amend the paragraph beginning with "All trunions, brackets and..." by adding "For polycarbonate signal heads with more than 3 sections or requiring mounting extensions greater than 12 inches in length, reinforcing plates shall be used to reinforce the housings at the point of attachment." to the end of the paragraph.

<u>718.08 Controller Cabinet</u> Revise this subsection by replacing the paragraph beginning with "The cabinet shall be supplied with LED light panels..." on or about page 7-66 with "**The cabinet shall** be supplied with white LED light panels which shall automatically illuminate via a door open switch whenever one of the four main cabinet doors are opened for the ground mount cabinet or two main doors for the side of pole cabinet. The ground mounted cabinet shall contain four LED light panels per side totaling eight panels for the cabinet; one panel each at the top and bottom portion of the front side and back side on the Control side and Power/Auxiliary side of the cabinet. Each light panel shall produce a minimum of 250 lumens for a total minimum lumen output of 2000 lumens with all eight panels illuminated. The minimum output per side would be 1000 lumens. The LED panels shall be protected by a clear shatterproof shield. The side of pole mounted cabinet shall contain four light panels; one at the top of the rack assembly and one at the bottom rack assembly on each side of the cabinet.

A second door open status switch per door shall activate a controller input to log a report event that one of the doors was opened. All door open status switches shall be connected to the same controller input. For the ground mount cabinet, there shall be two switches on each of the four main doors. For the side-of-pole mount cabinet, there shall be two switches on each of the two main doors."

Revise this subsection by replacing the paragraph beginning with "The cabinet shall be supplied with a generator panel …" on or about page 7-68 with:

"The cabinet shall be supplied with a generator panel. The generator panel shall consist of a manual transfer switch and a twist-lock connector for generator hookup. The transfer switch knob and twist-lock connector shall be located inside a stainless steel enclosure with a separate lockable door accessed with a Corbin #2 key. The unit shall be mounted on the left, exterior of the control side wall of the ground mount cabinet a minimum of 36" above the surrounding grade and on the lower left side of the pole mounted cabinet. The generator transfer switch shall be a Reliance C30A1N Signa Series or approved equal. "

Revise this subsection by removing the following from the paragraph beginning with "The ground mounted cabinet shall be supplied and installed with an electric service meter socket trim and electrical service disconnect switch ..." on or about page 7-69: "(removed: thus preventing that space from being used either by equipment supplied as part of the project, or future equipment that would be installed in the rack system. Joe indicated that he would add this language to the detail so it is covered.)".

Revise this subsection by replacing the following in the paragraph beginning with "The Contractor shall reconfigure the default user name..." on or around page 7-70; "MaineDOT IT" with "**MaineDOT Traffic Division**".

In the paragraph beginning with "Tests shall be conducted by the contractor..." on or around page 7-73, amend this subsection by removing **"in the state of Maine and"** after "The facility shall be".

Amend this Section by adding the following subsection:

<u>718.13 Field Monitoring Unit (FMU)</u> This item of work shall conform to this specification. This item shall consist of furnishing and installing a Field Monitoring Unit (FMU) and software, as well as all needed accessories required for a full and complete installation, including but not limited to power adapters, Ethernet cables, and interface cables, as described herein.

Where applicable, communications from MaineDOT's cloud-based Central Management System (CMS) to the on-street traffic signal controllers shall be made through fiber optic interconnect cable connected back to existing internet connections and/or the Field Monitoring Unit (FMU). The Contractor shall furnish and install all materials necessary for a complete and operational fiber optic interconnection to all project intersections as shown on the plans. All connections to the CMS cloud-based system shall be via a secure VPN network.

The FMU shall be the only remote connection device used by isolated intersections to connect to the cloud-based system. All connections shall be encrypted VPN tunnels. The Contractor shall coordinate all configuration settings with MaineDOT IT and the Engineer.

The FMU central web based interface shall be a separate element from the CMS.

MATERIALS: The materials for this work shall conform to the following requirements:

- 1. The work under this item specifies the requirements for the FMU. The FMU shall operate independent of the brand/type of intersection controller deployed in the ATC traffic cabinet.
- 2. The FMU shall conform to the following requirements:
 - 2.1 The FMU shall function correctly between -34 degrees C and +74 degrees C.
 - 2.2 The FMU shall be provided with appropriately rated connectors that allows the FMU to be exchanged by unplugging connectors, without tools.
 - 2.3 The FMU shall monitor and log all ATC Controller and ATC cabinet faults and or alarms.
 - 2.4 The FMU shall be wired directly to the ATC cabinet.
 - 2.5 The FMU shall have an internal cellular modem running at 4G LTE.
 - 2.5.1 The Cellular modem shall be designed to be replaced / upgraded to 5G service when available.
 - 2.6 The FMU shall incorporate an integrated GPS and cell modem.
 - 2.7 The configuration of the FMU shall be accomplished by accessing the internal web server with a browser. It shall be possible to configure the FMU without any special software.
 - 2.8 The FMU shall be powered via a standard 120V input power.
 - 2.9 The FMU shall allow for the routing of the controller configuration packets to and from the controller (either by Ethernet or serial communications) for any type of controller utilized by the MaineDOT. In this way it shall be possible to configure the controller and utilize the controller specific software to interrogate the controller, and the FMU shall provide the communications pipe which allows this to be accomplished.
 - 2.10 The FMU shall, within the size limitations above, include a battery and battery charging/monitoring circuit, to allow the FMU to function correctly even when all power to the intersection has failed. The battery shall continue to power the FMU for a minimum of 5 hours after all power has failed to the intersection.

- 2.11 The FMU shall incorporate an integrated GPS which will allow the FMU to geolocate itself on the FMU management software map, without configuration.
- 2.12 The FMU shall operate without requiring a static IP address. The only configuration required at the FMU is to enter the URL of where the FMU management software is hosted.
- 2.13 In the event that the cell service is interrupted or is not available, the FMU shall store any events that occur in internal memory and forward these events automatically to the FMU management software when the cell service is restored. In this way, a complete record of events at the device can be maintained even if cell service is interrupted for a period. The system will store 5000 events.
- 2.14 The FMU shall utilize HTTP and HTTPS protocols, and XML data structures, for communication with the FMU management software. In this way the data will be open for future expansion and competition. The use of secret proprietary protocols is not permitted.
- 2.15 The FMU shall include Ethernet communications via an Ethernet Port with RJ45 connector.
- 2.16 The FMU shall include weather proof antennas.

3. Map Display FMU Management Software

- 3.1 The FMU shall include a scrollable, zoomable map display, with the intersections and other monitored devices shown as representative icons on the map. The map shall include the ability to see the intersections using Google Streetview.
- 3.2 The alarm status of the intersection shall be clearly indicated on the icon on the map, so that the user can see at a glance which intersections are in alarm.
- 3.3 The map display shall also include a list of intersections, with the number and priority of alarms indicated on the list. Intersections in high priority alarm shall be moved to the top of the list, followed by medium priority, low priority and then finally by intersections not in alarm.
- 3.4 The icons shall change to be able to clearly indicate if an intersection is offline.
- 3.5 Clicking on the icon on the map shall expose a box with the current parameters of the intersection shown.

- 3.6 The default map display position and zoom shall be configurable by user, so that the user's view will default to show the intersections that the user is responsible for managing.
- 3.7 The map view shall have the ability to show Google traffic overlays on the map.

4. Intersection Detail Display FMU Management Software

- 4.1 It shall be possible to drill down, either from the map icon or from the list, to a device level detail for the intersection, which as a minimum shall display the following parameters:
 - 4.1.1 The alarm status, with priority indicated, and a text description of the alarm (if an alarm is present for this device).
 - 4.1.2 The time since the last communication with the device
 - 4.1.3 The following parameters (real time now values, minimum for the day values, maximum for the day values, and average for the day values)
 - 4.1.3.1 The AC mains voltage (value)
 - 4.1.3.2 The battery back-up voltage (value)
 - 4.1.3.3 The cabinet temperature (value)
 - 4.1.3.4 The cabinet humidity (value)
 - 4.1.3.5 The presence of AC power (OK or Fail)
 - 4.1.3.6 The flashing status of the intersection (OK or Flashing)
 - 4.1.3.7 Stop Time status (OK or Stop Time Active)
 - 4.1.3.8 The cabinet door status (Open or Closed)
 - 4.1.3.9 The intersection fan status (Fan On or Fan off)
 - 4.1.4 It shall be possible to view graphs of each of the value parameters in graphical form, over the recent two-week period. This includes real time graphs of:
 - 4.1.4.1 The AC mains voltage
 - 4.1.4.2 The battery back-up voltage
 - 4.1.4.3 The cabinet temperature
 - 4.1.4.4 The cabinet humidity

5. Diagnostics and Log Display FMU Management Software

- 5.1 From the device level detail within the FMU management software, it shall be possible to drill down to get the raw data; the error logs; and the communications logs to allow a technician to fault-find problems.
- 5.2 It shall be possible to filter the logs by Device; by Device Type and/or by Group as well as between dates.
- 5.3 It shall be possible to print these selected logs to a local printer or a PDF file.
- 5.4 It shall be possible to export these logs to Excel on the local computer for further analysis.

6. Alarms FMU Management Software

- 6.1 The FMU management software shall have a comprehensive alarm generation capability
- 6.2 It shall be possible to configure alarms to be generated on any parameter becoming out of tolerance, including analog values, digital values and enumerated values.
- 6.3 Alarms shall be configurable to be of Low, High or Critical Priority.
- 6.4 The alarm priority shall be displayed throughout the FMU management software, on all displays, using color codes such as red-critical; yellow high; and amber-low to indicate the priority of the alarm.
- 6.5 The current active alarms shall be accessible for view via an expandable window, to see which alarms are active and when the alarm occurred. The highest priority alarms shall rise to the top of the list.

7. Alerts FMU Management Software

- 7.1 The FMU management software shall have comprehensive alerting capability, to enable the response personnel to be notified when an abnormal situation has occurred.
- 7.2 It shall be possible to configure alerts to one or more personnel for each alarm. This will cause, as selected, an SMS and/or an email to be sent to the person when an alarm occurs.
- 7.3 The alert shall be configurable to optionally send via email and/or via SMS a message when an alarm clears.
- 7.4 The intention is that the FMU management software provides the alerts to the user in near real time. The SMS and email shall be issued within 30 seconds of the occurrence of event which results in an alert being issued.

8. Hosting and Connectivity and Service FMU / FMU Management Software

- 8.1 The contractor shall supply the FMU with the FMU manufacturers 10 year options for Connectivity and Service, as part of the purchase price. The Connectivity and Service agreement shall include at a minimum:
 - 8.1.1 Cellular Connectivity
 - 8.1.2 No cellular overage charges
 - 8.1.3 Extended warranty on the hardware for the period of the Connectivity and Service Agreement
 - 8.1.4 Over-the-air software updates
 - 8.1.5 Over-the-air security updates
 - 8.1.6 Future Connected Vehicles Service

SECTION 720

STRUCTURAL SUPPORTS FOR HIGHWAY SIGNS, LUMINAIRES AND TRAFFIC SIGNALS

720.12 Wood Sign Posts Revise the first sentence so that it reads:

Wood sign posts shall be rectangular, straight and sound timber, cut from live growing native spruce, red pine, hemlock, cedar trees or other AWPA approved species, free from loose knots or other structurally weakening defects of importance, such as shake or holes or heart rot.

Revise the third paragraph that starts with "When pressure treated..." so that it reads:

All sign posts shall be pressure-treated in accordance with AASHTO M 133 and AWPA Standard U1, UC4A, Commodity Specification A: Sawn Products.

APPENDIX A TO DIVISION 100

SECTION 1 - BIDDING PROVISIONS

A. <u>Federally Required Certifications</u> By signing and delivering a Bid, the Bidder certifies as provided in all certifications set forth in this Appendix A - Federal Contract Provisions Supplement including:

- Certification Regarding No Kickbacks to Procure Contract as provided on this page 1 below.
- Certification Regarding Non-collusion as provided on page 1 below.
- Certification Regarding Non-segregated Facilities as provided by FHWA Form 1273, section III set forth on page 21 below.
- "Certification Regarding Debarment, Suspension, Ineligibility and Voluntary Exclusion" as provided by FHWA Form 1273, section XI set forth on page 32 below.
- "Certification Regarding Use of Contract Funds for Lobbying" as provided by FHWA Form 1273, section XII set forth on page 35 below.

Unless otherwise provided below, the term "Bidder", for the purposes of these certifications, includes the Bidder, its principals, and the person(s) signing the Bid. Upon execution of the Contract, the Bidder (then called the Contractor) will again make all the certifications indicated in this paragraph above.

<u>CERTIFICATION REGARDING NO KICKBACKS TO PROCURE CONTRACT</u> Except expressly stated by the Bidder on sheets submitted with the Bid (if any), the Bidder hereby certifies, to the best of its knowledge and belief, that it has not:

(A) employed or retained for a commission, percentage, brokerage, contingent fee, or other consideration, any firm or person (other then a bona fide employee working solely for me) to solicit or secure this contract;

(B) agreed, as an express or implied condition for obtaining this contract, to employ or retain the services of any firm or person in connection with carrying out the contract, or;

C) paid, or agreed to pay, to any firm, organization, or person (other than a bona fide employee working solely for me) any fee, contribution, donation, or consideration of any kind for, or in connection with, procuring or carrying out the contract;

By signing and submitting a Bid, the Bidder acknowledges that this certification is to be furnished to the Maine Department of Transportation and the Federal Highway Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation in connection with this contract in anticipation of federal aid highway funds and is subject to applicable state and federal laws, both criminal and civil.

<u>CERTIFICATION REGARDING NONCOLLUSION</u> Under penalty of perjury as provided by federal law (28 U.S.C. §1746), the Bidder hereby certifies, to the best of its knowledge and belief, that:

the Bidder has not, either directly or indirectly, entered into any agreement, participated in any collusion, or otherwise taken any action in restraint of competitive bidding in connection with the Contract.

For a related provisions, see Section 102.7.2 (C) of the Standard Specifications - "Effects of Signing and Delivery of Bids" - "Certifications", Section 3 of this Appendix A entitled "Other Federal Requirements" including section XI - "Certification Regarding Debarment, Suspension, Ineligibility, and Voluntary Exclusion" and section XII. - "Certification Regarding Use of Contract Funds for Lobbying."

B. <u>Bid Rigging Hotline</u> To report bid rigging activities call: **1-800-424-9071**

The U.S. Department of Transportation (DOT) operates the above toll-free "hotline" Monday through Friday, 8:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m., eastern time. Anyone with knowledge of possible bid rigging, bidder collusion, or other fraudulent activities should use the "hotline" to report such activities.

The "hotline" is part of the DOT's continuing effort to identify and investigate highway construction contract fraud and abuse and is operated under the direction of the DOT Inspector General. All information will be treated confidentially and caller anonymity will be respected.

SECTION 2 - FEDERAL EEO AND CIVIL RIGHTS REQUIREMENTS

Unless expressly otherwise provided in the Bid Documents, the provisions contained in this Section 2 of this "Federal Contract Provisions Supplement" are hereby incorporated into the Bid Documents and Contract.

A. <u>Nondiscrimination & Civil Rights - Title VI</u> The Contractor and its subcontractors shall not discriminate on the basis of race, color, national origin, or sex in the performance of this Contract. The Contractor shall carry out applicable requirements of 49 CFR Part 26 in the award and administration of DOT assisted contracts. Failure by the Contractor to carry out these requirements is a material breach of this contract, which may result in the termination of this contract or such other remedy as the Department deems appropriate. The Contractor and subcontractors shall comply with Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, as amended, and with all State of Maine and other Federal Civil Rights laws.

For related provisions, see Subsection B - "Nondiscrimination and Affirmative Action - Executive Order 11246" of this Section 2 and Section 3 - Other Federal Requirements of this "Federal Contract Provisions Supplement" including section II - "Nondiscrimination" of the "Required Contract Provisions, Federal Aid Construction Contracts", FHWA-1273.

B. <u>Nondiscrimination and Affirmative Action - Executive Order 11246</u> Pursuant to Executive Order 11246, which was issued by President Johnson in 1965 and amended in 1967 and 1978, this Contract provides as follows.

The Contractor shall take specific affirmative actions to ensure equal employment opportunity. The evaluation of the Contractor's compliance with these specifications shall be

based upon its efforts to achieve maximum results from its actions. The Contractor shall document these efforts fully, and shall implement affirmative action steps at least as extensive as the following:

- Ensure and maintain a working environment free of harassment, intimidations, and coercion at all sites, and in all facilities at which the Contractor's employees are assigned to work. The Contractor, where possible, will assign two or more women to each construction project. The Contractor shall specifically ensure that all forepersons, superintendents, and other on-site supervisory personnel are aware of and carry out the Contractor's obligation to maintain such a working environment, with specific attention to minority or female individuals working at such sites or in such facilities.
- Establish and maintain a current list of minority and female recruitment sources, provide written notification to minority and female recruitment sources and to community organizations when the Contractor or its union have employment opportunities available, and to maintain a record of the organization's responses.
- Maintain a current file of the names, addresses and telephone numbers of each minority and female off-the-street applicant and minority or female referral from a union, a recruitment source or community organization and of what action was taken with respect to each such individual. If such individual was sent to the union hiring hall for referral and was not referred back to the Contractor by the union or, if referred, not employed by the Contractor, this shall be documented in the file with the reason therefore, along with whatever additional actions the Contractor may have taken.
- Provide immediate written notification to the Department's Civil Rights Office when the union or unions with which the Contractor has a collective bargaining agreement has not referred to the Contractor a minority person or woman sent by the Contractor, or when the Contractor has other information that the union referral process has impeded the Design-Builder's efforts to meet its obligations.
- Develop on-the-job training opportunities and/or participate in training programs for the area which expressly include minorities and women, including upgrading programs and apprenticeship and trainee programs relevant to the Contractor's employment needs, especially those programs funded or approved by the Department of Labor. The Contractor shall provide notice of these programs to the sources compiled under B above.
- Disseminate the Contractor's EEO policy by providing notice of the policy to unions and training programs and requesting their cooperation in assisting the Contractor in meeting its EEO obligation; by including it in any policy manual and collective bargaining agreement; by publicizing it in the company newspaper, annual report, etc.; by specific review of the policy with all management personnel and with all minority and female employees at least once a year; and by posting the company EEO policy on bulletin boards accessible to all employees at each location where construction work is performed.
- Review, at least annually, the company's EEO policy and affirmative action obligations under these specifications with all employees having any responsibility for hiring,

Disseminate the Contractor's EEO policy externally by including it in any advertising in the news media, specifically including minority and female news media, and providing written notification to and discussing the Contractor's EEO policy with other Contractor's and Subcontractors with whom the Contractor does or anticipates doing business.

persons attending, subject matter discussed, and disposition of the subject matter.

- Direct its recruitment efforts, both orally and written to minority, female and community organizations, to schools with minority and female students and to minority and female recruitment and training organizations serving the Contractor's recruitment area and employment needs. Not later that one month prior to the date for the acceptance of applications for apprenticeship or other training by any recruitment source, the Contractor shall send written notification to organizations such as the above describing the openings, screenings, procedures, and test to be used in the selection process.
- Encourage present minority and female employees to recruit other minority persons and women and, where reasonable, provide after school, summer and vacation employment to minority and female youth, both on the site and in other areas of a Contractor's workforce.
- Validate all tests and other selection requirements.
- Conduct, at least annually, an inventory and evaluation at least of all minority and female personnel for promotional opportunities and encourage these employees to seek or to prepare for, through appropriate training, etc., such opportunities.
- Ensure that seniority practices, job classifications, work assignments and other personnel practices, do not have a discriminatory effect by continually monitoring all personnel and employment related activities to ensure that the EEO policy and the Contractor's obligations under these specifications are being carried out.
- Ensure that all facilities and company activities are non segregated except that separate or single-user toilet and necessary changing facilities shall be provided to assure privacy between the sexes.
- Document and maintain a record of all solicitations of offers for subcontracts from minority and female construction Contractor's and suppliers, including circulation of solicitations to minority and female Contractor associations and other business associations.
- Conduct a review, at least annually, of all supervisors' adherence to and performance under the Contractor's EEO policies and affirmative action obligations.

C. <u>Goals for Employment of Women and Minorities</u> Per Executive Order 11246, craft tradesperson goals are 6.9% women and .5% minorities employed. However, goals may be adjusted upward at the mutual agreement of the Contractor and the Department. Calculation of these percentages shall not include On-the-Job Training Program trainees, and shall not include clerical or field clerk position employees.

For a more complete presentation of requirements for such Goals, see the federally required document "Goals for Employment of Females and Minorities" set forth in the next 6 pages below.

§60-4.2 Solicitations

(d) The following notice shall be included in, and shall be part of, all solicitations for offers and bids on all Federal and federally assisted construction contracts or subcontracts in excess of \$10,000 to be performed in geographical areas designated by the Director pursuant to \$60-4.6 of this part (see 41 CFR 60-4.2(a)):

Notice of Requirement for Affirmative Action to Ensure Equal Opportunity (Executive Order 11246)

1. The Offeror's or bidder's attention is called to the "Equal Opportunity Clause" and the "Standard Federal Equal Employment Specifications" set forth herein.

2. The goals and timetables for minority and female participation, expressed in percentage terms for the Contractor's aggregate work force in each trade on all construction work in the covered area, are as follows:

Goals for female participation in each trade	6.9%
Goals for minority participation for each trade	
Maine	
001 Bangor, ME	0.8%
Non-SMSA Counties (Aroostook, Hancock, Penobscot, Piscat	aquis, Waldo, Washington)
002 Portland-Lewiston, ME	
SMSA Counties: 4243 Lewiston-Auburn, ME (Androscoggin)	0.5%
6403 Portland, ME (Cumberland, Sagadahoc)	0.6%
Non-SMSA Counties: (Franklin, Kennebec, Knox, Lincoln, Oxford, Somerset, York)	0.5%

These goals are applicable to all the Contractor's construction work (whether or not it is Federal or federally assisted) performed in the covered area. If the contractor performs construction work in a geographical area located outside of the covered area, it shall apply the goals established for such geographical area where the work is actually performed. With regard to this second area, the contractor also is subject to the goals for both its federally involved and non federally involved construction.

The contractor's compliance with the Executive Order and the regulations in 41 CFR Part 60-4 shall be based on its implementation of the Equal Opportunity Clause, specific affirmative action obligations required by the specifications set forth in 41 CFR 60-4.3(a), and its efforts to meet the goals. The hours of minority and female employment and training must be substantially uniform throughout the length of the contract, and in each trade, and the contractor shall make a good faith effort to employ minorities and women evenly on each of its projects. The transfer of minority or female employees or trainees from Contractor to Contractor or from project to project for the sole purpose of meeting the Contractor's goals shall be in violation of the contract, the Executive Order and the regulations in 41 CFR Part 60-4. Compliance with the goals will be measured against the total work hours performed.

3. The Contractor shall provide written notification to the Director of the Office of Federal Contract Compliance Programs within 10 working days of award of any construction subcontract in excess of \$10,000 at any tier for construction work under the contract resulting from this solicitation. The notification shall list the name, address and telephone number of the subcontractor, employer identification number of the subcontractor, estimated dollar amount of the subcontract; estimated started and completion dates of the subcontract; and the geographical area in which the subcontract is to be performed.

4. As used in this Notice, and in the Contract resulting from this solicitation, the "covered area" is (insert description of the geographical areas where the contract is to be performed giving the state, county and city, if any).

STANDARD FEDERAL EQUAL EMPLOYMENT OPPORTUNITY CONSTRUCTION CONTRACT SPECIFICATIONS (EXECUTIVE ORDER 11246)

- 1. As used in these specifications:
 - a. "Covered area" means the geographical area described in the solicitation from which this contract resulted;
 - b. "Director" means Director, Office of Federal Contract Compliance Programs, United States Department of Labor, or any person to whom the Director delegates authority;
 - c. "Employer identification number" means the Federal Social Security number used on the Employer's Quarterly Federal Tax Return, U.S. Treasury Department form 941;
 - d. "Minority" includes:
 - (i) Black (all persons having origins in any of the Black African racial groups not of Hispanic origin);

- (ii) Hispanic (all persons of Mexican, Puerto Rican, Cuban, Central or South American or other Spanish Culture or origin, regardless of race);
- (iii) Asian and Pacific Islander (all persons having origins in any of the original peoples of the Far East, Southeast Asia, the Indian Subcontinent, or the Pacific Islands); and
- (iv) American Indian or Alaskan Native (all persons having origins in any of the original peoples of the North America and maintaining identifiable tribal affiliations through membership and participation or community identification).
- 2. Whenever the Contractor, or any subcontractor at any tier, subcontracts a portion of the work involving any construction trade, it shall physically include in each subcontract in excess of \$10,000 the provisions of these specifications and the Notice which contains the applicable goals for minority and female participation and which is set forth in the solicitations from which this contract resulted.
- 3. If the contractor, is participating (pursuant to 41 CFR 60-4.5) in a Hometown Plan approved by the U.S. Department of Labor in the covered area either individually or through an association, its affirmative action obligations on all work in the Plan area (including goals and timetables) shall be in accordance with that Plan for those trades which have unions participating in the Plan. Contractors must be able to demonstrate their participation in and compliance with the provisions of any such Hometown Plan. Each Contractor or Subcontractor participating in an approved Plan is individually required to comply with its obligations under the EEO clause, and to make a good faith effort to achieve each goal under the Plan in each trade in which it has employees. The overall good faith performance by other Contractor's for Subcontractor's failure to take good faith efforts to achieve the Plan goals and timetables.
- 4. The Contractor shall implement the specific affirmative action standards provided in paragraphs 7 a. through p. of these specifications. The goals set forth in the solicitation from which this contract resulted are expressed as percentages of the total hours of employment and training of minority and female utilization the Contractor should reasonably be able to achieve in each construction trade in which it has employees in contractors performing construction work in geographical areas where they do not have a Federal or federally assisted construction contract shall apply the minority and female goals established for the geographical areas where the work is being performed. Goals are published periodically in the Federal Register in notice form and such notices may be obtained from any Office of Federal Contract Compliance Programs office or from Federal procurement contracting officers. The Contractor is expected to make substantially uniform progress in meeting its goals in each craft during the period specific.
- 5. Neither the provisions of any collective bargaining agreement, nor the failure by a union with whom the Contractor has a collective bargaining agreement, to refer either minorities or women shall excuse the Contractor's obligations under these specifications, Executive Order 11246, or the regulations promulgated pursuant, thereto.
- 6. In order for the non working training hours of apprentices and trainees to be counted in meeting the goals, such apprentices and trainees must be employed by the Contractor during the training period, and the Contractor must have made a commitment to employ the
apprentices and trainees at the completion of their training, subject to the availability of employment opportunities. Trainees must be trained pursuant to training programs approved by the U.S. Department of Labor.

- 7. The Contractor shall take specific affirmative actions to ensure equal employment opportunity. The evaluation of the Contractor's compliance with these specifications shall be based upon its effort to achieve maximum results from its actions. The Contractor shall document these efforts fully, and shall implement affirmative action steps at least as expensive as the following:
 - a. Ensure and maintain a working environment free of harassment, intimidation, coercion at all sites, and in all facilities at which the Contractor's employees are assigned to work. The Contractor, when possible, will assign two or more women to each construction project. The Contractor shall specifically ensure that all foremen, superintendents, and other on-site supervisory personnel are aware of and carry out the Contractor's obligation to maintain such a working environment, with specific attention to minority or female individuals working at such sites or in such facilities.
 - b. Establish and maintain a current list of minority and female recruitment sources provide written notification to minority and female recruitment sources and to community organizations when the Contractor or its unions have employment opportunities available, and maintain a record of the organization's responses.
 - c. Maintain a current file of the names, addresses and telephone numbers of each minority and female off-the-street applicant and minority or female referral from a union, a recruitment sources or community organization and of what action was taken with respect to each such individual. If such individual was sent to the union hiring hall for referral and was not referred back to the Contractor by the union or, if referred, not employed by the Contractor, this shall be documented in the file with the reason therefore, along with whatever additional actions the Contractor may have taken.
 - d. Provide immediate written notification to the Director when the union or unions with which the Contractor has a collective bargaining agreement has not referred to the Contractor a minority person or woman sent by the Contractor, or when the Contractor has other information that the union referral process has impeded the Contractor's efforts to meet its obligations.
 - e. Develop on-the-job training opportunities and/or participate in training programs for the area which expressly include minorities and women, including upgrading programs and apprenticeship and trainee programs relevant to the Contractor's employment needs, especially those programs funded or approved by the Department of Labor. The Contractor shall provide notice of these programs to the sources complied under 7b above.
 - f. Disseminate the Contractor's EEO policy by providing notice of the policy to unions and training programs and requesting their cooperation in assisting the Contractor in meeting its EEO obligations; by including in any policy manual and collective bargaining agreement; by publicizing it in the company newspaper, annual report, etc.; by specific

review of the policy with all management personnel and with all minority and female employees at least once a year; and by posting the company EEO policy on bulletin boards accessible to all employees at each location where construction work is performed.

- g. Review, at least annually, the company's EEO policy and affirmative action obligations under these specifications with all employees having any responsibility for hiring, assignment, layoff, termination or other employment decisions including specific review of these items with on-site supervisory personnel such as Superintendents, General Foremen, etc., prior to the initiation of construction work at any job site. A written record shall be made and maintained identifying the time and place of these meetings, persons attending, subject matter discussed, and disposition of the subject matter.
- h. Disseminate the Contractor's EEO policy externally by including it in any advertising in the news media, specifically including minority and female news media, and providing written notification to and discussing the Contractor's EEO policy with other Contractors and Subcontractors with whom the Contractor does or anticipates doing business.
- i. Direct its recruitment, efforts, both oral and written, to minority, female and community organizations, to schools with minority and female students and to minority and female recruitment and training organizations serving the Contractor's recruitment area and employment needs. Not later than one month other training by any recruitment source, the Contractor shall send written notification to organizations such as the above, describing prior to the date for the acceptance of applications for apprenticeship or the openings, screening procedures, and tests to be used in the selection process.
- j. Encourage present minority and female employees to recruit other minority persons and women and, where reasonable, provide after school, summer and vacation employment to minority and female youth both on site and in other areas of a Contractor's work force.
- k. Validate all tests and other selection requirements where there is an obligation to do so under 41 CFR Part 60-3.
- 1. Conduct, at least annually, an inventory and evaluation at least of all minority and female personnel for promotional opportunities and encourage these employees to seek or to prepare for, through appropriate training, etc., such opportunities.
- m. Ensure that seniority practices, job classifications, work assignments and other personnel practices, do not have a discriminatory effect by continually monitoring all personnel and employment related activities to ensure that the EEO policy and the Contractor's obligations under these specifications are being carried out.
- n. Ensure that all facilities and company activities are non segregated except that separate or single-user toilet and necessary changing facilities shall be provided to assure privacy between the sexes.
- o. Document and maintain a record of all solicitations of offers for subcontracts from minority and female construction contractors and suppliers, including circulation of

solicitation to minority and female contractor associations and other business associations.

- p. Conduct a review, at least annually, of all supervisor's adherence to and performance under the Contractor's EEO policies and affirmative action obligations.
- 8. Contractors are encouraged to participate in voluntary associations which assist in fulfilling one or more of their affirmative action obligations (7 a through p.). The efforts of a contractor association, joint contractor-union, contractor-community, or other similar group of which the contractor is a member and participant, may be asserted as fulfilling any one or more of its obligations under 7 a through p. of these specifications provided that the contractor actively participates in the group, makes every effort to assure that the group has a positive impact on the employment of minorities and women in the industry, ensures that the concrete benefits of the program and reflected in the Contractor's minority and female work force participation, makes a good faith effort to meet its individual goals and timetables, and can provide access to documentation which demonstrates the effectiveness of actions take on behalf of the Contractor. The obligation to comply, however, is the Contractor's and failure of such a group to fulfill an obligation shall not be a defense for the Contractor's noncompliance.
- 9. A single goal for minorities and a separate single goal for women have been established. The Contractor, however, is required to provide equal employment opportunity and to take affirmative action for all minority groups, both make and female, and all women, both minority and non-minority. Consequently, the Contractor may be in violation of the Executive Order if a particular group is employed in a substantially disparate manner (for example, specific minority group of women is underutilized.)
- 10. The Contractor shall not use the goals and timetables or affirmative action even through the Contractor has achieved its goals for women generally, the Contractor may be in violation of the Executive Order if standards to discriminate against any person because of race, color, religion, sex, or national origin.
- 11. The Contractor shall not enter into any Subcontract with any person or firm debarred from Government contracts pursuant to Executive Order 11246.
- 12. The Contractor shall carry out such sanctions and penalties for violation of these specifications and of the Equal Opportunity Clause, including suspension, termination and cancellation of existing subcontracts as may be imposed or ordered pursuant to Executive Order 11246, as amended, and its implementation regulations by the Office of Federal Contract Compliance Programs. Any Contractor who fails to carry out such sanctions and penalties shall be in violation of these specifications and Executive Order 11246, as amended.
- 13. The Contractor, in fulfilling its obligations under these specifications, shall implement specific affirmative action steps, at least as extensive as those standards prescribed in paragraph 7 of these specifications, so as to achieve maximum results from its efforts to ensure equal employment opportunity. If the Contractor fails to comply with the

requirements of the Executive Order, the implementing regulations, or these specifications, the Director shall proceed in accordance with 41 CFR 60-4.6.

- 14. The Contractor shall designate a responsible official to monitor all employment related activity to ensure that the company EEO policy is being carried out, to submit reports relating to the provisions hereof as may be required by the Government and to keep records. Records shall at least include for each employee the name, address, telephone numbers, construction trade, union affiliation if any, employee identification number when assigned, social security number, race, sex, status (e.g. mechanic, apprentice, trainee, helper, or laborer), dates of changes in status, hours worked per week in the indicated trade, rate of pay, and location sat which the work was performed. Records be maintained in an easily understandable and retrievable form; however, to the degree that existing records satisfy this requirement, contractors shall not be required to maintain separate records.
- 15. Nothing herein provided shall be construed as a limitation upon the application of other laws which establish different standards of compliance or upon the application of requirements for the hiring of local or other area residents (e.g., those under the Public Works Employment Act of 1977 and the Community Development Block Grant Program).

End of GOALS FOR EMPLOYMENT OF FEMALES AND MINORITIES Federally Required Contract Document

D. Section '**D Disadvantaged Business Enterprise (DBE) Requirements**' is removed in its entirety. The DBE material is in:

Section 105.10 EQUAL OPPORTUNITY AND CIVIL RIGHTS.

SECTION 3 - OTHER FEDERAL REQUIREMENTS

Unless expressly otherwise provided in the Bid Documents, the provisions contained in this Section 3 of this "Federal Contract Provisions Supplement" are hereby incorporated into the Bid Documents and Contract.

A. <u>Buy America</u>

If the cost of products purchased for permanent use in this project which are manufactured of steel, iron or the application of any coating to products of these materials exceeds 0.1 percent of the contract amount, or \$2,500.00, whichever is greater, the products shall have been manufactured and the coating applied in the United States. The coating materials are not subject to this clause, only the application of the coating. In computing that amount, only the cost of the product and coating application cost will be included.

Ore, for the manufacture of steel or iron, may be from outside the United States; however, all other manufacturing processes of steel or iron must be in the United States to qualify as having been manufactured in the United States.

United States includes the 50 United States and any place subject to the jurisdiction thereof.

Products of steel include, but are not limited to, such products as structural steel, piles, guardrail, steel culverts, reinforcing steel, structural plate and steel supports for signs, luminaries and signals.

Products of iron include, but are not limited to, such products as cast iron grates.

Application of coatings include, but are not limited to, such applications as epoxy, galvanized and paint.

To assure compliance with this section, the Contractor shall submit a certification letter on its letterhead to the Department stating the following:

"This is to certify that products made of steel, iron or the application of any coating to products of these materials whose costs are in excess of \$2,500.00 or 0.1 percent of the original contract amount, whichever is greater, were manufactured and the coating, if one was required, was applied in the United States."

B. Materials

a. Convict Produced Materials References: 23 U.S.C. 114(b)(2), 23 CFR 635.417

Applicability: FHWA's prohibition against the use of convict material only applies to Federal-aid highways. Materials produced after July 1, 1991, by convict labor may only be incorporated in a Federal-aid highway construction project if: 1) such materials have been produced by convicts who are on parole, supervised release, or probation from a prison; or 2) such material has been produced in a qualified prison facility, e.g., prison industry, with the amount produced during any 12-month period, for use in Federal-aid projects, not exceeding the amount produced, for such use, during the 12-month period ending July 1, 1987.

Materials obtained from prison facilities (e.g., prison industries) are subject to the same requirements for Federal-aid participation that are imposed upon materials acquired from other sources. Materials manufactured or produced by convict labor will be given no preferential treatment.

The preferred method of obtaining materials for a project is through normal contracting procedures which require the contractor to furnish all materials to be incorporated in the work. The contractor selects the source, public or private, from which the materials are to be obtained (23 CFR 635.407). Prison industries are prohibited from bidding on projects directly (23 CFR 635.112e), but may act as material supplier to construction contractors.

Prison materials may also be approved as State-furnished material. However, since public agencies may not bid in competition with private firms, direct acquisition of materials from a prison industry for use as State-furnished material is subject to a public interest finding with the Division Administrator's concurrence (23 CFR 635.407d). Selection of materials produced by convict labor as State-furnished materials for mandatory use should be cleared prior to the submittal of the Plans Specifications & Estimates (PS&E).

FHWA will not participate, directly or indirectly, in payment for any premium or royalty on any patented or proprietary material, specification, or process specifically set forth in the plans and specifications for a project, unless:

- the item is purchased or obtained through competitive bidding with equally suitable unpatented items,
- the STA certifies either that the proprietary or patented item is essential for synchronization with the existing highway facilities or that no equally suitable alternative exists, or
- the item is used for research or for a special type of construction on relatively short sections of road for experimental purposes. States should follow FHWA's procedures for "Construction Projects Incorporating Experimental Features" (<u>experiment.htm</u>) for the submittal of work plans and evaluations.

The primary purpose of the policy is to have competition in selection of materials and allow for development of new materials and products. The policy further permits materials and products that are judged equal may be bid under generic specifications. If only patented or proprietary products are acceptable, they shall be bid as alternatives with all, or at least a reasonable number of, acceptable materials or products listed; and the Division Administrator may approve a single source if it can be found that its utilization is in the public interest.

Trade names are generally the key to identifying patented or proprietary materials. Trade name examples include 3M, Corten, etc. Generally, products identified by their brand or trade name are not to be specified without an "or equal" phrase, and, if trade names are used, all, or at least a reasonable number of acceptable "equal" materials or products should be listed. The licensing of several suppliers to produce a product does not change the fact that it is a single product and should not be specified to the exclusion of other equally suitable products.

c. <u>State Preference</u> References: 23 U.S.C. 112, 23 CFR 635.409

Materials produced within Maine shall not be favored to the exclusion of comparable materials produced outside of Maine. State preference clauses give particular advantage to the designated source and thus restrict competition. Therefore, State preference provisions shall not be used on any Federal-aid construction projects.

This policy also applies to State preference actions against materials of foreign origin, except as otherwise permitted by Federal law. Thus, States cannot give preference to in-State material sources over foreign material sources. Under the Buy America provisions, the States are permitted to expand the Buy America restrictions provided that the STA is legally authorized under State law to impose more stringent requirements.

d. <u>State Owned/Furnished/Designated Materials</u> References: 23 U.S.C. 112, 23 CFR 635.407

Current FHWA policy requires that the contractor must furnish all materials to be incorporated in the work, and the contractor shall be permitted to select the sources from which the materials are to be obtained. Exceptions to this requirement may be made when there is a definite finding, by MaineDOT and concurred in by Federal Highway Administration's (FHWA) Division Administrator, that it is in the public interest to require the contractor to use materials furnished by the MaineDOT or from sources designated by MaineDOT. The exception policy can best be understood by separating State-furnished materials into the categories of manufactured materials and local natural materials.

<u>Manufactured Materials</u> When the use of State-furnished manufactured materials is approved based on a public interest finding, such use must be made mandatory. The optional use of State-furnished manufactured materials is in violation of our policy prohibiting public agencies from competing with private firms. Manufactured materials to be furnished by MaineDOT must be acquired through competitive bidding, unless there is a public interest finding for another method, and concurred in by FHWA's Division Administrator.

<u>Local Natural Materials</u> When MaineDOT owns or controls a local natural materials source such as a borrow pit or a stockpile of salvaged pavement material, etc., the materials may be designated for either optional or mandatory use; however, mandatory use will require a public interest finding (PIF) and FHWA's Division Administrator's concurrence.

In order to permit prospective bidders to properly prepare their bids, the location, cost, and any conditions to be met for obtaining materials that are made available to the contractor shall be stated in the bidding documents.

<u>Mandatory Disposal Sites</u> Normally, the disposal site for surplus excavated materials is to be of the contractor's choosing; although, an optional site(s) may be shown in the contract provisions. A mandatory site shall be specified when there is a finding by MaineDOT, with the concurrence of the Division Administrator, that such placement is the most economical or that the environment would be substantially enhanced without excessive cost. Discussion of the mandatory use of a disposal site in the environmental document may serve as the basis for the public interest finding.

Summarizing FHWA policy for the mandatory use of borrow or disposal sites:

- mandatory use of either requires a public interest finding and FHWA's Division Administrator's concurrence,
- mandatory use of either may be based on environmental consideration where the environment will be substantially enhanced without excessive additional cost, and
- where the use is based on environmental considerations, the discussion in the environmental document may be used as the basis for the public interest finding.

Factors to justify a public interest finding should include such items as cost effectiveness, system integrity, and local shortages of material.

C. Standard FHWA Contract Provisions - FHWA 1273

Unless expressly otherwise provided in the Bid Documents, the following "Required Contract Provisions, Federal Aid Construction Contracts", FHWA-1273, are hereby incorporated into the Bid Documents and Contract.

Cargo Preference Act : Contractor and Subcontractor Clauses. "Use of United States-flag vessels: The contractor agrees—"(1) To utilize privately owned United States-flag commercial vessels to ship at least 50 percent of the gross tonnage (computed separately for dry bulk carriers, dry cargo liners, and tankers) involved, whenever shipping any equipment, material, or commodities pursuant to this contract, to the extent such vessels are available at fair and reasonable rates for United States-flag commercial vessels."(2) To furnish within 20 days following the date of loading for shipments originating within the United States or within 30 working days following the date of loading for shipments originating outside the United States, a legible copy of a rated, 'on-board' commercial ocean bill-of-lading in English for each shipment of cargo described in paragraph (1) of this section to both the Contracting Officer (through the prime contractor in the case of subcontractor bills-of-lading) and to the Division of National Cargo, Office of Market Development, Maritime Administration, Washington, DC 20590."(3) To insert the substance of the provisions of this clause in all subcontracts issued pursuant to this contract."(Reorganization Plans No. 21 of 1950 (64 Stat. 1273) and No. 7 of 1961 (75 Stat. 840) as amended by Pub. L. 91-469 (84 Stat. 1036) and Department of Commerce Organization Order 10-8 (38 FR 19707, July 23, 1973)) [42 FR 57126, Nov. 1, 1977]

The Cargo Preference Act requirements apply to materials or equipment that are acquired for a specific Federal-aid highway project. In general, the requirements are not applicable to goods or materials that come into inventories independent of an FHWA funded-contract. For example, the requirements would not apply to shipments of Portland cement, asphalt cement, or aggregates, as industry suppliers and contractors use these materials to replenish existing inventories. In general, most of the materials used for highway construction originate from existing inventories and are not acquired solely for a specific Federal-aid project. However, if materials or equipment are acquired solely for a Federal-aid project, then the Cargo Preference Act requirements apply."

Start of FHWA 1273 REQUIRED CONTRACT PROVISIONS FEDERAL-AID CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTS (As revised through July 5, 2022)

REQUIRED CONTRACT PROVISIONS FEDERAL-AID CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTS

- I. General
- II. Nondiscrimination
- III. Non-segregated Facilities
- IV. Davis-Bacon and Related Act Provisions
- V. Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act Provisions
- VI. Subletting or Assigning the Contract
- VII. Safety: Accident Prevention
- VIII. False Statements Concerning Highway Projects
- IX. Implementation of Clean Air Act and Federal Water Pollution Control Act
- X. Certification Regarding Debarment, Suspension, Ineligibility and Voluntary Exclusion
- XI. Certification Regarding Use of Contract Funds for Lobbying
- XII. Use of United States-Flag Vessels:

ATTACHMENTS

A. Employment and Materials Preference for Appalachian Development Highway System or Appalachian Local Access Road Contracts (included in Appalachian contracts only)

I. GENERAL

1. Form FHWA-1273 must be physically incorporated in each construction contract funded under title 23, United States Code, as required in 23 CFR 633.102(b) (excluding emergency contracts solely intended for debris removal). The contractor (or subcontractor) must insert this form in each subcontract and further require its inclusion in all lower tier subcontracts (excluding purchase orders, rental agreements and other agreements for supplies or services). 23 CFR 633.102(e).

The applicable requirements of Form FHWA-1273 are incorporated by reference for work done under any purchase order, rental agreement or agreement for other services. The prime contractor shall be responsible for compliance by any subcontractor, lower-tier subcontractor or service provider. 23 CFR 633.102(e).

Form FHWA-1273 must be included in all Federal-aid designbuild contracts, in all subcontracts and in lower tier subcontracts (excluding subcontracts for design services, purchase orders, rental agreements and other agreements for supplies or services) in accordance with 23 CFR 633.102. The design-builder shall be responsible for compliance by any subcontractor, lower-tier subcontractor or service provider.

Contracting agencies may reference Form FHWA-1273 in solicitation-for-bids or request-for-proposals documents, however, the Form FHWA-1273 must be physically incorporated (not referenced) in all contracts, subcontracts and lower-tier subcontracts (excluding purchase orders, rental agreements and other agreements for supplies or services related to a construction contract). 23 CFR 633.102(b).

2. Subject to the applicability criteria noted in the following sections, these contract provisions shall apply to all work

performed on the contract by the contractor's own organization and with the assistance of workers under the contractor's immediate superintendence and to all work performed on the contract by piecework, station work, or by subcontract. 23 CFR 633.102(d).

3. A breach of any of the stipulations contained in these Required Contract Provisions may be sufficient grounds for withholding of progress payments, withholding of final payment, termination of the contract, suspension / debarment or any other action determined to be appropriate by the contracting agency and FHWA.

4. Selection of Labor: During the performance of this contract, the contractor shall not use convict labor for any purpose within the limits of a construction project on a Federal-aid highway unless it is labor performed by convicts who are on parole, supervised release, or probation. 23 U.S.C. 114(b). The term Federal-aid highway does not include roadways functionally classified as local roads or rural minor collectors. 23 U.S.C. 101(a).

II. NONDISCRIMINATION (23 CFR 230.107(a); 23 CFR Part 230, Subpart A, Appendix A; EO 11246)

The provisions of this section related to 23 CFR Part 230, Subpart A, Appendix A are applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts and to all related construction subcontracts of \$10,000 or more. The provisions of 23 CFR Part 230 are not applicable to material supply, engineering, or architectural service contracts.

In addition, the contractor and all subcontractors must comply with the following policies: Executive Order 11246, 41 CFR Part 60, 29 CFR Parts 1625-1627, 23 U.S.C. 140, Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, as amended (29 U.S.C. 794), Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, as amended (42 U.S.C. 2000d et seq.), and related regulations including 49 CFR Parts 21, 26, and 27; and 23 CFR Parts 200, 230, and 633.

The contractor and all subcontractors must comply with: the requirements of the Equal Opportunity Clause in 41 CFR 60-1.4(b) and, for all construction contracts exceeding \$10,000, the Standard Federal Equal Employment Opportunity Construction Contract Specifications in 41 CFR 60-4.3.

Note: The U.S. Department of Labor has exclusive authority to determine compliance with Executive Order 11246 and the policies of the Secretary of Labor including 41 CFR Part 60, and 29 CFR Parts 1625-1627. The contracting agency and the FHWA have the authority and the responsibility to ensure compliance with 23 U.S.C. 140, Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, as amended (29 U.S.C. 794), and Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, as amended (42 U.S.C. 2000d et seq.), and related regulations including 49 CFR Parts 21, 26, and 27; and 23 CFR Parts 200, 230, and 633.

The following provision is adopted from 23 CFR Part 230, Subpart A, Appendix A, with appropriate revisions to conform to the U.S. Department of Labor (US DOL) and FHWA requirements. 1. Equal Employment Opportunity: Equal Employment Opportunity (EEO) requirements not to discriminate and to take affirmative action to assure equal opportunity as set forth under laws, executive orders, rules, regulations (*see* 28 CFR Part 35, 29 CFR Part 1630, 29 CFR Parts 1625-1627, 41 CFR Part 60 and 49 CFR Part 27) and orders of the Secretary of Labor as modified by the provisions prescribed herein, and imposed pursuant to 23 U.S.C. 140, shall constitute the EEO and specific affirmative action standards for the contractor's project activities under this contract. The provisions of the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990 (42 U.S.C. 12101 et seq.) set forth under 28 CFR Part 35 and 29 CFR Part 1630 are incorporated by reference in this contract. In the execution of this contract, the contractor agrees to comply with the following minimum specific requirement activities of EEO:

a. The contractor will work with the contracting agency and the Federal Government to ensure that it has made every good faith effort to provide equal opportunity with respect to all of its terms and conditions of employment and in their review of activities under the contract. 23 CFR 230.409 (g)(4) & (5).

b. The contractor will accept as its operating policy the following statement:

"It is the policy of this Company to assure that applicants are employed, and that employees are treated during employment, without regard to their race, religion, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity, color, national origin, age or disability. Such action shall include: employment, upgrading, demotion, or transfer; recruitment or recruitment advertising; layoff or termination; rates of pay or other forms of compensation; and selection for training, including apprenticeship, pre-apprenticeship, and/or on-the-job training."

2. EEO Officer: The contractor will designate and make known to the contracting officers an EEO Officer who will have the responsibility for and must be capable of effectively administering and promoting an active EEO program and who must be assigned adequate authority and responsibility to do so.

3. Dissemination of Policy: All members of the contractor's staff who are authorized to hire, supervise, promote, and discharge employees, or who recommend such action or are substantially involved in such action, will be made fully cognizant of and will implement the contractor's EEO policy and contractual responsibilities to provide EEO in each grade and classification of employment. To ensure that the above agreement will be met, the following actions will be taken as a minimum:

a. Periodic meetings of supervisory and personnel office employees will be conducted before the start of work and then not less often than once every six months, at which time the contractor's EEO policy and its implementation will be reviewed and explained. The meetings will be conducted by the EEO Officer or other knowledgeable company official.

b. All new supervisory or personnel office employees will be given a thorough indoctrination by the EEO Officer, covering all major aspects of the contractor's EEO obligations within thirty days following their reporting for duty with the contractor.

c. All personnel who are engaged in direct recruitment for the project will be instructed by the EEO Officer in the contractor's procedures for locating and hiring minorities and women. d. Notices and posters setting forth the contractor's EEO policy will be placed in areas readily accessible to employees, applicants for employment and potential employees.

e. The contractor's EEO policy and the procedures to implement such policy will be brought to the attention of employees by means of meetings, employee handbooks, or other appropriate means.

4. Recruitment: When advertising for employees, the contractor will include in all advertisements for employees the notation: "An Equal Opportunity Employer." All such advertisements will be placed in publications having a large circulation among minorities and women in the area from which the project work force would normally be derived.

a. The contractor will, unless precluded by a valid bargaining agreement, conduct systematic and direct recruitment through public and private employee referral sources likely to yield qualified minorities and women. To meet this requirement, the contractor will identify sources of potential minority group employees and establish with such identified sources procedures whereby minority and women applicants may be referred to the contractor for employment consideration.

b. In the event the contractor has a valid bargaining agreement providing for exclusive hiring hall referrals, the contractor is expected to observe the provisions of that agreement to the extent that the system meets the contractor's compliance with EEO contract provisions. Where implementation of such an agreement has the effect of discriminating against minorities or women, or obligates the contractor to do the same, such implementation violates Federal nondiscrimination provisions.

c. The contractor will encourage its present employees to refer minorities and women as applicants for employment. Information and procedures with regard to referring such applicants will be discussed with employees.

5. Personnel Actions: Wages, working conditions, and employee benefits shall be established and administered, and personnel actions of every type, including hiring, upgrading, promotion, transfer, demotion, layoff, and termination, shall be taken without regard to race, color, religion, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity, national origin, age or disability. The following procedures shall be followed:

a. The contractor will conduct periodic inspections of project sites to ensure that working conditions and employee facilities do not indicate discriminatory treatment of project site personnel.

b. The contractor will periodically evaluate the spread of wages paid within each classification to determine any evidence of discriminatory wage practices.

c. The contractor will periodically review selected personnel actions in depth to determine whether there is evidence of discrimination. Where evidence is found, the contractor will promptly take corrective action. If the review indicates that the discrimination may extend beyond the actions reviewed, such corrective action shall include all affected persons.

d. The contractor will promptly investigate all complaints of alleged discrimination made to the contractor in connection with its obligations under this contract, will attempt to resolve such complaints, and will take appropriate corrective action within a reasonable time. If the investigation indicates that the discrimination may affect persons other than the complainant, such corrective action shall include such other persons. Upon completion of each investigation, the contractor will inform every complainant of all of their avenues of appeal.

6. Training and Promotion:

a. The contractor will assist in locating, qualifying, and increasing the skills of minorities and women who are applicants for employment or current employees. Such efforts should be aimed at developing full journey level status employees in the type of trade or job classification involved.

b. Consistent with the contractor's work force requirements and as permissible under Federal and State regulations, the contractor shall make full use of training programs (i.e., apprenticeship and on-the-job training programs for the geographical area of contract performance). In the event a special provision for training is provided under this contract, this subparagraph will be superseded as indicated in the special provision. The contracting agency may reserve training positions for persons who receive welfare assistance in accordance with 23 U.S.C. 140(a).

c. The contractor will advise employees and applicants for employment of available training programs and entrance requirements for each.

d. The contractor will periodically review the training and promotion potential of employees who are minorities and women and will encourage eligible employees to apply for such training and promotion.

7. Unions: If the contractor relies in whole or in part upon unions as a source of employees, the contractor will use good faith efforts to obtain the cooperation of such unions to increase opportunities for minorities and women. 23 CFR 230.409. Actions by the contractor, either directly or through a contractor's association acting as agent, will include the procedures set forth below:

a. The contractor will use good faith efforts to develop, in cooperation with the unions, joint training programs aimed toward qualifying more minorities and women for membership in the unions and increasing the skills of minorities and women so that they may qualify for higher paying employment.

b. The contractor will use good faith efforts to incorporate an EEO clause into each union agreement to the end that such union will be contractually bound to refer applicants without regard to their race, color, religion, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity, national origin, age, or disability.

c. The contractor is to obtain information as to the referral practices and policies of the labor union except that to the extent such information is within the exclusive possession of the labor union and such labor union refuses to furnish such information to the contractor, the contractor shall so certify to the contracting agency and shall set forth what efforts have been made to obtain such information.

d. In the event the union is unable to provide the contractor with a reasonable flow of referrals within the time limit set forth in the collective bargaining agreement, the contractor will, through independent recruitment efforts, fill the employment vacancies without regard to race, color, religion, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity, national origin, age, or disability; making full efforts to obtain qualified and/or qualifiable minorities and women. The failure of a union to provide sufficient referrals (even though it is obligated to provide exclusive referrals under the terms of a collective bargaining agreement) does not relieve the contractor from the requirements of this paragraph. In the event the union referral practice prevents the contractor from meeting the obligations pursuant to Executive Order 11246, as amended, and these special provisions, such contractor shall immediately notify the contracting agency.

8. Reasonable Accommodation for Applicants /

Employees with Disabilities: The contractor must be familiar with the requirements for and comply with the Americans with Disabilities Act and all rules and regulations established thereunder. Employers must provide reasonable accommodation in all employment activities unless to do so would cause an undue hardship.

9. Selection of Subcontractors, Procurement of Materials

and Leasing of Equipment: The contractor shall not discriminate on the grounds of race, color, religion, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity, national origin, age, or disability in the selection and retention of subcontractors, including procurement of materials and leases of equipment. The contractor shall take all necessary and reasonable steps to ensure nondiscrimination in the administration of this contract.

a. The contractor shall notify all potential subcontractors, suppliers, and lessors of their EEO obligations under this contract.

b. The contractor will use good faith efforts to ensure subcontractor compliance with their EEO obligations.

10. Assurances Required:

a. The requirements of 49 CFR Part 26 and the State DOT's FHWA-approved Disadvantaged Business Enterprise (DBE) program are incorporated by reference.

b. The contractor, subrecipient or subcontractor shall not discriminate on the basis of race, color, national origin, or sex in the performance of this contract. The contractor shall carry out applicable requirements of 49 CFR part 26 in the award and administration of DOT-assisted contracts. Failure by the contractor to carry out these requirements is a material breach of this contract, which may result in the termination of this contract or such other remedy as the recipient deems appropriate, which may include, but is not limited to:

- (1) Withholding monthly progress payments;
- (2) Assessing sanctions;
- (3) Liquidated damages; and/or

(4) Disqualifying the contractor from future bidding as non-responsible.

c. The Title VI and nondiscrimination provisions of U.S. DOT Order 1050.2A at Appendixes A and E are incorporated by reference. 49 CFR Part 21.

11. Records and Reports: The contractor shall keep such records as necessary to document compliance with the EEO requirements. Such records shall be retained for a period of three years following the date of the final payment to the contractor for all contract work and shall be available at reasonable times and places for inspection by authorized representatives of the contracting agency and the FHWA.

a. The records kept by the contractor shall document the following:

(1) The number and work hours of minority and nonminority group members and women employed in each work classification on the project;

(2) The progress and efforts being made in cooperation with unions, when applicable, to increase employment opportunities for minorities and women; and

(3) The progress and efforts being made in locating, hiring, training, qualifying, and upgrading minorities and women.

b. The contractors and subcontractors will submit an annual report to the contracting agency each July for the duration of the project indicating the number of minority, women, and nonminority group employees currently engaged in each work classification required by the contract work. This information is to be reported on Form FHWA-1391. The staffing data should represent the project work force on board in all or any part of the last payroll period preceding the end of July. If on-the-job training is being required by special provision, the contractor will be required to collect and report training data. The employment data should reflect the work force on board during all or any part of the last payroll period preceding the end of July.

III. NONSEGREGATED FACILITIES

This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts and to all related construction subcontracts of more than \$10,000. 41 CFR 60-1.5.

As prescribed by 41 CFR 60-1.8, the contractor must ensure that facilities provided for employees are provided in such a manner that segregation on the basis of race, color, religion, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity, or national origin cannot result. The contractor may neither require such segregated use by written or oral policies nor tolerate such use by employee custom. The contractor's obligation extends further to ensure that its employees are not assigned to perform their services at any location under the contractor's control where the facilities are segregated. The term "facilities" includes waiting rooms, work areas, restaurants and other eating areas, time clocks, restrooms, washrooms, locker rooms and other storage or dressing areas, parking lots, drinking fountains, recreation or entertainment areas, transportation, and housing provided for employees. The contractor shall provide separate or single-user restrooms and necessary dressing or sleeping areas to assure privacy between sexes.

IV. DAVIS-BACON AND RELATED ACT PROVISIONS

This section is applicable to all Federal-aid construction projects exceeding \$2,000 and to all related subcontracts and lower-tier subcontracts (regardless of subcontract size), in accordance with 29 CFR 5.5. The requirements apply to all projects located within the right-of-way of a roadway that is functionally classified as Federal-aid highway. 23 U.S.C. 113. This excludes roadways functionally classified as local roads or rural minor collectors, which are exempt. 23 U.S.C. 101. Where applicable law requires that projects be treated as a project on a Federal-aid highway, the provisions of this subpart will apply regardless of the location of the project. Examples include: Surface Transportation Block Grant Program projects funded under 23 U.S.C. 133 [excluding recreational trails projects], the Nationally Significant Freight and Highway Projects funded under 23 U.S.C. 117, and National Highway Freight Program projects funded under 23 U.S.C. 167.

The following provisions are from the U.S. Department of Labor regulations in 29 CFR 5.5 "Contract provisions and related matters" with minor revisions to conform to the FHWA-1273 format and FHWA program requirements.

1. Minimum wages (29 CFR 5.5)

a. All laborers and mechanics employed or working upon the site of the work, will be paid unconditionally and not less often than once a week, and without subsequent deduction or rebate on any account (except such payroll deductions as are permitted by regulations issued by the Secretary of Labor under the Copeland Act (29 CFR part 3)), the full amount of wages and bona fide fringe benefits (or cash equivalents thereof) due at time of payment computed at rates not less than those contained in the wage determination of the Secretary of Labor which is attached hereto and made a part hereof, regardless of any contractual relationship which may be alleged to exist between the contractor and such laborers and mechanics.

Contributions made or costs reasonably anticipated for bona fide fringe benefits under section 1(b)(2) of the Davis-Bacon Act on behalf of laborers or mechanics are considered wages paid to such laborers or mechanics, subject to the provisions of paragraph 1.d. of this section; also, regular contributions made or costs incurred for more than a weekly period (but not less often than quarterly) under plans, funds, or programs which cover the particular weekly period, are deemed to be constructively made or incurred during such weekly period. Such laborers and mechanics shall be paid the appropriate wage rate and fringe benefits on the wage determination for the classification of work actually performed, without regard to skill, except as provided in 29 CFR 5.5(a)(4). Laborers or mechanics performing work in more than one classification may be compensated at the rate specified for each classification for the time actually worked therein: Provided, That the employer's payroll records accurately set forth the time spent in each classification in which work is performed. The wage determination (including any additional classification and wage rates conformed under paragraph 1.b. of this section) and the Davis-Bacon poster (WH-1321) shall be posted at all times by the contractor and its subcontractors at the site of the work in a prominent and accessible place where it can be easily seen by the workers.

b.(1) The contracting officer shall require that any class of laborers or mechanics, including helpers, which is not listed in the wage determination and which is to be employed under the contract shall be classified in conformance with the wage determination. The contracting officer shall approve an additional classification and wage rate and fringe benefits therefore only when the following criteria have been met:

(i) The work to be performed by the classification requested is not performed by a classification in the wage determination; and

(ii) The classification is utilized in the area by the construction industry; and

(iii) The proposed wage rate, including any bona fide fringe benefits, bears a reasonable relationship to the wage rates contained in the wage determination.

(2) If the contractor and the laborers and mechanics to be employed in the classification (if known), or their representatives, and the contracting officer agree on the classification and wage rate (including the amount designated for fringe benefits where appropriate), a report of the action taken shall be sent by the contracting officer to the Administrator of the Wage and Hour Division, U.S. Department of Labor, Washington, DC 20210. The Administrator, or an authorized representative, will approve, modify, or disapprove every additional classification action within 30 days of receipt and so advise the contracting officer or will notify the contracting officer within the 30-day period that additional time is necessary.

(3) In the event the contractor, the laborers or mechanics to be employed in the classification or their representatives, and the contracting officer do not agree on the proposed classification and wage rate (including the amount designated for fringe benefits, where appropriate), the contracting officer shall refer the questions, including the views of all interested parties and the recommendation of the contracting officer, to the Administrator for determination. The Administrator, or an authorized representative, will issue a determination within 30 days of receipt and so advise the contracting officer or will notify the contracting officer within the 30-day period that additional time is necessary.

(4) The wage rate (including fringe benefits where appropriate) determined pursuant to paragraphs 1.b.(2) or 1.b.(3) of this section, shall be paid to all workers performing work in the classification under this contract from the first day on which work is performed in the classification.

c. Whenever the minimum wage rate prescribed in the contract for a class of laborers or mechanics includes a fringe benefit which is not expressed as an hourly rate, the contractor shall either pay the benefit as stated in the wage determination or shall pay another bona fide fringe benefit or an hourly cash equivalent thereof.

d. If the contractor does not make payments to a trustee or other third person, the contractor may consider as part of the wages of any laborer or mechanic the amount of any costs reasonably anticipated in providing bona fide fringe benefits under a plan or program, Provided, That the Secretary of Labor has found, upon the written request of the contractor, that the applicable standards of the Davis-Bacon Act have been met. The Secretary of Labor may require the contractor to set aside in a separate account assets for the meeting of obligations under the plan or program.

2. Withholding (29 CFR 5.5)

The contracting agency shall upon its own action or upon written request of an authorized representative of the Department of Labor, withhold or cause to be withheld from the contractor under this contract, or any other Federal contract with the same prime contractor, or any other federallyassisted contract subject to Davis-Bacon prevailing wage requirements, which is held by the same prime contractor, so much of the accrued payments or advances as may be considered necessary to pay laborers and mechanics, including apprentices, trainees, and helpers, employed by the contractor or any subcontractor the full amount of wages required by the contract. In the event of failure to pay any laborer or mechanic, including any apprentice, trainee, or helper, employed or working on the site of the work, all or part of the wages required by the contract, the contracting agency may, after written notice to the contractor, take such action as may be necessary to cause the suspension of any further payment, advance, or guarantee of funds until such violations have ceased.

3. Payrolls and basic records (29 CFR 5.5)

a. Payrolls and basic records relating thereto shall be maintained by the contractor during the course of the work and preserved for a period of three years thereafter for all laborers and mechanics working at the site of the work. Such records shall contain the name, address, and social security number of each such worker, his or her correct classification, hourly rates of wages paid (including rates of contributions or costs anticipated for bona fide fringe benefits or cash equivalents thereof of the types described in section 1(b)(2)(B) of the Davis-Bacon Act), daily and weekly number of hours worked, deductions made and actual wages paid. Whenever the Secretary of Labor has found under 29 CFR 5.5(a)(1)(iv) that the wages of any laborer or mechanic include the amount of any costs reasonably anticipated in providing benefits under a plan or program described in section 1(b)(2)(B) of the Davis-Bacon Act, the contractor shall maintain records which show that the commitment to provide such benefits is enforceable, that the plan or program is financially responsible, and that the plan or program has been communicated in writing to the laborers or mechanics affected, and records which show the costs anticipated or the actual cost incurred in providing such benefits. Contractors employing apprentices or trainees under approved programs shall maintain written evidence of the registration of apprenticeship programs and certification of trainee programs, the registration of the apprentices and trainees, and the ratios and wage rates prescribed in the applicable programs.

b.(1) The contractor shall submit weekly for each week in which any contract work is performed a copy of all payrolls to the contracting agency. The payrolls submitted shall set out accurately and completely all of the information required to be maintained under 29 CFR 5.5(a)(3)(i), except that full social security numbers and home addresses shall not be included on weekly transmittals. Instead the payrolls shall only need to include an individually identifying number for each employee (e.g., the last four digits of the employee's social security number). The required weekly payroll information may be submitted in any form desired. Optional Form WH-347 is available for this purpose from the Wage and Hour Division Web site. The prime contractor is responsible for the submission of copies of payrolls by all subcontractors. Contractors and subcontractors shall maintain the full social security number and current address of each covered worker, and shall provide them upon request to the contracting agency for transmission to the State DOT, the FHWA or the Wage and Hour Division of the Department of Labor for purposes of an investigation or audit of compliance with prevailing wage requirements. It is not a violation of this section for a prime contractor to require a subcontractor to provide addresses and social security numbers to the prime contractor for its own records, without weekly submission to the contracting agency.

(2) Each payroll submitted shall be accompanied by a "Statement of Compliance," signed by the contractor or

subcontractor or his or her agent who pays or supervises the payment of the persons employed under the contract and shall certify the following:

(i) That the payroll for the payroll period contains the information required to be provided under 29 CFR 5.5(a)(3)(ii), the appropriate information is being maintained under 29 CFR 5.5(a)(3)(i), and that such information is correct and complete;

(ii) That each laborer or mechanic (including each helper, apprentice, and trainee) employed on the contract during the payroll period has been paid the full weekly wages earned, without rebate, either directly or indirectly, and that no deductions have been made either directly or indirectly from the full wages earned, other than permissible deductions as set forth in 29 CFR part 3;

(iii) That each laborer or mechanic has been paid not less than the applicable wage rates and fringe benefits or cash equivalents for the classification of work performed, as specified in the applicable wage determination incorporated into the contract.

(3) The weekly submission of a properly executed certification set forth on the reverse side of Optional Form WH–347 shall satisfy the requirement for submission of the "Statement of Compliance" required by paragraph 3.b.(2) of this section.

(4) The falsification of any of the above certifications may subject the contractor or subcontractor to civil or criminal prosecution under 18 U.S.C. 1001 and 31 U.S.C. 231.

c. The contractor or subcontractor shall make the records required under paragraph 3.a. of this section available for inspection, copying, or transcription by authorized representatives of the contracting agency, the State DOT, the FHWA, or the Department of Labor, and shall permit such representatives to interview employees during working hours on the job. If the contractor or subcontractor fails to submit the required records or to make them available, the FHWA may, after written notice to the contractor, the contracting agency or the State DOT, take such action as may be necessary to cause the suspension of any further payment, advance, or guarantee of funds. Furthermore, failure to submit the required records upon request or to make such records available may be grounds for debarment action pursuant to 29 CFR 5.12.

4. Apprentices and trainees (29 CFR 5.5)

a. Apprentices (programs of the USDOL).

Apprentices will be permitted to work at less than the predetermined rate for the work they performed when they are employed pursuant to and individually registered in a bona fide apprenticeship program registered with the U.S. Department of Labor, Employment and Training Administration, Office of Apprenticeship Training, Employer and Labor Services, or with a State Apprenticeship Agency recognized by the Office, or if a person is employed in his or her first 90 days of probationary employment as an apprentice in such an apprenticeship program, who is not individually registered in the program, but who has been certified by the Office of Apprenticeship Training, Employer and Labor Services or a State Apprenticeship Agency (where appropriate) to be eligible for probationary employment as an apprentice.

The allowable ratio of apprentices to journeymen on the job site in any craft classification shall not be greater than the ratio permitted to the contractor as to the entire work force under the registered program. Any worker listed on a payroll at an apprentice wage rate, who is not registered or otherwise employed as stated above, shall be paid not less than the applicable wage rate on the wage determination for the classification of work actually performed. In addition, any apprentice performing work on the job site in excess of the ratio permitted under the registered program shall be paid not less than the applicable wage rate on the wage determination for the work actually performed. Where a contractor is performing construction on a project in a locality other than that in which its program is registered, the ratios and wage rates (expressed in percentages of the journeyman's hourly rate) specified in the contractor's or subcontractor's registered program shall be observed.

Every apprentice must be paid at not less than the rate specified in the registered program for the apprentice's level of progress, expressed as a percentage of the journeymen hourly rate specified in the applicable wage determination. Apprentices shall be paid fringe benefits in accordance with the provisions of the apprenticeship program. If the apprenticeship program does not specify fringe benefits, apprentices must be paid the full amount of fringe benefits listed on the wage determination for the applicable classification. If the Administrator determines that a different practice prevails for the applicable apprentice classification, fringes shall be paid in accordance with that determination.

In the event the Office of Apprenticeship Training, Employer and Labor Services, or a State Apprenticeship Agency recognized by the Office, withdraws approval of an apprenticeship program, the contractor will no longer be permitted to utilize apprentices at less than the applicable predetermined rate for the work performed until an acceptable program is approved.

b. Trainees (programs of the USDOL).

Except as provided in 29 CFR 5.16, trainees will not be permitted to work at less than the predetermined rate for the work performed unless they are employed pursuant to and individually registered in a program which has received prior approval, evidenced by formal certification by the U.S. Department of Labor, Employment and Training Administration.

The ratio of trainees to journeymen on the job site shall not be greater than permitted under the plan approved by the Employment and Training Administration.

Every trainee must be paid at not less than the rate specified in the approved program for the trainee's level of progress, expressed as a percentage of the journeyman hourly rate specified in the applicable wage determination. Trainees shall be paid fringe benefits in accordance with the provisions of the trainee program. If the trainee program does not mention fringe benefits, trainees shall be paid the full amount of fringe benefits listed on the wage determination unless the Administrator of the Wage and Hour Division determines that there is an apprenticeship program associated with the corresponding journeyman wage rate on the wage determination which provides for less than full fringe benefits for apprentices. Any employee listed on the payroll at a trainee rate who is not registered and participating in a training plan approved by the Employment and Training Administration shall be paid not less than the applicable wage rate on the wage determination for the classification of work actually performed. In addition, any trainee performing work on the job site in excess of the ratio permitted under the registered program shall be paid not less than the applicable wage rate on the wage determination for the work actually performed.

In the event the Employment and Training Administration withdraws approval of a training program, the contractor will no longer be permitted to utilize trainees at less than the applicable predetermined rate for the work performed until an acceptable program is approved.

c. Equal employment opportunity. The utilization of apprentices, trainees and journeymen under this part shall be in conformity with the equal employment opportunity requirements of Executive Order 11246, as amended, and 29 CFR part 30.

d. Apprentices and Trainees (programs of the U.S. DOT).

Apprentices and trainees working under apprenticeship and skill training programs which have been certified by the Secretary of Transportation as promoting EEO in connection with Federal-aid highway construction programs are not subject to the requirements of paragraph 4 of this Section IV. 23 CFR 230.111(e)(2). The straight time hourly wage rates for apprentices and trainees under such programs will be established by the particular programs. The ratio of apprentices and trainees to journeymen shall not be greater than permitted by the terms of the particular program.

5. Compliance with Copeland Act requirements. The contractor shall comply with the requirements of 29 CFR part 3, which are incorporated by reference in this contract as provided in 29 CFR 5.5.

6. Subcontracts. The contractor or subcontractor shall insert Form FHWA-1273 in any subcontracts and also require the subcontractors to include Form FHWA-1273 in any lower tier subcontracts. The prime contractor shall be responsible for the compliance by any subcontractor or lower tier subcontractor with all the contract clauses in 29 CFR 5.5.

7. Contract termination: debarment. A breach of the contract clauses in 29 CFR 5.5 may be grounds for termination of the contract, and for debarment as a contractor and a subcontractor as provided in 29 CFR 5.12.

8. Compliance with Davis-Bacon and Related Act requirements. All rulings and interpretations of the Davis-Bacon and Related Acts contained in 29 CFR parts 1, 3, and 5 are herein incorporated by reference in this contract as provided in 29 CFR 5.5.

9. Disputes concerning labor standards. As provided in 29 CFR 5.5, disputes arising out of the labor standards provisions of this contract shall not be subject to the general disputes clause of this contract. Such disputes shall be resolved in accordance with the procedures of the Department of Labor

set forth in 29 CFR parts 5, 6, and 7. Disputes within the meaning of this clause include disputes between the contractor (or any of its subcontractors) and the contracting agency, the U.S. Department of Labor, or the employees or their representatives.

10. Certification of eligibility (29 CFR 5.5)

a. By entering into this contract, the contractor certifies that neither it (nor he or she) nor any person or firm who has an interest in the contractor's firm is a person or firm ineligible to be awarded Government contracts by virtue of section 3(a) of the Davis-Bacon Act or 29 CFR 5.12(a)(1).

b. No part of this contract shall be subcontracted to any person or firm ineligible for award of a Government contract by virtue of section 3(a) of the Davis-Bacon Act or 29 CFR 5.12(a)(1).

c. The penalty for making false statements is prescribed in the U.S. Criminal Code, 18 U.S.C. 1001.

V. CONTRACT WORK HOURS AND SAFETY STANDARDS ACT

Pursuant to 29 CFR 5.5(b), the following clauses apply to any Federal-aid construction contract in an amount in excess of \$100,000 and subject to the overtime provisions of the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act. These clauses shall be inserted in addition to the clauses required by 29 CFR 5.5(a) or 29 CFR 4.6. As used in this paragraph, the terms laborers and mechanics include watchmen and guards.

1. Overtime requirements. No contractor or subcontractor contracting for any part of the contract work which may require or involve the employment of laborers or mechanics shall require or permit any such laborer or mechanic in any workweek in which he or she is employed on such work to work in excess of forty hours in such workweek unless such laborer or mechanic receives compensation at a rate not less than one and one-half times the basic rate of pay for all hours worked in excess of forty hours in such workweek. 29 CFR 5.5.

2. Violation; liability for unpaid wages; liquidated damages. In the event of any violation of the clause set forth in paragraph 1 of this section, the contractor and any subcontractor responsible therefor shall be liable for the unpaid wages. In addition, such contractor and subcontractor shall be liable to the United States (in the case of work done under contract for the District of Columbia or a territory, to such District or to such territory), for liquidated damages. Such liquidated damages shall be computed with respect to each individual laborer or mechanic, including watchmen and guards, employed in violation of the clause set forth in paragraph 1 of this section, in the sum currently provided in 29 CFR 5.5(b)(2)* for each calendar day on which such individual was required or permitted to work in excess of the standard workweek of forty hours without payment of the overtime wages required by the clause set forth in paragraph 1 of this section. 29 CFR 5.5.

* \$27 as of January 23, 2019 (See 84 FR 213-01, 218) as may be adjusted annually by the Department of Labor; pursuant to the Federal Civil Penalties Inflation Adjustment Act of 1990). **3. Withholding for unpaid wages and liquidated damages.** The FHWA or the contacting agency shall upon its own action or upon written request of an authorized representative of the Department of Labor withhold or cause to be withheld, from any moneys payable on account of work performed by the contractor or subcontractor under any such contract or any other Federal contract with the same prime contractor, or any other federally-assisted contract subject to the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act, which is held by the same prime contractor, such sums as may be determined to be necessary to satisfy any liabilities of such contractor or subcontractor for unpaid wages and liquidated damages as provided in the clause set forth in paragraph 2 of this section. 29 CFR 5.5.

4. Subcontracts. The contractor or subcontractor shall insert in any subcontracts the clauses set forth in paragraphs 1 through 4 of this section and also a clause requiring the subcontractors to include these clauses in any lower tier subcontracts. The prime contractor shall be responsible for compliance by any subcontractor or lower tier subcontractor with the clauses set forth in paragraphs 1 through 4 of this section. 29 CFR 5.5.

VI. SUBLETTING OR ASSIGNING THE CONTRACT

This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts on the National Highway System pursuant to 23 CFR 635.116.

1. The contractor shall perform with its own organization contract work amounting to not less than 30 percent (or a greater percentage if specified elsewhere in the contract) of the total original contract price, excluding any specialty items designated by the contracting agency. Specialty items may be performed by subcontract and the amount of any such specialty items performed may be deducted from the total original contract price before computing the amount of work required to be performed by the contractor's own organization (23 CFR 635.116).

a. The term "perform work with its own organization" in paragraph 1 of Section VI refers to workers employed or leased by the prime contractor, and equipment owned or rented by the prime contractor, with or without operators. Such term does not include employees or equipment of a subcontractor or lower tier subcontractor, agents of the prime contractor, or any other assignees. The term may include payments for the costs of hiring leased employees from an employee leasing firm meeting all relevant Federal and State regulatory requirements. Leased employees may only be included in this term if the prime contractor meets all of the following conditions: (based on longstanding interpretation)

(1) the prime contractor maintains control over the supervision of the day-to-day activities of the leased employees;

(2) the prime contractor remains responsible for the quality of the work of the leased employees;

(3) the prime contractor retains all power to accept or exclude individual employees from work on the project; and (4) the prime contractor remains ultimately responsible for the payment of predetermined minimum wages, the submission of payrolls, statements of compliance and all other Federal regulatory requirements.

b. "Specialty Items" shall be construed to be limited to work that requires highly specialized knowledge, abilities, or

equipment not ordinarily available in the type of contracting organizations qualified and expected to bid or propose on the contract as a whole and in general are to be limited to minor components of the overall contract. 23 CFR 635.102.

2. Pursuant to 23 CFR 635.116(a), the contract amount upon which the requirements set forth in paragraph (1) of Section VI is computed includes the cost of material and manufactured products which are to be purchased or produced by the contractor under the contract provisions.

3. Pursuant to 23 CFR 635.116(c), the contractor shall furnish (a) a competent superintendent or supervisor who is employed by the firm, has full authority to direct performance of the work in accordance with the contract requirements, and is in charge of all construction operations (regardless of who performs the work) and (b) such other of its own organizational resources (supervision, management, and engineering services) as the contracting officer determines is necessary to assure the performance of the contract.

4. No portion of the contract shall be sublet, assigned or otherwise disposed of except with the written consent of the contracting officer, or authorized representative, and such consent when given shall not be construed to relieve the contractor of any responsibility for the fulfillment of the contract. Written consent will be given only after the contracting agency has assured that each subcontract is evidenced in writing and that it contains all pertinent provisions and requirements of the prime contract. (based on longstanding interpretation of 23 CFR 635.116).

5. The 30-percent self-performance requirement of paragraph (1) is not applicable to design-build contracts; however, contracting agencies may establish their own self-performance requirements. 23 CFR 635.116(d).

VII. SAFETY: ACCIDENT PREVENTION

This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts and to all related subcontracts.

1. In the performance of this contract the contractor shall comply with all applicable Federal, State, and local laws governing safety, health, and sanitation (23 CFR Part 635). The contractor shall provide all safeguards, safety devices and protective equipment and take any other needed actions as it determines, or as the contracting officer may determine, to be reasonably necessary to protect the life and health of employees on the job and the safety of the public and to protect property in connection with the performance of the work covered by the contract. 23 CFR 635.108.

2. It is a condition of this contract, and shall be made a condition of each subcontract, which the contractor enters into pursuant to this contract, that the contractor and any subcontractor shall not permit any employee, in performance of the contract, to work in surroundings or under conditions which are unsanitary, hazardous or dangerous to his/her health or safety, as determined under construction safety and health standards (29 CFR Part 1926) promulgated by the Secretary of Labor, in accordance with Section 107 of the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act (40 U.S.C. 3704). 29 CFR 1926.10.

3. Pursuant to 29 CFR 1926.3, it is a condition of this contract that the Secretary of Labor or authorized representative thereof, shall have right of entry to any site of contract performance to inspect or investigate the matter of compliance

with the construction safety and health standards and to carry out the duties of the Secretary under Section 107 of the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act (40 U.S.C. 3704).

VIII. FALSE STATEMENTS CONCERNING HIGHWAY PROJECTS

This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts and to all related subcontracts.

In order to assure high quality and durable construction in conformity with approved plans and specifications and a high degree of reliability on statements and representations made by engineers, contractors, suppliers, and workers on Federalaid highway projects, it is essential that all persons concerned with the project perform their functions as carefully, thoroughly, and honestly as possible. Willful falsification, distortion, or misrepresentation with respect to any facts related to the project is a violation of Federal law. To prevent any misunderstanding regarding the seriousness of these and similar acts, Form FHWA-1022 shall be posted on each Federal-aid highway project (23 CFR Part 635) in one or more places where it is readily available to all persons concerned with the project:

18 U.S.C. 1020 reads as follows:

"Whoever, being an officer, agent, or employee of the United States, or of any State or Territory, or whoever, whether a person, association, firm, or corporation, knowingly makes any false statement, false representation, or false report as to the character, quality, quantity, or cost of the material used or to be used, or the quantity or quality of the work performed or to be performed, or the cost thereof in connection with the submission of plans, maps, specifications, contracts, or costs of construction on any highway or related project submitted for approval to the Secretary of Transportation; or

Whoever knowingly makes any false statement, false representation, false report or false claim with respect to the character, quality, quantity, or cost of any work performed or to be performed, or materials furnished or to be furnished, in connection with the construction of any highway or related project approved by the Secretary of Transportation; or

Whoever knowingly makes any false statement or false representation as to material fact in any statement, certificate, or report submitted pursuant to provisions of the Federal-aid Roads Act approved July 11, 1916, (39 Stat. 355), as amended and supplemented;

Shall be fined under this title or imprisoned not more than 5 years or both."

IX. IMPLEMENTATION OF CLEAN AIR ACT AND FEDERAL WATER POLLUTION CONTROL ACT (42 U.S.C. 7606; 2 CFR 200.88; EO 11738)

This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts in excess of \$150,000 and to all related subcontracts. 48 CFR 2.101; 2 CFR 200.326.

By submission of this bid/proposal or the execution of this contract or subcontract, as appropriate, the bidder, proposer, Federal-aid construction contractor, subcontractor, supplier, or vendor agrees to comply with all applicable standards, orders or regulations issued pursuant to the Clean Air Act (42 U.S.C. 7401-7671q) and the Federal Water Pollution Control Act, as amended (33 U.S.C. 1251-1387). Violations must be reported to the Federal Highway Administration and the Regional Office of the Environmental Protection Agency. 2 CFR Part 200, Appendix II.

The contractor agrees to include or cause to be included the requirements of this Section in every subcontract, and further agrees to take such action as the contracting agency may direct as a means of enforcing such requirements. 2 CFR 200.326.

X. CERTIFICATION REGARDING DEBARMENT, SUSPENSION, INELIGIBILITY AND VOLUNTARY EXCLUSION

This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts, design-build contracts, subcontracts, lower-tier subcontracts, purchase orders, lease agreements, consultant contracts or any other covered transaction requiring FHWA approval or that is estimated to cost \$25,000 or more – as defined in 2 CFR Parts 180 and 1200. 2 CFR 180.220 and 1200.220.

1. Instructions for Certification – First Tier Participants:

a. By signing and submitting this proposal, the prospective first tier participant is providing the certification set out below.

b. The inability of a person to provide the certification set out below will not necessarily result in denial of participation in this covered transaction. The prospective first tier participant shall submit an explanation of why it cannot provide the certification set out below. The certification or explanation will be considered in connection with the department or agency's determination whether to enter into this transaction. However, failure of the prospective first tier participant to furnish a certification or an explanation shall disqualify such a person from participation in this transaction. 2 CFR 180.320.

c. The certification in this clause is a material representation of fact upon which reliance was placed when the contracting agency determined to enter into this transaction. If it is later determined that the prospective participant knowingly rendered an erroneous certification, in addition to other remedies available to the Federal Government, the contracting agency may terminate this transaction for cause of default. 2 CFR 180.325.

d. The prospective first tier participant shall provide immediate written notice to the contracting agency to whom this proposal is submitted if any time the prospective first tier participant learns that its certification was erroneous when submitted or has become erroneous by reason of changed circumstances. 2 CFR 180.345 and 180.350.

e. The terms "covered transaction," "debarred," "suspended," "ineligible," "participant," "person," "principal," and "voluntarily excluded," as used in this clause, are defined in 2 CFR Parts 180, Subpart I, 180.900-180.1020, and 1200. "First Tier Covered Transactions" refers to any covered transaction between a recipient or subrecipient of Federal funds and a participant (such as the prime or general contract). "Lower Tier Covered Transactions" refers to any covered transaction under a First Tier Covered Transaction (such as subcontracts). "First Tier Participant" refers to the participant who has entered into a covered transaction with a recipient or subrecipient of Federal funds (such as the prime or general contractor). "Lower Tier Participant" refers any participant who has entered into a covered transaction with a First Tier Participant or other Lower Tier Participants (such as subcontractors and suppliers).

f. The prospective first tier participant agrees by submitting this proposal that, should the proposed covered transaction be entered into, it shall not knowingly enter into any lower tier covered transaction with a person who is debarred, suspended, declared ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participation in this covered transaction, unless authorized by the department or agency entering into this transaction. 2 CFR 180.330.

g. The prospective first tier participant further agrees by submitting this proposal that it will include the clause titled "Certification Regarding Debarment, Suspension, Ineligibility and Voluntary Exclusion-Lower Tier Covered Transactions," provided by the department or contracting agency, entering into this covered transaction, without modification, in all lower tier covered transactions and in all solicitations for lower tier covered transactions exceeding the \$25,000 threshold. 2 CFR 180.220 and 180.300.

h. A participant in a covered transaction may rely upon a certification of a prospective participant in a lower tier covered transaction that is not debarred, suspended, ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from the covered transaction, unless it knows that the certification is erroneous. 2 CFR 180.300; 180.320, and 180.325. A participant is responsible for ensuring that its principals are not suspended, debarred, or otherwise ineligible to participate in covered transactions. 2 CFR 180.335. To verify the eligibility of its principals, as well as the eligibility of any lower tier prospective participants, each participant may, but is not required to, check the System for Award Management website (https://www.sam.gov/). 2 CFR 180.320, and 180.325.

i. Nothing contained in the foregoing shall be construed to require the establishment of a system of records in order to render in good faith the certification required by this clause. The knowledge and information of the prospective participant is not required to exceed that which is normally possessed by a prudent person in the ordinary course of business dealings.

j. Except for transactions authorized under paragraph (f) of these instructions, if a participant in a covered transaction knowingly enters into a lower tier covered transaction with a person who is suspended, debarred, ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participation in this transaction, in addition to other remedies available to the Federal Government, the department or agency may terminate this transaction for cause or default. 2 CFR 180.325.

* * * * *

2. Certification Regarding Debarment, Suspension, Ineligibility and Voluntary Exclusion – First Tier Participants:

a. The prospective first tier participant certifies to the best of its knowledge and belief, that it and its principals:

(1) Are not presently debarred, suspended, proposed for debarment, declared ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participating in covered transactions by any Federal department or agency, 2 CFR 180.335;.

(2) Have not within a three-year period preceding this proposal been convicted of or had a civil judgment rendered against them for commission of fraud or a criminal offense in connection with obtaining, attempting to obtain, or performing a public (Federal, State, or local) transaction or contract under a public transaction; violation of Federal or State antitrust statutes or commission of embezzlement, theft, forgery, bribery, falsification or destruction of records, making false statements, or receiving stolen property, 2 CFR 180.800;

(3) Are not presently indicted for or otherwise criminally or civilly charged by a governmental entity (Federal, State or local) with commission of any of the offenses enumerated in paragraph (a)(2) of this certification, 2 CFR 180.700 and 180.800; and

(4) Have not within a three-year period preceding this application/proposal had one or more public transactions (Federal, State or local) terminated for cause or default. 2 CFR 180.335(d).

(5) Are not a corporation that has been convicted of a felony violation under any Federal law within the two-year period preceding this proposal (USDOT Order 4200.6 implementing appropriations act requirements); and

(6) Are not a corporation with any unpaid Federal tax liability that has been assessed, for which all judicial and administrative remedies have been exhausted, or have lapsed, and that is not being paid in a timely manner pursuant to an agreement with the authority responsible for collecting the tax liability (USDOT Order 4200.6 implementing appropriations act requirements).

b. Where the prospective participant is unable to certify to any of the statements in this certification, such prospective participant should attach an explanation to this proposal. 2 CFR 180.335 and 180.340.

3. Instructions for Certification - Lower Tier Participants:

(Applicable to all subcontracts, purchase orders, and other lower tier transactions requiring prior FHWA approval or estimated to cost \$25,000 or more - 2 CFR Parts 180 and 1200). 2 CFR 180.220 and 1200.220.

a. By signing and submitting this proposal, the prospective lower tier participant is providing the certification set out below.

b. The certification in this clause is a material representation of fact upon which reliance was placed when this transaction was entered into. If it is later determined that the prospective lower tier participant knowingly rendered an erroneous certification, in addition to other remedies available to the Federal Government, the department, or agency with which this transaction originated may pursue available remedies, including suspension and/or debarment.

c. The prospective lower tier participant shall provide immediate written notice to the person to which this proposal is submitted if at any time the prospective lower tier participant learns that its certification was erroneous by reason of changed circumstances. 2 CFR 180.365.

d. The terms "covered transaction," "debarred," "suspended," "ineligible," "participant," "person," "principal," and "voluntarily excluded," as used in this clause, are defined in 2 CFR Parts 180, Subpart I, 180.900 – 180.1020, and 1200. You may contact the person to which this proposal is submitted for assistance in obtaining a copy of those regulations. "First Tier Covered Transactions" refers to any covered transaction between a recipient or subrecipient of Federal funds and a participant (such as the prime or general contract). "Lower Tier Covered Transactions" refers to any covered transaction under a First Tier Covered Transaction (such as subcontracts). "First Tier Participant" refers to the participant who has entered into a covered transaction with a recipient or subrecipient of Federal funds (such as the prime or general contractor). "Lower Tier Participant" refers any participant who has entered into a covered transaction with a First Tier Participant or other Lower Tier Participants (such as subcontractors and suppliers).

e. The prospective lower tier participant agrees by submitting this proposal that, should the proposed covered transaction be entered into, it shall not knowingly enter into any lower tier covered transaction with a person who is debarred, suspended, declared ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participation in this covered transaction, unless authorized by the department or agency with which this transaction originated. 2 CFR 1200.220 and 1200.332.

f. The prospective lower tier participant further agrees by submitting this proposal that it will include this clause titled "Certification Regarding Debarment, Suspension, Ineligibility and Voluntary Exclusion-Lower Tier Covered Transaction," without modification, in all lower tier covered transactions and in all solicitations for lower tier covered transactions exceeding the \$25,000 threshold. 2 CFR 180.220 and 1200.220.

g. A participant in a covered transaction may rely upon a certification of a prospective participant in a lower tier covered transaction that is not debarred, suspended, ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from the covered transaction, unless it knows that the certification is erroneous. A participant is responsible for ensuring that its principals are not suspended, debarred, or otherwise ineligible to participate in covered transactions. To verify the eligibility of its principals, as well as the eligibility of any lower tier prospective participants, each participant may, but is not required to, check the System for Award Management website (<u>https://www.sam.gov/</u>), which is compiled by the General Services Administration. 2 CFR 180.300, 180.320, 180.330, and 180.335.

h. Nothing contained in the foregoing shall be construed to require establishment of a system of records in order to render in good faith the certification required by this clause. The knowledge and information of participant is not required to exceed that which is normally possessed by a prudent person in the ordinary course of business dealings.

i. Except for transactions authorized under paragraph e of these instructions, if a participant in a covered transaction knowingly enters into a lower tier covered transaction with a person who is suspended, debarred, ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participation in this transaction, in addition to other remedies available to the Federal Government, the department or agency with which this transaction originated may pursue available remedies, including suspension and/or debarment. 2 CFR 180.325.

* * * * *

Certification Regarding Debarment, Suspension, Ineligibility and Voluntary Exclusion--Lower Tier Participants:

1. The prospective lower tier participant certifies, by submission of this proposal, that neither it nor its principals:

(a) is presently debarred, suspended, proposed for debarment, declared ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participating in covered transactions by any Federal department or agency, 2 CFR 180.355;

(b) is a corporation that has been convicted of a felony violation under any Federal law within the two-year period preceding this proposal (USDOT Order 4200.6 implementing appropriations act requirements); and

(c) is a corporation with any unpaid Federal tax liability that has been assessed, for which all judicial and administrative remedies have been exhausted, or have lapsed, and that is not being paid in a timely manner pursuant to an agreement with the authority responsible for collecting the tax liability. (USDOT Order 4200.6 implementing appropriations act requirements)

2. Where the prospective lower tier participant is unable to certify to any of the statements in this certification, such prospective participant should attach an explanation to this proposal.

* * * * *

XI. CERTIFICATION REGARDING USE OF CONTRACT FUNDS FOR LOBBYING

This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts and to all related subcontracts which exceed \$100,000. 49 CFR Part 20, App. A.

1. The prospective participant certifies, by signing and submitting this bid or proposal, to the best of his or her knowledge and belief, that:

a. No Federal appropriated funds have been paid or will be paid, by or on behalf of the undersigned, to any person for influencing or attempting to influence an officer or employee of any Federal agency, a Member of Congress, an officer or employee of Congress, or an employee of a Member of Congress in connection with the awarding of any Federal contract, the making of any Federal grant, the making of any Federal loan, the entering into of any cooperative agreement, and the extension, continuation, renewal, amendment, or modification of any Federal contract, grant, loan, or cooperative agreement.

b. If any funds other than Federal appropriated funds have been paid or will be paid to any person for influencing or attempting to influence an officer or employee of any Federal agency, a Member of Congress, an officer or employee of Congress, or an employee of a Member of Congress in connection with this Federal contract, grant, loan, or cooperative agreement, the undersigned shall complete and submit Standard Form-LLL, "Disclosure Form to Report Lobbying," in accordance with its instructions.

2. This certification is a material representation of fact upon which reliance was placed when this transaction was made or entered into. Submission of this certification is a prerequisite for making or entering into this transaction imposed by 31 U.S.C. 1352. Any person who fails to file the required certification shall be subject to a civil penalty of not less than \$10,000 and not more than \$100,000 for each such failure.

3. The prospective participant also agrees by submitting its bid or proposal that the participant shall require that the language of this certification be included in all lower tier

subcontracts, which exceed \$100,000 and that all such recipients shall certify and disclose accordingly.

XII. USE OF UNITED STATES-FLAG VESSELS:

This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts, design-build contracts, subcontracts, lower-tier subcontracts, purchase orders, lease agreements, or any other covered transaction. 46 CFR Part 381.

This requirement applies to material or equipment that is acquired for a specific Federal-aid highway project. 46 CFR 381.7. It is not applicable to goods or materials that come into inventories independent of an FHWA funded-contract.

When oceanic shipments (or shipments across the Great Lakes) are necessary for materials or equipment acquired for a specific Federal-aid construction project, the bidder, proposer, contractor, subcontractor, or vendor agrees:

1. To utilize privately owned United States-flag commercial vessels to ship at least 50 percent of the gross tonnage (computed separately for dry bulk carriers, dry cargo liners, and tankers) involved, whenever shipping any equipment, material, or commodities pursuant to this contract, to the extent such vessels are available at fair and reasonable rates for United States-flag commercial vessels. 46 CFR 381.7.

2. To furnish within 20 days following the date of loading for shipments originating within the United States or within 30 working days following the date of loading for shipments originating outside the United States, a legible copy of a rated, 'on-board' commercial ocean bill-of-lading in English for each shipment of cargo described in paragraph (b)(1) of this section to both the Contracting Officer (through the prime contractor in the case of subcontractor bills-of-lading) and to the Office of Cargo and Commercial Sealift (MAR-620), Maritime Administration, Washington, DC 20590. (MARAD requires copies of the ocean carrier's (master) bills of lading, certified onboard, dated, with rates and charges. These bills of lading may contain business sensitive information and therefore may be submitted directly to MARAD by the Ocean Transportation Intermediary on behalf of the contractor). 46 CFR 381.7.

ATTACHMENT A - EMPLOYMENT AND MATERIALS PREFERENCE FOR APPALACHIAN DEVELOPMENT HIGHWAY SYSTEM OR APPALACHIAN LOCAL ACCESS ROAD CONTRACTS (23 CFR 633, Subpart B, Appendix B) This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid projects funded under the Appalachian Regional Development Act of 1965.

1. During the performance of this contract, the contractor undertaking to do work which is, or reasonably may be, done as on-site work, shall give preference to qualified persons who regularly reside in the labor area as designated by the DOL wherein the contract work is situated, or the subregion, or the Appalachian counties of the State wherein the contract work is situated, except:

a. To the extent that qualified persons regularly residing in the area are not available.

b. For the reasonable needs of the contractor to employ supervisory or specially experienced personnel necessary to assure an efficient execution of the contract work.

c. For the obligation of the contractor to offer employment to present or former employees as the result of a lawful collective bargaining contract, provided that the number of nonresident persons employed under this subparagraph (1c) shall not exceed 20 percent of the total number of employees employed by the contractor on the contract work, except as provided in subparagraph (4) below.

2. The contractor shall place a job order with the State Employment Service indicating (a) the classifications of the laborers, mechanics and other employees required to perform the contract work, (b) the number of employees required in each classification, (c) the date on which the participant estimates such employees will be required, and (d) any other pertinent information required by the State Employment Service to complete the job order form. The job order may be placed with the State Employment Service in writing or by telephone. If during the course of the contract work, the information submitted by the contractor in the original job order is substantially modified, the participant shall promptly notify the State Employment Service.

3. The contractor shall give full consideration to all qualified job applicants referred to him by the State Employment Service. The contractor is not required to grant employment to any job applicants who, in his opinion, are not qualified to perform the classification of work required.

4. If, within one week following the placing of a job order by the contractor with the State Employment Service, the State Employment Service is unable to refer any qualified job applicants to the contractor, or less than the number requested, the State Employment Service will forward a certificate to the contractor indicating the unavailability of applicants. Such certificate shall be made a part of the contractor's permanent project records. Upon receipt of this certificate, the contractor may employ persons who do not normally reside in the labor area to fill positions covered by the certificate, notwithstanding the provisions of subparagraph (1c) above.

5. The provisions of 23 CFR 633.207(e) allow the contracting agency to provide a contractual preference for the use of mineral resource materials native to the Appalachian region.

6. The contractor shall include the provisions of Sections 1 through 4 of this Attachment A in every subcontract for work which is, or reasonably may be, done as on-site work.

End of FHWA 1273

U.S. Department of Transportation (USDOT)

Federal Highway Administration - Standard Title VI / Nondiscrimination Assurances

USDOT Order No. 1050.2A

The **City of Auburn** (the Recipient) HEREBY AGREES THAT, as a condition of receiving any Federal financial assistance from the U.S. Department of Transportation (USDOT) through the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA), it is subject to and will comply with the following:

Statutory/Regulatory Authorities

- Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 (42 U.S.C. §2000d et seq., 78 stat. 252), which prohibits discrimination based on race, color, national origin;
- 49 C.F.R. Part 21 (entitled Nondiscrimination in Federally-Assisted Programs of the Department of Transportation Effectuation of Title VI of The Civil Rights Act of 1964);
- 28 C.F.R. section 50.3 (U.S. Department of Justice Guidelines for Enforcement of Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964);

The preceding statutory and regulatory citations are referred to hereinafter as the "Acts" and "Regulations" respectively.

General Assurances

In accordance with the Acts, the Regulations, and other pertinent directives, circulars, policy, memoranda, and/or guidance, the Recipient hereby gives assurance that it will promptly take any measures necessary to assure that:

"No person in the United States shall, on the grounds of race, color, or national origin, be excluded from participation in, be denied the benefits of, or be otherwise subjected to discrimination under any program or activity for which the Recipient receives Federal financial assistance from DOT, including the FHWA."

The Civil Rights Restoration Act of 1987 clarified the original intent of Congress, with respect to Title VI and other nondiscrimination requirements (the Age Discrimination Act of 1975, and Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973) by restoring the broad, institutional-wide scope and coverage of these nondiscrimination statutes and requirements to include all programs and activities of the Recipient, so long as any portion of the program is Federally assisted.

Specific Assurances

More specifically, and without limiting the above general Assurance, the Recipient agrees with and gives the following Assurances with respect to its federally assisted Federal-aid Highway Program:

- 1. The Recipient agrees that each "activity," "facility," or "program," as defined in §§ 21.23 (b) and 21.23 (e) of 49 C.F.R. § 21 will be (regarding an "activity") facilitated, or will be (regarding a "facility") operated, or will be (regarding a "program") conducted in compliance with all requirements imposed by, or pursuant to the Acts and the Regulations.
- 2. The Recipient will insert the following notification in all solicitations for bids, Requests for Proposals for work, or material subject to the Acts and the Regulations made in connection with all **Federal-Aid Highway Program activities** and, in adapted form, in all proposals for negotiated agreements regardless of funding source:

"The **City of Auburn**, in accordance with the provisions of Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 (78 Stat. 252, 42 U.S.C. §§ 2000d to 2000d-4) and the Regulations, hereby notifies all bidders that it will affirmatively assure that any contract entered into pursuant to this advertisement, disadvantaged business enterprises will be afforded full opportunity to submit bids in response to this invitation and will not be discriminated against on the grounds of race, color, or national origin in consideration for an award."

3. The Recipient will insert the clauses of Appendix A and E of this Assurance in every contract or agreement subject to the Acts and the Regulations.

- 4. <u>If applicable</u>, the Recipient will insert the clauses of Appendix B of this Assurance, as a covenant running with the land, in any deed from the United States effecting or recording a transfer of real property, structures, use, or improvements thereon or interest therein to a Recipient.
- 5. That where the Recipient receives Federal financial assistance to construct a facility, or part of a facility, the Assurance will extend to the entire facility and facilities operated in connection therewith.
- 6. That where the Recipient receives Federal financial assistance in the form, or for the acquisition of real property or an interest in real property, the Assurance will extend to rights to space on, over, or under such property.
- 7. <u>If applicable</u>, the Recipient will include the clauses set forth in Appendix C and Appendix D of this Assurance, as a covenant running with the land, in any future deeds, leases, licenses, permits, or similar instruments entered into by the Recipient with other parties:
 - a. for the subsequent transfer of real property acquired or improved under the applicable activity, project, or program; and
 - b. for the construction or use of, or access to, space on, over, or under real property acquired or improved under the applicable activity, project, or program.
- 8. That this Assurance obligates the Recipient for the period during which Federal financial assistance is extended to the program, except where the Federal financial assistance is to provide, or is in the form of, personal property, or real property, or interest therein, or structures or improvements thereon, in which case the Assurance obligates the Recipient, or any transferee for the longer of the following periods:
 - a. the period during which the property is used for a purpose for which the Federal financial assistance is extended, or for another purpose involving the provision of similar services or benefits; or
 - b. the period during which the Recipient retains ownership or possession of the property.
- 9. The Recipient will provide for such methods of administration for the program as are found by the Secretary of Transportation or the official to whom he/she delegates specific authority to give reasonable guarantee that it, other recipients, sub-recipients, sub-grantees, contractors, subcontractors, consultants, transferees, successors in interest, and other participants of Federal financial assistance under such program will comply with all requirements imposed or pursuant to the Acts, the Regulations, and this Assurance.
- 10. The Recipient agrees that the United States has a right to seek judicial enforcement regarding any matter arising under the Acts, the Regulations, and this Assurance.

By signing this ASSURANCE, the **City of Auburn** also agrees to comply (and require any subrecipients, sub-grantees, contractors, successors, transferees, and/or assignees to comply) with all applicable provisions governing the FHWA and USDOT access to records, accounts, documents, information, facilities, and staff. You also recognize that you must comply with any program or compliance reviews, and/or complaint investigations conducted by the FHWA and USDOT. You must keep records, reports, and submit the material for review upon request to the FHWA and USDOT, or their designees, in a timely, complete, and accurate way. Additionally, you must comply with all other reporting, data collection, and evaluation requirements, as prescribed by law or detailed in program guidance.

The **City of Auburn** gives this ASSURANCE in consideration of and for obtaining any Federal grants, loans, contracts, agreements, property, and/or discounts, or other Federal and Federal financial assistance extended after the date hereof to the recipients by USDOT under the Federal-Aid Highway Program. This ASSURANCE is binding on the State of Maine, other recipients, sub-recipients, sub-grantees, contractors, subcontractors and their subcontractors', transferees, successors in interest, and any other participants in the Federal-Aid Highway Program. The person signing below is authorized to sign this ASSURANCE on behalf of the Recipient.

City of Auburn	
ky thoge X	_
Philip Crowell, City Manager	
DATED 6 13 22	

Encl.: Appendices A and E

APPENDIX A TO THE TITLE VI ASSURANCES

During the performance of this contract, the contractor, for itself, its assignees, and successors in interest (hereinafter referred to as the "contractor agrees as follows:

- 1. **Compliance with Regulations:** The contractor (hereinafter includes consultants) will comply with the Acts and the Regulations relative to Nondiscrimination in Federally-assisted programs of the U.S. Department of Transportation, **Federal Highway Administration (FHWA)**, as they may be amended from time to time, which are herein incorporated by reference and made a part of this contract.
- 2. Non-discrimination: The contractor, regarding the work performed by it during the contract, will not discriminate on the grounds of race, color, or national origin in the selection and retention of subcontractors, including procurements of materials and leases of equipment. The contractor will not participate directly or indirectly in the discrimination prohibited by the Acts and the Regulations as set forth in Appendix E, including employment practices when the contract covers any activity, project, or program set forth in Appendix B of 49 CFR Part 21.
- 3. Solicitations for Subcontracts, Including Procurements of Materials and Equipment: In all solicitations, either by competitive bidding, or negotiation made by the contractor for work to be performed under a subcontract, including procurements of materials, or leases of equipment, each potential subcontractor or supplier will be notified by the contractor of the contractor's obligations under this contract and the Acts and the Regulations relative to Non-discrimination on the grounds of race, color, or national origin.
- 4. Information and Reports: The contractor will provide all information and reports required by the Acts, the Regulations and directives issued pursuant thereto and will permit access to its books, records, accounts, other sources of information, and its facilities as may be determined by the Recipient or the FHWA, to be pertinent to ascertain compliance with such Acts, Regulations, and instructions. Where any information required of a contractor is in the exclusive possession of another who fails or refuses to furnish the information, the contractor will so certify to the Recipient or the FHWA, as appropriate, and will set forth what efforts it has made to obtain the information.
- 5. Sanctions for Noncompliance: In the event of a contractor's noncompliance with the Nondiscrimination provisions of this contract, the Recipient will impose such contract sanctions as it or the **FHWA** may determine to be appropriate, including, but not limited to:
 - a. withholding payments to the contractor under the contract until the contractor complies; and/or
 - b. cancelling, terminating, or suspending a contract, in whole or in part.
- 6. **Incorporation of Provisions:** The contractor will include the provisions of paragraphs one through six in every subcontract, including procurements of materials and leases of equipment, unless exempt by the Acts, the Regulations and directives issued pursuant thereto. The contractor will take action with respect to any subcontract or procurement as the Recipient or the FHWA may direct as a means of enforcing such provisions, including sanctions for noncompliance. Provided, that if the contractor becomes involved in, or is threatened with litigation by a subcontractor, or supplier because of such direction, the contractor may request the Recipient to enter into any litigation to protect the interests of the Recipient. In addition, the contractor may request the United States to enter into the litigation to protect the interests of the interests of the United States.

During the performance of this contract, the contractor, for itself, its assignees, and successors in interest (hereinafter referred to as the "contractor") agrees to comply with the following non-discrimination statutes and authorities, including but not limited to:

Pertinent Non-Discrimination Authorities:

- Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 (42 U.S.C. §2000d et seq., 78 stat. 252), (prohibits discrimination based on race, color, national origin); and 49 CFR Part 21.
- The Uniform Relocation Assistance and Real Property Acquisition Policies Act of 1970, (42 U.S.C. §4601), (prohibits unfair treatment of persons displaced or whose property has been acquired because of Federal or Federal programs and projects);
- Federal Highway Act of 1973, (23 U.S.C. §324 et seq.), (prohibits discrimination based on sex);
- Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, (29 U.S.C. §794 et seq.), as amended, (prohibits discrimination based on disability); and 49 CFR Part 27;
- The Age Discrimination Act of 1975, as amended, (42 U.S.C. §6101 et seq.), (prohibits discrimination based on age);
- Airport and Airway Improvement Act of 1982, (49 U.S.C. §471, Section 47123), as amended, (prohibits discrimination based on race, creed, color, national origin, or sex);
- The Civil Rights Restoration Act of 1987, (PL 100-209), (Broadened the scope, coverage and applicability of Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, The Age Discrimination Act of 1975 and Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, by expanding the definition of the terms "programs or activities" to include all of the programs or activities of the Federal recipients, sub-recipients and contractors, whether such programs or activities are Federally funded or not);
- Titles II and III of the Americans with Disabilities Act, which prohibit discrimination based on disability in the operation of public entities, public and private transportation systems, places of public accommodation, and certain testing entities (42 U.S.C. §§12131-12189) as implemented by Department of Transportation regulations at 49 C.F.R. Parts 37 and 38;
- The Federal Aviation Administration's Non-discrimination statute (49 U.S.C. §47123) (prohibits discrimination based on race, color, national origin and sex);
- Executive Order 12898, Federal Actions to Address Environmental Justice in Minority Populations and Low-Income Populations, which ensures non-discrimination against minority populations by discouraging programs, policies, and activities with disproportionately high and adverse human health or environmental effects on minority and low-income populations;
- Executive Order 13166, Improving Access to Services for Persons with Limited English Proficiency, and resulting agency guidance, national origin discrimination includes discrimination because of limited English proficiency (LEP). To assure compliance with Title VI, you must take reasonable steps to assure that LEP persons have meaningful access to your programs (70 Fed. Reg. at 74087 to 74100);
- Title IX of the Education Amendments of 1972, as amended, which prohibits you from discriminating of sex in education programs or activities (20 U.S.C. 1681 et seq.).

APPENDIX A



LAP Environmental Summary Sheet WIN: 22384.00 Date Submitted: 5/27/2022 Town: Auburn ENV Team Leader: Danielle Tetreau **ENV Field Contact: Locally Administered** NEPA Complete: 2/28/2019 Letter 11 Submitted: 2/28/2019 Programmatic CE 771.117.c.26 \boxtimes Section 106 SHPO Concurrence No Effect 8/23/2018 **Special Conditions:** \boxtimes Section 4(f) and 6(f) Section 4(f) Review Complete No use Section 6(f) Not Applicable Maine Department of Inland Fisheries and Wildlife Essential Habitat Not Applicable Timing Window: Not Applicable \boxtimes Section 7 Species of Concern: Atlantic salmon DPS/CH **Comments/References:** No effect Species of Concern: Northern long-eared bat Comments/References: May effect, meets 4d rule \boxtimes **Essential Fish Habitat Review Complete – No effect** \square **Stormwater Review** Review Complete – Not Applicable \boxtimes **Hazardous Waste Review** Complete **General Note for Hazardous Waste** \bowtie **State and Federal Permits** Letter 12 submitted 12/18/2019 Copies of approvals submitted: ACOE Category 1 Permit #NAE-2019-1473 NOTE: Local Town/Municipality is responsible for compliance with permit conditions. \boxtimes **Special Provisions Required Special Provision 105-Environmental Requirements** N/A Applicable **General Note for Hazardous Waste** N/A Applicable Applicable **Standard Specification 656-Erosion Control Plan** N/A **Special Provision 656-Minor Soil Disturbance** Applicable N/A**Special Provision 203-Dredge Spec** Applicable **Special Provision 203-Hazardous Waste** Applicable N/AX

Comments:

Copies of all permits shall be included in the contract package.

SPECIAL PROVISION <u>SECTION 105</u> GENERAL SCOPE OF WORK (Environmental Requirements)

I. Special Conditions:

- A. In Stream work is defined in the Standard Specification section 101.2 Definitions. Wetlands which may contain standing water do not require an In Stream work window.
- B. Special conditions of the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers (Corps) Self Verification Notification (SVNF) permit # NAE-2019-1473 apply (see permit and conditions in contract documents).

II. Temporary Impacts

- A. Temporary wetland impacts are not authorized for this project.
- III. Approvals

 A. Temporary Soil Erosion and Water Pollution Control Plan (SEWPCP).
Permitted Resource Impacts, see Corps permit #NAE-2019-1473 for impact locations. Permitted Resource Impact Summary:

	Permanent (SF)	Temporary (SF)
Wetland	171	-
Stream (RUS)	-	-

IV. Any tree clearing shall be completed by November 1, 2022.

AUBURN HOTEL ROAD HIGHWAY IMPROVEMENT PROJECT WIN 22384.00

GENERAL NOTE

A Maine Department of Transportation (MaineDOT) Environmental Office investigation involving an earlier project at the intersection of Hotel Road and Lewiston Junction Road encountered data suggesting that Wheeler's Market may have dispensed gasoline at one time. The location is roughly between station 1+00 to roughly station 2+00 right of center. Subsequent on-site work at that time failed to unearth any issues within this area. However, in light of the available environmental data, the contractor shall employ appropriate health and safety measures to protect its workers against hazards associated with working near petroleum-impacted soils. Furthermore, the Contractor shall remain alert for any additionally evidence of contamination. If the Contractor shall secure the excavation, stop work in the contaminated area, and immediately notify the Resident. The Resident shall notify the Maine Department of Environmental Protection (MDEP) at 800-482-0777. Work may only continue with authorization from the Resident.



Appendix B: Self-Verification Notification Form (for all tidal and non-tidal projects in Maine subject to Corps jurisdiction)

US Army Corps of Engineers ® **New England District**

At least two weeks before work commences, complete all fields (write "none" if applicable) below or use the fillable form at www.nae.usace.army.mil/missions/regulatory.aspx. Send this form, a location map, any project plans, and an Official Species List (See GC 8) to the address noted below; fax to (207) 623-8206; or email to jay.l.clement@usace.army.mil. The two-week lead time is not required for emergency situations (see page 4 for definition). Please call (207) 623-8367 with questions.

Maine Project Office U.S. Army Corps of Engineers New England District 675 Western Avenue #3 Manchester, Maine 04351

State Permit Number: None Date of State Permit: None State Project Manager: Aurele Gorneau II (Maine DOT)

Permittee: City of Auburn

Address, City, State & Zip: 60 Court Street Auburn, Maine 04210 Phone(s) and Email: (207) 333-6601 and abeaulieu@auburnmaine.gov

Contractor: TBD - Project is a Maine DOT - Locally Administered Project

Address, City, State & Zip: TBD - Project is a Maine DOT - Locally Administered Project Phone(s) and Email: TBD - Project is a Maine DOT - Locally Administered Project

Consultant/Engineer/Designer: Gorrill Palmer

Address, City, State & Zip: 707 Sable Oaks Drive Suite 30 South Portland, Maine 04106 Phone(s) and Email: (207) 772-2515, Ext. 225 and dettinger@gorrillpalmer.com

Wetland/Vernal Pool Consultant: TRC

Address, City, State & Zip: 6 Ashley Drive Scarborough, Maine 04074

Phone(s) and Email: (207) 879-1930 and JRoy@trcsolutions.com

Project Location/Description: Roadway reconstruction project on Hotel Road in Auburn, from East Hardscrabble Road to Lewiston Junction Road

Address, City, State & Zip: <u>6</u>) Court Street Auburn, Maine 04210	
Latitude/Longitude Coordinat	es: 44° 03' 03.33" / 70° 16' 33.33"	Tax Map/Lot: None
Waterway Name: None		
Work Description: Work will in	clude new pavement and gravel base, new d	rainage, new striping and roadway widening with paved
shoulders. (Geometric improvements are planned at the i	ntersection of Hotel Rd and Beech Hill Rd.
Provide any prior Corps perm	it numbers: <u>None</u>	
Proposed Work Dates:	Start: Tentative start date summer 2021	Finish: Tentative end date fall 2021
Area of wetland impact: <u>17</u> Area of waterway impact: Area of compensatory mitiga	SF (leave blank if work invo SF (leave blank if work invo ion provided: None SF	olves structures & no fill in Navigable Waters) lves structures & no fill in Navigable Waters)
Work will be done under the I. Inland Waters and wetlan II. Navigable Waters: <u>Your name/signature below, a</u> and general conditions of Cat	following Appendix A categories (circle ds: 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 as permittee, indicates that you accept an egory 1 of the Maine General Permit.	all that apply): 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 14 agree to comply with the terms, eligibility criteria,
Permittee Printed Name: Permittee Signature:	the Basuldu	Date: <u>5/29/19</u>
Annendix B	1	

Jared Winchenbach

From:	Greenan, Colin M CIV (US) <colin.m.greenan@usace.army.mil></colin.m.greenan@usace.army.mil>
Sent:	Wednesday, June 5, 2019 5:43 PM
То:	Jared Winchenbach
Cc:	abeaulieu@auburnmaine.gov; Aurele.Gorneaull@maine.gov; Don Ettinger
Subject:	RE: WIN 22384.00 - Auburn, Hotel Road - Self-Verification Notification Form

Jared, The submitted project has been verified by the Corps and assigned to Permit No. NAE-2019-1473.

Good luck with your project

--Colin M. Greenan Maine Project Office U.S. Army Corps of Engineers 442 Civic Center Drive, Suite 350 Augusta, Maine 04330

ph. (978) 318-8676

In order for us to better serve you, we would appreciate your completing our Customer Service Survey located at http://corpsmapu.usace.army.mil/cm_apex/f?p=136:4:0

-----Original Message-----From: Clement, Jay L CIV USARMY CENAE (US) Sent: Thursday, May 30, 2019 5:49 AM To: Greenan, Colin M CIV (US) <Colin.M.Greenan@usace.army.mil> Subject: FW: WIN 22384.00 - Auburn, Hotel Road - Self-Verification Notification Form

-----Original Message-----From: Jared Winchenbach [mailto:jwinchenbach@gorrillpalmer.com] Sent: Wednesday, May 29, 2019 3:58 PM To: Clement, Jay L CIV USARMY CENAE (US) <Jay.L.Clement@usace.army.mil> Cc: Anthony Beaulieu <abeaulieu@auburnmaine.gov>; Gorneauii, Aurele <Aurele.GorneauII@maine.gov>; Don Ettinger <dettinger@gorrillpalmer.com> Subject: [Non-DoD Source] WIN 22384.00 - Auburn, Hotel Road - Self-Verification Notification Form

Hello Jay,

On behalf of the City of Auburn, please find the following information regarding the Self-Verification Notification Form (SVNF).

1. A U.S.G.S. topographic map with the project site clearly marked, (please see attached).

- 2. The most recent set of plans, Plan Impacts Complete, (please see attached).
- 3. An Official Species List, (please see attached).

a. There is a "no effect" determination for the Small Whorled Pogonia (no suitable habitat along the roadside).

- b. There is a "no effect" determination for the Atlantic Salmon (no in stream work)
- c. There is a "may effect" determination for the Northern Long-Eared Bat (3,600 sf of clearing)
- 4. 4d form for the Northern Long-Eared Bat, (please see attached).
- 5. Approval from USFWS, (please see attached).

Please note the following information regarding the project:

- * This project is a Maine Department of Transportation Locally Administered Project through the City of Auburn.
- * Maine DOT has approved NEPA with a Programmatic Categorical Exclusion on behalf of FHWA.

Please do not hesitate to call with any questions or comments regarding the SVNF submittal, Thanks.

Jared S. Winchenbach, EI | Project Engineer

707 Sable Oaks Drive, Suite 30 | South Portland, ME 04106

207.772.2515 x224 (office) | 207.735.5017 (mobile)

Blockedwww.gorrillpalmer.com <Blockedhttp://www.gorrillpalmer.com/>

DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY GENERAL PERMIT FOR THE STATE OF MAINE

The New England District of the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers (Corps) hereby issues a General Permit (GP) for activities subject to Corps jurisdiction in waters of the U.S. within the boundaries of the State of Maine. This GP is issued in accordance with Corps regulations at 33 CFR 320 - 332 [see 33 CFR 325.2(e)(2)]. This GP authorizes activity-specific categories of work that are similar in nature and cause no more than minimal individual and cumulative adverse environmental impacts. Refer to Page 2 for the list of activities and Appendix A for activity specific conditions of eligibility in inland and tidal waters.

I. GENERAL CRITERIA

1. In order for activities to qualify for this GP, they must meet the GP's terms and eligibility criteria (Pages 1-4), General Conditions (GC) (Pages 5-20), and Appendix A - Definition of Categories.

- 2. Under this GP, projects may qualify for the following:
 - <u>Category 1</u>: Category 1 Self Verification Notification Form is required (SVNF see Appendix B).
 - <u>Category 2</u>: Application to and written approval from the Corps is required (Pre-Construction Notification (PCN)). <u>No work may proceed until written approval from the Corps is received.</u>

If your project is ineligible for Category 1, it may qualify for Category 2 or an Individual Permit and you must submit an application (see Page 3). The thresholds for activities eligible for Categories 1 and 2 are defined in Appendix A. This GP does not affect the Corps Individual Permit review process or activities exempt from Corps regulation.

- 3. Prospective permittees need to read:
 - a. Section II to determine if the activity requires Corps authorization.

b. Sections III and IV to determine if the activity may be eligible for authorization under this GP, specifically whether it is eligible for Self-Verification (SV) or whether Pre-Construction Notification (PCN) is required.

4. Permittees must ensure compliance with <u>all</u> applicable General Conditions in Section IV. The Corps will consider unauthorized any activity requiring Corps authorization if that activity is under construction or completed and does not comply with all of the terms and conditions.

5. Project proponents are encouraged to contact the Corps with questions at any time. Pre-application meetings (see 33 CFR 325.1(b)), whether arranged by the Corps or requested by permit applicants, are encouraged to facilitate the review of projects. Pre-application meetings and/or site visits can help streamline the permit process by alerting the applicant to potentially time-consuming concerns that are likely to arise during the evaluation of their project (e.g., avoidance, minimization and compensatory mitigation requirements, historic properties, endangered species, essential fish habitat, and dredging contaminated sediments).
II. CORPS JURISDICTION/ACTIVITIES COVERED

1. Permits are required from the Corps of Engineers for the following work:

a. The construction of any structure in, over or under any navigable water of the United States (U.S.)¹, the excavating or dredging from or depositing of material in such waters, or the accomplishment of any other work affecting the course, location, condition, or capacity of such waters. The Corps regulates these activities under Section 10 of the Rivers and Harbors Act of 1899. See 33 CFR 322;

b. The discharge of dredged or fill material and certain discharges associated with excavation into waters of the U.S. (e.g. sidecasting). The Corps regulates these activities under Section 404 of the Clean Water Act (CWA). See 33 CFR 323; and

c. The transportation of dredged material for the purpose of disposal in the ocean. The Corps regulates these activities under Section 103 of the Marine Protection, Research and Sanctuaries Act. See 33 CFR 324.

2. Related laws:

33 CFR 320.3 includes a list of related laws, including: Section 401 of the CWA, Section 402 of the CWA, Section 307(c) of the Coastal Zone Management (CZM) Act of 1972, The National Historic Preservation Act of 1966, the Endangered Species Act, the Fish and Wildlife Act of 1956, the Marine Mammal Protection Act of 1972, Magnuson-Stevens Act, and Section 7(a) of the Wild and Scenic Rivers Act.

3. An activity listed below may be authorized by this GP only if that activity and the permittee satisfy all of the GP's terms and conditions. Any activity not specifically listed below may still be eligible for the GP; applicants are advised to contact the Corps for a specific eligibility determination. Category 1 and Category 2 eligibility criteria for each activity in both Inland and Tidal waters can be found in Appendix A.

- 1. Repair, Replacement, Expansion, and Maintenance of Authorized Structures and Fills
- 2. Moorings
- 3. Structures, Floats and Lifts
- 4. Aids to Navigation, and Temporary Recreational Structures
- 5. Dredging, Disposal of Dredged Material, Beach Nourishment, and Rock Removal and Relocation
- 6. Discharges of Dredged or Fill Material Incidental to the Construction of Bridges
- 7. Bank and Shoreline Stabilization
- 8. Residential, Commercial, Industrial, and Institutional Developments, and Recreational Facilities
- 9. Utility Line Activities
- 10. Linear Transportation Projects
- 11. Mining Activities
- 12. Boat Ramps and Marine Railways
- 13. Land and Water-Based Renewable Energy Generation Facilities and Hydropower Projects
- 14. Reshaping Existing Drainage Ditches and Mosquito Management
- 15. Oil Spill and Hazardous Material Cleanup
- 16. Cleanup of Hazardous and Toxic Waste
- 17. Scientific Measurement Devices
- 18. Survey Activities
- 19. Agricultural Activities
- 20. Fish and Wildlife Harvesting, Enhancement, and Attraction Devices
- 21. Habitat Restoration, Establishment and Enhancement Activities
- 22. Previously Authorized Activities
- 23. Stream & Wetland Crossings
- 24. Aquaculture

Note: Multiple activities may be authorized in the same GP, e.g. a recreational pier (#3) with an associated mooring (#2) or a windpower facility (#13) with an associated transmission line (#9).

¹ Defined in Appendix F, Definitions and at 33 CFR 328. Section II 2

III. PROCEDURES

1. State Approvals. Applicants are responsible for applying for and obtaining any of the required state or local approvals. Federal and state jurisdictions may differ in some instances. State permits may be required for specific projects regardless of the general permit category.

In order for authorizations under this GP to be valid, when any of the following state approvals or statutorilyrequired reviews is also required, the approvals must be obtained prior to the commencement of work in Corps jurisdiction.

- Maine Department of Environmental Protection (DEP): Natural Resources Protection Act (NRPA) permit, including permit-by-rule (PBR) and general permit authorizations; Site Location of Development Act permit; Maine Waterway Development and Conservation Act permit; and Maine Hazardous Waste, Septage, and Solid Waste Management Act license.
- Maine Department of Conservation, Agriculture & Forestry: Land Use Planning Commission (LUPC) permit.
- Maine Department of Marine Resources: Aquaculture Leases.
- Maine Department of Conservation, Bureau of Parks and Lands, Submerged Lands: Submerged Lands Lease.

NOTE: This GP may also be used to authorize projects that are not regulated by the State of Maine (e.g., certain seasonal floats or moorings).

2. How to Obtain/Apply for Authorization.

a. Category 1 (<u>Self-Verification</u>): Self-Verification Notification Form (SVNF) required. The SVNF is required for all SV eligible work in Maine unless otherwise stated in Appendix A. Activities that are eligible for SV are authorized under this GP and may commence without written verification from the Corps provided the prospective permittee has:

i. Confirmed that the activity will meet the terms and conditions of Category 1. Consultation with the Corps and/or other relevant federal and state agencies may be necessary to ensure compliance with the applicable general conditions (GCs) and related federal laws such as the National Historic Preservation Act (see GC 6), the Endangered Species Act (GC 8) and the Wild and Scenic Rivers Act (GC 9). Prospective permittees are encouraged to contact the Corps with SV eligibility questions. Activities not meeting the SV criteria must submit a PCN to the Corps.

ii. Submitted the SVNF (see GC 27 and Appendix B) to the Corps. **NOTE: A copy of a state** permit application form may be an acceptable surrogate for the SVNF. Whichever form chosen needs to include a location map, plans, and an Official Species List for federally listed threatened or endangered species (Reference Appendix D).

b. Category 2 (<u>Pre-Construction Notification (PCN)</u>): Application to and written verification from the Corps is required before work can proceed. For activities that do not qualify for SV or where otherwise required by the terms of the GP, the permittee must submit a PCN and obtain a written permit before starting work in Corps jurisdiction.

i. The Corps will coordinate review of all activities requiring PCN with federal and state agencies and federally recognized tribes, as appropriate. To be eligible and subsequently authorized, an activity must result in no more than minimal individual and cumulative effects on the aquatic environment as determined by the Corps in accordance with the criteria listed within this GP. This may require project modifications involving avoidance, minimization, or compensatory mitigation for unavoidable impacts to ensure that the net adverse effects of a project are no more than minimal.

ii. The Corps will attempt to issue a written eligibility determination within the state's review period. Regardless, work eligible for Category 2 may not proceed before Corps written approval is received.

c. All applicants for Category 2 projects must:

i. <u>Apply directly to the Corps using the state application form or the Corps application form</u> (ENG Form 4345²), and apply directly to the state (DEP, LUPC, BPL or DMR) as applicable using the appropriate state form, if the work is regulated by the Corps and the state; or

ii. Apply directly to the Corps using the Corps application form (ENG Form 4345^2) if the work is regulated by the Corps but not the state (DEP, LUPC, BPL or DMR).

iii. Provide application information (see "Information Typically Required" in Appendix C) to help ensure the application is complete and to speed project review.

iv. Obtain an Official Species List of federally threatened or endangered species in the project area (GC 8).

v. Submit a copy of their application materials to the Maine Historic Preservation Commission (MHPC) *and* <u>all five Indian tribes</u> listed at Appendix E, at the same time, or before, they apply to the Corps, to be reviewed for the presence of historic, archaeological or tribal resources in the permit area that the proposed work may affect. Submittals to the Corps shall include information to indicate that this has been done (a copy of the applicant's cover letter to MHPC and tribes or a copy of the MHPC and tribal response letters is acceptable).

d. Work that is not regulated by the State of Maine, but is subject to Corps jurisdiction, may still be eligible for authorization under this GP.

e. Emergency Situations: 33 CFR 325.2(e)4 states that an "emergency" is a situation which would result in an unacceptable hazard to life, a significant loss of property, or an immediate, unforeseen, and significant economic hardship if corrective action requiring a permit is not undertaken within a time period less than the normal time needed to process the application under standard procedures." Emergency work is subject to the same terms and conditions of this GP as non-emergency work, and similarly, must qualify for authorization under the GP; otherwise an IP is required. The Corps will work with all applicable agencies to expedite verification according to established procedures in emergency situations.

3. Individual Permits. Projects that are not authorized by this GP require an Individual Permit (IP) (33 CFR 325.5) and proponents must submit an application directly to the Corps. This GP does not affect the Corps IP review process or activities exempt from Corps regulation. For general information and application form, see the Corps website or contact the Corps (see Appendix E). The Corps encourages applicants to apply concurrently for a Corps IP and applicable state permits.

The Corps retains discretionary authority on a case-by-case basis to elevate a GP eligible project to an IP based on concerns for the aquatic environment or for any other factor of the public interest [33 CFR 320.4(a)]. Whenever the Corps notifies an applicant that an IP is required, no work in Corps jurisdiction may be conducted until the Corps issues the required authorization in writing indicating that work may proceed.

4. Enforcement/Non-Compliance. Work performed without the required Corps of Engineers permits is subject to administrative, civil, and criminal penalties. The Corps will evaluate unauthorized activities for enforcement action under 33 CFR 326.

The Corps will consider unauthorized any activity requiring Corps authorization if that activity is under construction or completed and does not comply with all of the terms and conditions of a GP or an IP. The Corps may elect to suspend enforcement proceedings if the permittee modifies his project to comply with a GP.

After considering whether a violation was knowing or intentional, and other indications of the need for a penalty, the Corps can elect to terminate an enforcement proceeding with an after-the- fact authorization under a GP, if all terms and conditions of the GP have been satisfied, either before or after the activity has been accomplished.

² Located at <u>www.nae.usace.army.mil/missions/regulatory</u> under "Forms & Publications." Section III

IV. GENERAL CONDITIONS

To qualify for GP authorization, the prospective permittee must comply with the following general conditions, as applicable.

- 1. Other Permits
- 2. Federal Jurisdictional Boundaries
- 3. Minimal Direct, Secondary, and Cumulative Impacts
- 4. Mitigation (Avoidance, Minimization, and Compensatory Mitigation)
- 5. Single and Complete Projects
- 6. Historic Properties
- 7. Corps Projects and Property
- 8. Federal Threatened and Endangered Species
- 9. Wild and Scenic Rivers
- 10. Navigation
- 11. Federal Liability
- 12. Utility Line Installation and Removal
- 13. Heavy Equipment in Wetlands or Mudflats
- 14. Temporary Fill
- 15. Restoration of Special Aquatic Sites (including wetland areas).
- 16. Soil Erosion, Sediment and Turbidity Controls
- 17. Time of Year Windows/Restrictions.
- 18. Aquatic Life Movements & Management of Water Flows
- 19. Water Quality and Coastal Zone Management
- 20. Floodplains and Floodways
- 21. Storage of Seasonal Structures
- 22. Spawning, Breeding, and Migratory Areas
- 23. Vernal Pools
- 24. Invasive and Other Unacceptable Species
- 25. Programmatic Agreements
- 26. Permit On-Site
- 27. Self-Verification Notification Form (SVNF)
- 28. Inspections
- 29. Maintenance
- 30. Property Rights
- 31. Transfer of GP Verifications
- 32. Modification, Suspension, and Revocation
- 33. Special Conditions
- 34. False or Incomplete Information
- 35. Abandonment
- 36. Enforcement Cases
- 37. Duration of Authorization
- 38. Previously Authorized Activities
- 39. Discretionary Authority
- 40. St. John/St. Croix Rivers.
- 41. National Lands
- 42. Essential Fish Habitat (EFH)
- 43. Work Site Restoration
- 44. Bank Stabilization
- 45. Stream Work & Crossings and Wetland Crossings

1. Other Permits. Permittees must obtain other federal, state, or local authorizations required by law. Applicants are responsible for applying for and obtaining all required state or local approvals. This includes, but is not limited to, the project proponent obtaining a Flood Hazard Development Permit issued by the town, if necessary. Inquiries may be directed to the municipality or to the Maine Floodplain Management Coordinator at (207) 287-8063. See http://www.maine.gov/dacf/flood/

2. Federal Jurisdictional Boundaries

a. Applicability of this GP shall be evaluated with reference to federal jurisdictional boundaries. Applicants are responsible for ensuring that the boundaries used satisfy the federal criteria defined at 33 CFR 328 "Waters of the U.S." and 33 CFR 329 "Navigable Waters of the U.S."

NOTE: Waters of the U.S. include the subcategories "navigable waters of the U.S." and "wetlands."

b. For Category 1 projects, proponents are not required to delineate the waters of the U.S. that they plan to impact, but must approximate the square footage of impacts in order to determine the review category (1 or 2 or Individual Permit). For projects filling <15,000 square feet (SF) of waters of the U.S. that do not qualify for Category 1 (e.g., vernal pool, secondary or endangered species impacts, etc.) and therefore require an application to the Corps (PCN), and for those filling \geq 15,000 SF, applicants shall delineate all waters of the U.S. that will be filled (direct impacts) in accordance with the Corps of Engineers Wetlands Delineation Manual and the most recent regional supplement (see Appendix C). In addition, applicants shall approximately identify all waters of the U.S. on the property and *known* waters adjacent to the property in order for the Corps to evaluate secondary impacts. The waters of the U.S. in areas under DEP or LUPC jurisdiction regardless of whether they're shown on LUPC zoning maps.

c. On a case-by-case basis, the Corps may modify/refine the above delineation and identification requirements for waters of the U.S. See <u>www.nae.usace.army.mil/missions/regulatory</u> >> Jurisdictional Limits and Wetlands for more information on delineating jurisdictional areas.

3. Minimal Direct, Secondary, and Cumulative Effects³

a. Projects authorized by this GP shall have no more than minimal direct, secondary and cumulative adverse environmental impacts. Category 2 applicants should provide information on secondary and cumulative impacts as stated in Appendix C. Compensatory mitigation may be required to offset unavoidable impacts (see GC 4) and to ensure that they are no more than minimal. Compensatory mitigation requirements will be determined on a case-by-case basis.

b. Secondary impacts to waterway and/or wetland areas, (e.g., areas drained, flooded, cleared, excavated or fragmented) shall be added to the total fill area when determining whether the project qualifies for Category 1 or 2. Direct, secondary and cumulative impacts are defined at Appendix A, Endnote 2 and Appendix F.

c. Site clearing, grading and construction activities in the upland habitat surrounding vernal pools ("Vernal Pool Management Areas") are secondary impacts. See GC 23 for avoidance and minimization requirements and recommendations.

d. Bank stabilization activities in tidal waters are provided at Appendix A, Page 30. Direct impacts in tidal waters from contiguous bank stabilization projects in excess of 200 linear feet (Applicant or Applicant + Abutters combined) must undergo Category 2 review.

4. Mitigation (Avoidance, Minimization, and Compensatory Mitigation)

a. Discharges of dredged or fill material into waters of the U.S., including wetlands, shall be avoided and minimized to the maximum extent practicable through consideration of alternatives. The Corps may require compensatory mitigation of unavoidable direct and secondary impacts associated with Category 2 projects on a case-by-case basis.

b. Applicants proposing work in jurisdictional waters should consider riparian/forested buffers for stormwater management and low impact development (LID) best management practices (BMPs) to reduce

³ Direct, secondary and cumulative effects are defined at Appendix F, Definitions and Acronyms. Section IV 6 impervious cover and manage stormwater to minimize secondary impacts to aquatic resources to the maximum extent practicable.⁴

Compensatory mitigation⁵ for effects to waters of the U.S., including direct, secondary and c. temporal⁶, may be required for permanent impacts that exceed the SV area limits, and may be required for temporary impacts that exceed the SV area limits, to offset unavoidable impacts which remain after all appropriate and practicable avoidance and minimization has been achieved and to ensure that the adverse effects to the aquatic environment are no more than minimal. Proactive restoration projects or temporary impact work with no lasting secondary effects may generally be excluded from this requirement. Refer to Appendix G.

5. Single and Complete Projects⁷

This GP shall not be used to piecemeal work and shall be applied to single and complete projects. When determining the review category in Appendix A (Category 1 or 2) for a single and complete project, proponents must include any permanent historic fill placed since October 1995 that is associated with that project and all currently proposed temporary and permanent impact areas.

A single and complete project must have independent utility⁷. b

c. Unless the Corps determines the activity has independent utility:

This GP shall not be used for any activity that is part of an overall project for which an i. Individual Permit is required.

ii. All components of a single project and/or all planned phases of a multi-phased project (e.g., subdivisions should include all work such as roads, utilities, and lot development) shall be treated together as constituting one single and complete project.

For linear projects, such as power lines or pipelines with multiple crossings, the single and complete d project is all crossings of a single water of the U.S. (i.e., single waterbody) at a specific location. For linear projects crossing a single waterbody several times at separate and distant locations, each crossing is considered a single and complete project. However, individual channels in a braided stream or river, or individual arms of a large, irregularly-shaped wetland or lake, etc., are not separate waterbodies and crossings of such features cannot be considered separately. If any crossing requires a Category 2 activity, then the entire linear project shall be reviewed as one project under Category 2.

6. **Historic Properties**

No undertaking shall cause effects (defined at 33 CFR 325 Appendix C and 36 CFR 800) on properties listed on, determined to be eligible for listing on, or potentially eligible for listing on the National Register of Historic Places⁸, including previously unknown historic properties within the permit area, unless the Corps or another Federal action agency has satisfied the consultation requirements of Section 106 of the National Historic Preservation Act (NHPA). The State Historic Preservation Officer (SHPO), Tribal Historic Preservation Officer (THPO) and the National Register of Historic Places can assist with locating information on: i) previously identified historic properties; and ii) areas with potential for the presence of historic resources, which may require identification and evaluation by gualified historic preservation and/or archaeological consultants in consultation with the Corps and the SHPO and/or THPO(s).

⁷ Single and Complete Project and Independent Utility are defined in Appendix F - Definitions.

⁸ The majority of historic properties are not listed on the National Register of Historic Places and may require identification and evaluation by qualified historic preservation and/or archaeological consultants in consultation with the Corps and the SHPO and/or THPO(s). Section IV

⁴ See: www.nae.usace.army.mil/missions/regulatory >> State General Permit >> Permit Resources >> Mitigation for this additional information: a) "Wetland BMP Manual - Techniques for Avoidance & Minimization," b) riparian/forested buffer BMPs, and c) LID BMPs. LID BMPs include, but are not limited to: replacing curbs and gutters with swales; using an open space design for subdivisions; using permeable, pervious or porous pavements; constructing bio-retention systems; and/or, adding a green roof or rain garden.

⁵ Compensatory mitigation projects provided to offset losses of aquatic resources must comply with the applicable provisions of 33 CFR 332. See also the New England District Compensatory Mitigation Guidance at www.nae.usace.army.mil/regulatory >> Mitigation.

⁶ Temporal loss: The time lag between the loss of aquatic resource functions caused by the permitted impacts and the replacement of aquatic resource functions at the compensatory mitigation site(s) (33 CFR 332.2).

b. For activities eligible for SV, proponents must ensure and document that the activity will not cause effects as stated in 6(a). Proponents must submit a PCN if the authorized activity may cause effects as stated in 6(a) as soon as possible to ensure that the Corps is aware of any potential effects of the permitted activity on any historic property to ensure all Section 106 requirements are met.

All PCNs shall: i) show notification to the SHPO and applicable THPO(s)⁹ for their identification c. of historic properties, ii) state which historic properties may be affected by the proposed work or include a vicinity map indicating the location of the historic properties or the potential for the presence of historic properties, and iii) include any available documentation from the SHPO or THPO(s) indicating that there are or are not historic properties affected. Starting consultation early in project planning can save proponents time and money.

If you discover any previously unknown historic, cultural or archeological remains and artifacts d. while accomplishing the activity authorized by this permit, you must immediately notify the district engineer of what you have found, and to the maximum extent practicable, avoid construction activities that may affect the remains and artifacts until the required coordination has been completed. The district engineer will initiate the Federal, Tribal and state coordination required to determine if the items or remains warrant a recovery effort or if the site is eligible for listing in the National Register of Historic Places.

7. **Corps Projects and Property**

a. In addition to any authorization under this GP, proponents must contact the Corps Real Estate Division at (978) 318-8585 for work occurring on or potentially affecting Corps properties and/or Corpscontrolled easements to initiate reviews and determine what real estate instruments are necessary to perform work. Permittees may not commence work on Corps properties and/or Corps-controlled easements until they have received any required Corps real estate documents evidencing site-specific permission to work.

Any proposed temporary or permanent alteration, or modification or use, including occupation, of a b. federal project (including but not limited to a levee, dike, floodwall, channel, anchorage, breakwater, seawall, bulkhead, jetty, wharf, pier or other work built but not necessarily owned by the United States), which would obstruct or impair the usefulness of the federal project in any manner, and/or would involve changes to the authorized federal project's scope, purpose, and/or functioning that go beyond minor modifications required for normal operations and maintenance, is not eligible for SV and requires review and approval by the Corps pursuant to 33 USC 408. Where Section 408 is applicable, a decision on a Department of the Army general permit application will not be rendered prior to the decision on a Section 408 request.

Any structure or work within any Corps Federal Navigation Project (FNP) or its buffer zone¹⁰, shall C. be subject to removal at the owner's expense prior to any future Corps dredging or the performance of periodic hydrographic surveys. See GC 10 for more requirements related to FNPs.

8. **Federal Threatened and Endangered Species**

No activity is authorized which: i) is likely to directly or indirectly jeopardize the continued a. existence of a threatened or endangered species or a species proposed for such designation, as identified under the Federal Endangered Species Act (ESA), or which will directly or indirectly destroy or adversely modify the critical habitat of such species; ii) "may affect" a listed species or critical habitat, unless Section 7 consultation addressing the effects of the proposed activity has been completed; or iii) violates the ESA.

All applicants must request an Official Species List from the US Fish & Wildlife Service and b must include the list in the Corps permit application. To request an Official Species List, refer to the instructions in Appendix D.

For federally listed species in tidal waters, applicants should contact the National Marine c. Fisheries Service at: http://www.greateratlantic.fisheries.noaa.gov/protected/section7/

⁹ Appendix E, 3(a)&(b). Historic Resources, provides contact information and each tribe's "area of concern." ¹⁰ See Appendix H for a list of FNPs. The buffer zone is equal to three times the authorized depth of the FNP. Section IV 8 187

d. A PCN is required if a threatened or endangered species, a species proposed for listing as threatened or endangered, or designated or proposed critical habitat (all hereinafter referred to as "listed species or habitat"), as identified under the ESA, is present in the action area¹¹.

e. Federal agencies should follow their own procedures for complying with the requirements of the ESA but should coordinate that consultation with the Corps as well.

9. Wild and Scenic Rivers.¹² Any activity that occurs in the designated main stem of, within 0.25 mile up or downstream of the designated main stem of, or in tributaries within .25 miles of the designated main stem of a National Wild and Scenic River, or in "bordering and contiguous wetlands" (see Appendix A, Endnote 1) that are adjacent to the designated main stem of a National Wild and Scenic River, or that has the potential to alter flows within a river within the National Wild and Scenic River System, is not eligible for Category 1 regardless of size of the impacts. This condition applies to both designated Wild and Scenic Rivers and rivers officially designated by Congress as study rivers for possible inclusion while such rivers are in an official study status. National Wild and Scenic River System segments for Maine as of October 2015 include: Allagash River beginning at Telos Dam continuing to Allagash checkpoint at Eliza Hole Rapids, approximately 3 miles upstream of the confluence with the St. John River (length = 92 miles); and 11.25 miles of the York River, in the State of Maine, from its headwaters at York Pond to the mouth of the river at York Harbor, plus its tributaries (currently under study).

10. Navigation

a. Any structure or work that extends closer to the horizontal limits of any Corps Federal Navigation Project (see Appendix H) than a distance of three times the project's authorized depth shall be subject to removal at the owner's expense prior to any future Corps dredging or the performance of periodic hydrographic surveys. This is applicable to Category 1 and 2. Reference Appendix A, Page 28 (Moorings) and Page 29 (Structures, Floats & Lifts).

b. There shall be no unreasonable interference with navigation by the existence or use of the activity authorized herein, and no attempt shall be made by the permittee to prevent the full and free use by the public of all navigable waters at or adjacent to the activity authorized herein.

c. The permittee understands and agrees that if future U.S. operations require the removal, relocation, or other alteration of the structure or work herein authorized, or if, in the opinion of the Secretary of the Army or his authorized representative, said structure or work shall cause unreasonable obstruction to the free navigation of the navigable waters, the permittee will be required, upon due notice from the Corps, to remove, relocate, or alter the structural work or obstructions caused thereby, without expense to the U.S. No claim shall be made against the U.S. on account of any such removal or alteration.

d. A PCN is required for all work in, over or under an FNP or its buffer zone unless otherwise indicated in Appendix A. (Reference Appendix A, Endnote 13, Page 36)

11. Federal Liability. In issuing this permit, the Federal Government does not assume any liability for the following: (a) damages to the permitted project or uses thereof as a result of other permitted or unpermitted activities or from natural causes; (b) damages to the permitted project or uses thereof as a result of current or future activities undertaken by or on behalf of the U.S. in the public interest;

(c) damages to persons, property, or to other permitted or unpermitted activities or structures caused by the activity authorized by this permit; (d) design or construction deficiencies associated with the permitted work; (e) damage claims associated with any future modification, suspension, or revocation of this permit.

12. Utility Line Installation and Removal

a. Subsurface utility lines shall remain subsurface. If it is necessary to discharge dredged or filled material not previously authorized in order to keep such utility lines buried or restore them to their original subsurface condition, a PCN and written verification from the Corps may be required (e.g., in the case of side

¹² Additional information can be found at: http://www.rivers.gov.

¹¹ The "Endangered Species Consultation Handbook – Procedures for Conducting Consultation and Conference Activities Under Section 7 of the ESA," defines action area as "all areas to be affected directly or indirectly by the Federal action and not merely the immediate area involved in the action. [50 CFR 402.02]."

casting into wetlands from utility trenches). Certain repair, replacement or maintenance activities may be eligible for Category 1 – refer to Appendix A.

b. Subsurface utility lines must be installed at a sufficient depth to avoid damage from anchors, dredging, etc., and to prevent exposure from erosion and stream adjustment. In accordance with Corps New England District Regulation NEDER 1110-1-9 (www.nae.usace.army.mil/missions/regulatory >> <u>Useful Links</u> and <u>Documents</u>), as an absolute minimum, the bottom cover associated with the initial installation of utility lines under navigable waters and navigation channels shall be 48 inches in soil or 24 inches in rock excavation in competent rock unless specified in a written determination. These minimum bottom cover requirements for pipelines and cables shall be measured from the maximum depth of dredging to the top of the utility. The maximum depth of dredging, in waterways having existing FNPs, is generally considered to be the authorized project depth plus any allowance for advanced maintenance and the allowable overdepth for dredging tolerances. In waterways that do not have existing FNPs, this depth should be taken as two feet below the existing bottom or maximum depth of proposed dredging, as applicable.

c. Aerial utility lines that cross navigable waters must meet minimum clearances. See 33CFR322.5(i).

d. For horizontal directional drilling work, returns of drilling fluids to the surface (i.e., frac-outs) are not authorized and require restoration to the maximum extent practicable in accordance with the terms and conditions of this GP. The permittee and its contractor shall have onsite and shall implement the procedures detailed in a frac-out contingency plan for monitoring drilling operations and for the immediate containment, control and recovery/removal of drilling fluids released into the environment should a discharge of material occur during drilling operations.

e. Within the context of any new installations, any abandoned or inactive utility lines should be removed and faulty lines (e.g., leaking hazardous substances, petroleum products, etc.) should be removed or repaired to the extent practicable. A PCN and written verification from the Corps is required if they are to remain in place, e.g., to protect sensitive areas or ensure safety.

f. No work shall drain a water of the U.S. by providing a conduit for water on or below the surface. Trench plugs installed along pipelines may be effective.

13. Heavy Equipment in Wetlands or Mudflats. Operating heavy equipment other than fixed equipment (drill rigs, fixed cranes, etc.) within wetlands shall be minimized, and such equipment shall not be stored, maintained or repaired in wetlands, to the maximum extent practicable. Where construction requires heavy equipment operation in wetlands, the equipment shall either have low ground pressure (typically <3 psi), or it shall be placed on swamp/construction/timber mats (herein referred to as "construction mats" and defined at Appendix A, Endnote 4) that are adequate to support the equipment in such a way as to minimize disturbance of wetland soil and vegetation. Construction mats are to be placed in the wetland from the upland or from equipment positioned on swamp mats if working within a wetland. Dragging construction mats into position is prohibited. Other support structures that are capable of safely supporting equipment may be used with written Corps authorization (Category 2 authorization or Individual Permit). Similarly, the permittee may request written authorization from the Corps to waive use of mats during frozen, dry or other conditions. An adequate supply of spill containment equipment shall be maintained on site. Construction mats should be managed in accordance with the Construction Mat BMPs at <u>www.nae.usace.army.mil/missions/regulatory</u> >> State General Permits >> Permit Resources.

14. Temporary Fill. Temporary fill that qualifies for Category 1 (e.g., <15,000 SF of combined temporary and permanent fill associated with the single and complete project) or is authorized in writing under Category 2, shall adhere to the following:

a. All temporary fill and disturbed soils shall be stabilized to prevent its eroding into waters of the U.S. where it is not authorized. Work shall include phased or staged development to ensure only areas under active development are exposed and to allow for stabilization practices as soon as practicable, typically within three calendar days after disturbance. Accelerated stabilization (the providing of temporary or permanent cover by the end of the work day to prevent erosion) shall be employed as necessary. Temporary fill must be placed in a manner that will prevent it from being eroded by expected high flows.

b. Unconfined temporary fill authorized for discharge into waters of the U.S. (e.g., temporary stream crossings) shall consist of material that minimizes impacts to water quality (e.g. washed stone, stone, etc.).

c. Appropriate measures must be taken to maintain normal downstream flows and minimize flooding to the maximum extent practicable when temporary structures, work, and discharges of dredged or fill material, including cofferdams, are necessary for construction activities, access fills, or dewatering of construction sites. Place materials in a location and manner that does not adversely impact surface or subsurface water flow into or out of the wetland. Temporary fill authorized for discharge into wetlands shall be placed on geotextile fabric or other appropriate material laid on the pre-construction wetland grade where practicable to minimize impacts and to facilitate restoration to the original grade. Construction mats are excluded from this requirement.

d. Temporary fill, construction mats and corduroy roads shall be entirely removed as soon as they are no longer needed to construct the authorized work. Temporary fill shall be placed in its original location or disposed of at an upland site and suitably contained to prevent its subsequent erosion into waters of the U.S. To qualify for Category 1, temporary fill placed during the: i.) growing season must be removed before the beginning of the next growing season; and ii.) non-growing season may remain throughout the following growing season, but must be removed before the beginning of the next growing season.

e. Temporary fill, construction mats and corduroy roads are considered temporary only if they are removed as soon as they are no longer needed to construct the authorized work.

f. Construction debris and/or deteriorated materials shall not be located in waters of the U.S.

15. Restoration of Special Aquatic Sites (Including Wetland Areas)

a. Temporary fills must be removed in their entirety and the affected areas restored to their preconstruction condition, function and elevation. Restoration shall typically commence no later than the completion of construction.

b. For excavated areas, "restored to pre-construction condition, function and elevation" means careful removal of existing soil and vegetation, separate topsoil and subsoil stockpiling, soil protection, and replacement back to the original location such that the original soil layering and vegetation schemes are approximately the same, unless otherwise authorized. Plan for natural settling that will occur (the initial post-restoration elevation of the backfilled areas should be above the desired final grade as topsoil may settle by 33% to 50%), minimize compaction, and ensure that topsoil is void of gravel and subsoil. A minimum of 4 inches of topsoil should be at the surface after the soil has settled. Wetland areas temporarily disturbed shall be stabilized (e.g., seeded or planted). Seed mixes and vegetation shall include only plant species native to New England and shall not include any species listed as "Invasive and Other Unacceptable Plant Species" in the "New England District Compensatory Mitigation Guidance" (see GC 24 and refer to Appendix G). This list may be updated periodically.

c. Limit compaction to the minimum needed to promote a successful seedbed; avoid a 'fluffy' seedbed, which is susceptible to erosion until the plants get established, and a compacted topsoil layer, which is counter-productive and will lead to greater erosion susceptibility down the road. Test soils for compaction. A soil probe, auger, or shovel should be able to retrieve samples of post-restoration profile. Equipment refusal shall be considered a failure of restoration, in which case the soil should be restored through deep-ripping and/or de-compaction, or other appropriate methods, and wetland hydrology must be maintained. See the BMPs at www.nae.usace.army.mil/missions/regulatory >> State General Permits >> Permit Resources >> Restoration.

d. In areas of authorized temporary disturbance, cut woody vegetation (trees, shrubs, etc.) shall be cut at or above ground level and not uprooted in order to prevent disruption to the wetland soil structure and to allow stump sprouts to revegetate the work area, unless otherwise authorized.

e. Trenches shall be constructed or backfilled so that the trench does not drain waters of the U.S. (e.g., materials or methods that create a French drain effect).

16. Soil Erosion, Sediment and Turbidity Controls

a. Adequate sedimentation and erosion control management measures, practices and devices, such as phased construction, installation of sediment control barriers (i.e. silt fence, vegetated filter strips, geotextile silt fences, erosion control mixes, hay bales or other devices) downhill of all exposed areas, retention of existing vegetated buffers, application of temporary mulching during construction, and permanent seeding and stabilization shall be installed and properly maintained to reduce erosion and retain sediment on-site during and after construction. They shall be capable of preventing erosion; of collecting sediment, suspended and floating materials; and of filtering fine sediment.

b. Temporary sediment control barriers shall be removed upon completion of work, but not until all disturbed areas are permanently stabilized. The sediment collected by these sediment barriers shall be removed and placed at an upland location and stabilized to prevent its later erosion into a waterway or wetland. c.

All exposed soil and other fills shall be permanently stabilized at the earliest practicable date.

17. Time of Year Work Windows/Restrictions. For activities where work is authorized in streams and tidal waters that causes turbidity or sediment re-suspension or other construction related disturbances, work must be conducted during the following TOY work windows (not during the TOY restrictions) unless otherwise authorized by the Corps under Category 2 review:

	TOY Restriction (no work)	TOY Work Window (work allowed)
Non-tidal waters	Oct. 01 through Jul. 14	Jul. 15 through Sep. 30
Tidal waters	Apr. 10 through Nov. 07	Nov. 08 through Apr. 09
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Alternate windows authorized under Category 2 may include species specific windows recommended by the Maine Dept. of Marine Resources and/or Maine Dept. of Inland Fisheries & Wildlife.

Aquatic Life Movements & Management of Water Flows 18.

No activity may substantially disrupt the necessary life cycle movements of those species of aquatic a. life indigenous to the waterbody, including those species that normally migrate through the area, unless the activity's primary purpose is to impound water. Unless otherwise stated, activities impounding water in a stream require a PCN to ensure impacts to aquatic life species are avoided and minimized. All permanent and temporary crossings of waterbodies (e.g., streams, wetlands) shall be:

Suitably culverted, bridged, or otherwise designed and constructed to maintain low flows to i sustain the movement of those aquatic species; and

Properly aligned and constructed to prevent bank erosion or streambed scour both adjacent to ii. and inside the culvert. Permanent and temporary crossings of wetlands shall be suitably culverted, spanned or bridged in such a manner as to preserve hydraulic and ecological connectivity between the wetlands on either side of the road.

b To avoid adverse impacts on aquatic organisms, the low flow channel/thalweg shall remain unobstructed during periods of low flow, except when it is necessary to perform the authorized work.

To the maximum extent practicable, the pre-construction course, condition, capacity, and location of c. open waters must be maintained for each activity, including stream channelization and storm water management activities. The activity must be constructed to withstand expected high flows. The activity must not restrict or impede the passage of normal or high flows, unless the primary purpose of the activity is to impound water or manage high flows. The activity may alter the preconstruction course, condition, capacity, and location of open waters if it benefits the aquatic environment (e.g., stream restoration or relocation activities).

19. Water Quality and Coastal Zone Management

Applicants must satisfy any conditions imposed by the state and EPA, where applicable, in their a. CWA § 401 Water Quality Certifications (WQC) for this GP, or in any Individual § 401 WQC. See Appendix E for state-specific contact information and to determine if any action is required to obtain a 401 WQC. The Corps may require additional water quality management measures to ensure that the authorized activity does not cause or contribute to a violation of water quality standards. All projects authorized by this GP shall be designed, constructed and operated to minimize or eliminate the discharge of pollutants.

Applicants must satisfy any additional conditions imposed by the state in their Coastal Zone b. Management (CZM) Act consistency concurrences for this GP, or in any Individual CZM consistency concurrences. The Corps may require additional measures to ensure that the authorized activity is consistent with state coastal zone management requirements.

20. **Floodplains and Floodways**

Appropriate measures must be taken to minimize flooding to the maximum extent practicable. a.

b. Activities within 100-Year Floodplains must comply with applicable Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA)-approved state and/or local floodplain management permitting requirements. Proponents may need to coordinate with FEMA and apply for a formal change to the flood insurance study products or forward a set of project plans and relevant technical documentation in a digital format to the Risk Analysis Branch Chief, Mitigation Division, FEMA, Region 1, 99 High Street, Boston, Massachusetts 02110. Applicants should provide a copy of any documentation to the Corps along with the PCN.

c. Proponents may have to obtain a Flood Hazard Development Permit issued by the town. Inquiries may be directed to the municipality or to the Maine Floodplain Management Coordinator at (207) 287-8063. See http://www.maine.gov/dacf/flood/

21. Storage of Seasonal Structures. Seasonal or recreational structures such as pier sections, floats, aquaculture structures, etc. that are removed from the waterway for a portion of the year (often referred to as seasonal structures) shall be stored in an upland location landward of mean high water (MHW) or ordinary high water (OHW) and not in wetlands, tidal wetlands, their substrate or on mudflats. These seasonal structures may be stored on the fixed, pile-supported portion of the structure that is waterward of MHW or OHW. Seasonal storage of structures in navigable waters, e.g., in a protected cove on a mooring, requires Corps approval and local harbormaster approval.

22. Spawning, Breeding, and Migratory Areas

a. Jurisdictional activities and impacts such as excavations, discharges of dredged or fill material, and/or suspended sediment producing activities in jurisdictional waters that provide value as fish migratory areas, fish and shellfish spawning or nursery areas, or amphibian and migratory bird breeding areas, during spawning or breeding seasons shall be avoided and minimized to the maximum extent practicable.

b. Jurisdictional activities in waters of the United States that provide value as breeding areas for migratory birds must be avoided to the maximum extent practicable. The permittee is responsible for obtaining any "take" permits required under the USFWS's regulations governing compliance with the Migratory Bird Treaty Act or the Bald and Golden Eagle Protection Act. The permittee should contact the appropriate local office of the USFWS to determine if such "take" permits are required for a particular activity (See Appendix E).

23. Vernal Pools

a. Only vernal pools that meet the current definition of waters of the U.S. are regulated by the Corps.

b. Direct and indirect adverse effects to all vernal pools (VPs), including their envelopes and critical terrestrial habitats (VP Management Areas¹³), shall be avoided and minimized to the maximum extent practicable. Site clearing, grading, and construction activities associated with a regulated activity in the VP Management Area may cause these adverse effects to the VP.

c. The State of Maine has specific protections for vernal pools.¹⁴

d. When any regulated activities occur within 750 feet of a vernal pool, the following management practices <u>must be followed</u> for all work within any VP Management Area (750' of a VP's edge) *in order to qualify for Category 1*:

i. No disturbance within the VP Depression or VP Envelope (area within 100 feet of the VP Depression's edge)¹⁵;

ii. Maintain a minimum of 75% of the Critical Terrestrial Habitat (area within 100-750 feet of the VP Depression's edge) as unfragmented forest with at least a partly-closed canopy of overstory trees to provide shade, deep litter and woody debris;

iii. Maintain or restore forest corridors connecting wetlands and significant vernal pools;

iv. Minimize forest floor disturbance; and

v. Maintain native understory vegetation and downed woody debris.

¹³ The Corps VP Management Area, which includes the VP and a 750' radius from the VP's edge, is defined at Appendix A, Endnote 5.

¹⁴ Appendix G, 10(a)-(d) provides links to the state's Significant Wildlife Habitat regulations and references that provide impact minimization measures to reference when designing projects.

¹⁵ The no disturbance requirement in the VP envelope [see (b)(i)(1)], and (b)(i)(2), do not apply to temporary impacts associated with construction mats in previously disturbed areas of existing utility project (e.g., transmission lines, gas pipelines) or linear transportation project (e.g., roads, highways, railways, trails, airport runways and taxiways) right-of-ways provided there is a Vegetation Management Plan that avoids, minimizes and mitigates impacts to aquatic resources.

vi. Cape Cod style-curbing or no curbing options shall be used on new roads to facilitate amphibian passage. (Reference Appendix G)

A PCN is required for any regulated activity within 750' of a vernal pool when all work within the e. VP Management Area does not comply with the Category 1 requirements in (d) above. Information on directional buffers in accordance with the VP Directional Buffer Guidance document may be provided in order to demonstrate minimal impact and avoid compensation requirements (Reference Appendix G). Conservation of the un-impacted area within the VP Management Area will often be required.

GC 2 requires applicants to delineate or approximately identify on the project plans all waters of the f U.S., which contain vernal pools.

GC 23(b-d) do not apply to projects that are within a municipality and meet the provisions of a g. Corps-approved VP Special Area Management Plan (VP SAMP) and are otherwise eligible for self-verification.

Invasive and Other Unacceptable Species¹⁶ 24.

The introduction or spread of invasive or other unacceptable plant or animal species on the project a. site or areas adjacent to the project site caused by the site work shall be avoided to the maximum extent practicable. For example, construction mats and equipment shall be thoroughly cleaned and free of vegetation and soil before and after use. The introduction or spread of invasive plant or animal species on the project site caused by the site work shall be controlled.

b. No cultivars, invasive or other unacceptable plant species may be used for any mitigation, bioengineering, vegetative bank stabilization or any other work authorized by this GP. However, non-native species and cultivars may be used when it is appropriate and specified in a written verification, such as using Secale cereale (Annual Rye) to quickly stabilize a site. All PCNs should explain the reason for using non-native species or cultivars.

Programmatic Consultations or Agreements. The Corps requirements to comply with Section 106 of 25. the NHPA, Section 7 of the Endangered Species Act or Essential Fish Habitat conservation under the Magnuson-Stevens Act may be satisfied by a Programmatic Agreement with the Corps, New England District or another federal action agency. Any Corps, New England District Programmatic Agreements will be available on our website.

Permit On Site. The permittee shall ensure that a copy of this GP and any accompanying authorization 26. letter with attached plans are at the site of the work authorized by this GP whenever work is being performed and that all construction personnel performing work which may affect waters of the U.S. are aware of its terms and conditions. The entire permit authorization shall be made a part of any and all contracts and subcontracts for work that affects areas of Corps jurisdiction at the site of the work authorized by this GP. This shall be achieved by including the entire permit authorization in the specifications for work. The term "entire permit authorization" means this entire GP and the authorization letter (including its drawings, plans, appendices and other attachments) and also includes permit modifications. If the authorization letter is issued after the construction specifications, but before receipt of bids or quotes, the entire permit authorization shall be included as an addendum to the specifications. If the authorization letter is issued after receipt of bids or quotes, the entire permit authorization shall be included in the contract or subcontract. Although the permittee may assign various aspects of the work to different contractors or subcontractors, all contractors and subcontractors shall be obligated by contract to comply with all environmental protection provisions contained within the entire GP authorization, and no contract or subcontract shall require or allow unauthorized work in areas of Corps jurisdiction.

¹⁶ For the purposes of this GP, plant species that are considered invasive and unacceptable are provided in Appendix G "Invasive and other Unacceptable Plant Species" of our document "Compensatory Mitigation Guidance" at www.nae.usace.army.mil/missions/regulatory >> Mitigation. Chapter 4(e) Planting is also particularly relevant. The June 2009 "Corps of Engineers Invasive Species Policy" provides policy, goals and objectives and is located at www.nae.usace.army.mil/missions/regulatory >> Invasive Species. Additional information can be found at: www.eddmaps.org/ipane. 14 Section IV 193

27. Self-Verification Notification Form (SVNF). Permitees must complete and submit the SVNF provided at Appendix B to the Corps for work authorized by this GP unless otherwise noted in Appendix A. NOTE: A copy of a state permit application form may be an acceptable surrogate for the SVNF provided either form used also include plans and an Official Species List of federally listed threatened or endangered species.

28. Inspections. The permittee shall allow the Corps to inspect the authorized activity at any time deemed necessary to ensure that it is being or has been accomplished in accordance with the terms and conditions of this GP and any written verification. The Corps may also require post-construction engineering drawings for completed work, post-dredging survey drawings for any dredging work, or other post-construction reports. To facilitate these inspections, the permittee shall complete and return to the Corps the following forms:

- For Category 1/Self-Verification: The SVNF (see Appendix B).
- For Category 2/PCN: The a) Work-Start Notification Form and b) Compliance Certification Form, when either is provided with the authorization letter.

29. Maintenance

a. Any authorized structure or fill shall be properly maintained, including maintenance to ensure public safety and compliance with applicable general conditions and activity-specific conditions to a written verification.

b. The requirement in (a) above does not include maintenance of dredging projects. Each maintenance dredging event exceeding the self-verification limits requires a new PCN unless an unexpired, written PCN or other Corps authorization specifies that the permittee may "dredge and maintain" an area for a particular time period. Self-verification or PCN maintenance dredging includes only those areas and depths previously authorized and actually dredged. Maintenance dredging with ocean or open water disposal will always require a PCN and at least Category 2 review.

c. Some maintenance activities may not be subject to regulation under Section 404 in accordance with 33 CFR 323.4(a)(2). Refer to Appendix A, Endnote 7.

30. Property Rights. This GP does not convey any property rights, either in real estate or material, or any exclusive privileges, nor does it authorize any injury to property or invasion of rights or any infringement of federal, state, or local laws or regulations.

31. Transfer of GP Verifications. When the structures or work authorized by this GP are still in existence at the time the property is transferred, the terms and conditions of this GP, including any special conditions, will continue to be binding on the entity or individual who received the GP authorizations, as well as the new owner(s) of the property. If the permittee sells the property associated with a GP verification, the permittee may transfer the GP verification to the new owner by submitting a letter to the Corps (see Appendix E for address) to validate the transfer. A copy of the GP verification must be attached to the letter, and *the letter must contain the new owner's contact information and the following statement and signature:*

"When the structures or work authorized by this GP are still in existence at the time the property is transferred, the terms and conditions of this GP, including any special conditions, will continue to be binding on the new owner(s) of the property. To validate the transfer of this GP and the associated liabilities associated with compliance with its terms and conditions, have the transferee sign and date below."

(Transferee)

(Date)

^{32.} Modification, Suspension, and Revocation. Any work authorized under this GP by self-verification or PCN may be either modified, suspended, or revoked, in whole or in part, pursuant to the policies and procedures of 33 CFR 325.7. Any such action shall not be the basis for any claim for damages against the U.S.

33. Special Conditions. The Corps may independently, or at the request of the federal resource agencies, impose other special conditions on a project authorized pursuant to this GP that are determined necessary to minimize adverse navigational and/or environmental effects or based on any other factor of the public interest. Failure to comply with all terms and conditions of the authorization, including special conditions, constitutes a permit violation and may subject the permittee to criminal, civil or administrative penalties and/or an ordered restoration.

34. False or Incomplete Information. If the Corps makes a determination regarding the eligibility of a project under this GP and subsequently discovers that it has relied on false, incomplete or inaccurate information provided by the permittee, the Corps may determine that the GP authorization is not valid; modify, suspend or revoke the authorization; and the U.S. Government may institute legal proceedings.

35. Abandonment. If the permittee decides to abandon the activity authorized under this GP, unless such abandonment is merely the transfer of property to a third party, he/she may be required to restore the area to the satisfaction of the Corps.

36. Enforcement cases. This GP does not apply to any existing or proposed activity in Corps jurisdiction associated with an ongoing Corps or EPA enforcement action, until such time as the enforcement action is resolved or the Corps or EPA, as appropriate, determines that the activity may proceed independently without compromising the enforcement action.

37. Duration of Authorization. This GP expires on October 12, 2020. Activities authorized under this GP that have commenced (i.e., are under construction) or are under contract to commence before this GP expires will have until October 12, 2021 to complete the activity under the terms and conditions of the current GP.

38. Previously Authorized Activities.

a. Projects that have received authorization (Category 1 or 2) from the Corps and that were completed under the previous PGPs, nationwide permits, regional general permits or letters of permission, shall remain authorized.

b. Activities authorized pursuant to 33 CFR Part 330.3 ("Activities occurring before certain dates") are not affected by this GP.

c. Any work not commenced nor completed that was authorized in a written letter from the Corps under the GP in effect between October 12, 2010 and October 12, 2015 remains authorized subject to the terms and general conditions of this GP along with any special conditions in the authorizing written letter. Exception – if previously authorized work is not commenced and a new federally listed threatened or endangered species could be affected, the Corps must consult with the Service(s) prior to re-authorizing the work under this GP. Requests for re-authorization must include an updated Official Species list. To request an Official Species List, refer to the instructions in Appendix D.

39. Discretionary Authority. Notwithstanding compliance with the terms and conditions of this permit, the Corps retains discretionary authority to require Category 2 or Individual Permit review based on concerns for the aquatic environment or for any other factor of the public interest [33 CFR 320.4(a)]. This authority is invoked on a case-by-case basis whenever the Corps determines that the potential consequences of the proposal warrant a higher level of review based on the concerns stated above. This authority may be invoked for projects that may contribute to cumulative environmental impacts that are more than minimal or if there is a special resource or concern associated with a particular project that is not already covered by the remaining conditions of the GP and that warrants greater review. Whenever the Corps notifies an applicant that an Individual Permit may be required, the project is not authorized under this GP and no work may be conducted until an Individual Permit is obtained or until the Corps notifies the applicant that further review has demonstrated that the work may proceed under this GP.

40. St. John/St. Croix Rivers. Work within the Saint John and Saint Croix River basins that requires approval of the International Joint Commission is not eligible for Category 1 and a PCN to the Corps is required if any temporary or permanent use, obstruction or diversion of international boundary waters could affect the natural

flow or levels of waters on the Canadian side of the line; or if any construction or maintenance of remedial works, protective works, dams, or other obstructions in waters downstream from boundary waters could raise the natural level of water on the Canadian side of the boundary.

41. National Lands. Activities that impinge upon the value of any National Wildlife Refuge, National Forest, National Marine Sanctuary, National Park or any other area administered by the National Park Service, U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (USFWS) or U.S. Forest Service are not eligible for Category 1 and require a PCN.

42. Essential Fish Habitat (EFH). Any work in the following rivers and streams, including all tributaries to the extent that they are currently or were historically accessible for salmon migration, shall not be authorized under Category 1 of the GP and must be screened for potential impacts to EFH (see Appendix G for more information).

Androscoggin River	Aroostook River	Boyden River	Dennys River
Ducktrap River	East Machias River	Hobart Stream	Kennebec River
Machias River	Narraguagus River	Orland River	Passagassawaukeag River
Patten Stream	Penobscot River	Pleasant River	Presumpscot River
Saco River	Sheepscot River	St. Croix River	Tunk Stream

Union River The above does not apply to the following activities which may qualify for Category 1 work:

- Exploratory drilling and borings for bridges.
- Moorings (see Appendix A, Page 28 for Category 1 thresholds and requirements)
- Structures, floats & lifts (see Appendix A, Page 29 for Category 1 thresholds and requirements)
- Other activities specified in a programmatic agreement with NMFS.

43. Work Site Restoration

a. Wetland areas where permanent disturbance is not authorized shall be restored to their original condition and elevation, which under no circumstances shall be higher than the pre-construction elevation. Original condition means careful protection and/or removal of existing soil and vegetation, and replacement back to the original location such that the original soil layering and vegetation schemes are approximately the same, unless otherwise authorized.

b. Upon completion of construction, all disturbed wetland areas (the disturbance of these areas must be authorized) shall be properly stabilized. Any seed mix shall contain only plant species native to New England and shall not contain any species listed in the "Invasive and Other Unacceptable Plant Species" Appendix in the "New England District Compensatory Mitigation Guidance" (see GC 24 and refer to Appendix G). This list may be updated periodically.

c. In areas of authorized temporary disturbance, if trees are cut they shall be cut at ground level and not uprooted in order to prevent disruption to the wetland soil structure and to allow stump sprouts to revegetate the work area, unless otherwise authorized.

44. Bank Stabilization

a. Projects involving construction or reconstruction/maintenance of bank stabilization structures within Corps jurisdiction shall be designed to minimize environmental effects, effects to neighboring properties, scour, etc. to the maximum extent practicable.

b. Project proponents must design and construct bank stabilization projects using this sequential minimization process: avoidance of aquatic resource impacts, diversion of overland flow, vegetative stabilization, stone-sloped surfaces, and walls/bulkheads. Vertical walls/bulkheads shall only be used in situations where reflected wave energy can be tolerated.

c. Inland Water bank stabilization activities necessary for erosion prevention must meet all of the following criteria: i) No material is placed in excess of the minimum needed for erosion protection; ii) The activity is no more than 500 feet in total length along the bank(s); iii) The activity will not exceed an average of one cubic yard per running foot placed along the bank below the plane of the ordinary high water mark; iv) Structures angled steeper than 1H:1V and any material other than angular or sub-angular stone or fiber roll revetments require at least a Category 2 review; v) The activity does not involve discharges of dredged or fill

material into special aquatic sites; vi) No material is of the type, or is placed in any location, or in any manner, to impair surface water flow into or out of any water of the U.S.; vii) No material is placed in a manner that will be eroded by normal or expected high flows (properly anchored trees and treetops may be used in low energy areas); and viii) The activity is not a stream channelization activity.

d. Bank stabilization activities in tidal waters are provided at Appendix A, Page 30 & 31. Direct impacts in tidal waters from contiguous bank stabilization projects in excess of 200 linear feet (Applicant or Applicant + Abutters combined) must undergo Category 2 review.

45. Stream Work and Crossings & Wetland Crossings Notes:

a. For *Stream Work and Crossings* below, conditions (a) and (b) apply to Inland Waters and Wetlands (see Appendix A, Page 1 for definition) and Navigable Waters (see Appendix A, Page 27 for definition). Conditions (c)-(l) below only apply to Inland Waters and Wetlands that are streams. All new and replacement crossings in Navigable Waters require an application to the Corps and at least a Category 2 review.

b. In-stream work in a watershed occupied by listed Atlantic salmon, Atlantic sturgeon, or shortnose sturgeon [see GC 8(b)] and some stream work such as crossings on EFH waters (see GC 42) is not eligible for Category 1.

c. "High-Quality Stream Segments" are shown at <u>www.maine.gov/dep/gis/datamaps</u> and may be useful in evaluating impacts to fisheries. GIS shape files are under "Other Google Earth Interactive Maps" and PDFs by county are under "DEP GIS Maps." See Appendix E for more state contact information.

Conditions for Stream Work and Crossings:

a. All permanent crossings of rivers, streams, brooks, etc. (hereon referred to as "streams") shall be suitably culverted, bridged, or otherwise designed to i) withstand and to prevent the restriction of high flows to qualify for Category 1, and ii) not obstruct the movement of or not substantially disrupt the necessary life-cycle movements of those species of aquatic life indigenous to the waterbody, including those species that normally migrate through the area, beyond the actual duration of construction unless the activity's primary purpose is to impound water to qualify for Category 1 or 2. (*NOTE: Areas of fill and/or cofferdams must be included in total waterway/wetlands impacts to determine applicability of this GP*).

b. Any work that temporarily or permanently impacts upstream or downstream flood conditions, or permanently impacts wetlands in excess of Category 1 thresholds, must be reviewed at least under Category 2. See the documents referenced in Appendix G, 8(c) and (d) for guidance.

c. <u>New Stream Crossings</u>. For new stream crossings to qualify for Category 1:

i. Must ensure compliance with GC 45(a) and GC 45(b) above.

ii. Shall be designed and constructed in accordance with the Corps General Stream Crossing Standards provided on Page 19 and the stream simulation document listed at Appendix G, 8(a).

- <u>Replacement Stream Crossings.</u> For replacement stream crossings to qualify for Category 1:
 - i. Must ensure compliance with GC 45(a) and GC 45(b) above.

ii. Shall be designed and constructed in accordance with the Corps General Stream Crossing Standards provided on Page 19 and the stream simulation document listed at Appendix G, 8(a).

e. <u>Culvert Extensions</u>. Culvert extensions on culverts that do not meet the Corps General Stream Crossing Standards do not qualify for Category 1 and require an application to the Corps and at least Category 2 review.

f. <u>Temporary Stream Crossings</u>.

Note: The General Stream Crossing Standards don't apply to temporary stream crossings.

i. Temporary stream crossings or cofferdams shall be used for equipment access across streams [see Appendix G, 8(e)]. Note: Areas of fill and/or cofferdams must be included in total waterway/wetlands impacts to determine the review category in Appendix A.

ii. Temporary stream crossings shall be removed within 180 days to qualify for Category 1.

d

iii. Temporary stream crossings that are not spans¹⁷ (typically culverts) must be designed in accordance with 1-6 below to qualify for Category 1. Category 2 applications should include information demonstrating 2-6 below:

1. Installed and removed during the low flow period specified in GC 45(l) below.

2. Placed on geotextile fabric or other material where practicable to ensure restoration to the original grade. Soil may not be used to construct or stabilize these structures and rock must be large enough to allow for easy removal without disrupting the streambed.

3. Designed and maintained to withstand and pass high flows. Water height should be no higher than the top of the culvert's inlet. A minimum culvert diameter of two feet is required to pass debris. Culverts must be aligned to prevent bank erosion or streambed scour.

Equipped with energy dissipating devices installed downstream if necessary to prevent

scour.

4.

5. Designed and maintained to prevent soil from entering the waterbody.

6. Removed upon the completion of work. Impacts to the streambed or banks requires restoration to their original condition using stream simulation methods¹⁸.

g. <u>Slip Lining</u>. Work using slip lining (retrofitting an existing culvert by inserting a smaller diameter pipe), invert lining, or resulting in decreased diameter, does not qualify for Category 1, either as new work or maintenance activities.

h. <u>Work in Flowing Waters</u>. To qualify for Category 1, no unconfined fill [see GC 14(b)] or excavation in flowing waters is allowed. To accomplish this:

i. Bank stabilization work below ordinary high water (OHW) shall utilize erosion controls such as inflatable cofferdams, jersey barrier, silt screen, turbidity curtain, etc. where practicable to prevent sediment input to the stream and to minimize turbidity and sedimentation impacts for sensitive life stages. Bank stabilization above OHW must utilize erosion controls.

ii. Management techniques such as temporary flume pipes, culverts, cofferdams, etc. must be used to maintain normal flows within the stream boundary's confines, or water diversions may be used immediately up and downstream of the work footprint (see Appendix A, Endnote 6) or work must be performed in the dry under no flow conditions, or under very low flow conditions following the practices in GC 45(a).

i. <u>Minimization</u>. In order to make the Category 2 review process more efficient and result in a faster decision, new and replacement stream crossings should be designed using the least intrusive and environmentally damaging method following this sequential minimization process: 1) spans with no stream impacts, 2) spans with stream impacts, and 3) embedded culverts with stream simulation or low-slope design.

j. <u>Maintenance Requirements</u>. The permittee shall maintain the work authorized herein in good condition and in conformance with the terms and general conditions of this permit to facilitate aquatic life passage as stated in GC 45(a). Culverts that develop "hanging" inlets or outlets, result in bed washout, or a stream that doesn't match the characteristics of the substrate in the natural stream channel such as mobility, slope, stability confinement will require maintenance or repair to comply with this GC. This does not apply to GC 45(f) above.

k. <u>Maintenance and Replacement Information</u>. An existing stream crossing must be authorized and in compliance with all conditions of its authorization(s) to qualify for maintenance not subject to regulation. See Appendix A, Endnote 7. A non-serviceable crossing is not eligible for maintenance and is therefore considered as a replacement crossing [see GC 45(d)].

1. <u>Work Window</u>. For projects that otherwise meet the terms of Category 1, in-stream construction work shall be conducted during the low flow period July 15 – September 30 in any year. Projects that are not to be conducted during that time period are ineligible for Category 1 and shall be screened pursuant to Category 2, regardless of the waterway and wetland fill and/or impact area.

Corps General Stream Crossing Standards (required for Category 1; recommended for Category 2):

a. Culverts must be embedded:

¹⁷ For the purposes of this GP, spans are bridges, three-sided box culverts, open-bottom culverts or arches that span the stream with footings landward of bankfull width.

¹⁸ Design and construction shall be in accordance with the stream simulation document listed at Appendix G, 8(a).

- \geq 2 feet for box culverts and other culverts with smooth internal walls,
- \geq 1 foot for corrugated pipe arches
- \geq 1 foot and at least 25 percent for corrugated round pipe culverts

b. **For new crossings**, spans¹⁷ are required to avoid or cause minimal disruption to the streambed and to meet the requirements of General Condition 45(a) and 45(b). Footings and abutments must be landward of 1.2 times bankfull width. To the greatest extent practicable, work in the stream shall be minimized, and design and construction shall allow the streambed's natural structure and integrity to remain intact. Any fill or excavation of the streambed below bankfull width other than footings, support pilings, or work specified in 45(h)ii requires Category 2 review and, unless demonstrated otherwise, stream simulation¹⁸ to establish substrate and banks in the span structure and work area as specified in (d) and (e) below.

c. **For replacement crossings**, spans¹⁷ are required to meet the requirements of General Condition 45(a) and 45(b). Footings and abutments shall be landward of 1.2 times bankfull width. Unless demonstrated otherwise, stream simulation¹⁸ is required to establish substrate and banks in the span structure and work area as specified in (d) and (e) below.

d. Crossings must have a natural bottom substrate within the structure matching the characteristics of the substrate in the natural stream channel and the banks (mobility, slope, stability, confinement, grain and rock size) at the time of construction and over time as the structure has had the opportunity to pass significant flood events. To allow terrestrial passage for wildlife and prevent undermining the footings, crossings shall have a bank on both sides of the stream matching the horizontal profile of the existing stream and banks¹⁸. Note: Installation of substrate material within smaller culverts may not be safe or practicable. In these cases, it may be necessary to allow for natural deposition and bed development unless alternative methods are identified.

e. Crossings must be designed and constructed¹⁸ with appropriate bed forms and streambed characteristics so that water depths and velocities are comparable to those found in the natural channel at a variety of flows. In order to provide appropriate water depths and velocities at a variety of flows and especially low flows, it is usually necessary to reconstruct the streambed or preserve the natural channel within the structure. Otherwise, the width of the structure needed to accommodate higher flows will create conditions that are too shallow at low flows. The grain and rock size, and arrangement of streambed materials within the structure should be in accordance with (d) above. Flows could go subsurface within the structure if only large material is used without smaller material filling the voids.

Conditions for Wetland Crossings:

a. All temporary and permanent crossings of wetlands shall be suitably culverted, bridged, or otherwise designed to: i) Withstand and prevent the restriction of high flows, ii) Not obstruct the movement of or not substantially disrupt the necessary life-cycle movements of those species of aquatic life indigenous to the wetland, including those species that normally migrate through the area, beyond the actual duration of construction unless the activity's primary purpose is to impound water. See Appendix E for the Maine DEP's crossing standards.

b. To qualify for Category 1, new and replacement wetland crossings that are permanent shall be culverted, spanned or bridged in such a manner as to preserve hydraulic and ecological connectivity, at its present level, between the wetlands on either side of the road. To meet this requirement, we recommend that culverts, spans or bridges be placed at least every 50 feet with an opening at least 2 feet high and 3 feet wide at ground level where practicable. Closed bottom culverts shall be embedded at least 6 inches with a natural bottom.

c. In the case of non-compliance, the permittee shall take necessary measures to correct wetland damage due to lack of hydraulic and ecological connectivity.

d. Any work that results in flooding, results in impacts to wetlands on either side of the wetland crossing in excess of Category 1 thresholds, or impacts wetland drainage from the upgradient side of the wetland crossing does not qualify for Category 1.

Robert J. Desista Deputy Chief, Regulatory Division For DISTRICT ENGINEER

DATE

	APPENDIX A: DEFINITION OF CATEG	ORIES
A. INLAND WATERS AND WETLANDS	Inland Waters and Wetlands: Waters that are regulated under Section 404 of the Clean Water Act, including rivers, streams, lakes, ponds and wetlands, and <i>excluding Section 10 Navigable Waters of the U.S. (tidal and freshwater)</i> . The jurisdictional limits are the ordinary high water (OHW) mark in the absence of adjacent wetlands, beyond the OHW mark to the limit of adjacent wetlands when adjacent wetlands are present, and the wetland limit when only wetlands are present. For the purposes of this GP and designated activities, fill placed in the area between the mean high water (MHW) and the high tide line (HTL), and in the bordering and contiguous wetlands ¹ to tidal waters are reviewed in the Navigable Waters section. (See B. Navigable Waters on page 27 below.)Projects not meeting Category 1 require an application for review as a Category 2 or Individual Permit project. All Category 1 and 2 projects must comply with all of this GP's applicable terms (Pages 1 – 4) and General Conditions (Pages 5–20).	
ACTIVITY	CATEGORY 1 Self-Verification Eligible (SVNF Required)	CATEGORY 2 (PCN Required)
1. Repair, Replacement, Expansion, and Maintenance of Authorized Structures and Fills	 Repair or maintenance of existing, currently serviceable, authorized fills with no expansion or change in use: Conditions of the original authorization apply. Minor deviations in fill design allowed.⁷ The repair, rehabilitation, or replacement of those structures or fills destroyed or damaged by storms, floods, fire or other discrete events is authorized, provided the repair, rehabilitation, or replacement is commenced, or is under contract to commence, within two years of the date of their destruction or damage. No effect on federally listed endangered or threatened species or critical habitat. 	Replacement of non-serviceable fills, or repair/maintenance of serviceable fill, with expansion <3 acres, or with a change in use.
2. Moorings	 NA – moorings in non-navigable inland waters are not subject to Corps jurisdiction. Note: Moorings placed in freshwater navigable waters are reviewed in the Navigable Waters section. (See B. Navigable Waters on Page 28 below.) 	NA
3. Structures, Floats & Lifts	 For solid fill or crib supported structures on inland waters, <15,000 square feet (SF) of waterway and/or wetland fill, associated secondary impacts², and temporary fills. No effect on federally listed endangered or threatened species or critical habitat. Note: Temporary or permanent structures placed in freshwater navigable waters are reviewed in the Navigable Waters section. (See B. Navigable Waters on page 29 below. 	 Work not eligible for Category 1 ≥15,000 SF to <3 acres of inland waterway and/or wetland fill and associated secondary impacts (e.g., areas drained, flooded, fragmented, or excavated).
4. Aids to Navigation and Temporary Recreational Structures	NA - this activity in non-navigable inland waters is not subject to Corps jurisdiction. Note: Aids to Navigation and other structures placed in freshwater navigable waters are reviewed in the Navigable Waters section. (See B. Navigable Waters on page 30 below.)	NA

5. Dredging,	1. For regulated discharges associated with excavation, and disposal <15,000	1. Work not eligible for Category 1
Disposal of Dredged	SF inland waterway and/or wetland impacts.	$2. \ge 15,000$ SF to <3 acres of inland waters.
Material, Beach	2. The activity does not occur in navigable waters of the U.S.	
Nourishment, and	3. Stream channelization, relocation or loss of streambed including	
Rock Removal and	impoundments or discharge of tailings into streams does not occur.	
Relocation	4. No effect on federally listed endangered or threatened species or critical	
	habitat.	
6. Discharges of	NA - For discharges incidental to the construction of bridges in inland	NA
Dredged or Fill	waters of the U.S. refer to Activity 23 (Stream and Wetland Crossings) and	
Material Incidental	GC 45.	
to the Construction		
of Bridges	Note: Discharges of Dredged or Fill Material Incidental to the Construction	
	of Bridges in freshwater navigable waters are reviewed in the Navigable	
	Waters section. (See B. Navigable Waters on page 30 below.)	
7 Doub or -	Inland hould atchilization <500 ET long and <1 CV of fill non lines of st	Work not aligible for Category 1
7. Bank and Shousling	Infand bank stabilization ≤ 500 FT long and ≤ 1 CY of fill per linear foot	work not eligible for Category 1
Shorenne		
Stabilization	• \leq 1 cubic yard of fill per linear foot placed along the bank waterward of	
	We have the second seco	
	• work complies with the GCs (GC 44 in particular), including:	
	o No structures angled steeper than TH: I v allowed. Only rough-faced	
	stone or fiber foil revetments allowed.	
	\circ No in-stream work involving fill or excavation in flowing waters	
	$(\text{see GC 45}(\Pi)).$	
	• In-water work limited to Jul 15 – Sep 50.	
	• No work in vernal pools of SAS.	
	• No effect on federally listed endangered or threatened species or critical	
9 Desidenti-1	nabilal.	1. Work not aligible for Category 1
o. Kesidential,	1. \15,000 SF OI IIIanu watei way anu/of wetland III and associated	1. WOIK HOU Eligible for Category 1. 2 > 15,000 SE to < 2 areas of inland waterway and/or
Industrial and	secondary impacts (e.g., areas dramed, nooded, nagmented, mechanically	$2. \leq 15,000$ SF to ≤ 5 acres of initial waterway and/of waterway and $2. \leq 10,000$ SF to ≤ 5 acress
Industrial, and	and regulated discharges associated with execution. Construction mets are	drained flooded fragmented or evenueted) Filleres
Dovolonments and	and regulated discharges associated with excavation. Construction mats are	includes all temporary and permanent fill (including
Recreational	Provided	metal and regulated discharges associated with
Facilities	• Historia fill + proposed impact area <15 000 SE complies with CC 5	excavation
raumues	 Instone finite proposed impact area <15,000 SF complies with GC 5, Single and Complete Projects 	3 Machanical clearing without grubbing or other soil
	Single and Complete Projects. • No work in gradial equation sites $(S \land S)^4$ other than wother de	disturbance >3 acros as a secondary impact may still be
	• No work in special aquatic sites (SAS) other than wetlands.	eligible for Category 2 at the discretion of the Corps
	• No effect on federally listed endangered or threatened species or critical	engione jor Callegory 2 at the discretion of the Corps.
	nabitat.	See GC 2 and Annendix C for wetland delineation
	2. For work in Vernal Pool (VP) Management Areas (includes VPs) ³ :	See OC 2 and Appendix C for wettand definitation

	• See GC 23 and Appendix C for VP delineation requirements.	requirements.
	• See GC 23 to determine if work qualifies for Category 1 or 2.	
	• See Appendix G for VP documents providing mitigation guidance.	
9. Utility Line	1. <15,000 SF of inland waterway and/or wetland fill, associated secondary	1. Work not eligible for Category 1
Activities	impacts ² , and temporary fills.	2. \geq 15,000 SF to <3 acres of inland waterway and/or
	2. The activity does not occur in, over, or under navigable waters of the U.S.	wetland fill and associated secondary impacts (e.g., areas
	3. Intake structures that are dry hydrants used exclusively for firefighting	drained, flooded, fragmented, or excavated). Fill area
	activities with no stream impoundments.	includes all temporary and permanent fill (including
	4. There is no permanent change in pre-construction contours in waters of	mats), and regulated discharges associated with
	the U.S.	excavation.
	5. Material resulting from trench excavation is temporarily side cast into	3. <i>Mechanical clearing without grubbing or other soil</i>
	waters of the U.S. for ≤ 3 months and is placed in such a manner that it is not	disturbance >3 acres as a secondary impact may still be
	dispersed by currents or other forces.	eligible for Category 2 at the discretion of the Corps.
	6. The utility line is placed within and does not run a) parallel to, or b) along	
	7 Stream channelization, relocation or loss of streambed including	
	impoundments does not occur	
	8. No effect on federally listed endangered or threatened species or critical	
	habitat.	
	9. There is no discharge in SAS other than non-tidal wetlands.	
	10. Construction mats ⁴ of any area necessary to conduct activities that were	
	previously authorized, authorized under Category 1, or not subject to	
	regulation (see Endnote 7). Authorized construction mats must be in place	
	for <3 months, removed immediately upon work completion, and the	
	wetlands must be restored (see GC 43).	
	11. Stream crossings must comply with GC 17.	
10. Linear	1. <15,000 SF of inland waterway and/or wetland fill associated secondary	$1. \ge 15,000$ SF to <3 acres of inland waterway and/or
Transportation	impacts (e.g., areas drained, flooded, fragmented, mechanically cleared or	wetland fill and associated secondary impacts (e.g., areas
Projects (not	excavated). Fill area includes all temporary and permanent fill, and	drained, flooded, fragmented, or excavated). Fill area
including stream	regulated discharges associated with excavation. Construction mats are	includes all temporary and permanent fill (including
crossings)	Provided:	excavation
For stream crossings	• Historic fill + proposed impact area <15,000 SE and complies with GC 5	2 Mechanical clearing without grubbing or other soil
refer to Activity 23	single and complete projects	<i>disturbance</i> >3 acres as a secondary impact may still be
	• No work in special aquatic sites (SAS) other than wetlands	eligible for Category 2 at the discretion of the Corps.
	2 Construction mats ⁴ of any area necessary to conduct activities that were	
	previously authorized, authorized under Category 1, or not subject to	
	regulation (see Endnote 7). Authorized construction mats must be in place	
	for <3 months, removed immediately upon work completion, and the	
	wetlands must be restored (see GC 43).	
	3. No effect on federally listed endangered or threatened species or critical	
	habitat.	

11. Mining Activities	1. <15,000 SF of inland waterway and/or wetland fill, associated secondary	1. Work not eligible for Category 1.
	impacts, and temporary impacts.	2. \geq 15,000 SF to <3 acres of inland waterway and/or
	2. The activity does not occur in navigable waters of the U.S.	wetland fill and associated secondary impacts (e.g., areas
	3. Stream channelization, relocation or loss of streambed including	drained, flooded, fragmented, or excavated). Fill area
	impoundments or discharge of tailings into streams does not occur.	includes all temporary and permanent fill (including
	4. No effect on federally listed endangered or threatened species or critical	mats), and regulated discharges associated with
	habitat.	excavation.
12. Boat Ramps	1. <15,000 SF of inland waterway and/or wetland fill, associated secondary	1. Work not eligible for Category 1
	impacts, and temporary impacts.	2. >15,000 SF and < 3 acres of impact.
	2. No effect on federally listed endangered or threatened species or critical	
	habitat.	
13. Land and Water-	For land-based facilities:	For land-based activities:
Based Renewable	1. <15,000 SF of inland waterway and/or wetland fill, associated secondary	1. Work not eligible for Category 1.
Energy Generation	impacts, and temporary impacts.	2. >15,000 SF and < 3 acres impact.
Facilities and	2. Stream channelization, relocation or loss of streambed including	3. Mechanical clearing without grubbing or other soil
Hydropower Projects	impoundments does not occur.	disturbance >3 acres as a secondary impact may still be
	3. No effect on federally listed endangered or threatened species or critical	eligible for Category 2 at the discretion of the Corps.
	habitat.	
		For water-based facilities and hydropower projects:
	For water-based facilities and hydropower projects:	> 3 acres of impact will require an IP.
	No new facilities are eligible.	
14. Reshaping	Not Applicable	Not Applicable
Existing Drainage		
Ditches & Mosquito		
Management		
15. Oil Spill and	Jurisdictional activities required for the containment and cleanup of oil and	Work not eligible for Category 1
Hazardous Material	hazardous substances that are subject to the National Oil and Hazardous	
Cleanup	Substances Pollution Contingency Plan (40 CFR 300) provided that the work	
	is done in accordance with the Spill Control and Countermeasure Plan	
	required by 40 CFR 112.3 or any existing state contingency plan and	
	provided that the Regional Response Leam (if one exists in the area) concurs	
	with the proposed containment and cleanup action. SAS ⁻ must typically be	
	restored in place at the same elevation.	
	the fact	
	ine jaci.	

16. Cleanup of Hazardous and toxic waste	 Specific jurisdictional activities to effect the containment, stabilization, or removal of hazardous or toxic waste materials, including court ordered remedial action plans or related settlements, which are performed, ordered or sponsored by a government agency with established legal or regulatory authority. SAS should be restored in place at the same elevation. <15,000 SF of inland waterway and/or wetland fill, associated secondary impacts, and temporary impacts. 	Work not eligible for Category 1
	 No stream channelization, relocation or loss of streambed occurs. The project does not involve establishing new disposal sites or expanding existing sites used for the disposal of hazardous or toxic waste. No effect on federally listed endangered or threatened species or critical habitat. 	
17. Scientific Measurements Devices	 Scientific measurement devices whose purpose is to measure and record scientific data, such as staff gages, water recording devices, water quality testing and improvement devices, and similar structures. This excludes any biological sampling devices. Structures may not restrict or concentrate movement of aquatic organisms. No effect on federally listed endangered or threatened species or critical habitat. 	Work not eligible for Category 1
18. Survey Activities	 Jurisdictional survey activities, such as core sampling, seismic exploratory operations, plugging of seismic shot holes and other exploratory-type bore holes, exploratory trenching, soil surveys, sampling, and historic resources surveys (but not recovery). Exploratory trenches must be restored in accordance with GC 43. The construction of temporary pads is authorized provided the discharge doesn't exceed 25 CY. This doesn't authorize permanent structures or the drilling and the discharge of excavated material from test wells for oil and gas exploration (the plugging of such wells is authorized). No effect on federally listed endangered or threatened species or critical habitat. 	Work not eligible for Category 1
19. Agricultural Activities	 For those activities subject to Corps jurisdiction¹⁶, <15,000 SF of inland waterway and/or wetland fill, associated secondary impacts, and temporary impacts. No stream channelization, relocation, loss of streambed, or farm ponds in streams. No effect on federally listed endangered or threatened species or critical habitat. 	 1. ≥15,000 SF to <3 acres of inland waterway and/or wetland fill and associated secondary impacts (e.g., areas drained, flooded, fragmented, or excavated). Fill area includes all temporary and permanent fill (including mats), and regulated discharges associated with excavation. 2. > 3 acres of impact will require an IP.

20. Fish and Wildlife	NA - this activity in non-navigable inland waters, if not involving a	Not Applicable
Harvesting,	discharge of dredged or fill material, is not subject to Corps jurisdiction.	
Enhancement and	Note: Related structures placed in freshwater navigable waters (e.g. the	
Attraction Devices	upper Penobscot or Kennebec Rivers) are reviewed in the Navigable Waters	
and Activities	section. (See B. Navigable Waters on Page 33 below.)	
21. Habitat	1. <15,000 SF of inland waterway and/or wetland fill, associated secondary	1. Work not eligible for Category 1
Restoration,	impacts, and temporary impacts.	2. Aquatic habitat restoration, establishment, and
Establishment and	2. The activity is supported in writing by a local, state, or non-Corps	enhancement of wetlands and riparian areas and the
Enhancement	Federal environmental agency. Water impoundments require PCN.	restoration and enhancement of streams and other open
Activities	3. No conversion of i) a stream to wetland or vice versa, wetland to a pond	waters with impacts of any area $\geq 15,000$ SF, provided
	or uplands, and ii) one wetland type to another.	those activities result in net increase in overall aquatic
	4. No dam removal.	resource functions and services. ⁸
	5. No effect on federally listed endangered or threatened species or critical	
	habitat.	
22. Previously	Any work not commenced nor completed that was authorized in a written	
Authorized Activities	letter from the Corps under the GP in effect between October 12, 2010 and	
	October 12, 2015. The terms and general conditions of this GP apply along	
	with any special conditions in the written authorization.	
23. Stream &	1. River, stream and brook work and crossings:	Work not eligible for Category 1
Wetland Crossings	• Must comply with GC 45 in particular, including:	
	o No slip lining [see GC 45 (g)].	
	o No in-stream work involving fill or excavation in flowing waters [see	
	GC 45(h)].	
	o In-stream work limited to Jul 15 – Sep 30 [see GC 45 (1)].	
	• No work in riffles and pools ³ .	
	• No stream relocations.	
	• No dams or dikes ⁶ .	
	• No effect on federally listed endangered or threatened species or critical	
	habitat.	
	• <15.000 SF of inland waterway and/or wetland fill. associated	
	secondary impacts, and temporary impacts.	
	2. Wetland crossings must comply with the particularly relevant GC 45.	
24. Aquaculture	For land based installations, <15,000 SF of inland waterway and/or wetland	Work not eligible for Category 1
(freshwater)	fill, associated secondary impacts, and temporary impacts.	
	• In-stream/in-water work limited to Jul 15 – Sep 30.	
	• No effect on federally listed endangered or threatened species or critical	
	habitat.	
	Note: Related structures placed in freshwater navigable waters are reviewed	
	in the Navigable Waters section. (See B. Navigable Waters, below.)	

B. NAVIGABLE	Navigable Waters of the United States: Waters that are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide and/or the tidal and non-tidal portions of		
WATERS	the Federally designated navigable waters (the Penobscot River, Kennebec River, and Lake Umbagog) (Section 10 Rivers and Harbors		
	Act of 1899). The jurisdictional limits are the mean high water (MHW) line in tidal waters and the ordinary high water (OHW) mark in		
	non-tidal portions of the federally designated navigable rive	ers. For the purposes of this GP, fill placed in the area between the mean high	
	water (MHW) and the high tide line (HTL), and in the bord	lering and contiguous wetlands ¹ to tidal waters are also reviewed in this	
	Navigable Waters section.		
	Projects not meeting Category 1 require an application for	review as a Category 2 or Individual Permit project.	
	All Category 1 and 2 projects must comply with all of this	GP's applicable terms (Pages 1 - 4) and General Conditions (Pages 5 - 20).	
	CATEGORY 1 Self-Verification Eligible (SVNF		
ΑСΤΙVITY	Required)	CATEGORY 2 (PCN Required)	
1. Repair.	1 Repair replacement in-kind or maintenance ⁷ of	1 Replacement of non-serviceable structures and fills or repair/maintenance	
Replacement.	existing currently serviceable ⁷ authorized structures or	of serviceable structures or fills with fill replacement or expansion <1 acre	
Expansion, and	fills.	or with a change in use	
Maintenance of	• All work is to be conducted in-the-dry, during low	2. <1 acre temporary or permanent fill, excavation and/or secondary impacts.	
Authorized (or	water.	Fill area includes all temporary and permanent waterway fills, provided:	
grandfathered)	• Conditions of the original authorization apply.	• Temporary or permanent fill in eelgrass ¹⁴ <1000 SF.	
Structures and Fills	• No substantial expansion or change in use	• Permanent fill in SAS (excluding eelgrass ¹⁴) \leq 4300 SF	
	• No new fill in SAS ³	3 Standard Pile Driving Conditions Work involving piles shall adhere to	
	• Must be rebuilt in same footnrint however minor	one of the four methods below.	
	deviations in structure design allowed ⁷	• Piles installed in-the-dry during low water or in-water between Nov 8 th	
	• The repair rehabilitation or replacement of those	- Apr 9 th or	
	structures or fills destroyed or damaged by storms	• Must be drilled and pinned to ledge or	
	floods fire or other discrete events is authorized	 With the united and primed to redge, of With ratery hammers used to install any size and quantity of wood 	
	provided the renair rehabilitation or replacement is	concrete or steel piles or	
	commenced or is under contract to commence	• Impact hammers limited to one hammer and <50 niles installed/day	
	within two years of the date of their destruction or	with the following: wood niles of any size, concrete niles <18-inches	
	damage	diameter steel niles < 12 -inches diameter if the hammer is < 3000 lbs	
	duniuge.	and a wood cushion is used between the hammer and steel nile, and	
		• For the methods above:	
		• For the methods above.	
		206 dP model noise levels shall not exceed >10/dD CSEL is 1µr a of	
		2000B peak re rµra at a distance - rom from the prie being instaned,	
		allu	
		o in-water hours on any given day and a 12 hour recovery period	
		(i.e., in water paice below 150dD peels re 1De) must be provided	
		(i.e., in-water noise below 1500D peak ie 1µra) must be provided	
		Detween work days.	
		• Existing derenict, degraded or abandoned piles in the project area that	
		disposed of in an unland location landward of MUW on OUW and not	
		disposed of in an upland location landward of MHW or OHW and not	
		in wetlands, tidal wetlands, their substrate or mudilats.	

2. Moorings	1. Private, non-commercial, non-rental, single-boat moorings,	1. Moorings associated with an existing boating facility ¹¹ . An eelgrass ¹⁴
0	provided:	survey may be required.
	• Authorized by the local harbormaster/town.	2. Moorings that don't meet the terms in Category 1 and don't require an
	• Not associated with any boating facility. ¹¹	Individual Permit. This includes private moorings with no harbormaster
	Boat or mooring not located in a Federal Navigation	or means of local approval.
	Project or buffer zone ^{12} other than in a Federal	3. Moorings located such that they, and/or vessels docked or moored at
	Anchorage 12 . Moorings in a Federal Anchorage not	them, are within the buffer zone of the horizontal limits ¹³ of a Federal
	associated with a boating facility ¹¹ and are not for rent.	Channel ¹² . (See Appendix H.) The buffer zone is equal to 3 times the
	No interference with navigation	authorized depth of that channel.
	• No new moorings located in SAS ³ Prior to installation	4. An IP is required for moorings within the horizontal limits ¹¹ , or with
	of moorings a site-specific eelgrass survey should be	moored vessels that extend, into the horizontal limits of a Federal
	conducted to document that eelgrass is not present.	Navigation Project ¹² , except those in Federal Anchorages ¹² .
	• When existing, authorized moorings in SAS ³ are going	
	to be replaced, they should be replaced with low impact	For 1-4 above, siting of new individual moorings in SAS ³ , including
	mooring technology that prevents mooring chains from	<i>eelgrass</i> ¹⁴ , <i>should be avoided to the maximum extent practicable. If SAS</i> ³
	resting or dragging on the bottom substrate at all tides	cannot be avoided, plans should show elastic mooring systems that
	and helical anchors, or equivalent SAS protection	prevent mooring chains from resting or dragging on the bottom substrate
	systems where practicable.	at all tides and helical anchors, or equivalent SAS protection systems,
	2. Minor relocation of previously authorized moorings,	where practicable. For moorings that appear to impact SAS, the Corps
	provided:	may require an eelgrass survey.
	 Authorized by the local harbormaster/town. 	
	• Not located in SAS ³	
	• No interference with navigation.	
	• Cannot be relocated into a Federal Navigation Project ¹²	
	other than a Federal Anchorage ¹²	
	Note: Cat 1 eligible moorings do not require SVNF.	
3. Structures, Floats	1. Reconfiguration of existing authorized structures shall	1. New structures or floats, including floatways/skidways, built to access
and Lifts	occur in-the-dry during low water.	waterway (seasonal and permanent). Includes both pile supported and
	2. Minor relocation of <u>previously authorized</u> floats or moored	crib supported structures.
	floats/lobster cars, provided:	2. Expansions to existing boating facilities ¹¹
	• Authorized by the local harbormaster/town.	• <i>Pile-supported structures</i> <400 SF, with attached floats totaling
	• Not located in SAS ³ .	$\leq 200 SF.$
	• No interference with navigation.	• Structures are ≤ 4 ' wide and have at least a 1:1 height:width ratio ¹¹ .
	• Cannot be relocated into a Federal Navigation Project ¹²	• Floats supported a minimum of 18" above the substrate during all
	other than a Federal Anchorage ¹² .	tides.
		• Structures & floats not located within 25' of any eelgrass ⁸ .
		• Moored vessels not positioned over SAS ⁶ .

	 The Corps may require a letter of no objection from the abutter if structure is to be within 25 feet of the property line. No structure extends across >25% of the waterway width at mean low water. Not located within the buffer zone of the horizontal limits¹³ of a Corps Federal Navigation Project (FNP) (Appendix F). The buffer zone is equal to three times the authorized depth of that FNP.
	 3. An Individual Permit is required for structures or floats, including floatways/skidways, located such that they and/or vessels docked or moored at them are within the horizontal limits¹³ of a Corps Federal Navigation Project¹² (see Appendix H). 4. An Individual Permit is required for structures & floats associated with a new or previously unauthorized boating facility¹¹. 5. Standard Pile Driving Conditions. Work involving piles shall adhere to one of the four methods below: Piles installed in-the-dry during low water or in-water between Nov. 8th - Apr. 9th, or Must be drilled and pinned to ledge, or Vibratory hammers used to install any size and quantity of wood, concrete or steel piles, or Impact hammers limited to one hammer and <50 piles installed/day with the following: wood piles of any size, concrete piles ≤18-inches diameter, steel piles <12-inches diameter if the hammer is ≤3000 lbs and a wood cushion is used between the hammer and steel pile, and For the methods above: In-water noise levels shall not exceed >187dB cSEL re 1µPa or 206dB peak re 1µPa at a distance >10m from the pile being installed, and In-water noise levels >150dB peak re 1µPa shall not exceed 12 consecutive hours on any given day and a 12 hour recovery period (i.e., in-water noise below 150dB peak re 1µPa) must be provided between work days. Existing derelict, degraded or abandoned piles in the project area that are affected by project activities should be removed and properly disposed of in an upland location landward of MHW or OHW and not in wetlands, tidal wetlands, their substrate or mudflats.

4. Aids to Navigation	1. Temporary buoys, markers, floats, etc. for recreational use	Work not eligible for Category 1
and Temporary Boorectional	auring specific events, provided they are removed within 30 days	
Structures	2. The placement of aids to pavigation and regulatory markers	
Structures	which are approved by and installed in accordance with the	
	requirements of the U.S. Coast Guard (See 33 CFR 66 Chapter I	
	subchapter C)."	
	Note: Cat 1 eligible aids to navigation and regulatory markers	
	do not require SVNF.	
5. Dredging, Disposal	1. Maintenance dredging ¹⁰ for navigational purposes <1,000 CY	1. Maintenance dredging ¹⁰ \geq 1,000 CY, new dredging <25,000 CY,
of Dredged Material,	with upland disposal. Includes return water from upland contained	or projects not meeting Category 1. Includes return water
Beach Nourishment,	disposal area, provided:	from upland contained disposal areas. Disposal includes:
and Rock Removal	 Proper siltation controls are used. 	• Upland.
and Relocation	• Dredging & disposal operation limited to Nov. 8 – Apr. 9.	• Beach nourishment (above mean high water) of any area
	• No impact to SAS ³ .	provided the dredging's primary purpose is navigation or the
	 No dredging in intertidal areas. 	sand is from an upland source.
	 No dredging within 100' of shellfish beds. 	• Open water & confined aquatic disposal, if Corps finds the
	 No dredging in areas designated as Critical Habitat for 	material suitable.
	Atlantic salmon [see GC 8(b) & (c)].	2. Beach nourishment associated with dredging when the primary
	• For dredging in tidal waters outside of Atlantic salmon	2 Maintananaa ar new dradging ¹⁰ and/or dignagal in or affacting a
	critical habitat, applicants must contact NMFS (see GC 8) to	5. Maintenance of new dreuging and/of disposal in of affecting a SAS^3 requires an Individual Permit
	ensure no impacts to listed species such as shortnose	SAS requires an individual remit.
	sturgeon, Atlantic surgeon, and listed sturgeon critical	
	naulial.	
	• Floject proponents must contact the USF w S for work on coastal beaches to ensure no impacts to piping ployers	
	roseate terns, rufa red knot, or their habitat [see GC 8(c)]	
	• No underwater blasting	
	2 Maintenance dredging is not eligible for Category 1 if	
	conducted in tidal portions of the Penobscot river upstream of a	
	line extending from Turner Point in Castine to Moose Point	
	(formerly Squaw Point) on Cape Jellison in Stockton Springs or in	
	tidal portions of the Kennebec or Androscoggin Rivers upstream	
	of a line extending from Doubling Point in Arrowsic to Hospital	
	Point in West Bath.	

6. Discharges of	1. Discharges of dredged or fill material incidental to the construction	<1 acre temporary or permanent fill, excavation and/or secondary
Dredged or Fill	of bridges across navigable waters of the U.S., including cofferdams,	impacts (e.g., areas drained, flooded, fragmented or mechanically
Material Incidental	abutments, foundation seals, piers, and temporary construction and	cleared). Fill area includes all temporary and permanent
to the Construction	access fills provided the U.S. Coast Guard authorizes such discharges	waterway fills, provided:
of Bridges	as part of the bridge permit or appropriate approval.	• Temporary or permanent fill in eelgrass ¹⁴ <1000 SF.
	2. Causeways and approach fills are not included in this category and	• Permanent fill in SAS (excluding eelgrass ¹⁴) <4300 SF.
	require Category 2 or Individual Permit authorization.	
7. Bank and	1. Bank stabilization projects <200 linear feet provided:	1. Work not eligible for Category 1.
Shoreline	• ≤ 1 cubic yard of fill per linear foot placed along the bank	2. <1 acre temporary or permanent fill, excavation and/or
Stabilization	waterward of high tide line. No fill or equipment will occur in	secondary impacts (e.g., areas drained, flooded, fragmented or
	SAS^{3} .	mechanically cleared). Fill area includes all temporary and
	• Work conducted in the intertidal zone must be conducted in-the-	permanent waterway fills, provided:
	dry during low water.	• Temporary or permanent fill in eelgrass ¹⁴ <1000 SF.
	• No structures angled steeper than 1H:1V and only rough-faced	• Permanent fill in SAS (excluding eelgrass ¹⁴) <4300 SF.
	stone or fiber roll revetments allowed.	
	• No driving of piles or sheeting.	
	2. Bank stabilization projects in excess of 200 linear feet (Applicant	
	or Applicant + Abutters combined) must undergo Category 2 review.	
8. Residential,	Not Eligible	1. <1 acre temporary or permanent fill, excavation and/or
Commercial,		secondary impacts (e.g., areas drained, flooded, fragmented or
Industrial, and		mechanically cleared). Fill area includes all temporary and
Institutional		permanent waterway fills, provided:
Developments, and		• Temporary or permanent fill in eelgrass ¹⁴ <1000 SF.
Recreational		• Permanent fill in SAS (excluding eelgrass ¹⁴) <4300 SF.
Facilities		2. Conversions of previously authorized pile supported buildings
		over navigable waters to residences, offices, or other non-water
		dependent uses require at least a Category 2 review.
		3. Floating house boats or businesses on floats require Category 2
		review.
9. Utility Line	1. Repair or maintenance of existing, currently serviceable,	1. New or replacement installations or work not otherwise
Activities	authorized utilities with no expansion or change in use:	eligible for Category 1.
	• Conditions of the original authorization apply.	2. <1 acre temporary or permanent fill, excavation and/or
	• Trenching or filling is confined to the existing footprint.	secondary impacts (e.g., areas drained, flooded, fragmented or
	• In water work conducted between Nov 8 and Apr 9.	mechanically cleared). Fill area includes all temporary and
	• No new impact to SAS.	permanent waterway fills, provided:
	2. Particularly relevant is GC12.	• Temporary or permanent fill in eelgrass ¹⁴ <1000 SF.
	3. New work in, over, or under navigable waters requires a PCN and	• Permanent fill in SAS (excluding eelgrass ¹⁴) <4300 SF.
	Category 2 review.	3. Particularly relevant is GC12
	4. Except for aerial utility lines, work is not eligible for Category 1 if	
	conducted in tidal portions of the Penobscot River upstream of a line	
	extending from Turner Point in Castine to Moose Point (formerly	

	Squaw Point) on Cape Jellison in Stockton Springs or in tidal	
10. Linear	Not eligible	<1 acre temporary or permanent fill excavation and/or secondary
Transportation		impacts (e.g., areas drained, flooded, fragmented or mechanically
Projects		cleared). Fill area includes all temporary and permanent
		waterway fills, provided:
(Not Including Stream Crossings)		 Temporary or permanent fill in eelgrass¹ <1000 SF. Dermonent fill in SAS (evoluting coloress¹⁴) <1200 SF.
11. Mining Activities	Not Eligible	• Permanent III III SAS (excluding eeigrass) <4300 SF.
An mining Activities		
12. Boat Ramps and	1. No new impact to SAS	1. Work not eligible for Category 1
Marine Kallways	2. Marine ranway and boat ramp work not englote for maintenance (i.e. not currently serviceable ⁷) may be replaced "in-kind" with minor	2. <1 acre temporary or permanent III, excavation and/or secondary impacts (e.g. areas drained flooded fragmented or
	deviations ⁷ provided:	mechanically cleared). Fill area includes all temporary and
	• Work is in the intertidal zone.	permanent waterway fills, provided:
	• No fill expansion below high tide line.	• Temporary or permanent fill in eelgrass ¹⁴ <1000 SF.
	• Work conducted in-the-dry during low water.	• Permanent fill in SAS (excluding eelgrass ¹⁴) <4300 SF.
	3. No new boat ramps or marine railways.	
13. Land and Water-	Not Eligible	1. <1 acre temporary or permanent fill, excavation and/or
Based Renewable		secondary impacts (e.g., areas drained, flooded, fragmented or
Energy Generation		mechanically cleared). Fill area includes all temporary and
Facilities and Hydronowor Projects		permanent waterway fills, provided:
ilyulopowei l'iojecis		 Temporary of permanent fill in SAS (excluding celorass¹⁴) <4300 SF.
		2. No new impoundments.
14. Reshaping	1. ≤500 linear feet of drainage ditch will be modified. The reshaping	1. Work not eligible for Category 1
Existing Drainage	of the ditch cannot increase drainage capacity beyond the original as-	2. <1 acre temporary or permanent fill, excavation and/or
Ditches and	built capacity nor can it expand the area drained by the ditch as	secondary impacts (e.g., areas drained, flooded, fragmented or
Mosquito	originally constructed (i.e., the capacity of the ditch must be the same	mechanically cleared). Fill area includes all temporary and
wanagement	other waters of the US)	• Temporary or permanent fill in eelgrass ¹⁴ <1000 SF
	2. No new ditches or relocation of drainage ditches constructed in	• Permanent fill in SAS (excluding eelgrass ¹⁴) <4300 SF
	waters of the U.S.; the location of the centerline of the reshaped	
	drainage ditch must be approximately the same as the location of the	
	centerline of the original drainage ditch.	
	3. No effect on federally listed endangered or threatened species or	
	critical naoitat	

15. Oil Spill and Hazardous Material Cleanup	Jurisdictional activities required for the containment and cleanup of oil and hazardous substances that are subject to the National Oil and Hazardous Substances Pollution Contingency Plan (40 CFR 300) provided that the work is done in accordance with the Spill Control and Countermeasure Plan required by 40 CFR 112.3 and any existing state contingency plan and provided that the Regional Response Team (if one exists in the area) concurs with the proposed containment and cleanup action. SAS ³ must typically be restored in place at the same elevation	Work not eligible for Category 1
	Note: SVNF or a surrogate state reporting form may be submitted after the fact. No SVNF is required for Category 1eligible containment booms.	
16. Cleanup of Hazardous and Toxic Waste	Not eligible - except for booms placed for hazardous and toxic waste containment and absorption and prevention which are eligible for SV.	Specific jurisdictional activities with impacts of any area required to affect the containment, stabilization, or removal of hazardous or toxic waste materials that are performed, ordered, or sponsored
	Note: No SVNF is required for Category I eligible containment booms.	by a government agency with established legal or regulatory authority. Wetlands and other SAS must typically be restored in place at the same elevation to qualify.
17. Scientific Measurement Devices	Scientific measurement devices whose purpose is to measure and record scientific data, such as staff gages, water recording devices, water quality testing and improvement devices, and similar structures. Structures may not restrict or concentrate movement of aquatic organisms; no activity results in a hazard to navigation; and no activity requiring underwater blasting.	 Work not eligible for Category 1 <1 acre temporary or permanent fill, excavation and/or secondary impacts (e.g., areas drained, flooded, fragmented or mechanically cleared). Fill area includes all temporary and permanent waterway fills, provided: Temporary or permanent fill in eelgrass¹⁴ <1000 SF. Permanent fill in SAS (excluding eelgrass¹⁴) <4300 SF.
18. Survey Activities	Jurisdictional survey activities such as exploratory drilling, surveying and sampling activities, excluding any biological sampling devices. Does not include any activity requiring underwater blasting, seismic exploratory operations, or oil and gas exploration and fill for roads or construction pads. No activity may result in a hazard to navigation.	 Work not eligible for Category 1 <1 acre temporary or permanent fill, excavation and/or secondary impacts (e.g., areas drained, flooded, fragmented or mechanically cleared). Fill area includes all temporary and permanent waterway fills, provided: Temporary or permanent fill in eelgrass¹⁴ <1000 SF. Permanent fill in SAS (excluding eelgrass¹⁴) <4300 SF.
19. Agricultural Activities	Not Eligible	Not Eligible

20. Fish & Wildlife	Fish and wildlife harvesting, enhancement, and attraction devices and	1. Work not eligible for Category 1.
Harvesting,	activities such as pound nets, crab traps, crab dredging, eel pots,	2. Impoundments or semi-impoundments of waters of the U.S.
Enhancement and	lobster traps, and clam and oyster digging, and small fish attraction	for the culture or holding of motile species such as lobster and
Attraction Devices	devices such as open water fish concentrators (sea kites, etc.). This	new fish weirs with an impounded area $\leq \frac{1}{2}$ acre.
and Activities	does not authorize artificial reefs or impoundments and semi-	
(Not Aquaculture)	impoundments of waters of the U.S. for the culture or holding of	For Aquaculture operations, refer to Activity 24.
_	motile species such as lobster, or the use of covered oyster trays or	
	clam racks. No activity that may result in a hazard to navigation.	
	Note: A SVNF is not required for these Category 1 eligible devices	
	and activities.	
21. Habitat	1. Cultch placement in tidal waters is eligible for SV provided there	1. Work not eligible for Category 1.
Restoration,	are no salt marsh or vegetated shallow impacts.	2. Aquatic habitat restoration, establishment and enhancement
Establishment and	2. SAS planting and transplanting ≤ 100 SF in tidal waters;	provided those activities are proactive and result in net increases
Enhancement	3. No artificial or living reefs.	in aquatic resource functions and services. ⁸
Activities	4. The activity is authorized in writing by a local, state, or non-Corps	
	federal environmental agency. Water impoundments require PCN.	
	5. No conversion of i) a stream to wetland or vice versa, wetland to a	
	pond or uplands, and ii) one wetland type to another.	
	6. No dam removal.	
	7. Shellfish habitat enhancement such as brushing the flats is eligible	
	for Category 1, but not the use of netting which requires Category 2	
	review.	
22. Previously	Any work not commenced nor completed that was authorized in a	
Authorized Activities	written letter from the Corps under the GP in effect between October	
	12, 2010 and October 12, 2015. The terms and general conditions of	
	this GP apply along with any special conditions in the written	
	authorization.	
23. Stream &	Not Eligible	All temporary or permanent crossings of tidal navigable waters or
Wetland Crossings		adjacent tidal wetlands not eligible as maintenance require a
		PCN. GC 45 applies
24. Aquaculture	Not Eligible	Shellfish & finfish aquaculture (with the exception of Atlantic
		salmon and any other salmonid, or other federally listed
		endangered or threatened species), or other aquaculture facilities
		with no more than minimal individual and cumulative impacts to
		environmental resources or navigation. This is inclusive but not
		limited to cages, nets, bags, racks, long lines, fences, posts, poles,
		predator screening, etc. Aquaculture guidelines are provided at:
		www.maine.gov/dmr/aquaculture/index.htm.

Endnotes/Definitions

¹**Bordering and Contiguous Wetlands:** A bordering wetland is immediately next to its adjacent waterbody and may lie at, or below, the ordinary high water mark (mean high water in navigable waters) of that waterbody and is directly influenced by its hydrologic regime. Contiguous wetlands extend landward from their adjacent waterbody to a point where a natural or manmade discontinuity exists. Contiguous wetlands include bordering wetlands as well as wetlands that are situated immediately above the ordinary high water mark and above the normal hydrologic influence of their adjacent waterbody. Note, with respect to the federally designated navigable rivers, the wetlands bordering and contiguous to the tidally influenced portions of those rivers are reviewed under "II. Navigable Waters."

² Direct, Secondary, and Cumulative Impacts/Effects:

Direct Impacts: The immediate loss of aquatic ecosystem within the footprint of the fill.

Secondary Impacts: These are effects on an aquatic ecosystem that are associated with a discharge of dredged or fill materials, but do not result from the actual placement of the dredged or fill material. Information about secondary effects on aquatic ecosystems shall be considered prior to the time final section 404 action is taken by permitting authorities. Some examples of secondary effects on an aquatic ecosystem are a) fluctuating water levels in all impoundment and downstream associated with the operation of a dam, b) septic tank leaching and surface runoff from residential or commercial developments on fill, and c) leachate and runoff from a sanitary landfill located in waters of the U.S. Put another way, secondary effects are those impacts outside the footprint of the fill that arise from and are associated with the discharge of dredged or fill material, including the operation of an activity or facility associated with the discharge. Examples may include habitat fragmentation; interruption of travel corridors for wildlife (for example, for amphibians that migrate to and from seasonal or vernal pools used as breeding habitat); hydrologic regime changes; and impacts from operation and maintenance activities for constructed facilities; such as noise/lighting, storm water runoff, and road kill of wetland dependent wildlife. Using the directions contained in the guidelines, we consider the circumstances of a proposed discharge and the project of which it is a part to evaluate the scope, extent, severity, and permanence of direct, secondary, and cumulative adverse effects upon the aquatic ecosystem.

<u>Cumulative Impacts</u>: The extent of past, present, and foreseeable developments in the area may be an important consideration in evaluating the significance of a particular project's impacts. Although the impacts associated with a particular discharge may be minor, the cumulative effect of numerous similar discharges can result in a large impact. Cumulative impacts should be estimated only to the extent that they are reasonable and practical.

³Special Aquatic Sites: Includes wetlands and saltmarsh, mudflats, riffles and pools, and vegetated shallows (predominantly comprised of eelgrass in Maine). ⁴ Construction Mats: Constructions, swamp and timber mats (herein referred to as "construction mats") are generic terms used to describe structures that distribute equipment weight to prevent wetland damage while facilitating passage and providing work platforms for workers and equipment. They are comprised of sheets or mats made from a variety of materials in various sizes. A timber mat consists of large timbers bolted or cabled together. Corduroy roads, which are not considered to be construction mats, are cut trees and/or saplings with the crowns and branches removed, and the trunks lined up next to one another. Corduroy roads are typically installed as permanent structures. Like construction mats, they are considered as fill whether they're installed temporarily or permanently. ⁵ Vernal Pools: A vernal pool, also referred to as a seasonal forest pool, is a temporary to semi-permanent body of water occurring in a shallow depression that typically fills during the spring or fall and may dry during the summer. Vernal pools have no permanent inlet or outlet and no viable populations of predatory fish. A vernal pool may provide the primary breeding habitat for wood frogs (Rana sylvatica), spotted salamanders (Ambystoma maculatum), blue-spotted salamanders (Ambystoma laterale), and fairy shrimp (Eubranchipus sp.), as well as valuable habitat for other plants and wildlife, including several rare, threatened, and endangered species. A vernal pool intentionally created for the purposes of compensatory mitigation is included in this definition. For the purposes of this GP, the presence of any of the following species in any life stage in any abundance level/quantity would designate the waterbody as a vernal pool: fairy shrimp, blue spotted salamanders, spotted salamanders or wood frogs. The Corps may determine during a Category 2 review that a waterbody should not be regulated as a VP based on available evidence. For the purposes of this GP, the VP Management Areas are the: Vernal Pool Depression (includes the vernal pool depression up to the spring or fall high water mark, and includes any vegetation growing within the depression), Vernal Pool Envelope (area within 100 FT of the VP Depression's edge) and Critical Terrestrial Habitat (area within 100-750 FT of the Vernal Pool Depression's edge). [*Note: Critical Terrestrial Habitat is defined as 100 -750 FT on page 243 of the document "Science and Conservation of Vernal Pools in Northeastern North America," Calhoun and deMaynadier, 2008, which is referenced in Appendix G, page 3, Paragraph 10(b).

⁶Water Diversions: Water diversions are activities such as bypass pumping or water withdrawals. Temporary flume pipes, culverts or cofferdams where normal flows are maintained within the stream boundary's confines aren't water diversions. "Normal flows" are defined as no change in flow from pre-project conditions. ⁷Maintenance: a) The repair, rehabilitation, or replacement of any previously authorized, currently serviceable structure or fill, or of any currently serviceable structure or fill authorized by 33 CFR 330.3 – "Activities occurring before certain dates," provided that the structure or fill is not to be put to uses differing from those uses specified or contemplated for it in the original permit or the most recently authorized modification.

- Minor deviations in the structure's configuration or filled area, including those due to changes in materials, construction techniques, or current construction codes or safety standards that are necessary to make repair, rehabilitation, or replacement are authorized.
- Currently serviceable means useable as is or with some maintenance, but not so degraded as to essentially require reconstruction.
- No seaward expansion for bulkheads or any other fill activity is considered Category 1 maintenance.
- Only structures or fills that were previously authorized and are in compliance with the terms and condition of the original authorization can be maintained as a non-regulated activity under 33 CFR 323.4(a)(2), or in accordance with the Category 1 or 2 thresholds in Appendix A.

b) The state's maintenance provisions may differ from the Corps and may require reporting and written authorization from the state.

c) Contact the Corps to determine whether stream crossing replacements require a written application to the Corps for at least a Category 2 review.
d) Exempted Maintenance. In accordance with 33 CFR 323.4(a)(2), any discharge of dredged or fill material that may result from any of the following activities is not prohibited by or otherwise subject to regulation under Section 404 of the CWA: "Maintenance, including emergency reconstruction of recently damaged parts, of currently serviceable structures such as dikes, dams, levees, groins, riprap, breakwaters, causeways, bridge abutments or approaches, and transportation structures. Maintenance does not include any modification that changes the character, scope, or size of the original fill design."

⁸ Aquatic Habitat Restoration, Establishment and Enhancement: The Corps will decide if a project qualifies and must determine in consultation with federal and state agencies that the net effects are beneficial. The Corps may refer to Nationwide Permit 27 published in the 3/12/07 Federal Register. Activities authorized here may include, but are not limited to: the removal of accumulated sediments; the installation, removal, and maintenance of small water control structures, dikes, and berms; the installation of current deflectors; the enhancement, restoration, or establishment of riffle and pool stream structure; the placement of in-stream habitat structures; modifications of the stream bed and/or banks to restore or establish stream meanders; the construction of open water areas; the construction of native shellfish species habitat over unvegetated bottom for the purpose of habitat protection or restoration in tidal waters; shellfish seeding; activities needed to reestablish vegetation, including plowing or discing for seed bed preparation and the planting of appropriate wetland species; mechanized land clearing to remove non-native invasive, exotic, or nuisance vegetation; and other related activities. Only native plant species should be planted at the site.

⁹ **Brushing the Flats:** The placement of tree boughs, wooden lath structure, or small-mesh fencing on mudflats to enhance recruitment of soft-shell clams (*Mya arenaria*).

¹⁰ **Maintenance Dredging:** This includes only those areas and depths previously authorized by the Corps and dredged. The Corps may require proof of authorization. Maintenance dredging typically refers to the routine removal of sediment to maintain the design depths of serviceable navigation channels, harbors, basins, marinas, boat launches, and port facilities. Maintenance dredging is conducted for navigational purposes and does not include any expansion of the previously dredged area or depth. The Corps may review a maintenance dredging activity as new dredging if sufficient time has elapsed to allow for the colonization of SAS, shellfish, etc.

¹¹ Boating Facilities: Facilities that provide for a fee, rent, or sell mooring space, such as marinas, yacht clubs, boat clubs, boat yards, town facilities, dockominiums, etc.

¹² Federal Navigation Projects (FNPs): FNPs are comprised of Federal Channels and Federal Anchorages. See Appendix F for their location and contact the Corps for more information. "Horizontal Limits" is the outer edge of an FNP. "Buffer Zone" is equal to three times the authorized depth of that channel.
 ¹³ Horizontal Limits: The outer edge of a Federal Navigation Project (FNP). See Appendix F and contact the Corps for information on FNP's.

¹⁴ Eelgrass (Zostera marina): A type of rooted aquatic vegetation that exists in intertidal and shallow subtidal areas known as vegetated shallows. See <u>www.nero.noaa.gov/hcd/</u> for eelgrass survey guidance. Note: Eelgrass surveys should be conducted be conducted between May and October unless otherwise directed.

¹⁵ Structures: The height of structures shall at all points be equal to or exceed the width of the deck. For the purpose of this definition, height shall be measured from the marsh substrate to the bottom of the longitudinal support beam.

¹⁶Agricultural Activities: The Clean Water Act exempts certain discharges associated with normal farming, ranching, and forestry activities such as plowing, cultivating, minor drainage, and harvesting for the production of food, fiber, and forest products, or upland soil and water conservation practices (Section 404(f)(1)(A)). Applicants are strongly advised to contact the Corps for a determination of whether their activity is exempt or requires a permit.


Appendix B: Self-Verification Notification Form

(for all tidal and non-tidal projects in Maine subject to Corps jurisdiction)

US Army Corps of Engineers ® New England District

At least two weeks before work commences, complete **all** fields (write "none" if applicable) below or use the fillable form at <u>www.nae.usace.army.mil/missions/regulatory.aspx</u>. Send this form, a location map, any project plans, and an Official Species List (See GC 8) to the address noted below; fax to (207) 623-8206; or email to jay.l.clement@usace.army.mil. The two-week lead time is not required for emergency situations (see page 4 for definition). Please call (207) 623-8367 with questions.

Maine Project Office U.S. Army Corps of Engineers New England District 675 Western Avenue #3 Manchester, Maine 04351	State Permit Number: Date of State Permit: State Project Manager:
Permittee: Address, City, State & Zip: Phone(s) and Email:	
Contractor: Address, City, State & Zip: Phone(s) and Email:	
Consultant/Engineer/Designer: Address, City, State & Zip: Phone(s) and Email:	
Wetland/Vernal Pool Consultant: Address, City, State & Zip: Phone(s) and Email:	
Project Location/Description: Address, City, State & Zip: Latitude/Longitude Coordinates: Waterway Name: Work Description:	Tax Map/Lot:
Provide any prior Corps permit numbers: Proposed Work Dates: Start:	Finish:
Area of wetland impact: Area of waterway impact: Area of compensatory mitigation provide	SF (leave blank if work involves structures & no fill in Navigable Waters) SF (leave blank if work involves structures & no fill in Navigable Waters) cd: SF
Work will be done under the following A I. Inland Waters and wetlands: II. Navigable Waters: Your name/signature below, as permittee and general conditions of Category 1 of t	ppendix A categories (circle all that apply): 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 , indicates that you accept and agree to comply with the terms, eligibility criteria, he Maine General Permit.
Permittee Printed Name: Permittee Signature:	Date:



Appendix C: Content of Pre-Construction Notification

In addition to the following required information, the applicant must provide additional information as the Corps deems essential to make a public interest determination including, where applicable, a determination of compliance with the Section 404(b)(1) guidelines or ocean dumping criteria. Such additional information may include environmental data and information on alternate methods and sites as may be necessary for the preparation of the required environmental documentation. For a more comprehensive checklist, go to <u>www.nae.usace.army.mil/missions/regulatory</u> >> Forms >> Application and Plan Guideline Checklist. Please check with the Corps for project-specific requirements.

Information required for all projects:

- \Box Corps application form (ENG Form 4345) or appropriate state application form (see Appendix E). Forms may need to be supplemented to include the information noted below.
- \Box Proof of notification to the SHPO and the appropriate THPOs (see Appendix E).
- □ Official Species List for any federally listed endangered or threatened species (Instructions at Appendix D)
- Drawings, sketches, or plans (detailed engineering plans and specifications are not required) that are legible, reproducible (color is encouraged, but features must be distinguishable in black and white), no larger than 11"x17", with bar scale. Wetland area impact sheets should have the highest resolution possible to show work within Corps jurisdiction (do not just reduce project overview or cut large-scale plan into quadrant sheets). Provide locus map and a plan overview of the entire property with a key index to the individual impact sheets. A locus map be on a section of color USGS topographic map is encouraged. Digital submissions are encouraged.
- \Box Include:
 - □ All direct, secondary, permanent and temporary effects the project would cause, including the anticipated amount of impacts to waters of the U.S. expected to result from the activity, in acres, linear feet, or other appropriate unit of measure.
 - □ Any historic permanent fill associated with each single and complete project.
 - □ Cross-section views of all wetland and waterway fill areas and wetland replication areas.
 - Delineation of all wetlands, other special aquatic sites (vegetated shallows, saltmarsh, mudflats, riffles and pools, coral reefs, and sanctuaries and refuges), and other waters, such as lakes and ponds, and perennial, intermittent, and ephemeral streams, on the project site. Use Federal delineation methods and include Corps wetland delineation data sheets (see GC 2).
 - □ MLW and MHW elevations in tidal waters. Show the HTL elevations when fill is involved. Show OHW elevation in lakes and non-tidal streams.
 - □ Existing and proposed conditions.
 - □ For vegetated shallow and eelgrass survey guidance, see <u>www.nae.usace.army.mil/missions/</u> <u>regulatory</u> >> Jurisdictional Limits and Wetlands >> Submerged Aquatic Vegetation Survey Guidance for the New England Region.
 - □ Show all known VPs on the project site. See GC 23 for vernal pool identification requirements.
- Volume, type, and source of fill material to be discharged into waters and wetlands, including the area(s) (in square feet or acres) of fill in wetlands, below OHW in inland waters and below the HTL in coastal waters.

- □ An Official Species List of federally "listed species or critical habitat" present in the action area (see GC 8).
- □ A restoration plan showing how all temporary fills and structures will be removed and the area restored to pre-project conditions (see GC 43).

Information that may be required:

- Photographs of wetland/waterway to be impacted. Photos at low tide are preferred for work in tidal waters.
- □ For drawings, sketches, or plans:
 - The vertical datum for all coastal projects must be in U.S. survey feet and referenced to MLLW and current tidal epochs, with a reference chart showing conversion factor to NAVD88; do not use local datum. See www.nae.usace.army.mil/missions/regulatory >> Forms and Publications >>Vertical Datum FEMA (Jul 2007);
 - □ The horizontal state plane coordinates shall be in U.S. survey feet and based on the appropriate state plane coordinate system.
- □ For the construction of a filled area or pile or float-supported platform, the use of, and specific structures to be erected on, the fill or platform.
- □ For the discharge of dredged or fill material into waters of the U.S. or the transportation of dredged material for the purpose of disposing of it in ocean waters, the source of the material; the purpose of the discharge, a description of the type, composition and quantity of the material; the method of transportation and disposal of the material; and the location of the disposal site.
- □ For the discharge of dredged or fill material into waters of the U.S., include a statement describing how impacts to waters of the U.S. are to be avoided and minimized. Include either a statement describing how impacts to waters of the U.S. are to be compensated for or a statement explaining why compensatory mitigation should not be required for the proposed impacts.
- □ Purpose and need for the proposed activity;
- Limits and coordinates of any Federal Navigation Project in the vicinity of the project area.
- □ Limits and coordinates of any proposed mooring field, reconfiguration zone or aquaculture activity. Provide coordinates for all corners;
- \Box Schedule of construction/activity;
- □ Names and addresses of adjoining property owners;
- □ Location and dimensions of adjacent structures;
- □ List of authorizations required by other Federal, interstate, state, or local agencies for the work, including all approvals received or denials already made.
- □ Identification and description of potential impacts to Essential Fish Habitat (defined at VI. Definitions and Acronyms.
- □ Identification of potential discharges of pollutants to waters, including potential impacts to impaired waters, in the project area (see GC 19).
- □ Invasive Species Control Plan (see GC 24). For sample control plans, see <u>www.nae.usace.army.mil/missions/regulatory</u> >> Invasive Species.
- □ Wildlife Action Plan (WAP) maps. Contact Maine Inland Fisheries & Wildlife (Appendix E) or on line at <u>http://www.maine.gov/ifw/wildlife/conservation/action_plan.html</u>

Information for dredging projects that may be required:

- □ Sediment testing, including physical (e.g., grain-size analysis), chemical and biological testing. For projects proposing open water disposal, applicants are encouraged to contact the Corps as early as possible regarding sampling and testing protocols. Sampling and testing of sediments without such contact should not occur and if done, would be at the applicant's risk.
- \Box The area in square feet and volume of material to be dredged below mean high water.

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- \Box Existing and proposed water depths.
- \Box Type of dredging equipment to be used.
- \Box Nature of material (e.g., silty sand).
- □ Any existing sediment grain size and bulk sediment chemistry data for the proposed or any nearby projects.
- □ Information on the location and nature of municipal or industrial discharges and occurrence of any contaminant spills in or near the project area.
- \Box Shellfish survey.
- \Box Location of the disposal site (include locus sheet).
- □ Identification and description of any potential impacts to Essential Fish Habitat.
- □ Delineation of submerged aquatic vegetation (e.g., eelgrass beds).

Information for aquaculture projects that may be required:

- ☐ Maine Aquaculture guidelines and joint Corps/Maine DMR applications may be found at: <u>www.maine.gov/dmr/aquaculture/index.htm.</u>
- \Box In addition to the information required above, applications must also include:
 - \Box Whether canopy predator nets are being used.

Appendix D: Instruction for USFWS IPaC Project Builder/Official Species List

NOTE: These instructions are subject to change by the USFWS. Users should check this GP's Corps webpage for the latest instructions or click <u>here.</u>

In your internet browser go to http://ecos.fws.gov/ipac/

1. Click on get started.

2. Click on enter project location.

3. Search or zoom to your project location. (You can enter an address and then zoom in with your mouse).

4. Define your area. (Select the polygon tool and click around the boundary of your project.) or (Use the draw a line tool for linear projects)

Note: You can change/select the map from Streets to Satellite or Topo in the lower left corner of the map. 5. Click finished drawing then click confirm and select continue.

6. On the next page under Tasks (lower left), select Request an official species list. The pane will open. Select "request official species list" again.

7. A new page will open. Fill in the project information blanks with the project name, brief description, project type, lead agency, and contact information. Be sure to check the box to verify this is a legitimate project. Click on Submit Official Species List Request.

8. You will be sent an e-mail with instructions to complete the request by clicking on the link provided.

9. The site will open Official Species List Request Completed. Under the Maine Ecological Services Field Office address you will see "Official Species List Document". Click on that link and your document will open. Save and or print a copy and **include the entire report with your application**.

Note, you will receive a second e-mail with the same information. You can save the link in the event you need to return to the IPaC site for an updated list.

If a period of time has passed since your initial "Official Species List" identifier number was generated, you may choose to generate an "UPDATED SPECIES LIST". To do this, return to the IPaC homepage at http://ecos.fws.gov/ipac site. In the middle of the page, click the purple "Need an updated species list" link.

On the request an "Updated Official Species List" page, complete the information in the boxes provided. You will need the project specific official consultation code generated and stated on the original official list as well as the email address entered with the original submission.

Click "Request Updated Species List". Print, or save.

Appendix E: Contacts and Tribal Areas of Interest

1. Federal

U.S. Army Corps of Engineers
Maine Project Office
675 Western Avenue #3
Manchester, ME 04351
(207) 623-8367 (phone); (207) 623-8206 (fax)

U.S. Environmental Protection Agency 5 Post Office Square Suite 100 (OEP05–2) Boston, MA 02109-3912 (617) 918-1589 (phone)

U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service Maine Field Office 17 Godfrey Drive, Suite 2 Orono, ME 04473 (207) 866-3344 (phone); (207) 866-3351 (fax) *(Federal endangered species)*

National Marine Fisheries Service Maine Field Office 17 Godfrey Drive Suite 1 Orono, ME 04473 (207) 866-7379 (phone); (207) 866-7342 (fax) (Federal endangered species) Federal Emergency Management Agency 99 High St. Boston, MA 02110 (877) 336-2734 (phone) *(Flood Plain Management)*

National Marine Fisheries Service 55 Great Republic Drive Gloucester, MA 01930 (978) 281-9102 (phone); (978) 281-9301 (fax) (Federal endangered species & EFH)

National Park Service North Atlantic Region 15 State Street Boston, MA 02109 (617) 223-5203 (phone) (Wild and Scenic Rivers)

Commander (dpb) First Coast Guard District One South Street - Battery Bldg New York, NY 10004-1466 (212) 668-7021 (phone); (212) 668-7967 (fax) (bridge permits)

2. State of Maine

a. <u>Department of Environmental Protection</u> (State permits & Water Quality Certifications)

Division of Land Resource Regulation Bureau of Land and Water Quality 17 State House Station Augusta, Maine 04333 (207) 287-7688 (phone)

Southern Maine Regional Office 312 Canco Road Portland, Maine 04103 (201) 822-6300 (phone) Eastern Maine Regional Office 106 Hogan Road Bangor, Maine 04401 (207) 941-4570 (phone)

Northern Maine Regional Office 1235 Central Drive - Skyway Park Presque Isle, Maine 04769 (207) 764-0477 (phone)

b. Department of Agriculture, Conservation and Forestry

i. <u>Maine Land Use Planning Commission (LUPC)</u> (*State permits & Water Quality Certifications in the unorganized areas of the State*)

Augusta Office 22 State House Station Augusta, Maine 04333-0022 (207) 287-2631 (phone); (207) 287-7439 (fax)

Greenville Regional Office 43 Lakeview Drive P.O. Box 1107 Greenville, Maine 04441 (207) 695-2466 (phone); (207) 695-2380 (fax)

Rangeley Regional Office 133 Fyfe Road PO Box 307 West Farmington, ME 04992 (207) 670-7493 (phone); (207) 287-7439 (fax)

ii. Maine Coastal Program

Department of Agriculture, Conservation and Forestry Bureau of Resource Information and Land Use Planning 17 Elkins Lane {physical address} State House Station 93 Augusta, Maine 04333-0038 (207) 287-2801 (phone); (207) 287-2353 (fax) (CZM consistency determinations)

iii. Division of Parks and Public Lands

22 State House Station Augusta, Maine 04333 (207) 287-3061 (phone); (207) 287-6170 (fax) (submerged lands leases)

c. <u>Department of Marine Resources</u>

P.O. Box 8 West Boothbay Harbor, Maine 04575 (207) 633-9500 (phone); (207) 624-6024 (fax) (aquaculture leases)

3. Historic Properties

a. <u>State Historic Preservation Officer (SHPO)</u>

Mr. Kirk F. Mohney, Director

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Downeast Regional Office 106 Hogan Rd, Suite 8 Dorothea Dix Complex Bangor, Maine 04401 (207) 941-4052 (phone); (207) 941-4222 (fax)

Ashland Regional Office 45 Radar Road Ashland, ME 04732-3600 (207) 435-7963 (phone); (207) 435-7184 (fax)

East Millinocket Regional Office 191 Main Street East Millinocket, ME 04430 (207) 746-2244 (phone); (207) 746-2243 (fax) Maine Historic Preservation Commission (MHPC) 65 State House Station Augusta, Maine 04333-0065 (207) 287-2132 (phone); (207) 287-2335 (fax) Area of concern: The entire State of Maine

b. Tribal Historic Preservation Officers (THPOs)

Note: The area of concern for each tribe is the entire State of Maine

THPO & Environmental Planner

Houlton Band of Maliseet Indians 88 Bell Road Littleton, Maine 04730 (207) 532-4273, x215 (phone) (207) 532-6883 (fax) envplanner@maliseets.com ogs1@maliseets.com

THPO

Passamaquoddy Tribe of Indians Pleasant Point Reservation P.O. Box 343 Perry, Maine 04667 (207) 853-2600 (phone); (207) 853-6039 (fax) soctomah@gmail.com

THPO

Passamaquoddy Tribe of Indians Indian Township Reservation P.O. Box 301 Princeton, Maine 04668 (207) 796-2301 (phone) (207) 796-5256 (fax); soctomah@gmail.com

4. Organizational Websites (Note – Subject to Change):

U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, N.E. District U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, Headquarters U.S. Environmental Protection Agency National Marine Fisheries Service U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service National Park Service Maine Department of Environmental Protection Maine Department of Agriculture, Conservation and Forestry Maine Land Use Planning Commission Maine Department of Marine Resources State of Maine - Aquaculture Guidelines

Appendix E

THPO Aroostook Band of Micmacs 7 Northern Road Presque Isle, Maine 04769 (207) 764-1972 (phone); (207) 764-7667 (fax) jpictou@mimca-nsn.gov

THPO

Penobscot Nation Cultural and Historic Preservation Dept. 12 Wabanaki Way Indian Island, Maine 04468 (207) 817-7471 (phone) chris.sockalexis@penobscotnation.org

www.nae.usace.army.mil/missions/regulatory.aspx See above link>>Useful Links>>Federal Agency Links www.epa.gov/owow/wetlands www.nmfs.noaa.gov www.fws.gov/mainefieldoffice www.nps.gov/rivers/index.html www.maine.gov/dep www.maine.gov/acf/index.shtml

www.maine.gov/doc/lupc/commission/offices.shtml www.maine.gov/dmr/index.htm www.maine.gov/dmr/aquaculture/index.htm

Appendix F: Definitions

Definitions

Attendant Features: Occurring with or as a result of; accompanying.

Biodegradable: A material that decomposes into elements found in nature within a reasonably short period of time and will not leave a residue of plastic or a petroleum derivative in the environment after degradation. Examples of biodegradable materials include jute, sisal, cotton, straw, burlap, coconut husk fiber (coir) or excelsior. In contrast, degradable plastics break down into plastic fragments that remain in the environment after degradation.

Boating facilities: These provide, rent or sell mooring space, such as marinas, yacht clubs, boat yards, dockominiums, town facilities, land/home owners, etc. Not classified as boating facilities are piers shared between two abutting properties or town mooring fields that charge an equitable user fee based on the actual costs incurred.

Brushing the Flats: The placement of tree boughs, wooden lath structure, or small-mesh fencing on mudflats, or any bottom disturbance (e.g., discing, plowing, raking, etc.), to enhance recruitment of shellfish

Buffer Zone: The buffer zone of an FNP is equal to three times the authorized depth of the FNP. **Construction mats:** Constructions, swamp and timber mats (herein referred to as "construction") mats") are generic terms used to describe structures that distribute equipment weight to prevent wetland damage while facilitating passage and providing work platforms for workers and equipment. They are comprised of sheets or mats made from a variety of materials in various sizes. A timber mat consists of large timbers bolted or cabled together. Corduroy roads, which are not considered to be construction mats, are cut trees and/or saplings with the crowns and branches removed, and the trunks lined up next to one another. Corduroy roads are typically installed as permanent structures. Like construction mats, they are considered as fill whether they are installed temporarily or permanently Cumulative effects: See "Direct, secondary, and cumulative effects."

Direct, secondary, and cumulative effects:

Direct Effects: The loss of aquatic ecosystem within the footprint of the discharge of dredged or fill material. Direct effects are caused by the action and occur at the same time and place. Secondary Effects: These are effects on an aquatic ecosystem that are associated with a discharge of dredged or fill materials, but do not result from the actual placement of the dredged or fill material. Information about secondary effects on aquatic ecosystems shall be considered prior to the time final Section 404 action is taken by permitting authorities. Some examples of secondary effects on an aquatic ecosystem are a) aquatic areas drained, flooded, fragmented, or mechanically cleared, b) fluctuating water levels in all impoundment and downstream associated with the operation of a dam, c) septic tank leaching and surface runoff from residential or commercial developments on fill, and d) leachate and runoff from a sanitary landfill located in waters of the U.S. See 40 CFR 230.11(h). Cumulative Effects: The changes in an aquatic ecosystem that are attributable to the collective effect of a number of individual 1) discharges of dredged or fill material, or 2) structures. Although the impact of a particular discharge may constitute a minor change in itself, the cumulative effect of numerous such piecemeal changes can result in a major impairment of the water resources and interfere with the productivity and water quality of existing aquatic ecosystems. See 40 CFR 230(g).

Dredging:

Maintenance Dredging: Includes areas and depths previously authorized by the Corps and dredged. The Corps may require proof of authorization. Maintenance dredging typically refers to the routine removal of accumulated sediment from channel beds to maintain the design depths of navigation channels, harbors, marinas, boat launches and port facilities. Routine maintenance dredging is conducted regularly for navigational purposes (typically at least once every ten years) and does not include any expansion of the previously dredged area or depth. The Corps may review a maintenance dredging activity as new dredging if sufficient time has elapsed to allow for the colonization of SAS, Appendix F 1 225

shellfish, etc. The main characteristics of maintenance dredging projects are variable quantities of material; soft, uncompacted soil; contaminant content possible; thin layers of material; occurring in navigation channels and harbors; repetitive activity

<u>New Dredging</u>: Dredging of an area or to a depth that has never been authorized by the Corps or dredged. **Dredged material & discharge of dredged material:** These are defined at 323.2(c) and (d). The term dredged material means material that is excavated or dredged from waters of the U.S. **Essential Fish Habitat (EFH):** This is broadly defined to include those waters and substrate

necessary to fish for spawning, breeding, feeding, or growth to maturity.

Fill material & discharge of fill material: These are defined at 323.2(e) and (f). The term fill material is defined as material placed in waters of the U.S. where the material has the effect of either replacing any portion of a water of the U.S. with dry land or changing the bottom elevation of any portion of a water of the U.S.

Federal anchorages, Federal channels and Federal turning basin: Refer to Appendix H for those in Maine

Federal navigation projects (FNPs): These areas are maintained by the Corps; authorized, constructed and maintained on the premise that they will be accessible and available to all on equal terms; and are comprised of Federal Anchorages, Federal Channels and Federal Turning Basins. The buffer zone is equal to three times the authorized depth of a FNP. More information on the following FNPs is provided at <u>www.nae.usace.army.mil</u>/missions/navigation.aspx >> Navigation Projects. **Flume:** An open artificial water channel, in the form of a gravity chute, that leads water from a diversion dam or weir completely aside a natural flow. A flume can be used to measure the rate of flow.

Frac out: During normal drilling operations, drilling fluid travels up the borehole into a pit. When the borehole becomes obstructed or the pressure becomes too great inside the borehole, the ground fractures and fluid escapes to the surface.

Independent utility: A test to determine what constitutes a single and complete non-linear project in the Corps regulatory program. A project is considered to have independent utility if it would be constructed absent the construction of other projects in the project area. Portions of a multi-phase project that depend upon other phases of the project do not have independent utility. Phases of a project that would be constructed even if the other phases were not built can be considered as separate single and complete projects with independent utility.

Individual Permit: A Department of the Army authorization that is issued following a case-by-case evaluation of a specific structure or work in accordance with the procedures of 33 CFR 322, or a specific project involving the proposed discharge(s) in accordance with the procedures of 33 CFR 323, and in accordance with the procedures of 33 CFR 325 and a determination that the proposed discharge is in the public interest pursuant to 33 CFR 320.

Maintenance: Regulations on maintenance are provided at 33 CFR 323.4. The following definitions are applicable:

Minor deviations: Deviations in the structure's configuration or filled area, including those due to changes in materials, construction techniques, or current construction codes or safety standards, which are necessary to make repair, rehabilitation, or replacement are permitted, provided the adverse environ-mental effects resulting from such repair, rehabilitation, or replacement are minimal.

Currently serviceable: Useable as is or with some maintenance, but not so degraded as to essentially require reconstruction.

Marina reconfiguration zone: A Corps-authorized area in which permittees may rearrange pilesupported structures and floats without additional authorizations. A reconfiguration zone does not grant exclusive privileges to an area or an increase in structure or float area.

Navigable waters of the U.S.: See Waters of the U.S. below.

Overall project: See "single and complete linear project" below.

Practicable: Available and capable of being done after taking into consideration cost, existing technology, and logistics in light of overall project purposes.

Permanent impacts: Permanent impacts means waters of the U.S. that are permanently affected by filling, flooding, excavation, or drainage because of the regulated activity. Permanent impacts include permanent discharges of dredged or fill material that change an aquatic area to dry land, increase the bottom elevation of a waterbody, or change the use of a waterbody. Temporary impacts include waters of the U.S. that are temporarily filled, flooded, excavated, drained or mechanically cleared because of the regulated activity.

Pre-construction notification (PCN): A request submitted by the project proponent to the Corps for confirmation that a particular activity is authorized by this GP. The request may be a permit application, letter, or similar document that includes information about the proposed work and its anticipated environmental effects. Pre-construction notification may be required by the terms and conditions of these GPs. A PCN may be voluntarily submitted in cases where PCN is not required and the project proponent wants confirmation that the activity is authorized under this GP. Secondary effects: See "Direct, secondary, and cumulative effects."

Single and complete linear project: A linear project is a project constructed for the purpose of getting people, goods, or services from a point of origin to a terminal point, which often involves multiple crossings of one or more waterbodies at separate and distant locations. The term "single and complete project" is defined as that portion of the total linear project proposed or accomplished by one owner/developer or partnership or other association of owners/developers that includes all crossings of a single water of the U.S. (i.e., a single waterbody) at a specific location. For linear projects crossing a single or multiple waterbodies several times at separate and distant locations, each crossing is considered a single and complete project for the purposes of this GP. However, individual channels in a braided stream or river, or individual arms of a large, irregularly shaped wetland or lake, etc., are not separate waterbodies, and crossings of such features cannot be considered separately.

The overall project, for purposes of this GP, includes all regulated activities that are reasonably related and necessary to accomplish the project purpose.

Single and complete non-linear project: For non-linear projects, the term "single and complete project" is defined at 33 CFR 330.2(i) as the total project proposed or accomplished by one owner/developer or partnership or other association of owners/developers. For non-linear projects, the single and complete project must have independent utility (see definition).

Special aquatic sites: These include inland and saltmarsh wetlands, mud flats, vegetated shallows, sanctuaries and refuges, coral reefs, and riffle and pool complexes. These are defined at 40 CFR 230 Subpart E.

Stream channelization: The manipulation of a stream's course, condition, capacity, or location that causes more than minimal interruption of normal stream processes. A channelized stream remains a water of the United States.

Temporary impacts: See permanent impacts above.

Utility line: Any pipe or pipeline for the transportation of any gaseous, liquid, liquescent, or slurry substance, for any purpose, and any cable, line, or wire for the transmission for any purpose of electrical energy, telephone, and telegraph messages, and radio and television communication. The term 'utility line' does not include activities that drain a water of the U.S., such as drainage tile or French drains, but it does apply to pipes conveying drainage from another area.

Vegetated shallows: Permanently inundated areas that under normal circumstances support communities of rooted aquatic vegetation, such as eelgrass and widgeon grass (Rupiamaritima) in marine systems (doesn't include salt marsh) as well as a number of freshwater species in rivers and lakes. Note: These areas are also commonly referred to as submerged aquatic vegetation (SAV).

Vernal pools (VPs): For the purposes of this GP, VPs are depressional wetland basins that typically go dry in most years and may contain inlets or outlets, typically of intermittent flow. Vernal pools range in both size and depth depending upon landscape position and parent material(s). Pools usually Appendix F 3

support one or more of the following obligate indicator species: wood frog, spotted salamander, bluespotted salamander, marbled salamander, Jefferson's salamander and fairy shrimp. However, they should preclude sustainable populations of predatory fish. VP areas are:

• Depression (includes the VP depression up to the spring or fall high water mark, and includes any vegetation growing within the depression),

- Envelope (area within 100 feet of the VP depression's edge), and
- Critical terrestrial habitat (area within 100-750 feet of the VP depression's edge).

Note: See footnote to GC 23. The Corps may determine during the PCN review that a waterbody should not be designated as a VP based on available evidence.

Water diversions: Water diversions are activities such as bypass pumping (e.g., "dam and pump") or water withdrawals. Temporary flume pipes, culverts or cofferdams where normal flows are maintained within the stream boundary's confines aren't water diversions. "Normal flows" are defined as no change in flow from pre-project conditions.

Weir: A barrier across a river designed to alter the flow characteristics. In most cases, weirs take the form of a barrier, smaller than most conventional dams, across a river that causes water to pool behind the structure (not unlike a dam) and allows water to flow over the top. Weirs are commonly used to alter the flow regime of the river, prevent flooding, measure discharge and help render a river navigable.

Waters of the U.S. & Waters of the United States (U.S.): The term waters of the U.S. and all other terms relating to the geographic scope of jurisdiction are defined at 33 CFR 328. Also see Section 502(7) of the Federal CWA [33 USC 1352(7)]. Waters of the U.S. include jurisdictional wetlands. Not all waters and wetlands are jurisdictional. Contact the Corps with any questions regarding jurisdiction.

Navigable waters: Refer to 33 CFR 329. These waters include the following federally designated navigable waters in New England. This list represents only those waterbodies for which affirmative determinations have been made; absence from this list should not be taken as an indication that the waterbody is not navigable:

<u>ME</u>: All tidal waters; Kennebec River to Moosehead Lake; Penobscot River to the confluence of the East and West Branch at Medway, Maine; Lake Umbagog within the State of Maine.

Appendix G: Additional References

1. GC 2: Federal Jurisdictional Boundaries.

(a) Corps Wetlands Delineation Manual, regional supplements, and Corps Wetland Delineation Data Sheets: <u>www.nae.usace.army.mil/missions/regulatory</u> and then "Wetlands and Jurisdictional Limits."
(b) The USFWS publishes the 1988 National List of Plant Species that Occur in Wetlands (<u>www.nwi.fws.gov</u>).

The Natural Resources Conservation Service (NRCS) publishes the current hydric soil definition, criteria and lists: <u>http://soils.usda.gov/use/hydric</u>. For the Field Indicators for Identifying Hydric Soils in N.E., see <u>www.neiwpcc.org/hydricsoils.asp</u>.

2. GC 5: Single and Complete Project.

Single and complete project means the total project proposed or accomplished by one owner/developer or partnership or other association of owners/developers. For example, if construction of a residential development affects several different areas of a headwater or isolated water, or several different headwaters or isolated waters, the cumulative total of all filled areas should be the basis for deciding whether or not the project will be covered by Category 1 or 2. The *Independent utility* test is used to determine what constitutes a single and complete project in the Corps regulatory program. A project is considered to have independent utility if it would be constructed absent the construction of other projects in the project area. Portions of a multi-phase project that depend upon other phases of the project do not have independent utility. Phases of a project that would be constructed even if the other phases were not built can be considered as separate single and complete projects with independent utility.

3. GC 8: Threatened and Endangered Species.

(a) The following NMFS site must be referenced to ensure that listed species or critical habitat are not present in the action area [GC 8(b)] or to provide information on federally-listed species or habitat [GC 8(e)]: <u>www.nero.noaa.gov/prot_res/esp/ListE&Tspec.pdf</u>. Contact the USFWS for information to check for the presence of listed species (see Appendix D for contact information & procedures).
(b) The Endangered Species Act Consultation Handbook – Procedures for Conducting Section 7 Consultations and Conferences, defines action area as "all areas to be affected directly or indirectly by the federal action and not merely the immediate area involved in the action. [50 CFR 402.02]."

4. GC 42: Essential Fish Habitat.

As part of the GP screening process, the Corps may coordinate with NMFS in accordance with the 1996 amendments to the Magnuson-Stevens Fishery Conservation and Management Act to protect and conserve the habitat of marine, estuarine and anadromous finfish, mollusks, and crustaceans. This habitat is termed "Essential Fish Habitat (EFH)", and is broadly defined to include "those waters and substrate necessary to fish for spawning, breeding, feeding, or growth to maturity." There are EFH waters throughout inland and coastal waters in Maine. For additional information, see the EFH regulations 50 CFR 600 at <u>www.nero.noaa.gov/hcd</u> including the "Guide for EFH Descriptions" at <u>www.nero.noaa.gov/hcd/list.htm</u>. Additional information on the location of EFH can be obtained from NMFS (see Appendix D for contact information).

5. GC 4: Avoidance, Minimization and Compensatory Mitigation.

(a) See <u>www.nae.usace.army.mil/missions/regulatory</u> and then "Mitigation" to view the April 10, 2008 "Final Compensatory Mitigation Rule" (33 CFR 332) and related documents. The Q&A document states: "In order to reduce risk and uncertainty and help ensure that the required compensation is provided, the rule establishes a preference hierarchy for mitigation options. The most preferred option

Appendix G

is mitigation bank credits, which are usually in place before the activity is permitted. In-lieu fee program credits are second in the preference hierarchy, because they may involve larger, more ecologically valuable compensatory mitigation projects as compared to permittee-responsible mitigation. Permittee-responsible mitigation is the third option, with three possible circumstances: (1) conducted under a watershed approach, (2) on-site and in kind, and (3) off-site/out-of-kind. (b) Compensatory mitigation may take the form of wetland preservation, restoration, enhancement, creation, and/or in lieu fee (ILF) for inclusion into the Natural Resources Mitigation Fund for projects in DEP and LURC territories. Avoidance of wetland impacts will reduce the ILF dollar total for applicants. The ILF compensation program was established to provide applicants with a flexible compensation option over and above traditional permittee responsible compensation projects. See the Maine ILF Agreement at www.nae.usace.army.mil/missions/regulatory, "Mitigation" and then "Maine," or www.maine.gov/dep/blwq/docstand/nrpa/ILF_and_NRCP/index.htm.

6. GCs 24, 15, and 43: Invasive Species.

(a) Information on what are considered "invasive species" is provided in our "Compensatory Mitigation Guidance" document at <u>www.nae.usace.army.mil/missions/regulatory</u> under "Mitigation." The "Invasive Species" section has a reference to our "Invasive Species Control Plan (ISCP) Guidance" document, located at <u>www.nae.usace.army.mil/missions/regulatory</u> under "Invasive Species," which provides information on preparing an ISCP.

(b) The June 2009 "Corps of Engineers Invasive Species Policy" is at <u>www.nae.usace.army.mil/missions/regulatory</u> under "Invasive Species" and provides policy, goals and objectives.

7. GC 44: Bank Stabilization.

This generally eliminates bodies of water where the reflected wave energy may interfere with or impact on harbors, marinas, or other developed shore areas. A revetment is sloped and is typically employed to absorb the direct impact of waves more effectively than a vertical seawall. It typically has a less adverse effect on the beach in front of it, abutting properties and wildlife. See the Corps Coastal Engineering Manual <u>EM 1110-2-1100</u> at <u>www.nae.usace.army.mil/missions/regulatory</u> under "Useful Links and Documents" for design and construction guidance.

8. GC 45: Stream and Wetland Crossings.

(a) Projects should be designed and constructed to ensure long-term success using the most recent manual located at <u>www.nae.usace.army.mil/missions/regulatory</u> under "Stream and River Continuity," currently "Stream Simulation: An Ecological Approach to Providing Passage for Aquatic Organisms at Road-Stream Crossings, by the U.S. Forest Service." Section 5.3.3 is of particular importance. Sections 7.5.2.3 Construction Methods and 8.2.11 Stream-Simulation Bed Material Placement both show important steps in the project construction.

(b) For more information on High-Quality Stream Segments and their components see:

- i. High-Quality Stream Segments are shown at <u>www.maine.gov/dep/gis/datamaps</u>.
- ii. Class A Waters or Class AA Waters:

www.mainelegislature.org/legis/statutes/38/title38sec465.html, and www.mainelegislature.org/legis/statutes/38/title38sec467.html.

iii. Outstanding river segments www.mainelegislature.org/legis/statutes/38/title38sec480-P.html.

(c) The Massachusetts Dam Removal and the Wetland Regulations offer guidance to evaluate the positive and negative impacts of culvert replacement, including the loss of upstream wetlands, which may be offset by the overall benefits of the river restoration. See

www.nae.usace.army.mil/missions/regulatory and then "Stream and River Continuity."

(d) The ME DOT's document "Waterway and Wildlife Crossing Policy and Design Guide for Aquatic Organism, Wildlife Habitat, and Hydrologic Connectivity," 3rd Edition, July 2008, may be used as guidance to evaluate impacts to aquatic, wildlife and surface water resources when designing, constructing, repairing and maintaining stream crossings. Note: Adherence to this DOT document does not ensure compliance with this GP. Projects must comply with the requirements of this GP including GC 45 and the Corps General Stream Crossing Standards contained therein. www.maine.gov/mdot/environmental-office-homepage/fishpassage/3rd%20edition%20-%20merged%20final%20version%207-01-08a1.pdf.

(e) GC 45(f): The Skidder Bridge Fact Sheet at <u>www.nae.usace.army.mil/missions/regulatory</u> under "Stream and River Continuity" may be a useful temporary span construction method.

9. GC 45: Wetland Crossings. The Maine DEP's crossing standards are at 06-096 DEP, Chapter 305: Permits by Rule, 9 & 10) Crossings (utility lines, pipes and cables). www.maine.gov/dep/blwq/rules/NRPA/2009/305/305_effective_2009.pdf

10. GC 23: Protection of Vernal Pools.

(a) The state's Significant Wildlife Habitat rules (<u>Chapter 335</u>, Section 9(C) "Habitat management standards for significant vernal pool habitat") are located at

www.maine.gov/dep/blwq/docstand/nrpapage.htm#rule under "Rules."

(b) The following documents provide conservation recommendations:

i. <u>Best Development Practices</u>: <u>Conserving pool-breeding amphibians in residential and</u> <u>commercial development in the northeastern U.S.</u>, Calhoun and Klemens, 2002. Chapter III, Management Goals and Recommendations, Pages 15 – 26, is particularly relevant. (Available for purchase at <u>www.maineaudubon.org/resource/index.shtml</u> and on Corps website*.)

ii. <u>Science and Conservation of Vernal Pools in Northeastern North America</u>, Calhoun and deMaynadier, 2008. Chapter 12, Conservation Recommendations section, Page 241, is particularly relevant. (Available for purchase via the internet. Chapter 12 is available on Corps website*.) * www.nae.usace.army.mil/reg under "Vernal Pools."

(c) Cape Cod Curbing: For smaller roads and driveways, the most important design feature to consider is curbing. Granite curbs and some traditional curbing can act as a barrier to amphibian and hatchling turtle movements. Large numbers of salamanders have been intercepted in their migrations by curbs and catch basins. Use of Cape Cod curbs rather than traditional curbing may be one solution. Alternatively, where storm water management systems require more traditional curbing, it may be possible to design in escape ramps on either side of each catch basin. Cape Cod curbing is shown on Page 35 of the document cited in 10.b.i above. Bituminous material is not required; other materials such as granite are acceptable.

(d) The VP Directional Buffer Guidance document is located at

www.nae.usace.army.mil/missions/regulatory under: 1) "State General Permits" and then "Maine," and 2) "Vernal Pools."

11. GC 29: Maintenance. River restoration projects that are designed to accommodate the natural dynamic tendencies of the fluvial system are maintained in accordance with the project's design objectives (Category 1) or the Corps authorization letter (Category 2). These projects are generally designed to support and implement channel assessment and management practices that recognize a stream's natural dynamic tendencies.



Appendix H: Federal Navigation Projects in Maine



Appendix B: Self-Verification Notification Form (for all tidal and non-tidal projects in Maine subject to Corps jurisdiction)

US Army Corps of Engineers ® New England District

At least two weeks before work commences, complete all fields (write "none" if applicable) below or use the fillable form at www.nae.usace.army.mil/missions/regulatory.aspx. Send this form, a location map, any project plans, and an Official Species List (See GC 8) to the address noted below; fax to (207) 623-8206; or email to jay.l.clement@usace.army.mil. The two-week lead time is not required for emergency situations (see page 4 for definition). Please call (207) 623-8367 with questions.

Maine Project Office U.S. Army Corps of Engineers New England District 675 Western Avenue #3 Manchester, Maine 04351

State Permit Number: None Date of State Permit: None State Project Manager: Aurele Gorneau II (Maine DOT)

Permittee: City of Auburn

Address, City, State & Zip: 60 Court Street Auburn, Maine 04210 Phone(s) and Email: (207) 333-6601 and abeaulieu@auburnmaine.gov

Contractor: TBD - Project is a Maine DOT - Locally Administered Project

Address, City, State & Zip: TBD - Project is a Maine DOT - Locally Administered Project Phone(s) and Email: TBD - Project is a Maine DOT - Locally Administered Project

Consultant/Engineer/Designer: Gorrill Palmer

Address, City, State & Zip: 707 Sable Oaks Drive Suite 30 South Portland, Maine 04106 Phone(s) and Email: (207) 772-2515, Ext. 225 and dettinger@gorrillpalmer.com

Wetland/Vernal Pool Consultant: TRC

Address, City, State & Zip: 6 Ashley Drive Scarborough, Maine 04074

Phone(s) and Email: (207) 879-1930 and JRoy@trcsolutions.com

Project Location/Description: Roadway reconstruction project on Hotel Road in Auburn, from East Hardscrabble Road to Lewiston Junction Road

Address, City, State & Zip: <u>60 (</u>	Court Street Auburn, Maine 04210	
Latitude/Longitude Coordinate	s: 44° 03' 03.33" / 70° 16' 33.33"	Tax Map/Lot: None
Waterway Name: None		-
Work Description: Work will inclu	ide new pavement and gravel base, new dr	ainage, new striping and roadway widening with paved
shoulders. Ge	ometric improvements are planned at the ir	tersection of Hotel Rd and Beech Hill Rd.
Provide any prior Corps permit	numbers: None	
Proposed Work Dates:	Start: Tentative start date summer 2021	Finish: Tentative end date fall 2021
Area of wetland impact: <u>171</u> Area of waterway impact: Area of compensatory mitigation Work will be done under the for	SF (leave blank if work invol SF (leave blank if work invol on provided: <u>None</u> SF llowing Appendix A categories (circle	ves structures & no fill in Navigable Waters) ves structures & no fill in Navigable Waters) all that apply):
I. Inland Waters and wetland	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24
Your name/signature below, as and general conditions of Categoria	permittee, indicates that you accept and gory 1 of the Maine General Permit.	agree to comply with the terms, eligibility criteria,
Permittee Printed Name: Ac	thony Beaulieu	
Permittee Signature:	ue Basuldu	Date: <u>5/29/19</u>
Appendix B	1	

Jared Winchenbach

From:	Greenan, Colin M CIV (US) <colin.m.greenan@usace.army.mil></colin.m.greenan@usace.army.mil>
Sent:	Wednesday, June 5, 2019 5:43 PM
То:	Jared Winchenbach
Cc:	abeaulieu@auburnmaine.gov; Aurele.Gorneaull@maine.gov; Don Ettinger
Subject:	RE: WIN 22384.00 - Auburn, Hotel Road - Self-Verification Notification Form

Jared, The submitted project has been verified by the Corps and assigned to Permit No. NAE-2019-1473.

Good luck with your project

--Colin M. Greenan Maine Project Office U.S. Army Corps of Engineers 442 Civic Center Drive, Suite 350 Augusta, Maine 04330

ph. (978) 318-8676

In order for us to better serve you, we would appreciate your completing our Customer Service Survey located at http://corpsmapu.usace.army.mil/cm_apex/f?p=136:4:0

-----Original Message-----From: Clement, Jay L CIV USARMY CENAE (US) Sent: Thursday, May 30, 2019 5:49 AM To: Greenan, Colin M CIV (US) <Colin.M.Greenan@usace.army.mil> Subject: FW: WIN 22384.00 - Auburn, Hotel Road - Self-Verification Notification Form

-----Original Message-----From: Jared Winchenbach [mailto:jwinchenbach@gorrillpalmer.com] Sent: Wednesday, May 29, 2019 3:58 PM To: Clement, Jay L CIV USARMY CENAE (US) <Jay.L.Clement@usace.army.mil> Cc: Anthony Beaulieu <abeaulieu@auburnmaine.gov>; Gorneauii, Aurele <Aurele.GorneauII@maine.gov>; Don Ettinger <dettinger@gorrillpalmer.com> Subject: [Non-DoD Source] WIN 22384.00 - Auburn, Hotel Road - Self-Verification Notification Form

Hello Jay,

On behalf of the City of Auburn, please find the following information regarding the Self-Verification Notification Form (SVNF).

1. A U.S.G.S. topographic map with the project site clearly marked, (please see attached).

- 2. The most recent set of plans, Plan Impacts Complete, (please see attached).
- 3. An Official Species List, (please see attached).

a. There is a "no effect" determination for the Small Whorled Pogonia (no suitable habitat along the roadside).

- b. There is a "no effect" determination for the Atlantic Salmon (no in stream work)
- c. There is a "may effect" determination for the Northern Long-Eared Bat (3,600 sf of clearing)
- 4. 4d form for the Northern Long-Eared Bat, (please see attached).
- 5. Approval from USFWS, (please see attached).

Please note the following information regarding the project:

- * This project is a Maine Department of Transportation Locally Administered Project through the City of Auburn.
- * Maine DOT has approved NEPA with a Programmatic Categorical Exclusion on behalf of FHWA.

Please do not hesitate to call with any questions or comments regarding the SVNF submittal, Thanks.

Jared S. Winchenbach, EI | Project Engineer

707 Sable Oaks Drive, Suite 30 | South Portland, ME 04106

207.772.2515 x224 (office) | 207.735.5017 (mobile)

Blockedwww.gorrillpalmer.com <Blockedhttp://www.gorrillpalmer.com/>





United States Department of the Interior

FISH AND WILDLIFE SERVICE Maine Ecological Services Field Office P. O. Box A East Orland, ME 04431 Phone: (207) 469-7300 Fax: (207) 902-1588 http://www.fws.gov/mainefieldoffice/index.html



May 03, 2019

In Reply Refer To: Consultation Code: 05E1ME00-2019-SLI-0693 Event Code: 05E1ME00-2019-E-01598 Project Name: Auburn Hotel Road Reconstruction WIN 22384.00

Subject: List of threatened and endangered species that may occur in your proposed project location, and/or may be affected by your proposed project

To Whom It May Concern:

The enclosed species list identifies the threatened, endangered, candidate, and proposed species and designated or proposed critical habitat that may occur within the boundary of your proposed project or may be affected by your proposed project. This species list fulfills the requirements of the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (Service) under section 7(c) of the Endangered Species Act (Act) of 1973, as amended (16 U.S.C. 1531 et seq.).

New information based on updated surveys, changes in the abundance and distribution of species, changed habitat conditions, or other factors could change this list. Please feel free to contact us if you need more current information or assistance regarding the potential impacts to federally proposed, listed, and candidate species and federally designated and proposed critical habitat. Please note that under 50 CFR 402.12(e) of the regulations implementing section 7 of the Act, the accuracy of this species list should be verified after 90 days. This verification can be completed formally or informally as desired. The Service recommends that verification be completed by visiting the ECOS-IPaC Web site at regular intervals during project planning and implementation for updates to species lists and information. An updated list may be requested through the ECOS-IPaC system by completing the same process used to receive the enclosed list.

The purpose of the Act is to provide a means whereby threatened and endangered species and the ecosystems upon which they depend may be conserved. Under sections 7(a)(1) and 7(a)(2) of the Act and its implementing regulations (50 CFR 402 et seq.), Federal agencies are required to utilize their authorities to carry out programs for the conservation of threatened and endangered species and to determine whether projects may affect threatened and endangered species and/or designated critical habitat.

A Biological Assessment is required for construction projects (or other undertakings having similar physical impacts) that are major Federal actions significantly affecting the quality of the human environment as defined in the National Environmental Policy Act (42 U.S.C. 4332(2) (c)). For projects other than major construction activities, the Service suggests that a biological evaluation similar to a Biological Assessment be prepared to determine whether the project may affect listed or proposed species and designated or proposed critical habitat. Recommended contents of a Biological Assessment are described at 50 CFR 402.12.

If a Federal agency determines, based on the Biological Assessment or biological evaluation, that listed species or designated critical habitat may be affected by the proposed project, the agency is required to consult with the Service pursuant to 50 CFR 402. In addition, the Service recommends that candidate species, proposed species and proposed critical habitat be addressed within the consultation. More information on the regulations and procedures for section 7 consultation, including the role of permit or license applicants, can be found in the Endangered Species Consultation Handbook at: <u>http://www.fws.gov/endangered/esa-library/pdf/TOC-GLOS.PDF</u>

This species list also identifies candidate species under review for listing and those species that the Service considers species of concern. Candidate species have no protection under the Act but are included for consideration because they could be listed prior to completion of your project. Species of concern are those taxa whose conservation status is of concern to the Service (i.e., species previously known as Category 2 candidates), but for which further information is needed.

If a proposed project may affect only candidate species or species of concern, you are not required to prepare a Biological Assessment or biological evaluation or to consult with the Service. However, the Service recommends minimizing effects to these species to prevent future conflicts. Therefore, if early evaluation indicates that a project will affect a candidate species or species of concern, you may wish to request technical assistance from this office to identify appropriate minimization measures.

Please be aware that bald and golden eagles are not protected under the Endangered Species Act but are protected under the Bald and Golden Eagle Protection Act (16 U.S.C. 668 et seq.). Projects affecting these species may require development of an eagle conservation plan: <u>http://www.fws.gov/windenergy/eagle_guidance.html</u> Information on the location of bald eagle nests in Maine can be found on the Maine Field Office Web site: <u>http://www.fws.gov/mainefieldoffice/Project%20review4.html</u>

Additionally, wind energy projects should follow the wind energy guidelines: <u>http://www.fws.gov/windenergy/</u> for minimizing impacts to migratory birds and bats. Projects may require development of an avian and bat protection plan.

Migratory birds are also a Service trust resource. Under the Migratory Bird Treaty Act, construction activities in grassland, wetland, stream, woodland, and other habitats that would result in the take of migratory birds, eggs, young, or active nests should be avoided. Guidance for minimizing impacts to migratory birds for projects including communications towers (e.g.,

cellular, digital television, radio, and emergency broadcast) can be found at: <u>http://www.fws.gov/migratorybirds/CurrentBirdIssues/Hazards/towers/towers.htm</u> and at: <u>http://www.fws.gov/migratorybirds/CurrentBirdIssues/Hazards/towers/comtow.html</u>

We appreciate your concern for threatened and endangered species. The Service encourages Federal agencies to include conservation of threatened and endangered species into their project planning to further the purposes of the Act. Please include the Consultation Tracking Number in the header of this letter with any request for consultation or correspondence about your project that you submit to our office.

Attachment(s):

Official Species List

Official Species List

This list is provided pursuant to Section 7 of the Endangered Species Act, and fulfills the requirement for Federal agencies to "request of the Secretary of the Interior information whether any species which is listed or proposed to be listed may be present in the area of a proposed action".

This species list is provided by:

Maine Ecological Services Field Office P. O. Box A East Orland, ME 04431 (207) 469-7300

Project Summary

Consultation Code:	05E1ME00-2019-SLI-0693
Event Code:	05E1ME00-2019-E-01598
Project Name:	Auburn Hotel Road Reconstruction WIN 22384.00
Project Type:	TRANSPORTATION
	T 11 1 1 1 1 1

Project Description: Locally administered project

Project Location:

Approximate location of the project can be viewed in Google Maps: <u>https://www.google.com/maps/place/44.05439226585029N70.27597078829712W</u>



Counties: Androscoggin, ME

Endangered Species Act Species

There is a total of 3 threatened, endangered, or candidate species on this species list.

Species on this list should be considered in an effects analysis for your project and could include species that exist in another geographic area. For example, certain fish may appear on the species list because a project could affect downstream species.

IPaC does not display listed species or critical habitats under the sole jurisdiction of NOAA Fisheries¹, as USFWS does not have the authority to speak on behalf of NOAA and the Department of Commerce.

See the "Critical habitats" section below for those critical habitats that lie wholly or partially within your project area under this office's jurisdiction. Please contact the designated FWS office if you have questions.

1. <u>NOAA Fisheries</u>, also known as the National Marine Fisheries Service (NMFS), is an office of the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration within the Department of Commerce.

Mammals

NAME	STATUS
Northern Long-eared Bat <i>Myotis septentrionalis</i> No critical habitat has been designated for this species. Species profile: <u>https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/9045</u>	Threatened
Fishes	
NAME	STATUS
Atlantic Salmon Salmo salar Population: Gulf of Maine DPS There is final critical habitat for this species. Your location is outside the critical habitat. Species profile: <u>https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/2097</u>	Endangered
Flowering Plants	
NAME	STATUS
Small Whorled Pogonia <i>Isotria medeoloides</i> No critical habitat has been designated for this species. Species profile: <u>https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/1890</u>	Threatened

THERE ARE NO CRITICAL HABITATS WITHIN YOUR PROJECT AREA UNDER THIS OFFICE'S JURISDICTION.

4

Northern Long-Eared Bat 4(d) Rule Streamlined Consultation Form

Federal agencies should use this form for the optional streamlined consultation framework for the northern longeared bat (NLEB). This framework allows federal agencies to rely upon the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service's (USFWS) January 5, 2016, intra-Service Programmatic Biological Opinion (BO) on the final 4(d) rule for the NLEB for section 7(a)(2) compliance by: (1) notifying the USFWS that an action agency will use the streamlined framework; (2) describing the project with sufficient detail to support the required determination; and (3) enabling the USFWS to track effects and determine if reinitiation of consultation is required per 50 CFR 402.16.

This form is not necessary if an agency determines that a proposed action will have no effect to the NLEB or if the USFWS has concurred in writing with an agency's determination that a proposed action may affect, but is not likely to adversely affect the NLEB (i.e., the standard informal consultation process). Actions that may cause prohibited incidental take require separate formal consultation. Providing this information does not address section 7(a)(2) compliance for any other listed species.

Info	YES	NO	
1.	Does the project occur wholly outside of the WNS Zone ¹ ?		\boxtimes
2.	Have you contacted the appropriate agency ² to determine if your project is near	\boxtimes	
	known hibernacula or maternity roost trees?		
3.	Could the project disturb hibernating NLEBs in a known hibernaculum?		\boxtimes
4.	Could the project alter the entrance or interior environment of a known		\boxtimes
	hibernaculum?		
5.	Does the project remove any trees within 0.25 miles of a known hibernaculum at		\boxtimes
	any time of year?		
6.	Would the project cut or destroy known occupied maternity roost trees, or any		\boxtimes
	other trees within a 150-foot radius from the maternity roost tree from June 1		
	through July 31.		

You are eligible to use this form if you have answered yes to question #1 <u>or</u> yes to question #2 <u>and</u> no to questions 3, 4, 5 and 6. The remainder of the form will be used by the USFWS to track our assumptions in the BO.

Agency and Applicant³ (Name, Email, Phone No.): J. Andrew Walsh, <u>joseph.a.walsh@maine.gov</u>, 207-215-2942

Project Name: Roadway reconstruction

Project Location (include coordinates if known): Hotel Road, Auburn (WIN 22384). This project is located along a 0.48 mile stretch of Hotel Road that starts at Lewiston Junction Road and ends at East Hardscrabble Road, in Auburn. Approximately 3,600 sq. ft. of tree clearing will occur in separate locations along the length of the project.

¹ http://www.fws.gov/midwest/endangered/mammals/nleb/pdf/WNSZone.pdf

² See http://www.fws.gov/midwest/endangered/mammals/nleb/nhisites.html

³ If applicable - only needed for federal actions with applicants (e.g., for a permit, etc.) who are party to the consultation.

Basic Project Description (provide narrative below or attach additional information):

General Project Information	YES	NO			
Does the project occur within 0.25 miles of a known hibernaculum?					
Does the project occur within 150 feet of a known maternity roost tree?					
Does the project include forest conversion ⁴ ? (if yes, report acreage below)	\boxtimes				
Estimated total acres of forest conversion	3,600	sq. ft.			
If known, estimated acres ⁵ of forest conversion from April 1 to October 31	unkn	lown			
If known, estimated acres of forest conversion from June 1 to July 31 ⁶	unkn	lown			
Does the project include timber harvest? (if yes, report acreage below)		\boxtimes			
Estimated total acres of timber harvest					
If known, estimated acres of timber harvest from April 1 to October 31					
If known, estimated acres of timber harvest from June 1 to July 31					
Does the project include prescribed fire? (if yes, report acreage below)		\boxtimes			
Estimated total acres of prescribed fire					
If known, estimated acres of prescribed fire from April 1 to October 31					
If known, estimated acres of prescribed fire from June 1 to July 31					
Does the project install new wind turbines? (if yes, report capacity in MW below)		\boxtimes			
Estimated wind capacity (MW)					

Agency Determination:

By signing this form, the action agency determines that this project may affect the NLEB, but that any resulting incidental take of the NLEB is not prohibited by the final 4(d) rule.

If the USFWS does not respond within 30 days from submittal of this form, the action agency may presume that its determination is informed by the best available information and that its project responsibilities under 7(a)(2) with respect to the NLEB are fulfilled through the USFWS January 5, 2016, Programmatic BO. The action agency will update this determination annually for multi-year activities.

The action agency understands that the USFWS presumes that all activities are implemented as described herein. The action agency will promptly report any departures from the described activities to the appropriate USFWS Field Office. The action agency will provide the appropriate USFWS Field Office with the results of any surveys conducted for the NLEB. Involved parties will promptly notify the appropriate USFWS Field Office upon finding a dead, injured, or sick NLEB.

Signature: _____J. Andrew Walsh_____Date Submitted: __10-11-18_____

⁴ Any activity that temporarily or permanently removes suitable forested habitat, including, but not limited to, tree removal from development, energy production and transmission, mining, agriculture, etc. (see page 48 of the BO).

⁵ If the project removes less than 10 trees and the acreage is unknown, report the acreage as less than 0.1 acre.

⁶ If the activity includes tree clearing in June and July, also include those acreage in April to October.

Tetreau, Danielle

From:Walsh, Joseph ASent:Friday, May 03, 2019 11:32 AMTo:Tetreau, DanielleSubject:FW: [EXTERNAL SENDER] Re: [EXTERNAL] NLEB 4d forms, Southwest Harbor (WIN 22204) and
Auburn, WIN 22384

J. Andrew Walsh Biologist Maine DOT – Environmental Office 16 State House Station Augusta, ME 04333 ENV Office tel: 207-624-3100 Cell: 207-215-2942

From: Dockens, Patrick [mailto:patrick_dockens@fws.gov]
Sent: Friday, October 12, 2018 9:00 AM
To: Walsh, Joseph A <Joseph.A.Walsh@maine.gov>
Cc: Christopher DeVore <christopher_devore@fws.gov>
Subject: [EXTERNAL SENDER] Re: [EXTERNAL] NLEB 4d forms, Southwest Harbor (WIN 22204) and Auburn, WIN 22384

Thanks Andy. I don't have any questions, concerns, or comments at this time on either project.

Patrick

Patrick E.T. Dockens Wildlife Biologist Transportation Liaison

US Fish & Wildlife Service Ecological Services - Maine Field Office Maine Fish & Wildlife Service Complex PO Box A 306 Hatchery Road East Orland, Maine 04431

Desk Phone: (207) 902-1586 Cell Phone (calls & texts): (207) 460-2566 Fax: (207) 944-3007 patrick dockens@fws.gov Conserving Maine!

On Thu, Oct 11, 2018 at 12:12 PM Walsh, Joseph A < Joseph.A.Walsh@maine.gov > wrote:

Hi Patrick and Chris,

Attached are Northern Long-Eared Bat 4(d) Rule Streamlined Consultation Forms for two multimodal projects including:

Auburn, Hotel Rd., roadway reconstruction, WIN 22384

The total cleared area is expected to be approximately 4,500 square feet for the Southwest Harbor project and 3,600 sq. ft. for the Auburn project.

Please review it at your earliest convenience.

Thanks,

Andy

J. Andrew Walsh

Biologist

Maine DOT – Environmental Office

16 State House Station

Augusta, ME 04333

ENV Office tel: 207-624-3100

Cell: 207-215-2942

NOTICE OF INTENT TO COMPLY WITH MAINE CONSTRUCTION GENERAL PERMIT

PLEASE TYPE OR PRINT	IN BLACK	NK ONLY										
Name of Applicant (Owner):	City of Au	uburn Applicant Mail Address:		ing	60 Court Street							
Town/City:	Auburn		State: N		Maine		Zip Code:		04210			
Daytime Phone: (with area code)	(207)-333 Ext. 1140	3-6601)	Email if a Available:		abeaulieu@auburnmaine.gov		Name of Agent:		Gorrill Palmer			
Project Location: (Town/City):	Auburn	UTM N (If Kno	lorthing: wn)	Beg End	in: 44382 : 446387	24.4344 .1175	UTM (If Kn	Easting: own)	Begin: 1 End: 10	010253.0 10140.29	010253.0037 0140.2966	
Map #:	Not Appli	cable	Lot #:		Not Applicable			Size of disturbed area proposed:		90,473 SF or 2.08 Acres		
Creating a common plan of Yes development or sale?					<u>No</u>	Part of a larger Project? Yes			<u>No</u>			
Name of waterbody(drains, or name mu	(ies) to wh nicipality i	ich the f drains	disturbed at to an MS4	area I:	Andros	coggin River, (City of /	Auburn				
Does site drain to an Impaired Waterbody (C)? No												
Detailed directions t site, including addre if available:	Traveling North on I-95 take Exit 75 (Auburn) to Washington Street (Route 4). At the intersection take a left and continue 1,700' before taking another left onto East Hardscrabble Road. Continue on East Hardscrabble Road until you reach Hotel Road (Approx. 1 mile). The project begins at this intersection and runs North 0.5 miles to the intersection of Hotel Road and Lewiston Junction											
Description of proje	Roa ct The	Road.										
and its purpose:	wide Roa	widening with paved shoulders. Geometric improvements are planned at the intersection of Hotel Road and Beech Hill Road.										

I am filing notice of my intent to carry out work which meets the requirements of the Construction General Permit (effective 3/10/03). I have a copy of the Construction General Permit. I have read and will comply with all of the standards. I have attached all the required submittals. *Notification forms cannot be accepted without the necessary attachments.*

- □ ALL: A check (non-refundable) made payable to: "Treasurer, State of Maine." See DEP fee schedule for correct fee. You must know # of acres being permitted to determine the fee.
- □ ALL: A U.S.G.S. topo map or Maine Atlas & Gazetteer map with the project site clearly marked. Please see attached.
- □ ALL: Drawing of the proposed activity (plan). Please see attached. Maine DOT Plan Impacts Complete (75% Plans).
- ALL: An ESC plan Please see attached. In addition, please note that this is a Maine DOT Locally Administered Project, and will be built to Maine DOT/Federal standards with a Maine DOT inspector on site during construction. As is standard with all Maine DOT projects, the Contractor will be required to submit an erosion control plan (ESC) to the City and Maine DOT before beginning construction. A note will be added to the plans and Project Specifications stating that the Contractor must include the Maine DEP in the ECP submission.
- □ IF this form is not being signed by the landowner or lessee of the property, attach documentation showing authorization to sign.
- IF any construction activity will occur in essential habitat, attach written approval from the Dept. of Inland Fisheries & Wildlife.

I authorize staff of the Departments of Environmental Protection to access the project site for the purpose of determining compliance with the general permit. I also understand that *this permit is not valid until approved by the Department or* 14 days after receipt by the Department, whichever is less.

Signature of	- 7 1.	Date:	-1-1-2
Applicant:	Ion Dance See		7/18/17

<u>Keep the bottom copy as a record of permit</u>. Send the form with attachments via certified mail to the Maine Dept. of Environmental Protection **at the appropriate regional office.** The DEP will send a copy to the Town Office as evidence of the DEP's receipt of notification. No further authorization by DEP will be issued after receipt of notice. Check with DEP Staff to determine the expiration date on this permit. Work carried out in violation of any standard is subject to enforcement action.

OFFICE USE ONLY	Ck.#		Staff	Staff	
NOI #	FP	Date	Acc. Date	Def. Date	After Photos

APPENDIX B

Contractor Guidance Supplemental COVID-19 Safety Plan Development Information

Below are suggested topics to include in supplemental COVID-19 Safety Plan:

- Identify who is responsible for compliance (Title and/or Name)
- Identify the procedures which the designated representative will implement (Comply with CDC Guidelines)
 - Screening of employees for potential COVID-19 exposure.
 - Personal (Employee) Responsibilities employee hygiene, illness or COVID-19 exposure.
 - o Social Distancing
 - Operation specific protocols, as needed, where social distancing is not feasible
 - engineering, administrative, and/or personal protective equipment controls
 - Project site cleaning/disinfecting protocol.
- Management of Sick Employees
 - Process addressing employees that develop potential COVID-19 symptoms while at work (fever, cough, shortness of breath).
 - Process for managing employees before returning to work.
 - Process for response to employee(s) notifying employer of positive test result for COVID-19.
- Process to assure all outside vendors, suppliers, and subcontractors comply with the Supplemental COVID-19 Safety Plan
- Training, Education, and Communication
 - A process to inform and educate all employees of information contained in the Supplemental COVID-19 Safety Plan, include proposed training.

Recommended Practices for Construction Companies



Personal Responsibilities:

Updated: March 27, 2020

- It is critical that individuals NOT report to work while they are experiencing illness symptoms such as fever, cough, shortness of breath, sore throat, runny/stuffy nose, body aches, chills, or fatigue.
- Individuals should seek medical attention if they develop these symptoms. Those with symptoms should call a healthcare provider, don't go in first.

Social Distancing:

- Do not host large group meetings. CDC recommends that we avoid gatherings of 10+ people; and when meeting, that we keep a 6 foot distance between people. Perform meetings online or via conference call whenever possible.
- To limit the number of people on a jobsite, allow non-essential personnel to work from home when possible.
- Discourage hand-shaking and other contact greetings.

Jobsite/Office Practices:

- Communicate key CDC recommendations (and post signage where appropriate) to your staff and tradespeople:
 - » How to Protect Yourself
 - » If You are Sick
 - » COVID-19 Frequently Asked Questions
- Place posters that encourage staying <u>home when sick</u>, <u>cough and sneeze etiquette</u>, and <u>hand hygiene</u> at the entrance to your workplace and in other workplace areas where they are likely to be seen.
- Supervisors should ask the following questions to all employees prior to entering the jobsite. If they answer "yes" to any, they should be asked to leave the jobsite immediately. Anyone asked to leave should not return to work until 24-hours after they are free from a fever or signs of a fever without the use of fever-reducing medication.
- Have you, or anyone in your family, been in contact with a person that has tested positive for COVID-19?
- Have you, or anyone in your family, been in contact with a person that is in the process of being tested for COVID-19?
 - » Have you, or anyone in your family traveled outside of the U.S. within the last two weeks?
 - » Have you been medically directed to self-quarantine due to possible exposure to COVID19?
 - » Are you having trouble breathing or have you had flu-like symptoms within the past 48 hours, including: fever, cough, shortness of breath, sore throat, runny/stuffy nose, body aches, chills, or fatigue?
- Instruct employees to clean their hands often with an alcohol-based hand sanitizer that contains at least 60-95% alcohol, or wash their hands with soap and water for at least 20 seconds. Soap and water should be used preferentially if hands are visibly dirty.
- Provide soap and water and alcohol-based hand rubs in the workplace. Ensure that adequate supplies are maintained. Place hand rubs in multiple locations or in conference rooms to encourage hand hegiene.

Recommended Practices for Construction **Companies - PAGE 2/2**



- Do not congregate in lunch areas.
- Do not share tools.
- Do not share personal protection equipment (PPE).
- Sanitize reusable PPE per manufacturer's recommendation prior to each use.
- Ensure used PPE is disposed of properly.
- Utilize disposable gloves where appropriate; instruct workers to wash hands after removing gloves.
- Disinfect reusable supplies and equipment
- Identify specific locations and practices for daily trash such as: paper, hand towels, food containers, etc. Instruct workers responsible for trash removal in proper PPE/hand washing practices.
- Provide routine environmental cleaning (doorknobs, keyboards, counters, and other surfaces).
- Do not use a common water cooler. Provide individual water bottles or instruct workers to bring their own.
- Instruct workers to change work clothes prior to arriving home; and to wash clothes in hot water with laundry sanitizer.
- Don't stack trades if possible.
- Utilize disposable hand towels and no-touch trash receptacles.
- Request additional/increased sanitation (disinfecting) of portable toilets.
- Avoid cleaning techniques, such as using pressurized air or water sprays that may result in the generation of bioaerosols.

Managing Sick Employees:

- Actively encourage sick employees to stay home. Employees who have symptoms of acute respiratory illness are recommended to stay home and not return to work until they are free of fever (100.4° F [38.0° C] or greater using an oral thermometer), signs of a fever, and any other symptoms for at least 24 hours, without the use of fever-reducing or other symptom-altering medicines (e.g. cough suppressants). Employees should notify their supervisor and stay home if they are sick.
- Separate sick employees. CDC recommends that employees who appear to have acute respiratory illness symptoms (i.e. cough, shortness of breath) upon arrival to work or become sick during the day should be separated from other employees and be sent home immediately.
- Communicate your company's Human Resources practices for managing sick time related to COVID-19.

Government Resources:

• AGC of America has assembled general guidance and links to information from our federal agency partners and health organizations. <u>Click here to access.</u>

Vendor Resources:

- <u>Amphibious Medics</u>: Can provide thermal imagery type camera to detect high temperatures as employees enter jobsites; anyone showing a high temp can be asked to complete a CDC form. Contact Terrence Curran at: terrance@amphibiousmedics.com or 877-878-9185 x.2001
- <u>ARC Document Solutions:</u> Commonly-used posters and signs from CDC are available for production. Find your <u>local ARC print center</u> to get any health and wellness signs you may need.
 _____252
Recommended Practices for Construction Jobsites



Updated: March 27, 2020

COVID-19

Resources

Member

SOUTH DAKOTA

- Gloves: Gloves should be worn at all times while on jobsites and appropriate to the tasks performed. If
 gloves are not typically required for the task, the use of latex gloves is appropriate to utilize to reduce the
 spread of COVID-19.
- **Eye protection**: Eye protection should be worn all times while on site.
- The CDC is currently not recommending that healthy people wear face masks. The government is asking all construction companies to donate N95 face masks to local hospitals and forego future orders for the time being. Contractors should continue to provide and direct employees to wear face masks if required by the work.

Sanitation and Cleanliness:

- Promote frequent and thorough hand washing with soap and running water for at least 20 seconds.
 Employers should also provide hand sanitizer when hand washing facilities are not available. Refer to CDC guideline: <u>When and How to Wash Your Hands.</u>
 - » All workers should wash hands often, especially before eating, smoking, or drinking, and after blowing your nose, coughing, or sneezing. Workers should refrain from touching their face.
 - » All sites should have handwashing stations readily available to all workers onsite. If you have a large site, get a handwashing station from your portable job site toilet provider.
 - » Providing hand sanitizer is acceptable in the interim between availability of handwashing facilities.
 - » All workers should wash hands before and after entering any unit, as well as regularly and periodically throughout the day.
 - » Some jobsites may have access to hot water for handwashing. If this is an option, please get permission from the facility owner to use their sink and disinfect frequently.
 - » If on a remote project, fill an Igloo-type water cooler with water(hotwater, if available) and label "handwashing only." This is a good option for vehicles as well. The CDC has <u>posters</u> and <u>fact sheets</u> available for posting.
 - » Subcontractor foremen and project managers shall communicate with their general contractor as to what steps the general contractor is taking to provide adequate sanitary/handwashing facilities on the project.
- Disinfect frequently touched surfaces within the workplace multiple times each day.
- Refer to CDC guideline: Clean & Disinfect.
 - » Disinfectant wipes should be available and used to wipe down any surfaces (doorknobs, keyboards,remote controls, desks) that are commonly touched periodically each day.
 - » Portable jobsite toilets should be cleaned by the leasing company at least twice per week (disinfected on the inside). Double check that hand sanitizer dispensers are filled—if not, fill them. Frequently touched items (i.e., door pulls and toilet seats) should be disinfected frequently, ideally after each use.
 - » Jobsite offices/trailers and break/lunchrooms must be cleaned at least twice per day.
 - » Employees performing cleaning will be issued proper PPE, such as nitrile gloves and eye or face protection as needed.
 ²⁵³

Recommended Practices for Construction Jobsites - PAGE 2/2



- Maintain Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDS) of all disinfectants on site.
 - Employers should provide tissues and encourage employees to cover their noses and mouths with a tissue (or elbow or shoulder if a tissue is not available) when coughing or sneezing. Wash your hands after each time you cough, sneeze, or blow your nose, and any time before touching your face or food. Refer to CDC guideline: <u>Coughing & Sneezing</u>.
- Any trash from the trailers or the jobsite should be changed frequently by someone wearing gloves. After changing the trash, the employee should throw the gloves away and wash their hands.

Job Site Visitors:

- Restrict the number of visitors to the job site, including the trailer or office.
- All visitors should be screened in advance. If the visitor can answer "yes" to any of the following questions (without identifying which question applies), the visitor will not be permitted to access the facility.
 - » Have you been asked to self-quarantine since December 2019?
 - » Have you been in close contact with anyperson(s) who has been asked to self-quarantine since December 2019?
 - » Have you experienced an onset of any illness-related symptoms, such as fever, cough, or shortness of breath?
 - » Have you traveled outside of North America in the past 14 days?
 - » Have you been in close contact with any person(s) who have traveled outside of North America in the last 14 days?
 - » Have you been in close contact with any person(s) who has been diagnosed with COVID-19?

Workers Entering Occupied Buildings and Homes:

Many contractors and service technicians perform construction and maintenance activities within occupied homes, office buildings, and other establishments. Although these are not large job sites, these work locations present their own unique hazards with regards to COVID-19 exposures. Plumbers, electricians, and heating, ventilation, and air conditioning (HVAC) technicians are examples of these types of workers. All such workers should evaluate the specific hazards when determining best practices related to COVID-19.

- Require the customer to clean and sanitize the work area prior to the workers' arrival on site.
- Technicians should sanitize the work areas themselves upon arrival, throughout the workday, and immediately before departure. Refer to CDC guideline: <u>Clean & Disinfect.</u>
- Require customers to keep household pets away from work area.
- Ask that occupants keep a personal distance of 10 feet at minimum.
- Do not accept payments on site (no cash or checks exchanged). Require electronic payments over the phone or online.
- Workers should wash hands immediately before starting and after completing the work. Refer to CDC guideline: <u>When and How to Wash Your Hands.</u>

Toolbox Talk Safety Meeting COVID-19 Contingency

SOUTH DAKOTA COVID-19 Member Resources

Date:	Jobsite:	Discussion Leader:
		What are the symptoms of COVID-19?
Attendance Sign I	n:	 Symptoms for COVID-19 include fever/chills and shortness of breath, cough or sore throat.
		How does COVID-19 spread?
		 COVID-19 is thought to spread mainly from person to person through coughing or sneezing. It may also be spread when people touch something with the virus on it then touch their mouth or nose. Symptoms usually appear 7-14 days after exposure.
		Who is at higher risk for COVID-19 complications?
		• Pregnant women, and children or adults with underlying conditions such as asthma, diabetes, suppressed immune systems, heart disease, and kidney disease, are more likely to have complications.
		How severe is the illness associated with COVID-19?
		 Illness has ranged from mild to severe. Most people have recovered without needing medical treatment. However, hospitalizations and deaths have occurred.
		How do I protect myself?
		 Practice good hygiene! Avoid close contact with people who are sick. Avoid touching your eyes, nose and mouth. Stay home when you are sick. Cover your cough or sneeze with a tissue, then throw the tissue in the trash Clean and disinfect frequently touched objects and surfaces using a regular household cleaning spray or wipe. Wash your hands often with soap and water for at least 20 seconds, especially after going to the bathroom; before eating; and after blowing your nose, coughing, or sneezing. If soap and water are not readily available, use an alcohol-based hand sanitizer with at least 60% alcohol. Always wash hands with soap and water if hands are visibly dirty Stigma hurts everyone by creating more fear or anger toward ordinary people instead of the disease that is causing the problem. We can fight stigma and avoid hurting others by providing social support. We can communicate the facts
		that being Chinese or Asian-American does not increase the chance of getting or spreading COVID-19.
		Other Safety Topics Discussed: